



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 9, 2024 – 02:10 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2WR0  
Title : Structures of influenza H2 Hemagglutinins  
Authors : Liu, J.; Stevens, D.; Haire, L.; Coombs, P.; Russell, R.; Gamblin, S.; Skehel, J.  
Deposited on : 2009-08-28  
Resolution : 2.45 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

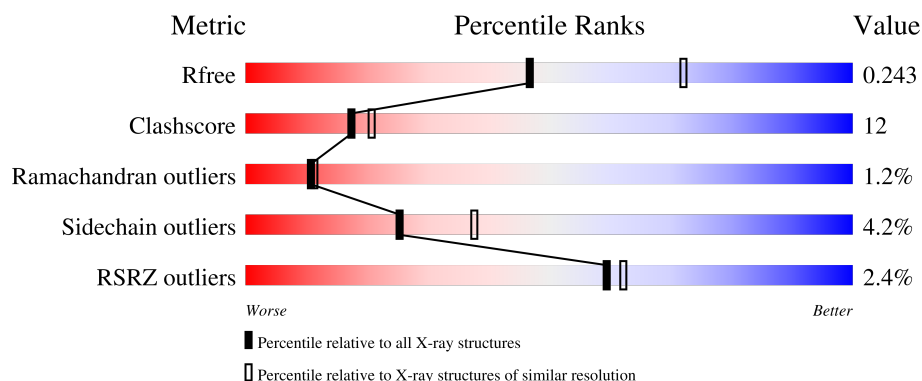
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	1096 (2.46-2.46)
Clashscore	180529	1178 (2.46-2.46)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1170 (2.46-2.46)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1170 (2.46-2.46)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1096 (2.46-2.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	509	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>72%</div> <div>22%</div> <div>...</div> </div> </div>
1	B	509	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>74%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
1	C	509	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>72%</div> <div>21%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div> </div>
2	D	2	<div> <div></div> <div>100%</div> </div>
3	E	4	<div> <div></div> <div>75%</div> <div>25%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	F	4	 A horizontal bar chart showing the quality of chain F. The bar is divided into three segments: a green segment on the left labeled '50%', a yellow segment in the middle labeled '25%', and an orange segment on the right labeled '25%'.

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	BMA	E	4	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

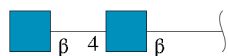
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12269 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HEMAGGLUTININ.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	490	Total	C	N	O	S	4	0	0
			3882	2436	671	753	22			
1	B	491	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3893	2445	672	754	22			
1	C	486	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3858	2424	666	746	22			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	1
			40	23	2	15			

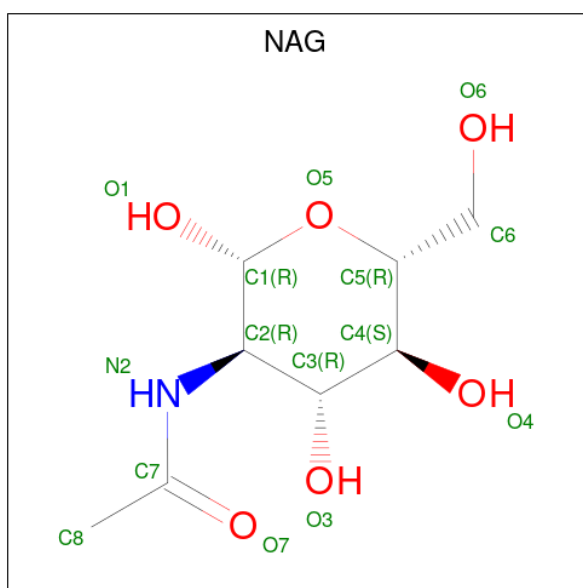
- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

pyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	F	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			50	28	2	20			

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	154	Total	O	0	0
			154	154		
6	B	160	Total	O	0	0
			160	160		

