



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 9, 2024 – 11:39 PM EST

PDB ID : 6OWT  
EMDB ID : EMD-20217  
Title : Structure of SIVsmm Nef and SMM tetherin bound to the clathrin adaptor AP-2 complex  
Authors : Buffalo, C.Z.; Ren, X.; Hurley, J.H.  
Deposited on : 2019-05-10  
Resolution : 3.80 Å (reported)  
Based on initial models : 4NEE, 2XA7

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

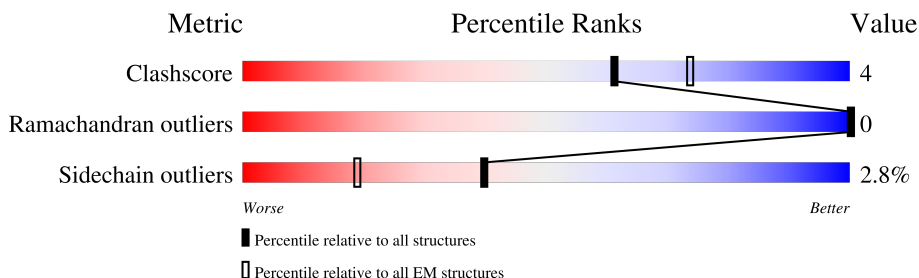
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	939	
2	B	591	
3	M	141	
4	N	275	
4	T	275	
5	S	142	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11649 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called AP-2 complex subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	590	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4255	2716	732	794	13		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called AP-2 complex subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	578	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4242	2726	706	790	20		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Adaptor protein complex AP-2, mu1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	M	124	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			932	609	163	155	5		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Tetherin,Protein Nef.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	T	10	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			74	48	12	14			
4	N	133	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1047	678	175	192	2		

There are 46 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
T	1	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP C3VHQ5
T	17	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	18	LYS	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	19	GLY	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	20	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	21	ASP	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	22	GLU	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
T	23	ALA	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	24	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	25	GLU	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	26	GLY	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	27	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	28	GLY	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
T	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	TRP	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
T	74	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q4JGV0
N	-27	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-11	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-10	LYS	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-9	GLY	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-8	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-7	ASP	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-6	GLU	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-5	ALA	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-4	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-3	GLU	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-2	GLY	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	-1	SER	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	0	GLY	-	linker	UNP C3VHQ5
N	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	ARG	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	TRP	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	LEU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP Q4JGV0
N	55	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q4JGV0

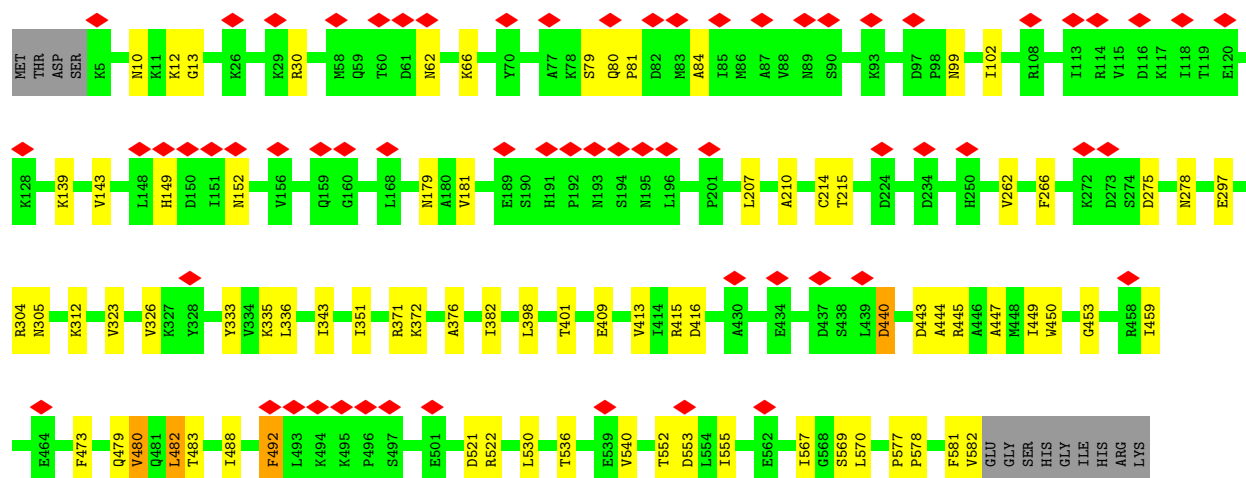
- Molecule 5 is a protein called AP-2 complex subunit sigma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	S	140	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1099	721	187	185	6		

