



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 4YUF
Title : Crystal Structure of CorB
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Deposited on : 2015-03-18
Resolution : 1.54 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

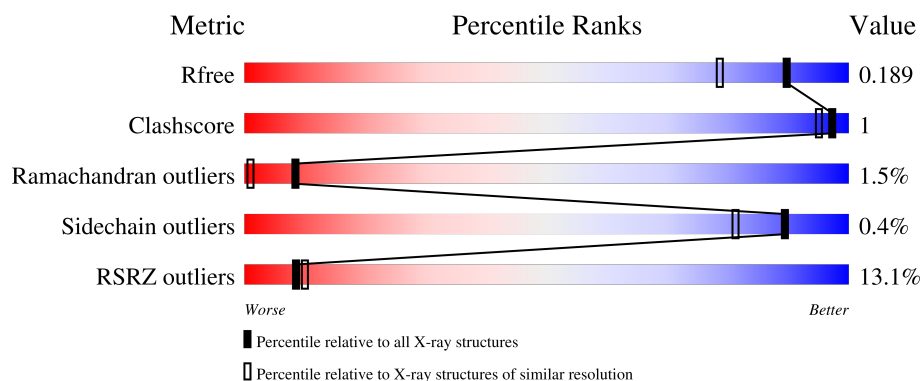
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.54 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	164625	3511 (1.56-1.52)
Clashscore	180529	3784 (1.56-1.52)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	3720 (1.56-1.52)
Sidechain outliers	177891	3717 (1.56-1.52)
RSRZ outliers	164620	3510 (1.56-1.52)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	335	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
1	CSD	A	121	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2796 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CorB.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	330	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2541	1617	437	474	13			

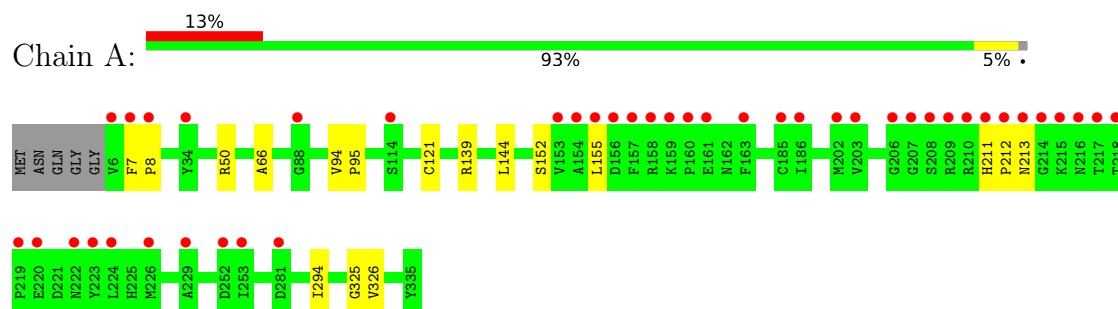
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	255	Total	O	0	0
			255	255		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CorB



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	62.92Å 106.31Å 104.66Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.63 – 1.54 37.63 – 1.54	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.7 (37.63-1.54) 99.7 (37.63-1.54)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.87 (at 1.54Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0027	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.177 , 0.182 0.182 , 0.189	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1561 reflections (3.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	17.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.603	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 38.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.012 for 1/2*h-1/2*k,-3/2*h-1/2*k,-l 0.027 for 1/2*h+1/2*k,3/2*h-1/2*k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2796	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.50% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CSD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.39	0/2599	0.62	0/3527

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	1	5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	121	CSD	CA

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	325	GLY	Mainchain,Peptide
1	A	7	PHE	Peptide
1	A	94	VAL	Mainchain,Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2541	0	2511	4	0
2	A	255	0	0	1	0
All	All	2796	0	2511	4	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (4) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:211:HIS:O	1:A:213:ASN:N	2.41	0.53
1:A:152:SER:HA	1:A:155:LEU:HG	1.98	0.46
1:A:66:ALA:HB1	1:A:144:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:139[A]:ARG:NH2	2:A:406:HOH:O	2.51	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	330/335 (98%)	314 (95%)	11 (3%)	5 (2%)	8 1

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	95	PRO
1	A	212	PRO
1	A	8	PRO
1	A	294	ILE
1	A	326	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	266/273 (97%)	265 (100%)	1 (0%)	89	81

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	CSD	A	121	1	3,7,8	1.54	1 (33%)	1,8,10	1.00	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSD	A	121	1	1/1/2/3	1/2/6/8	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	121	CSD	CB-SG	-2.28	1.66	1.79

There are no bond angle outliers.

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	121	CSD	CA

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	121	CSD	N-CA-CB-SG

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	329/335 (98%)	0.67	43 (13%) 8 10	16, 28, 62, 119	3 (0%)

All (43) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	7	PHE	6.1
1	A	212	PRO	5.9
1	A	219	PRO	5.7
1	A	6	VAL	5.6
1	A	214	GLY	4.9
1	A	218	THR	4.1
1	A	216	ASN	3.9
1	A	206	GLY	3.7
1	A	154	ALA	3.6
1	A	153	VAL	3.6
1	A	157	PHE	3.6
1	A	8	PRO	3.6
1	A	253	ILE	3.5
1	A	213	ASN	3.5
1	A	207	GLY	3.4
1	A	215	LYS	3.4
1	A	88	GLY	3.4
1	A	155	LEU	3.4
1	A	223	TYR	3.3
1	A	203	VAL	3.3
1	A	211	HIS	3.3
1	A	158	ARG	3.2
1	A	217	THR	3.2
1	A	252	ASP	3.1
1	A	224	LEU	3.0
1	A	163	PHE	2.9
1	A	226	MET	2.9

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	114	SER	2.9
1	A	208	SER	2.9
1	A	34	TYR	2.8
1	A	209	ARG	2.8
1	A	220	GLU	2.7
1	A	202	MET	2.6
1	A	156	ASP	2.5
1	A	229	ALA	2.3
1	A	281	ASP	2.3
1	A	185	CYS	2.3
1	A	160	PRO	2.2
1	A	186	ILE	2.2
1	A	161	GLU	2.1
1	A	222	ASN	2.1
1	A	159	LYS	2.0
1	A	210	ARG	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	CSD	A	121	8/9	0.88	0.15	25,34,38,42	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.