



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 16, 2024 – 06:16 PM EST

PDB ID : 3R2X
Title : Crystal structure of the de novo designed binding protein HB36.3 in complex
the the 1918 influenza virus hemagglutinin
Authors : Ekiert, D.C.; Wilson, I.A.
Deposited on : 2011-03-14
Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

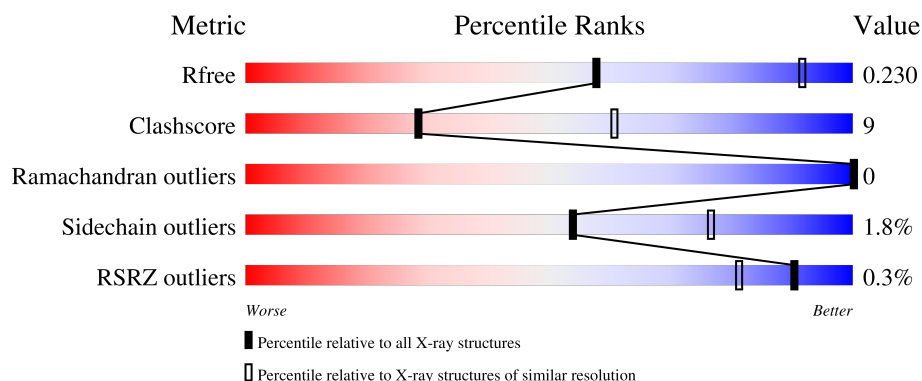
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION




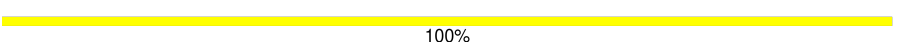
The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	164625	1351 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	180529	1454 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1391 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1391 (3.10-3.10)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1351 (3.10-3.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	331	 79% 17% . .
2	B	179	 74% 20% . .
3	C	93	 67% 22% 12%
4	D	4	 100%

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4608 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	322	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2500	1577	429	483	11			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	7	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3
A	8	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3
A	9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3
A	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemagglutinin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	171	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1377	860	237	274	6			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	177	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3
B	178	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3
B	179	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9WFX3

- Molecule 3 is a protein called HB36.3, designed hemagglutinin binding protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	82	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			667	436	112	117	2			

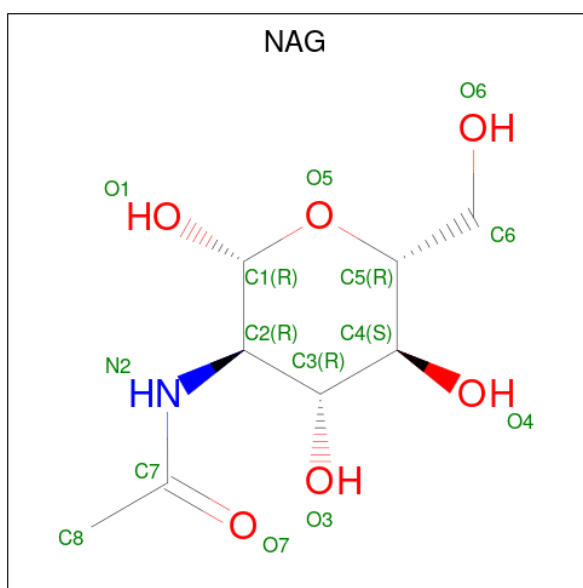
- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

pyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	4	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			50	28	2	20			

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).