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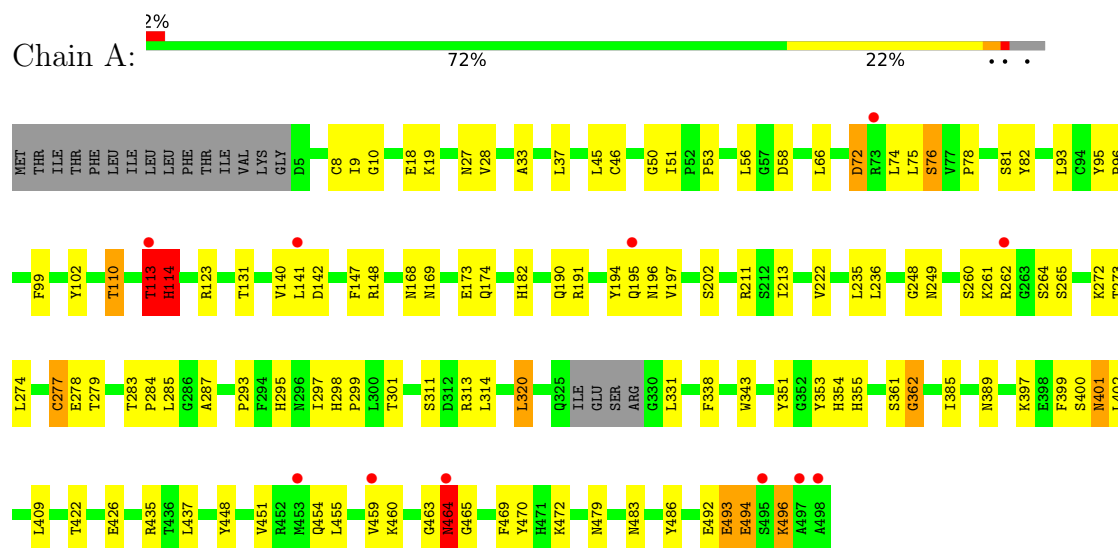
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	C	162	Total 162	O 162	0	0

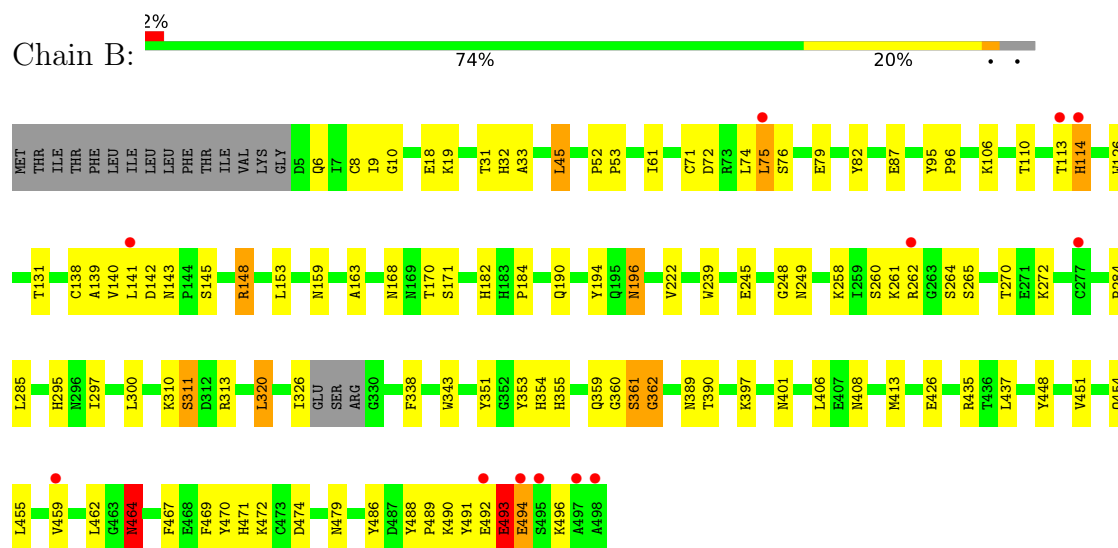
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: HEMAGGLUTININ