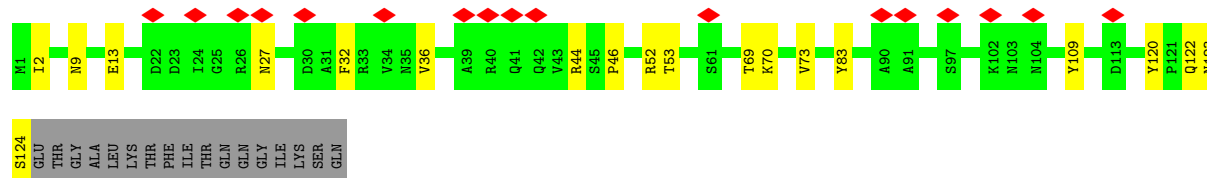
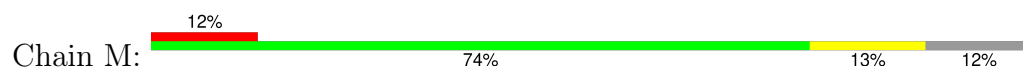
There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
S	97	CYS	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P62744
S	99	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P62744

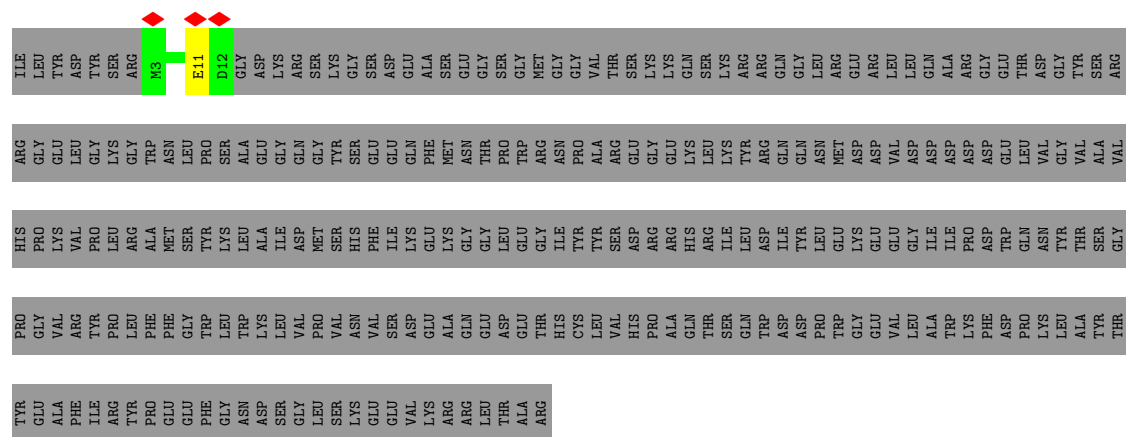




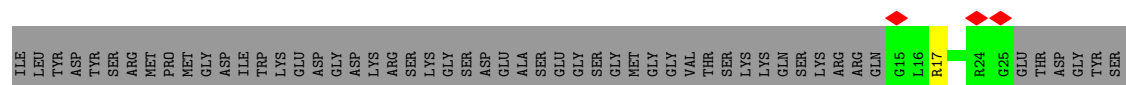
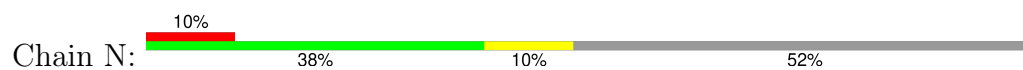
• Molecule 3: Adaptor protein complex AP-2, mu1