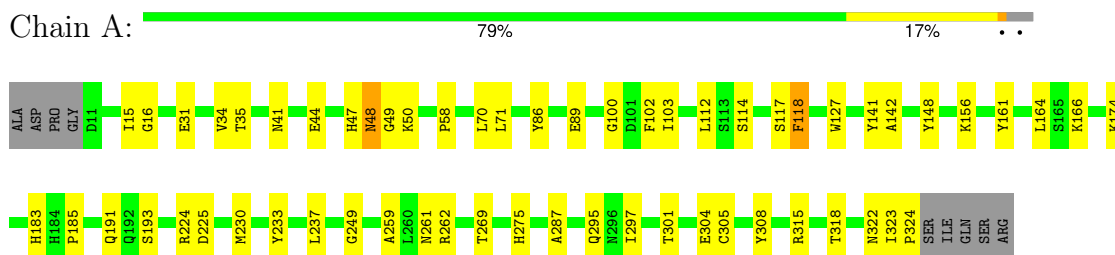


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

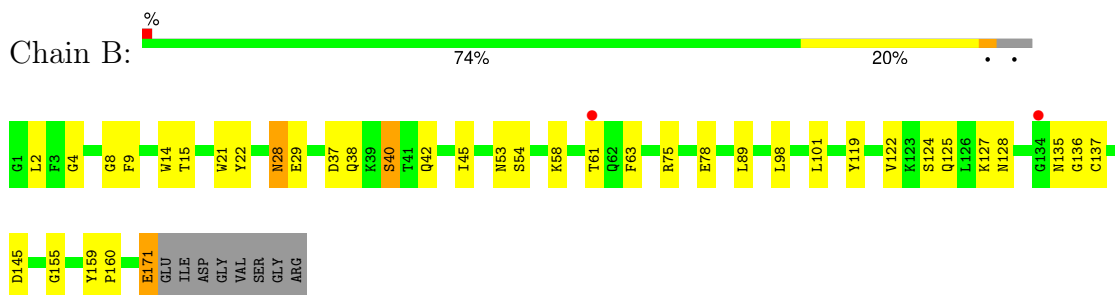
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

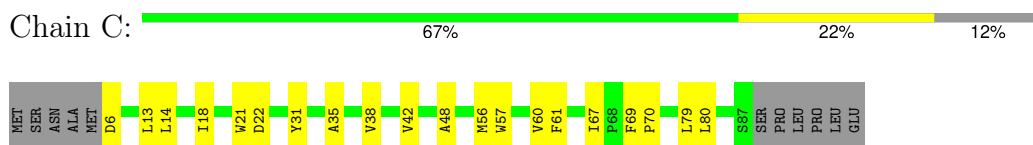
• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin



• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin



• Molecule 3: HB36.3, designed hemagglutinin binding protein



• Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	130.05Å 130.05Å 313.74Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.74 – 3.10 45.74 – 3.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (45.74-3.10) 99.1 (45.74-3.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.22	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.04 (at 2.86Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7_650)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.223 , 0.249 0.212 , 0.230	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	959 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	110.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.139	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.29 , 104.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for -h,1/3*h-1/3*k-1/3*l,-4/3*h-8/3*k +1/3*l 0.006 for -1/3*h+1/3*k+1/3*l,-k,8/3*h+4/ 3*k+1/3*l 0.026 for -2/3*h-1/3*k-1/3*l,-1/3*h-2/3*k+ 1/3*l,-4/3*h+4/3*k+1/3*l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4608	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	167.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.38% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, NAG, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.67	1/2564 (0.0%)	0.84	0/3493
2	B	0.69	0/1404	0.86	3/1890 (0.2%)
3	C	0.67	0/685	0.95	1/930 (0.1%)
All	All	0.68	1/4653 (0.0%)	0.86	4/6313 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	44	GLU	CG-CD	5.29	1.59	1.51