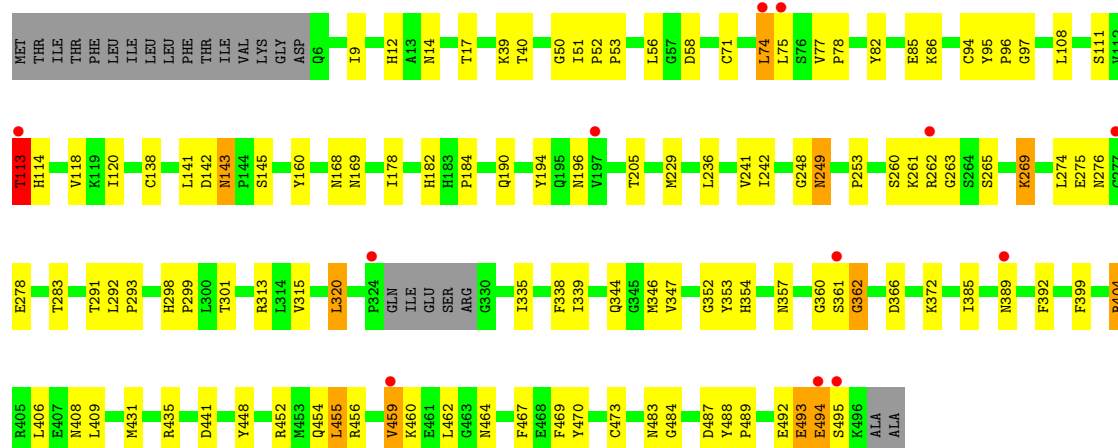


#### • Molecule 1: HEMAGGLUTININ



#### • Molecule 1: HEMAGGLUTININ





- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:  100%



- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:  75%



- Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:  50%





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	68.27Å 140.52Å 198.89Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.99 – 2.45 19.99 – 2.45	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (19.99-2.45) 99.6 (19.99-2.45)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.47	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.55 (at 2.44Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.213 , 0.256 0.199 , 0.243	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3590 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	49.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.359	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 51.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.51$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	12269	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, BMA, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.33	0/3968	0.53	2/5372 (0.0%)
1	B	0.33	0/3979	0.52	1/5387 (0.0%)
1	C	0.32	0/3944	0.50	0/5339
All	All	0.33	0/11891	0.52	3/16098 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	114	HIS	N-CA-C	7.46	131.16	111.00
1	B	493	GLU	N-CA-C	5.39	125.56	111.00
1	A	113	THR	C-N-CA	5.02	134.25	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	113	THR	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3882	0	3740	95	0
1	B	3893	0	3760	98	0
1	C	3858	0	3729	98	0
2	D	28	0	25	4	0
3	E	40	0	33	3	0
4	F	50	0	43	4	0
5	A	28	0	26	7	0
5	C	14	0	13	4	0
6	A	154	0	0	5	0
6	B	160	0	0	5	0
6	C	162	0	0	3	0
All	All	12269	0	11369	285	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 285 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:168:ASN:HD21	2:D:1:NAG:C1	1.67	1.07
1:C:168:ASN:HD21	5:C:1497:NAG:C1	1.69	1.04
1:B:455:LEU:HD13	1:B:459:VAL:HG11	1.56	0.88
1:C:190:GLN:HE22	1:C:249:ASN:HD21	1.21	0.87
1:A:113:THR:HB	1:A:260:SER:HB2	1.57	0.87

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	486/509 (96%)	459 (94%)	20 (4%)	7 (1%)	9	9
1	B	487/509 (96%)	459 (94%)	22 (4%)	6 (1%)	11	11
1	C	482/509 (95%)	456 (95%)	21 (4%)	5 (1%)	13	14
All	All	1455/1527 (95%)	1374 (94%)	63 (4%)	18 (1%)	11	11

5 of 18 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	75	LEU
1	B	464	ASN
1	B	493	GLU
1	C	113	THR
1	C	493	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	427/447 (96%)	407 (95%)	20 (5%)	22	32
1	B	429/447 (96%)	412 (96%)	17 (4%)	27	39
1	C	426/447 (95%)	409 (96%)	17 (4%)	27	39
All	All	1282/1341 (96%)	1228 (96%)	54 (4%)	25	38

5 of 54 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	311	SER
1	B	464	ASN
1	C	404	ARG
1	B	320	LEU
1	B	401	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 39 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	100	ASN
1	C	389	ASN
1	C	143	ASN
1	C	249	ASN
1	C	424	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

Of 10 monosaccharides modelled in this entry, 9 were used for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	D	1	2	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.42	2 (11%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	1.35	3 (17%)
3	NAG	E	1	3	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	1.57	4 (23%)
3	NAG	E	2	3	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.89	0
3	BMA	E	3	3	11,11,12	0.60	0	15,15,17	0.47	0
4	NAG	F	1	4	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)
4	NAG	F	2	4	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.78	0
4	BMA	F	3	4	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	0.61	0
4	MAN	F	4	4	11,11,12	0.77	0	15,15,17	0.81	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	D	1	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	1	3	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	E	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	F	1	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	F	2	4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	F	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	F	4	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	E	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2	3.50	122.02	116.10
2	D	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.47	105.81	111.29
3	E	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.21	127.48	122.90
2	D	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	3.18	115.92	110.24
3	E	1	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.65	117.13	122.06