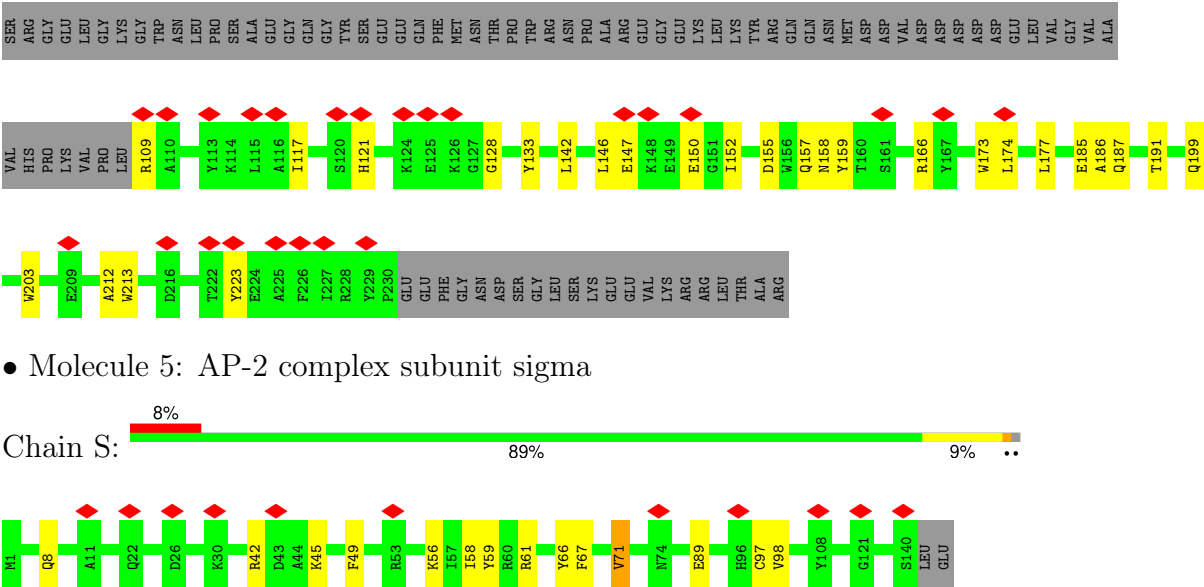


• Molecule 4: Tetherin, Protein Nef



• Molecule 4: Tetherin, Protein Nef





• Molecule 5: AP-2 complex subunit sigma



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	159406	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	50.16	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.475	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.186	Depositor
Average map value	0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.061	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.485	Depositor
Map size (Å)	294.144, 294.144, 294.144	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.149, 1.149, 1.149	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.26	0/4330	0.40	0/5928
2	B	0.26	0/4311	0.46	1/5902 (0.0%)
3	M	0.28	0/952	0.44	0/1293
4	N	0.24	0/1081	0.41	0/1479
4	T	0.21	0/76	0.39	0/103
5	S	0.28	0/1122	0.43	0/1523
All	All	0.26	0/11872	0.43	1/16228 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	482	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.41	127.75	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4255	0	3997	28	0
2	B	4242	0	4085	45	0
3	M	932	0	892	11	0
4	N	1047	0	941	15	0
4	T	74	0	59	1	0
5	S	1099	0	1054	8	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	11649	0	11028	95	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (95) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:210:ALA:O	2:B:214:CYS:HB2	1.80	0.81
2:B:262:VAL:O	2:B:266:PHE:HB2	1.96	0.65
4:N:166:ARG:HB2	4:N:177:LEU:HB2	1.79	0.64
2:B:343:ILE:HG21	2:B:376:ALA:HB1	1.82	0.61
5:S:97:CYS:SG	5:S:98:VAL:N	2.74	0.60
2:B:214:CYS:SG	2:B:215:THR:N	2.75	0.60
1:A:383:VAL:HG13	1:A:386:ARG:HH21	1.70	0.57
2:B:181:VAL:HG21	2:B:207:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.56
3:M:120:TYR:HB3	3:M:122:GLN:HE21	1.71	0.56
2:B:453:GLY:HA3	2:B:483:THR:HB	1.88	0.55
1:A:438:ASP:OD1	1:A:438:ASP:N	2.41	0.53
1:A:575:GLU:OE2	2:B:479:GLN:NE2	2.41	0.53
3:M:53:THR:HG23	3:M:70:LYS:HG3	1.90	0.53
4:N:187:GLN:OE1	5:S:61:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.53
2:B:143:VAL:HG23	2:B:179:ASN:HD21	1.74	0.53
4:N:142:LEU:HD23	4:N:157:GLN:HE22	1.72	0.53
1:A:549:VAL:HG13	1:A:556:LYS:HG3	1.91	0.53
4:N:155:ASP:O	4:N:158:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.53