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	61	THR	N-CA-C	-5.63	95.80	111.00
2	B	98	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-5.40	101.83	111.00
3	C	13	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.05	126.92	115.30
2	B	89	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.05	102.42	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2500	0	2422	44	0
2	B	1377	0	1294	31	0
3	C	667	0	656	19	0
4	D	50	0	43	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
All	All	4608	0	4428	79	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (79) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:42:GLN:HE22	3:C:70:PRO:HD3	1.06	1.18
2:B:42:GLN:NE2	3:C:70:PRO:HD3	1.82	0.94
2:B:53:ASN:OD1	3:C:60:VAL:HG13	1.70	0.90
2:B:53:ASN:OD1	3:C:60:VAL:CG1	2.33	0.76
1:A:31:GLU:HG3	1:A:34:VAL:CG2	2.20	0.72
2:B:135:ASN:OD1	2:B:137:CYS:HB2	1.97	0.65
2:B:45:ILE:HD13	3:C:69:PHE:CE1	2.32	0.65
1:A:50:LYS:HD2	1:A:275:HIS:CG	2.31	0.63
2:B:54:SER:O	2:B:58:LYS:HG2	1.98	0.63
1:A:48:ASN:ND2	1:A:287:ALA:H	1.97	0.62
1:A:41:ASN:HB2	1:A:315:ARG:NH2	2.14	0.62
3:C:57:TRP:O	3:C:61:PHE:HD2	1.84	0.61
2:B:171:GLU:OE1	2:B:171:GLU:C	2.39	0.61
1:A:323:ILE:HG22	1:A:323:ILE:O	2.02	0.60
1:A:174:LYS:HD2	1:A:259:ALA:HB1	1.83	0.58
3:C:6:ASP:OD1	3:C:6:ASP:C	2.42	0.58
1:A:31:GLU:HG3	1:A:34:VAL:HG22	1.84	0.58
1:A:224:ARG:O	1:A:225:ASP:HB2	2.01	0.58
1:A:324:PRO:HB3	2:B:15:THR:CG2	2.34	0.57
1:A:48:ASN:ND2	1:A:48:ASN:C	2.58	0.57
1:A:48:ASN:HD21	1:A:287:ALA:H	1.52	0.56
1:A:164:LEU:HD12	1:A:164:LEU:C	2.26	0.56
3:C:21:TRP:HH2	3:C:67:ILE:HG21	1.70	0.56
1:A:15:ILE:HD11	2:B:122:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.56
1:A:48:ASN:C	1:A:48:ASN:HD22	2.08	0.56
1:A:114:SER:OG	1:A:262:ARG:NH1	2.39	0.55
1:A:47:HIS:HB3	1:A:297:ILE:HD13	1.87	0.55
1:A:15:ILE:HG13	2:B:119:TYR:HA	1.88	0.55
1:A:100:GLY:HA3	1:A:230:MET:O	2.07	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:38:GLN:O	2:B:42:GLN:HB2	2.06	0.55
1:A:70:LEU:HD11	1:A:112:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.54
1:A:301:THR:HB	1:A:305:CYS:SG	2.47	0.54
1:A:16:GLY:HA3	2:B:14:TRP:CH2	2.43	0.54
3:C:18:ILE:HG21	3:C:35:ALA:HA	1.90	0.54
2:B:159:TYR:HB3	2:B:160:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.54
2:B:119:TYR:CE1	2:B:136:GLY:HA2	2.44	0.52
2:B:124:SER:O	2:B:127:LYS:HE3	2.10	0.52
1:A:185:PRO:HG2	1:A:191:GLN:NE2	2.26	0.51
2:B:21:TRP:CZ3	2:B:45:ILE:HG13	2.47	0.49
1:A:324:PRO:HB3	2:B:15:THR:HG22	1.94	0.49
2:B:4:GLY:O	2:B:8:GLY:HA3	2.13	0.49
2:B:28:ASN:HD22	2:B:28:ASN:C	2.17	0.47
2:B:42:GLN:NE2	3:C:70:PRO:CD	2.67	0.47
2:B:37:ASP:OD1	2:B:40:SER:HB2	2.14	0.47
3:C:22:ASP:HA	3:C:31:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.46
1:A:103:ILE:HG12	1:A:233:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.46
1:A:161:TYR:CZ	1:A:249:GLY:HA2	2.51	0.46
1:A:117:SER:OG	1:A:261:ASN:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:A:141:TYR:O	1:A:142:ALA:HB3	2.14	0.46
1:A:156:LYS:HE2	1:A:193:SER:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:48:ASN:ND2	1:A:50:LYS:H	2.13	0.46
3:C:56:MET:O	3:C:60:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.46
1:A:35:THR:HG22	1:A:322:ASN:HB3	1.98	0.46
2:B:22:TYR:HD1	2:B:40:SER:HB3	1.82	0.45
1:A:118:PHE:HD1	1:A:118:PHE:C	2.20	0.45
1:A:58:PRO:HB3	1:A:86:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.45
1:A:118:PHE:C	1:A:118:PHE:CD1	2.91	0.44
2:B:101:LEU:HD23	2:B:101:LEU:HA	1.63	0.44
2:B:9:PHE:O	2:B:135:ASN:HA	2.18	0.44
1:A:89:GLU:O	1:A:269:THR:HA	2.18	0.44
1:A:183:HIS:CE1	1:A:185:PRO:HG3	2.53	0.44
1:A:295:GLN:O	1:A:308:TYR:HA	2.18	0.43
2:B:42:GLN:HE22	3:C:69:PHE:HB3	1.84	0.43
2:B:45:ILE:HG21	3:C:69:PHE:CD1	2.53	0.43
2:B:2:LEU:HD12	2:B:2:LEU:HA	1.82	0.43
3:C:48:ALA:HA	3:C:80:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.43
1:A:304:GLU:HG2	2:B:63:PHE:CE2	2.53	0.43
2:B:75:ARG:HD3	2:B:78:GLU:OE1	2.19	0.43
3:C:14:LEU:HD22	3:C:79:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.43
1:A:318:THR:HG21	3:C:57:TRP:CZ2	2.53	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:164:LEU:HD12	1:A:164:LEU:O	2.20	0.42
3:C:57:TRP:HA	3:C:57:TRP:CE3	2.54	0.42
1:A:48:ASN:HD22	1:A:49:GLY:N	2.17	0.42
3:C:38:VAL:O	3:C:42:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:A:237:LEU:HD12	1:A:237:LEU:HA	1.87	0.41
2:B:125:GLN:HE22	2:B:155:GLY:HA2	1.86	0.41
1:A:127:TRP:CH2	1:A:166:LYS:HG2	2.56	0.41
1:A:71:LEU:O	1:A:148:TYR:HB3	2.20	0.40
1:A:112:LEU:HA	1:A:112:LEU:HD23	1.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	320/331 (97%)	313 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	169/179 (94%)	165 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	C	80/93 (86%)	80 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	569/603 (94%)	558 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	278/285 (98%)	275 (99%)	3 (1%)	70	84
2	B	146/152 (96%)	140 (96%)	6 (4%)	26	57
3	C	66/76 (87%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	490/513 (96%)	481 (98%)	9 (2%)	54	76