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 25 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	E	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

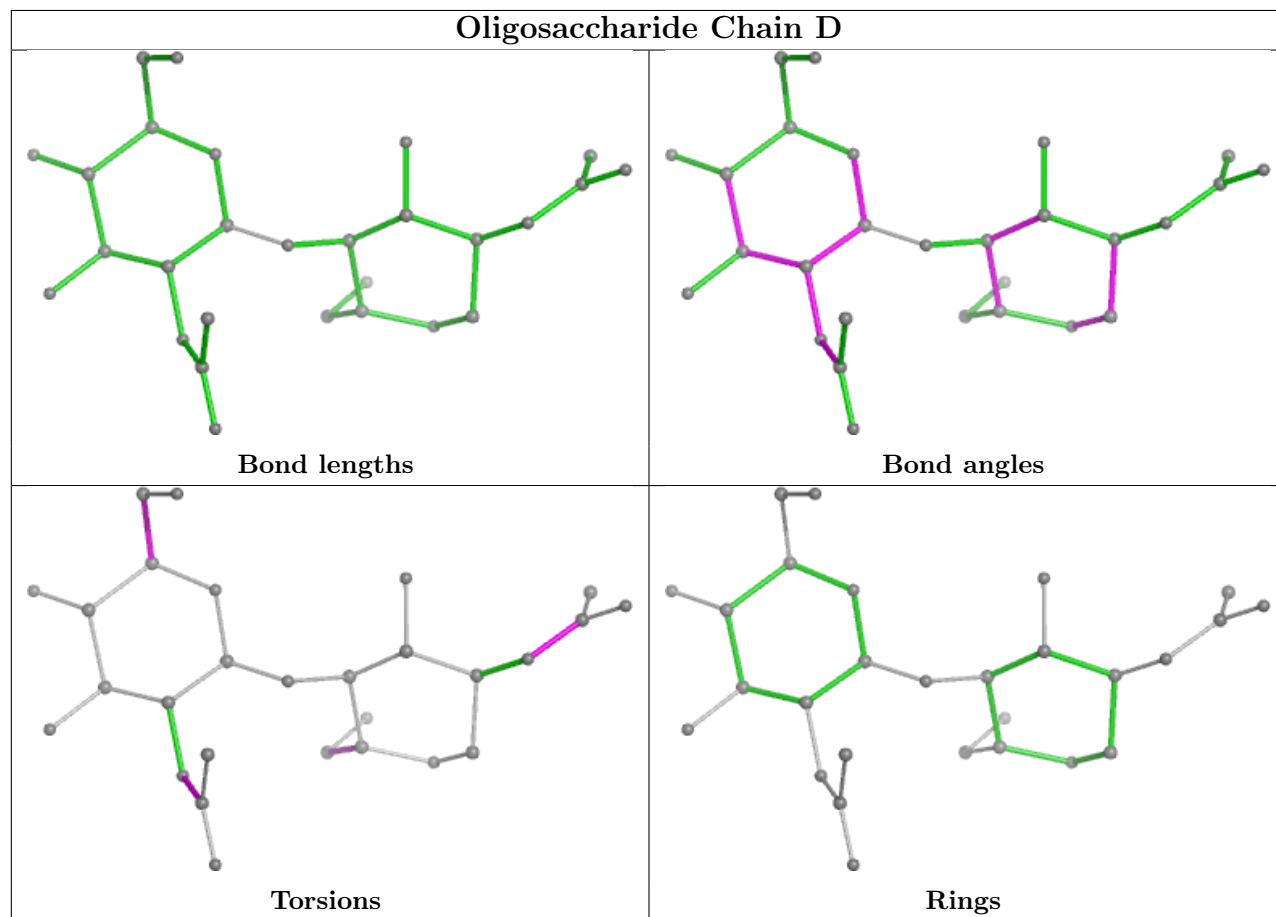
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	2	NAG	1	0
2	D	1	NAG	3	0
4	F	1	NAG	4	0