1:A:386:ARG:NH2	1:A:417:ASP:OD1	2.42	0.53
1:A:589:VAL:HG11	2:B:536:THR:HG23	1.91	0.52
4:N:159:TYR:HH	4:N:173:TRP:HE1	1.57	0.52
1:A:462:TRP:HA	1:A:465:VAL:HG12	1.91	0.52
2:B:479:GLN:HA	2:B:482:LEU:HG	1.91	0.52
5:S:59:TYR:HA	5:S:67:PHE:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:556:LYS:NZ	1:A:560:GLN:OE1	2.43	0.52
2:B:305:ASN:ND2	2:B:567:ILE:O	2.43	0.52
2:B:149:HIS:O	2:B:152:ASN:ND2	2.43	0.51
2:B:326:VAL:HG11	2:B:335:LYS:HG3	1.92	0.51
2:B:440:ASP:O	2:B:445:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:A:401:ASN:ND2	1:A:404:GLN:OE1	2.43	0.51
1:A:539:ALA:O	1:A:579:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
2:B:371:ARG:NH1	2:B:409:GLU:OE2	2.43	0.51
1:A:582:GLU:OE2	2:B:522:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:M:32:PHE:O	3:M:36:VAL:HB	2.12	0.50
1:A:586:LEU:HD12	2:B:540:VAL:HG11	1.92	0.50
2:B:336:LEU:HD22	2:B:372:LYS:HG3	1.92	0.49
2:B:371:ARG:HG2	2:B:409:GLU:HG3	1.93	0.49
3:M:9:ASN:OD1	3:M:13:GLU:N	2.44	0.49
1:A:455:ASP:OD1	1:A:455:ASP:N	2.42	0.49
1:A:425:VAL:HG22	1:A:449:LEU:HD11	1.94	0.49
2:B:62:ASN:O	2:B:66:LYS:CB	2.61	0.48
1:A:382:ASP:OD1	5:S:42:ARG:NH1	2.46	0.48
1:A:189:THR:HG21	1:A:221:GLU:HB3	1.96	0.48
3:M:123:ASN:ND2	3:M:124:SER:O	2.47	0.47
2:B:81:PRO:HA	2:B:84:ALA:HB3	1.96	0.47
4:N:117:ILE:HG23	4:N:174:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.47
4:N:199:GLN:O	4:N:203:TRP:NE1	2.47	0.47
5:S:8:GLN:O	5:S:66:TYR:HB2	2.15	0.47
2:B:382:ILE:HD11	2:B:416:ASP:HB3	1.96	0.47
2:B:99:ASN:HD22	2:B:102:ILE:HG12	1.79	0.46
1:A:250:TYR:HB3	1:A:302:HIS:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:605:PHE:HD2	1:A:608:ARG:HH12	1.62	0.46
2:B:582:VAL:H	3:M:52:ARG:HD3	1.80	0.46
1:A:41:ARG:O	1:A:45:LYS:CB	2.64	0.46
4:N:109:ARG:NH2	4:N:150:GLU:OE1	2.44	0.46
5:S:49:PHE:HD1	5:S:58:ILE:HG12	1.81	0.45
1:A:318:ILE:HG12	1:A:356:LEU:HD13	1.98	0.45
4:N:117:ILE:HG12	4:N:174:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.45
2:B:297:GLU:OE1	3:M:83:TYR:OH	2.35	0.45
1:A:401:ASN:N	1:A:401:ASN:OD1	2.48	0.45
2:B:443:ASP:N	2:B:443:ASP:OD1	2.50	0.45
2:B:10:ASN:HD22	2:B:13:GLY:H	1.64	0.45
2:B:415:ARG:HD3	2:B:447:ALA:HA	1.98	0.45
2:B:440:ASP:HB2	2:B:445:ARG:HD3	1.99	0.45
2:B:449:ILE:HD13	2:B:480:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.45