All (9) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	48	ASN
1	A	102	PHE
1	A	118	PHE
2	B	28	ASN
2	B	29	GLU
2	B	40	SER
2	B	128	ASN
2	B	145	ASP
2	B	171	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	41	ASN
1	A	48	ASN
1	A	92	ASN
1	A	191	GLN
1	A	250	ASN
1	A	289	ASN
2	B	28	ASN
2	B	30	GLN
2	B	42	GLN
2	B	125	GLN
2	B	128	ASN
2	B	129	ASN
2	B	142	HIS
3	C	71	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	1.50	4 (23%)
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	1.31	4 (23%)
4	BMA	D	3	4	11,11,12	0.57	0	15,15,17	1.29	2 (13%)
4	MAN	D	4	4	11,11,12	0.58	0	15,15,17	1.12	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	D	3	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	3	BMA	O3-C3-C2	-3.15	103.62	110.05
4	D	1	NAG	O3-C3-C2	-3.06	103.05	109.40
4	D	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.83	106.92	111.29
4	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.36	112.25	107.66
4	D	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-2.26	109.16	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	2	NAG	C6-C5-C4	2.26	118.56	113.02
4	D	1	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.22	107.57	113.02
4	D	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.14	112.75	109.64
4	D	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.07	108.08	111.29
4	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2	2.02	125.55	121.98
4	D	4	MAN	C2-C3-C4	-2.01	107.33	110.86

There are no chirality outliers.