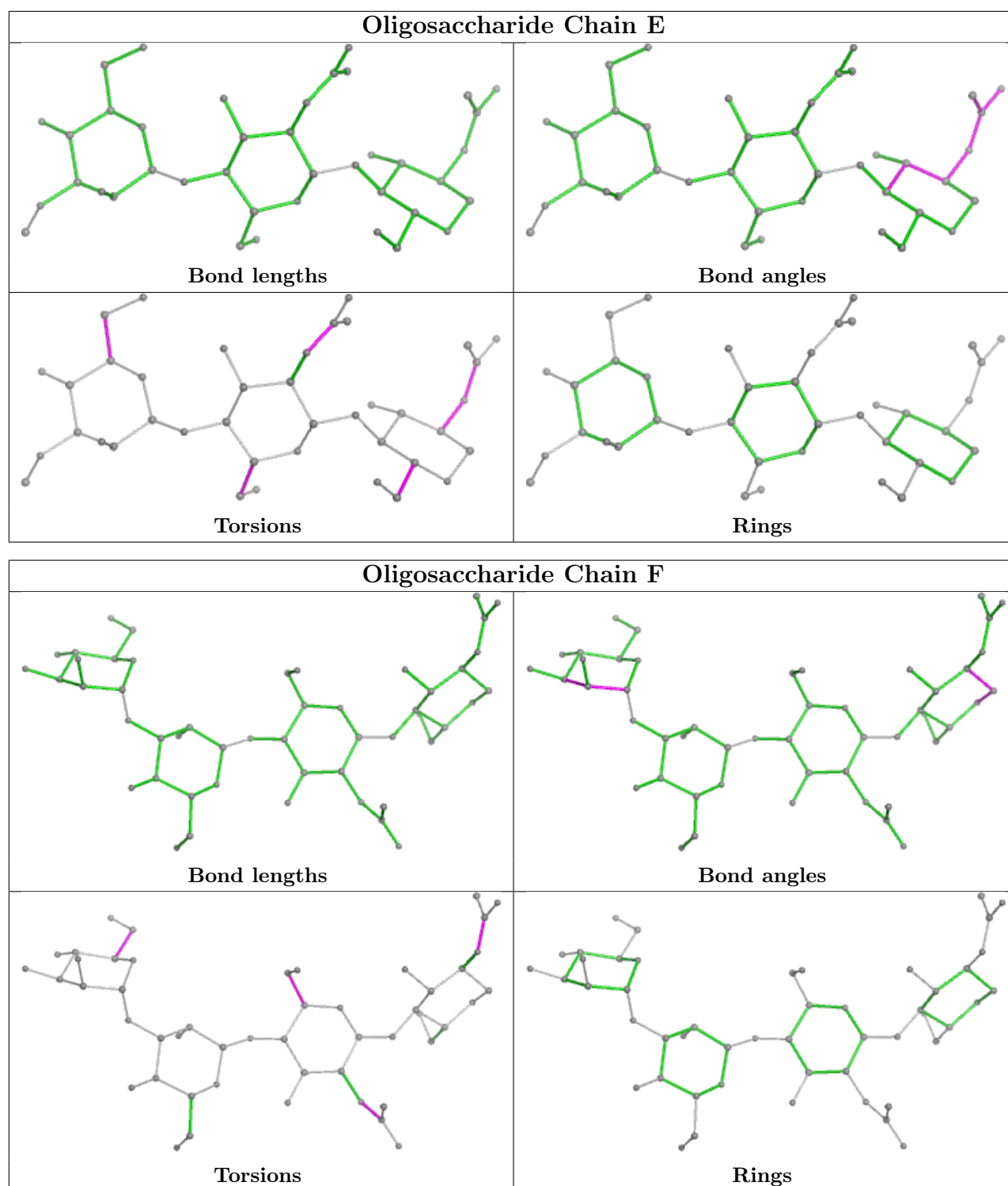
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	E	1	NAG	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	NAG	A	1500	-	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	1.00	2 (11%)
5	NAG	C	1497	-	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	1.12	2 (11%)
5	NAG	A	1499	-	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	1.22	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	1500	-	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	C	1497	-	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1499	-	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	1499	NAG	O5-C1-C2	3.32	116.53	111.29
5	A	1500	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.33	114.44	111.02
5	C	1497	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.30	114.34	110.24
5	A	1499	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.25	115.25	112.19
5	C	1497	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.25	107.74	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1499	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	A	1499	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	A	1500	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
5	A	1500	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	A	1500	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1500	NAG	4	0
5	C	1497	NAG	4	0
5	A	1499	NAG	3	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	490/509 (96%)	-0.27	11 (2%) 62 65	21, 45, 92, 175	1 (0%)
1	B	491/509 (96%)	-0.34	12 (2%) 59 62	26, 44, 82, 159	0
1	C	486/509 (95%)	-0.27	12 (2%) 58 61	28, 46, 79, 131	0
All	All	1467/1527 (96%)	-0.29	35 (2%) 59 62	21, 45, 84, 175	1 (0%)