2:B:552:THR:OG1	2:B:553:ASP:N	2.50	0.45
2:B:10:ASN:HD21	4:N:186:ALA:HB2	1.82	0.44
4:N:133:TYR:HA	4:N:212:ALA:HA	2.00	0.44
2:B:398:LEU:O	2:B:401:THR:OG1	2.36	0.44
1:A:317:ILE:HD13	1:A:326:LEU:HB3	1.99	0.43
2:B:297:GLU:HG3	3:M:46:PRO:HG2	2.01	0.43
2:B:450:TRP:HA	2:B:483:THR:HG21	1.99	0.43
2:B:12:LYS:NZ	4:N:185:GLU:O	2.50	0.43
2:B:569:SER:OG	2:B:570:LEU:N	2.50	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:577:PRO:HA	2:B:578:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.43
1:A:470:ILE:HD11	1:A:502:TYR:HE2	1.84	0.43
5:S:56:LYS:HB3	5:S:71:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.43
4:N:17:ARG:HE	4:N:128:GLY:HA2	1.84	0.43
1:A:250:TYR:OH	5:S:89:GLU:OE2	2.36	0.42
2:B:79:SER:OG	2:B:80:GLN:N	2.51	0.42
4:T:11:GLU:H	4:N:191:THR:HB	1.85	0.42
3:M:2:ILE:HA	3:M:69:THR:HG22	2.00	0.42
1:A:439:TYR:HB2	1:A:475:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.42
3:M:44:ARG:HD3	3:M:44:ARG:HA	1.90	0.42
2:B:139:LYS:HE3	2:B:139:LYS:HB2	1.92	0.41
2:B:488:ILE:HG22	2:B:492:PHE:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:B:304:ARG:HD2	2:B:304:ARG:HA	1.82	0.41
3:M:27:ASN:OD1	3:M:27:ASN:N	2.54	0.41
4:N:147:GLU:HA	4:N:152:ILE:H	1.86	0.41
2:B:275:ASP:HA	2:B:278:ASN:HD22	1.85	0.40
2:B:312:LYS:HA	2:B:312:LYS:HD2	1.90	0.40
2:B:440:ASP:HB3	2:B:444:ALA:HB3	2.03	0.40
1:A:363:HIS:CE1	1:A:367:LYS:HE3	2.57	0.40
1:A:464:ARG:HD2	1:A:464:ARG:HA	1.91	0.40
1:A:502:TYR:HD1	1:A:540:LEU:HD11	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	588/939 (63%)	568 (97%)	20 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	576/591 (98%)	544 (94%)	32 (6%)	0	100	100
3	M	122/141 (86%)	117 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
4	N	129/275 (47%)	124 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	T	8/275 (3%)	8 (100%)	0	0	100	100
5	S	138/142 (97%)	131 (95%)	7 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	1561/2363 (66%)	1492 (96%)	69 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	404/818 (49%)	394 (98%)	10 (2%)	42	62
2	B	421/532 (79%)	407 (97%)	14 (3%)	33	56
3	M	87/122 (71%)	85 (98%)	2 (2%)	45	63
4	N	100/235 (43%)	96 (96%)	4 (4%)	27	50
4	T	6/235 (3%)	6 (100%)	0	100	100
5	S	107/131 (82%)	105 (98%)	2 (2%)	52	69
All	All	1125/2073 (54%)	1093 (97%)	32 (3%)	40	59

