



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 29, 2024 – 04:40 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1PRH
Title : THE X-RAY CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE MEMBRANE PROTEIN
PROSTAGLANDIN H2 SYNTHASE-1
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Deposited on : 1994-03-07
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

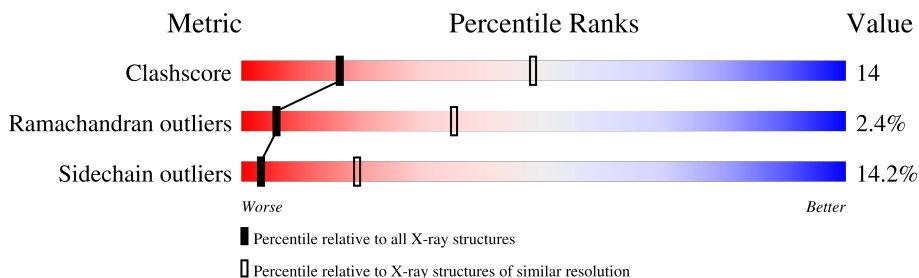
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	1036 (3.58-3.42)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1005 (3.58-3.42)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1006 (3.58-3.42)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	554	
1	B	554	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9092 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

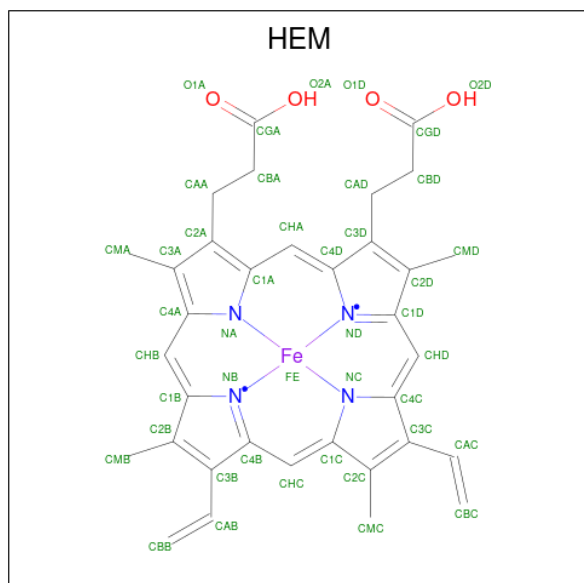
- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROSTAGLANDIN H2 SYNTHASE-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	554	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4503	2919	762	794	28			
1	B	554	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4503	2919	762	794	28			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	92	LEU	MET	conflict	UNP P05979
A	310	GLN	ASN	conflict	UNP P05979
A	333	LYS	ARG	conflict	UNP P05979
B	92	LEU	MET	conflict	UNP P05979
B	310	GLN	ASN	conflict	UNP P05979
B	333	LYS	ARG	conflict	UNP P05979

- Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



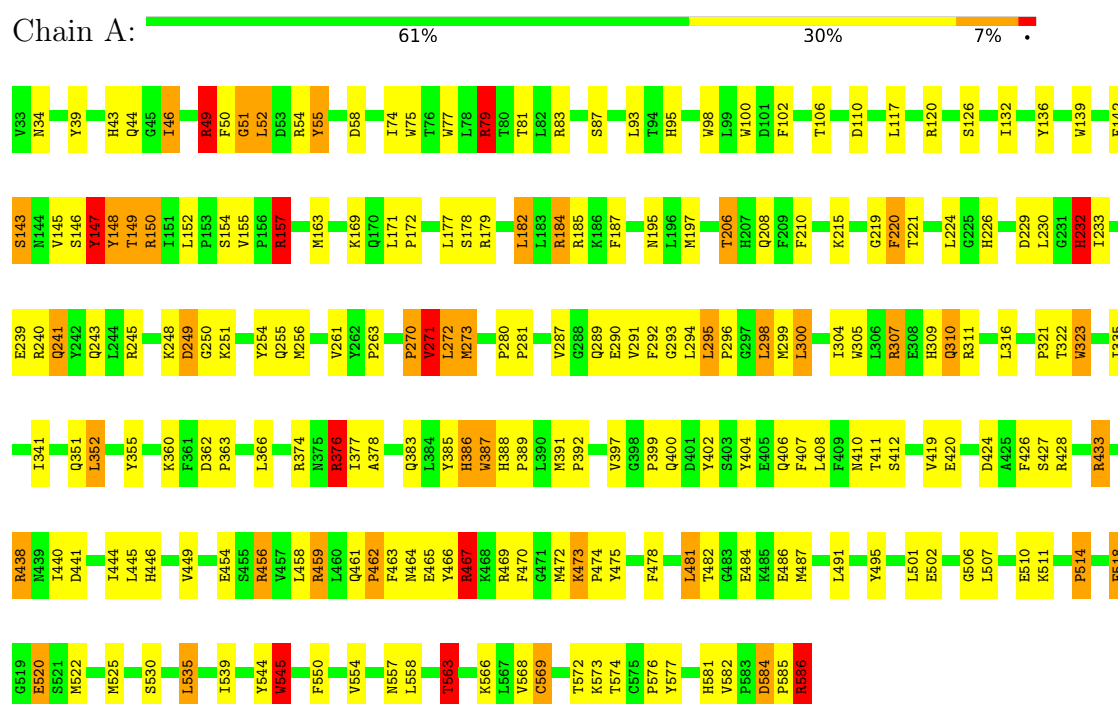
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
2	B	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

3 Residue-property plots

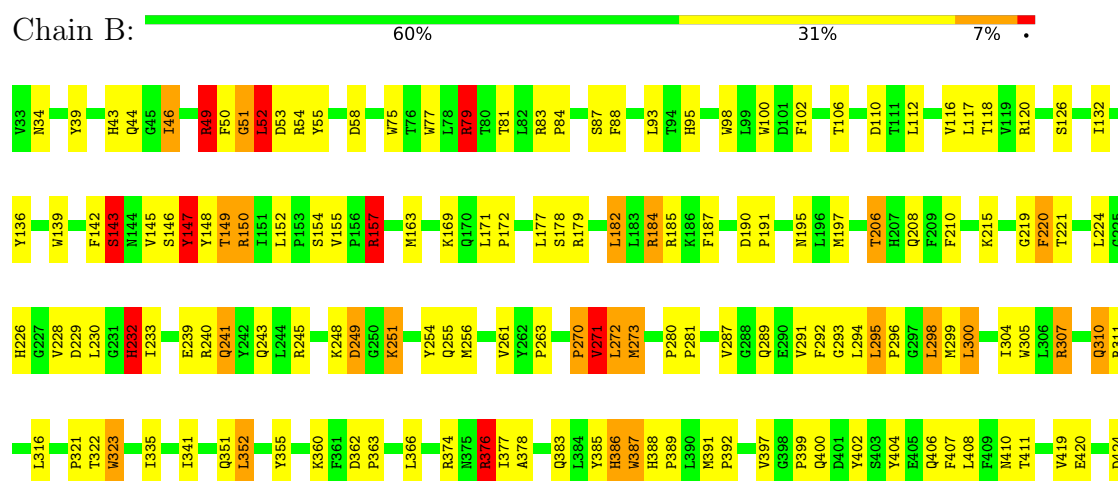
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

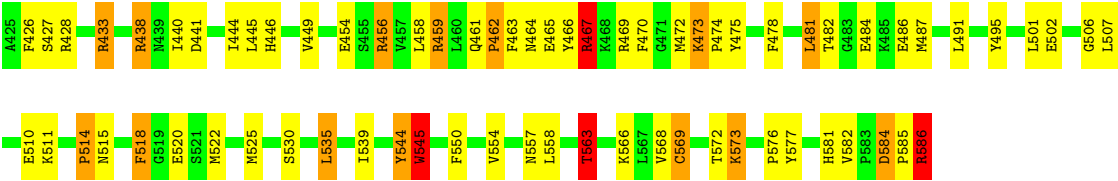
Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: PROSTAGLANDIN H2 SYNTHASE-1



