



# wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 6, 2024 – 11:41 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1SF7  
Title : BINDING OF TETRA-N-ACETYLCBITOTETRAOSE TO HEW  
LYSOZYME: A POWDER DIFFRACTION STUDY  
Authors : Von Dreele, R.B.  
Deposited on : 2004-02-19  
Resolution : 3.22 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

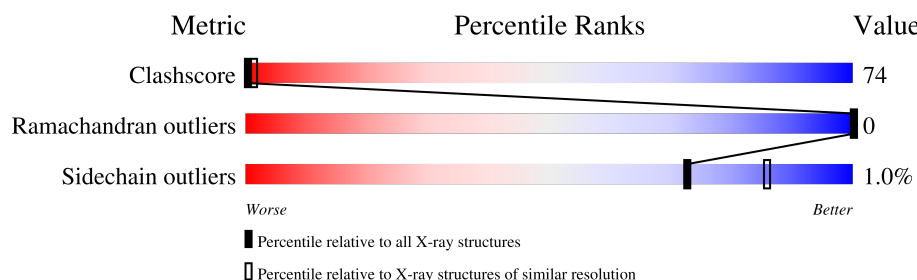
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*POWDER DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.22 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	1778 (3.24-3.20)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1751 (3.24-3.20)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1750 (3.24-3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	129	<div> <div>35%</div> <div>60%</div> <div>5%</div> </div>
2	B	4	<div> <div>100%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	B	4	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1058 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called LYSOZYME.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1001	613	193	185	10			

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			57	32	4	21			

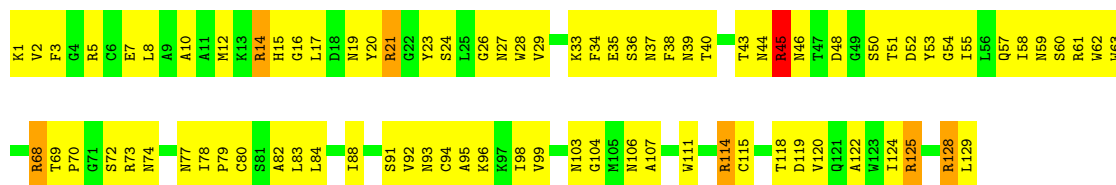
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: LYSOZYME

Chain A:  35% 60% 5% •



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:  100%



## 4 Model quality

### 4.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.65	0/1021	1.02	2/1379 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	7

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.24	125.42	120.30
1	A	114	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.73	131.62	123.60

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	14	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	21	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	45	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	5	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	68	ARG	Sidechain

## 4.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1001	0	959	149	0
2	B	57	0	51	18	0
All	All	1058	0	1010	154	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 74.

The worst 5 of 154 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:8:LEU:O	1:A:8:LEU:HD23	1.27	1.27
1:A:36:SER:HB2	1:A:55:ILE:HD12	1.26	1.17
1:A:99:VAL:HG13	1:A:104:GLY:HA2	1.27	1.13
1:A:88:ILE:HG23	1:A:91:SER:HB2	1.24	1.12
1:A:93:ASN:HA	1:A:96:LYS:HD3	1.27	1.09

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 4.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 4.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	127/129 (98%)	122 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 4.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	105/105 (100%)	104 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	86

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	45	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	ASN
1	A	27	ASN
1	A	46	ASN
1	A	106	ASN

### 4.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 4.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	2	15,15,15	1.25	1 (6%)	21,21,21	1.87	3 (14%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	1.19	0	17,19,21	2.11	5 (29%)
2	NAG	B	3	2	14,14,15	1.67	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.53	3 (17%)
2	NAG	B	4	2	14,14,15	1.38	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.91	6 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	2	-	4/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	3	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	4	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	3	NAG	C1-C2	2.96	1.56	1.52
2	B	3	NAG	O5-C1	2.80	1.48	1.43
2	B	4	NAG	C1-C2	2.32	1.55	1.52
2	B	1	NAG	C4-C5	2.31	1.58	1.53
2	B	4	NAG	O5-C5	-2.16	1.39	1.43

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-4.46	104.48	111.02
2	B	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	4.39	118.20	110.23
2	B	4	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-4.03	105.12	111.02
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.01	105.48	109.52
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.98	105.13	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:



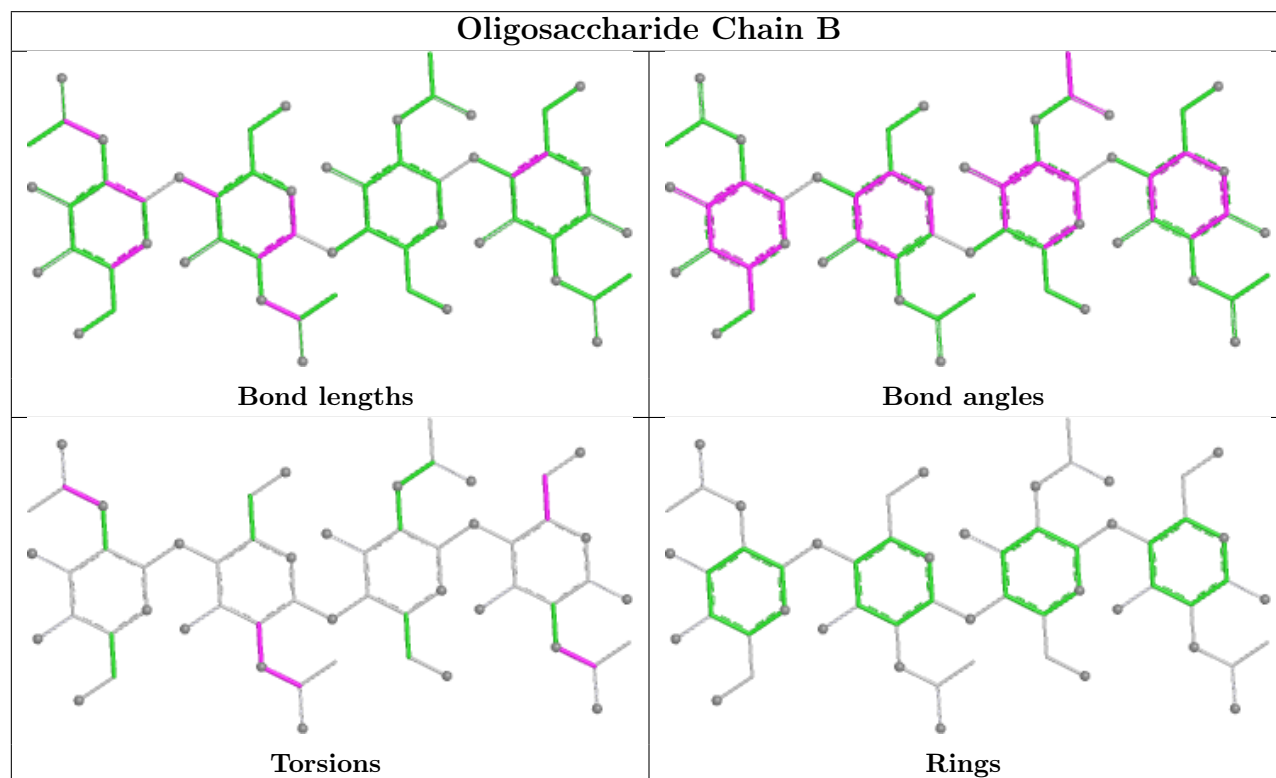
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	3	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
2	B	4	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	B	4	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 18 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	4	NAG	8	0
2	B	3	NAG	3	0
2	B	1	NAG	5	0
2	B	2	NAG	6	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 4.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 4.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 4.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.