All (32) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	76	HIS
1	A	298	LYS
1	A	337	PHE
1	A	399	ARG
1	A	401	ASN
1	A	413	LEU
1	A	420	ILE
1	A	532	LEU
1	A	589	VAL
1	A	608	ARG
2	B	30	ARG
2	B	323	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	333	TYR
2	B	351	ILE
2	B	413	VAL
2	B	440	ASP
2	B	459	ILE
2	B	473	PHE
2	B	480	VAL
2	B	492	PHE
2	B	521	ASP
2	B	530	LEU
2	B	555	ILE
2	B	581	PHE
3	M	73	VAL
3	M	109	TYR
4	N	121	HIS
4	N	146	LEU
4	N	213	TRP
4	N	223	TYR
5	S	45	LYS
5	S	71	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (21) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	166	GLN
1	A	266	GLN
1	A	333	GLN
1	A	387	GLN
1	A	471	ASN
1	A	488	GLN
1	A	495	ASN
1	A	527	HIS
1	A	531	HIS
1	A	550	ASN
2	B	152	ASN
2	B	179	ASN
2	B	238	GLN
2	B	278	ASN
2	B	408	GLN
2	B	504	GLN
3	M	122	GLN
3	M	123	ASN

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	N	157	GLN
4	N	202	GLN
5	S	86	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-20217. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

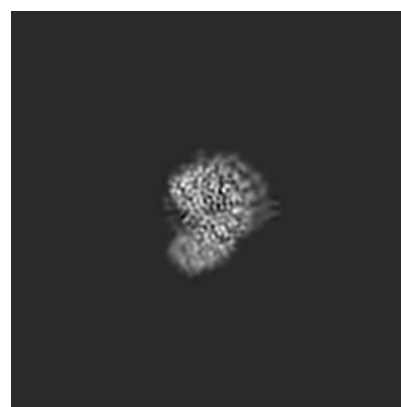
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

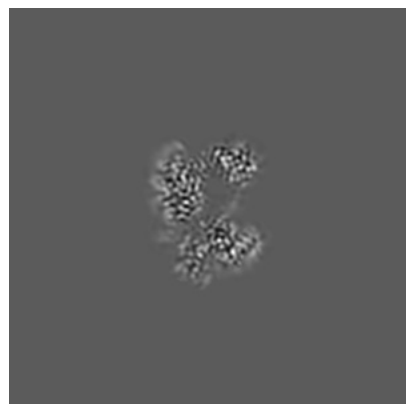


Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

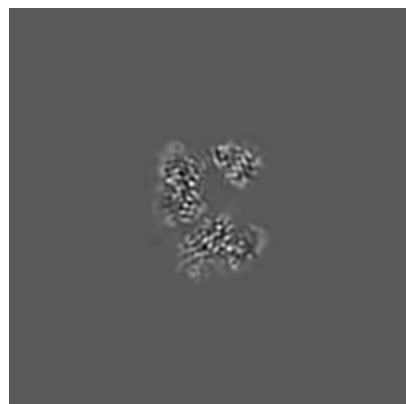


Z Index: 128

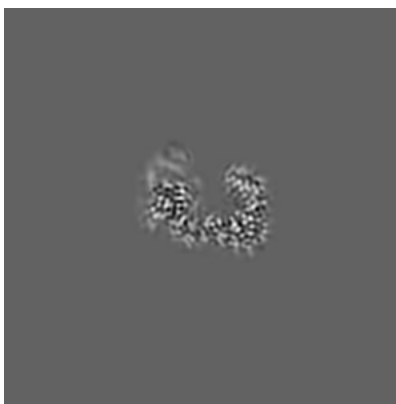
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