• Molecule 1: PROSTAGLANDIN H2 SYNTHASE-1





4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	99.40Å 210.30Å 233.10Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 3.50	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (20.00-3.50)	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.267 , 0.316	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	9092	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.90	2/4642 (0.0%)	1.62	89/6299 (1.4%)
1	B	0.92	2/4642 (0.0%)	1.63	87/6299 (1.4%)
All	All	0.91	4/9284 (0.0%)	1.62	176/12598 (1.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
1	B	0	2
All	All	0	4

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	462	PRO	C-N	-5.87	1.20	1.34
1	A	462	PRO	C-N	-5.73	1.20	1.34
1	B	545	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.36	1.34	1.43
1	A	545	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.17	1.34	1.43

The worst 5 of 176 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-15.72	112.44	120.30
1	A	143	SER	O-C-N	-15.68	97.61	122.70
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-15.54	112.53	120.30
1	B	143	SER	O-C-N	-15.47	97.94	122.70
1	B	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	14.81	127.70	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	143	SER	Mainchain
1	A	584	ASP	Peptide
1	B	143	SER	Mainchain
1	B	584	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4503	0	4410	131	0
1	B	4503	0	4410	132	0
2	A	43	0	30	2	0
2	B	43	0	30	2	0
All	All	9092	0	8880	259	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 259 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:142:PHE:O	1:A:142:PHE:CD1	1.98	1.15
1:B:142:PHE:O	1:B:142:PHE:CD1	1.98	1.15
1:B:462:PRO:HG2	1:B:465:GLU:HG2	1.36	1.06
1:A:142:PHE:CD1	1:A:142:PHE:C	2.30	1.05
1:A:462:PRO:HG2	1:A:465:GLU:HG2	1.36	1.03

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	552/554 (100%)	493 (89%)	46 (8%)	13 (2%)	6	35
1	B	552/554 (100%)	493 (89%)	46 (8%)	13 (2%)	6	35
All	All	1104/1108 (100%)	986 (89%)	92 (8%)	26 (2%)	6	35

5 of 26 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	271	VAL
1	A	272	LEU
1	A	514	PRO
1	A	584	ASP
1	A	585	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	489/489 (100%)	420 (86%)	69 (14%)	3	19
1	B	489/489 (100%)	419 (86%)	70 (14%)	3	19
All	All	978/978 (100%)	839 (86%)	139 (14%)	3	19

5 of 139 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	392	PRO

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	433	ARG
1	B	530	SER
1	A	411	THR
1	A	400	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 20 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	208	GLN
1	B	243	GLN
1	B	443	HIS
1	B	309	HIS
1	A	241	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	HEM	B	601	1	41,50,50	1.72	7 (17%)	45,82,82	1.28	5 (11%)
2	HEM	A	601	1	41,50,50	1.74	7 (17%)	45,82,82	1.26	6 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEM	B	601	1	-	5/12/54/54	-
2	HEM	A	601	1	-	5/12/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 14 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	601	HEM	C3C-C2C	-5.11	1.33	1.40
2	B	601	HEM	C3C-C2C	-5.07	1.33	1.40
2	B	601	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.61	1.38	1.47
2	A	601	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.60	1.38	1.47
2	B	601	HEM	CAB-C3B	-3.37	1.38	1.47

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	601	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	2.68	119.37	113.60
2	A	601	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	2.63	119.25	113.60
2	B	601	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	2.62	126.02	122.56
2	A	601	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	2.60	125.99	122.56
2	A	601	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	2.27	116.50	112.62