The worst 5 of 35 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	141	LEU	6.5
1	C	113	THR	5.7
1	C	459	VAL	4.2
1	A	498	ALA	4.0
1	C	361	SER	3.8

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

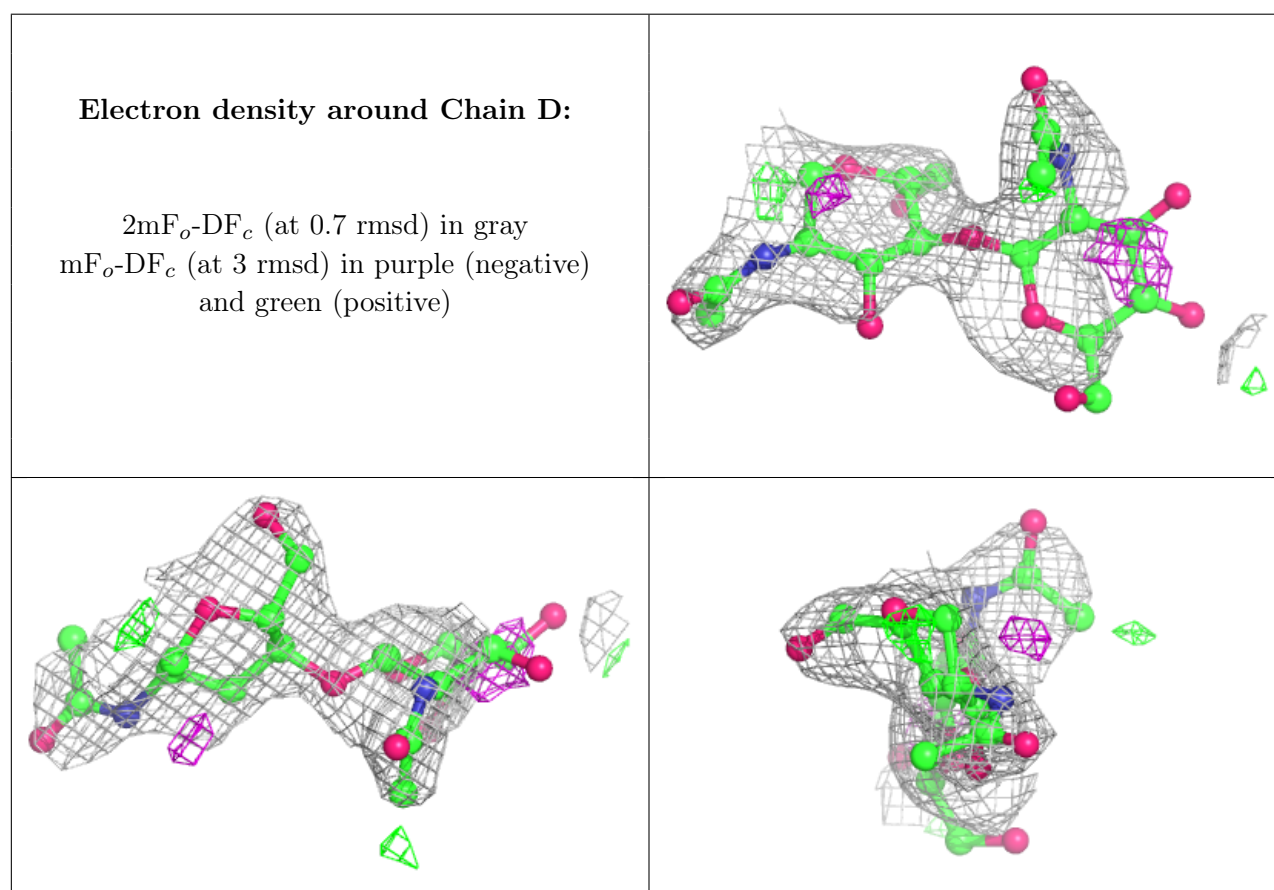
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	BMA	E	4	1/12	-0.33	0.47	129,129,129,129	0
3	BMA	E	3	11/12	0.42	0.14	129,129,129,129	0
3	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.46	0.23	127,128,129,129	0