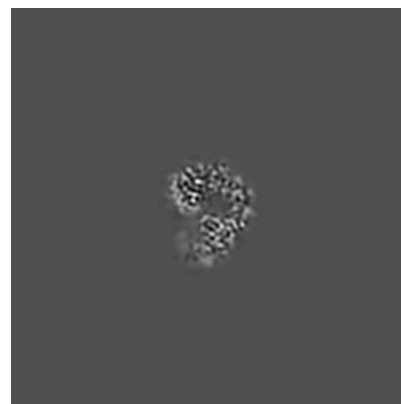
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 131



Y Index: 136

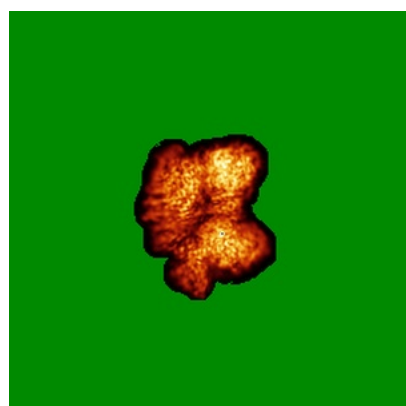


Z Index: 147

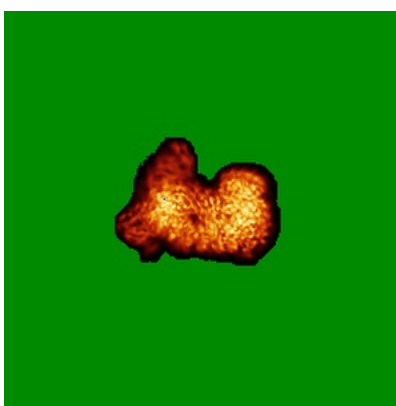
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

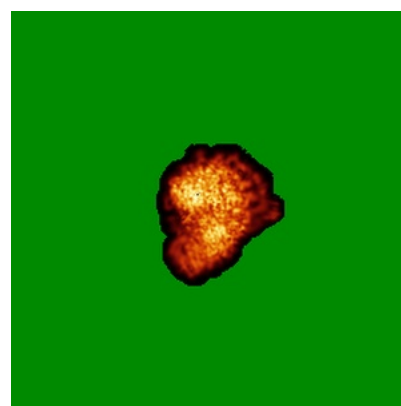
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

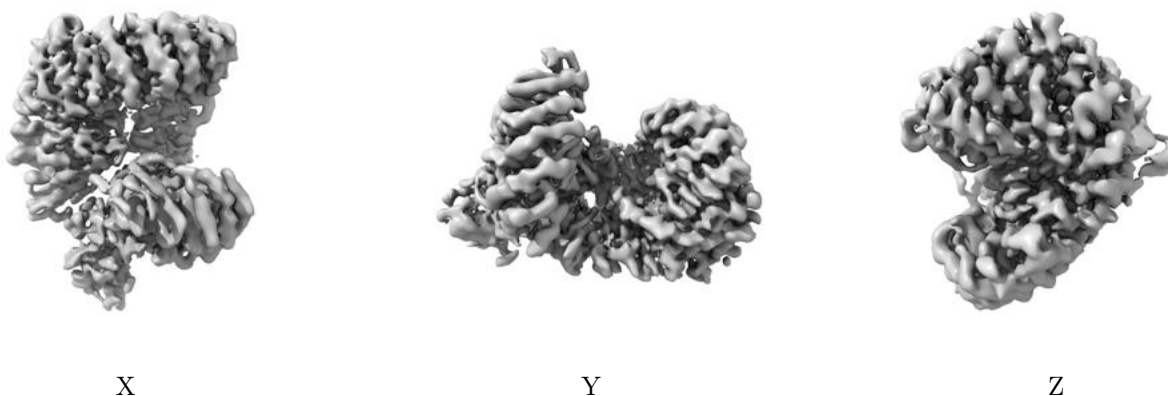


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.485. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