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

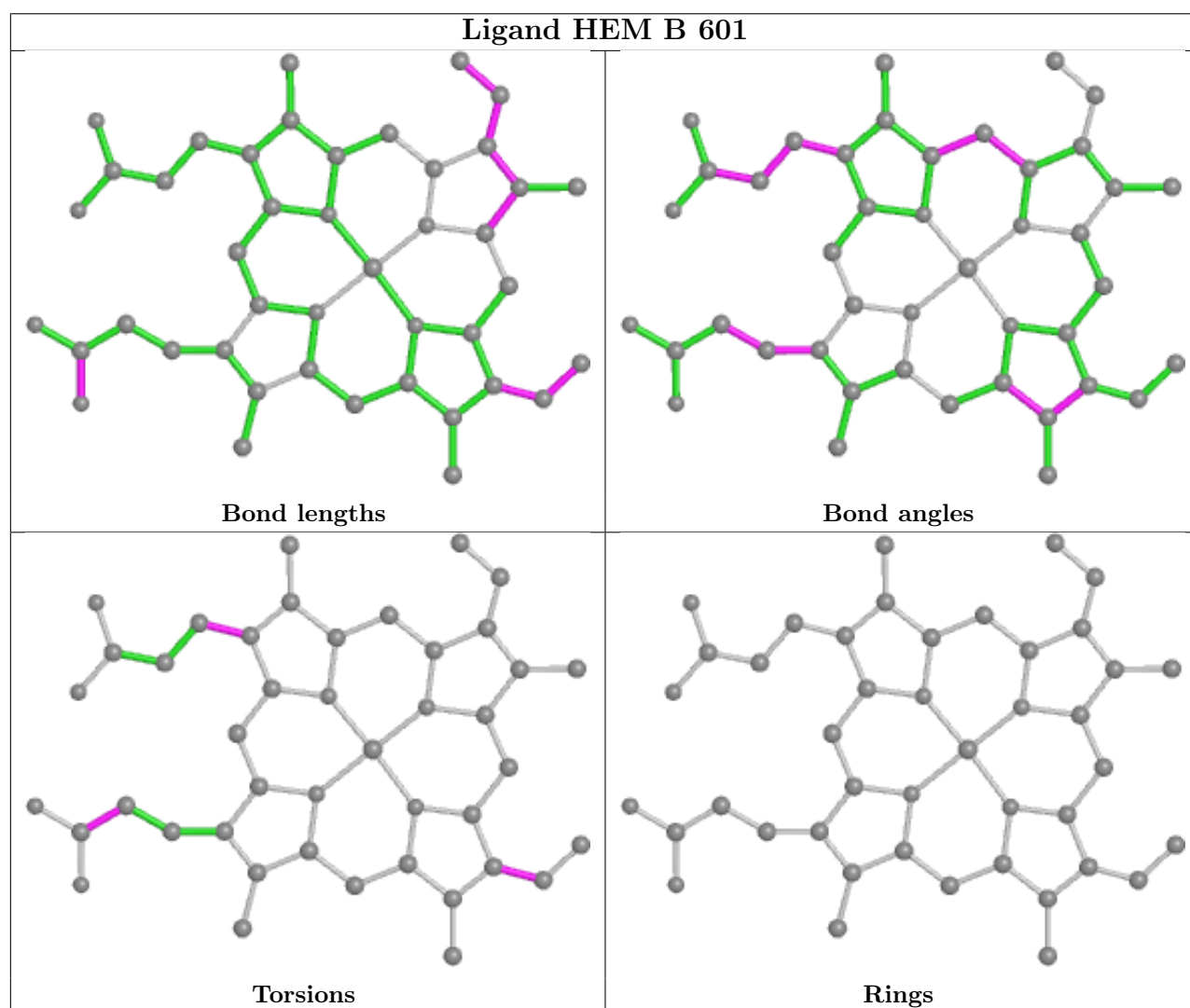
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	HEM	C2B-C3B-CAB-CBB
2	A	601	HEM	C4B-C3B-CAB-CBB
2	B	601	HEM	C2B-C3B-CAB-CBB
2	B	601	HEM	C4B-C3B-CAB-CBB
2	A	601	HEM	C4D-C3D-CAD-CBD