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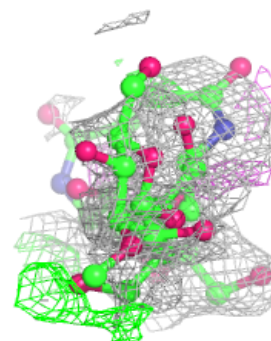
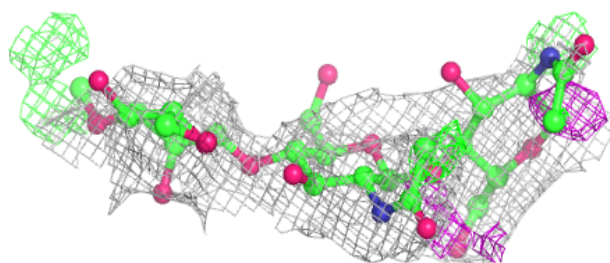
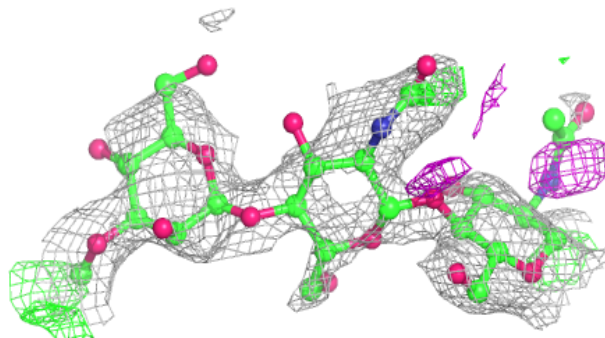
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.47	0.16	101,102,102,102	0
3	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.47	0.19	127,128,129,129	0
4	BMA	F	3	11/12	0.55	0.13	82,83,83,83	0
4	MAN	F	4	11/12	0.64	0.13	83,83,83,83	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.80	0.16	100,101,101,101	0
4	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.80	0.15	83,83,84,84	0
4	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.83	0.11	82,82,83,83	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

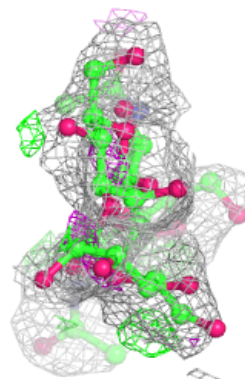
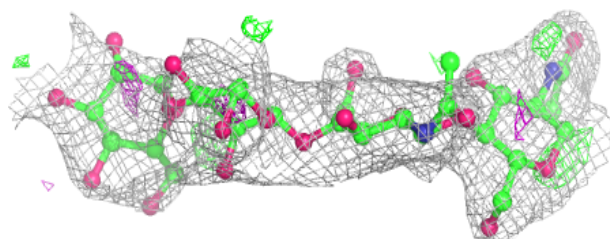
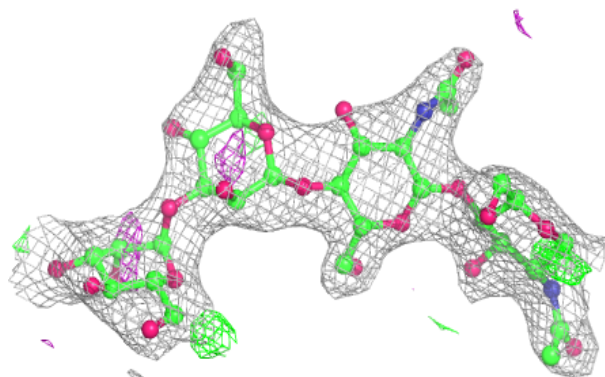


**Electron density around Chain E:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around Chain F:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	1499	14/15	0.57	0.17	149,152,153,153	0
5	NAG	A	1500	14/15	0.78	0.13	58,60,61,61	0
5	NAG	C	1497	14/15	0.86	0.10	63,65,65,65	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.