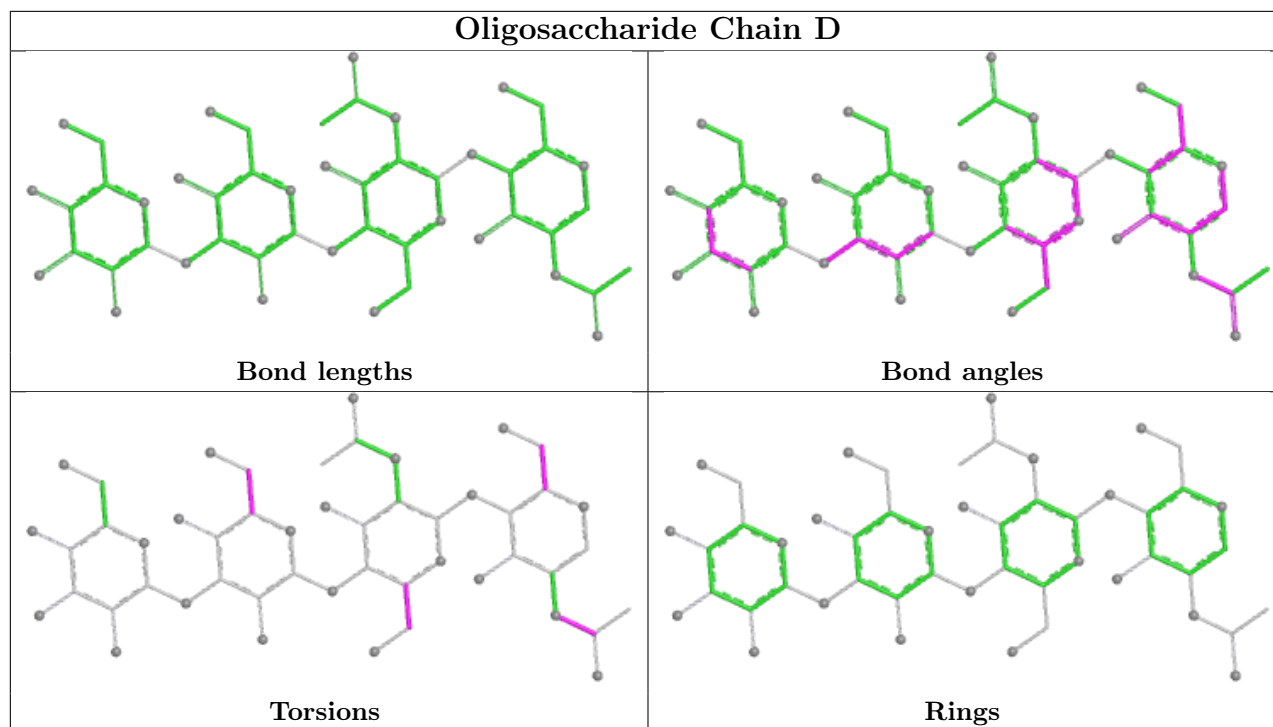
All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	NAG	A	501	1	14,14,15	0.77	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.08	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	501	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	501	NAG	C1-C2	2.02	1.55	1.52

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	501	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-5.93	102.12	111.29
5	A	501	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-2.92	108.28	112.19
5	A	501	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.91	113.34	107.66
5	A	501	NAG	O3-C3-C2	2.56	114.71	109.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	A	501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	322/331 (97%)	-0.63	0 100 100	102, 153, 235, 317	0
2	B	171/179 (95%)	-0.48	2 (1%) 76 60	90, 181, 254, 303	0
3	C	82/93 (88%)	-0.61	0 100 100	119, 173, 219, 301	0
All	All	575/603 (95%)	-0.58	2 (0%) 90 81	90, 162, 247, 317	0