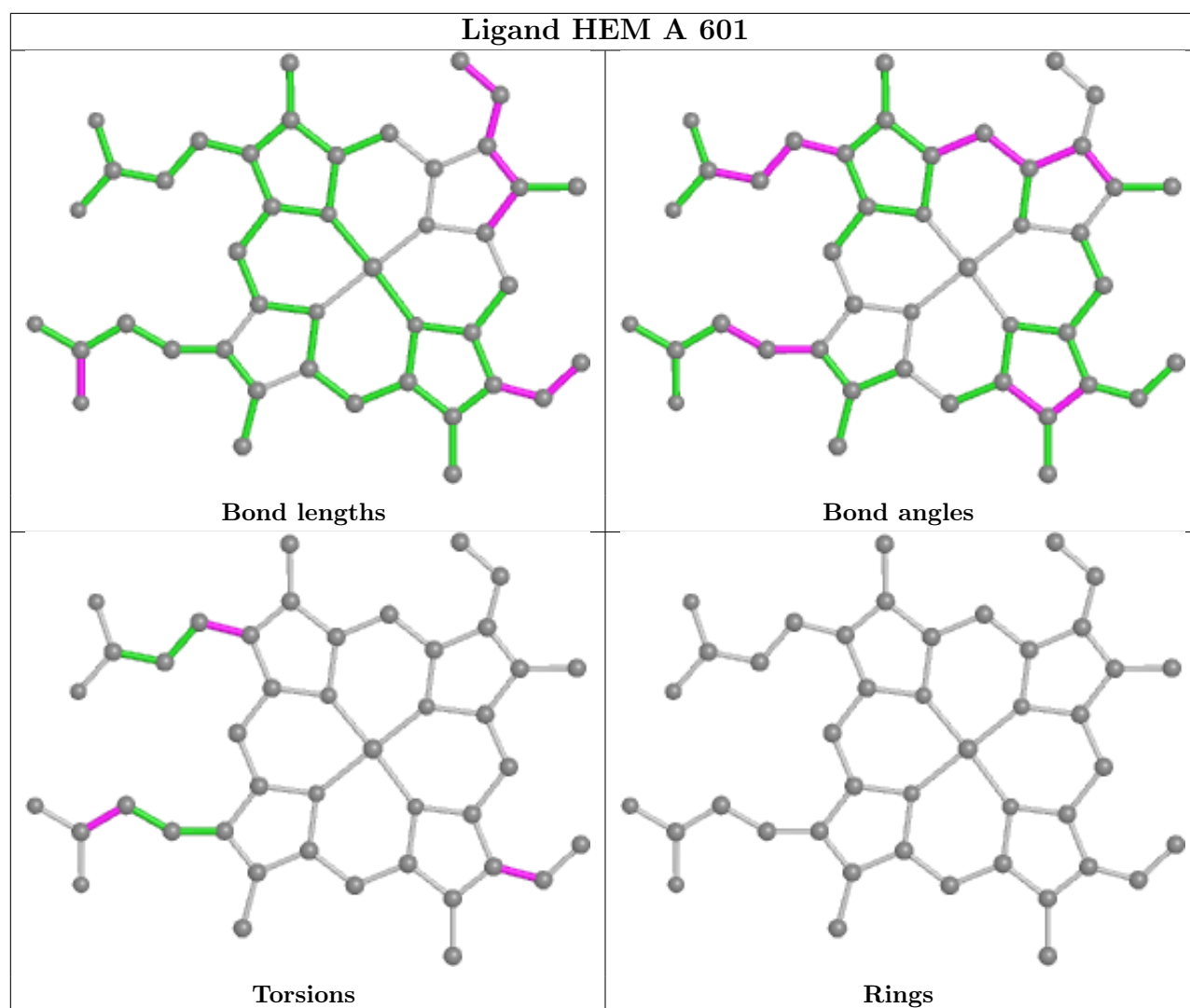
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	601	HEM	2	0
2	A	601	HEM	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.