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	61	THR	3.1
2	B	134	GLY	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

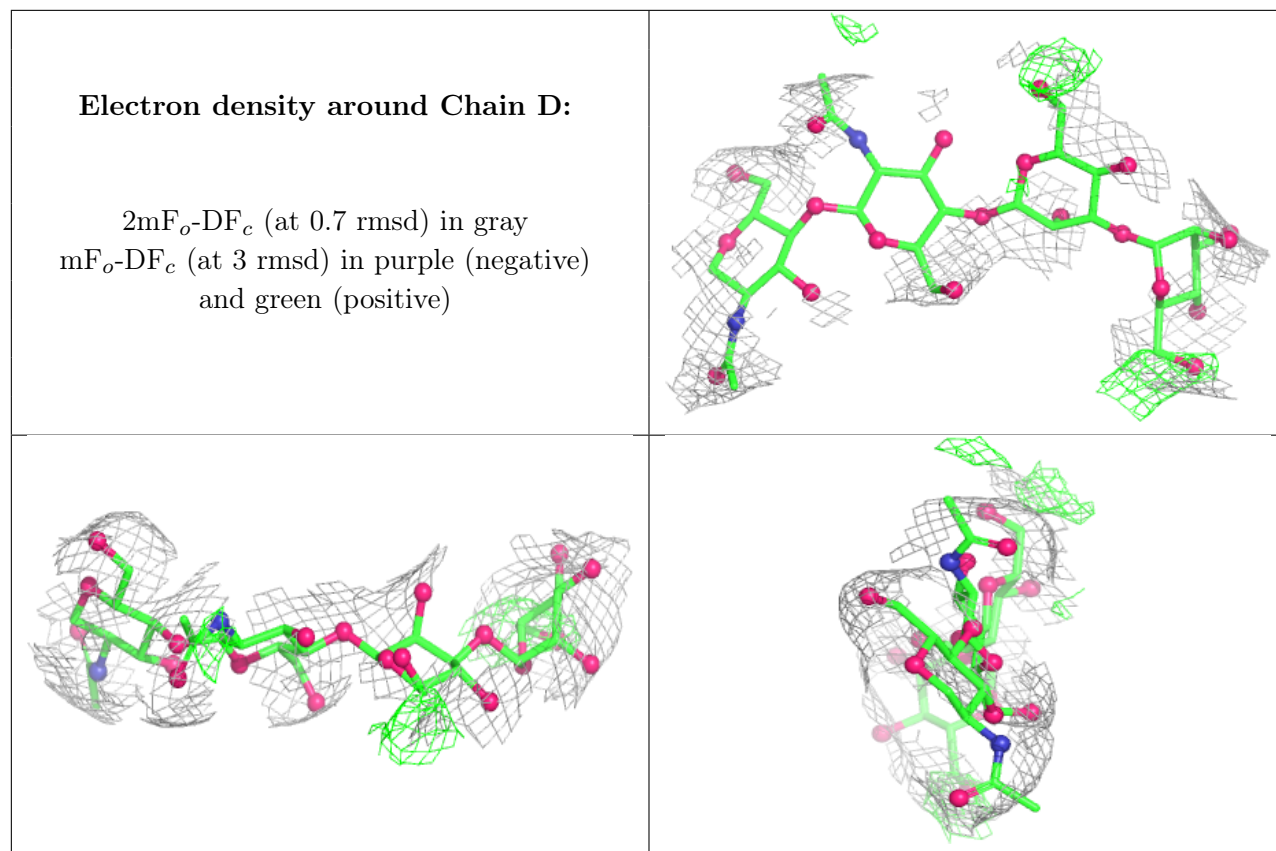
6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	MAN	D	4	11/12	0.44	0.07	272,275,279,284	0
4	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.50	0.08	221,227,232,235	0
4	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.85	0.07	194,197,200,201	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.94	0.06	156,159,163,164	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-

charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	501	14/15	0.51	0.09	202,208,215,216	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.