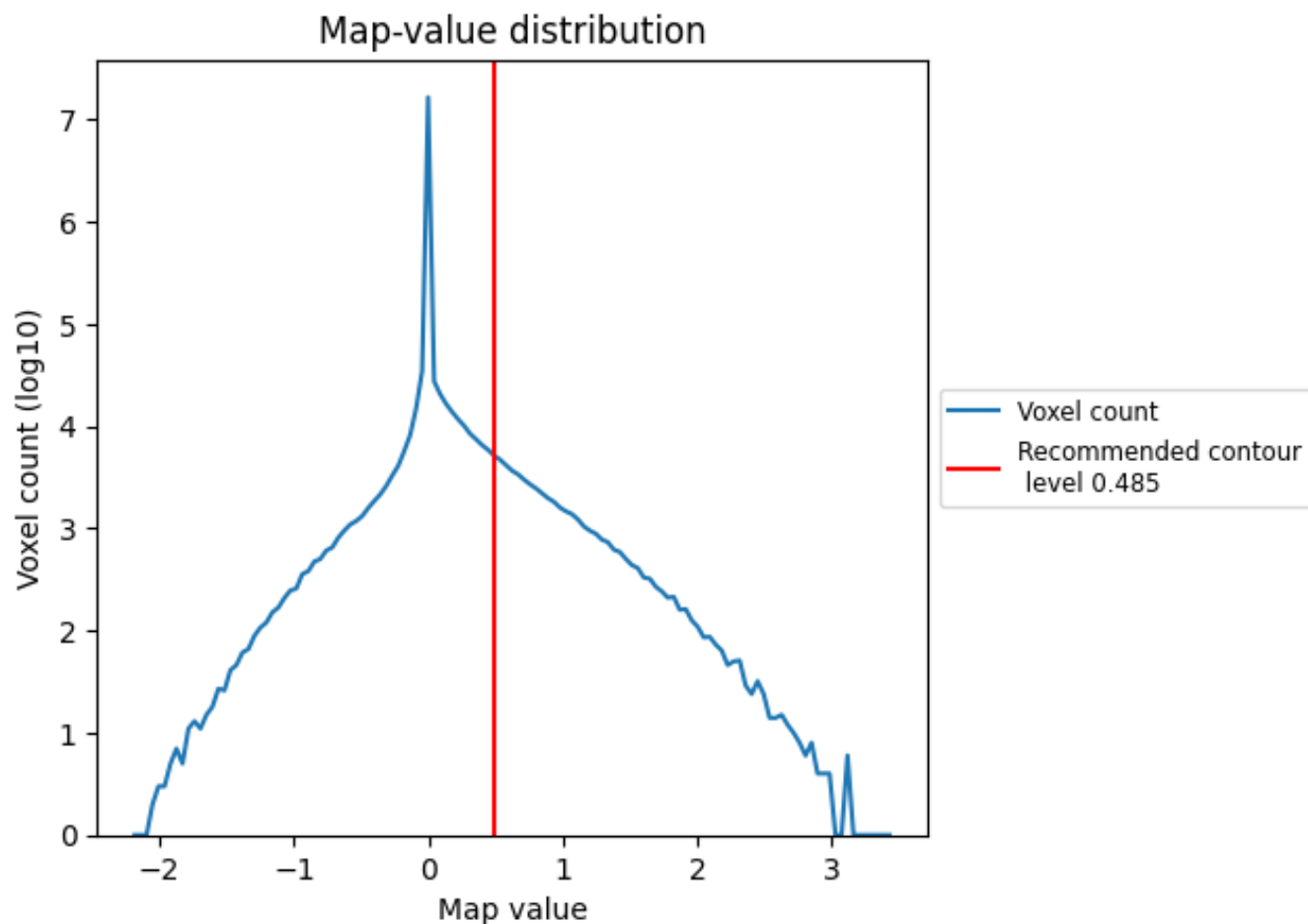
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

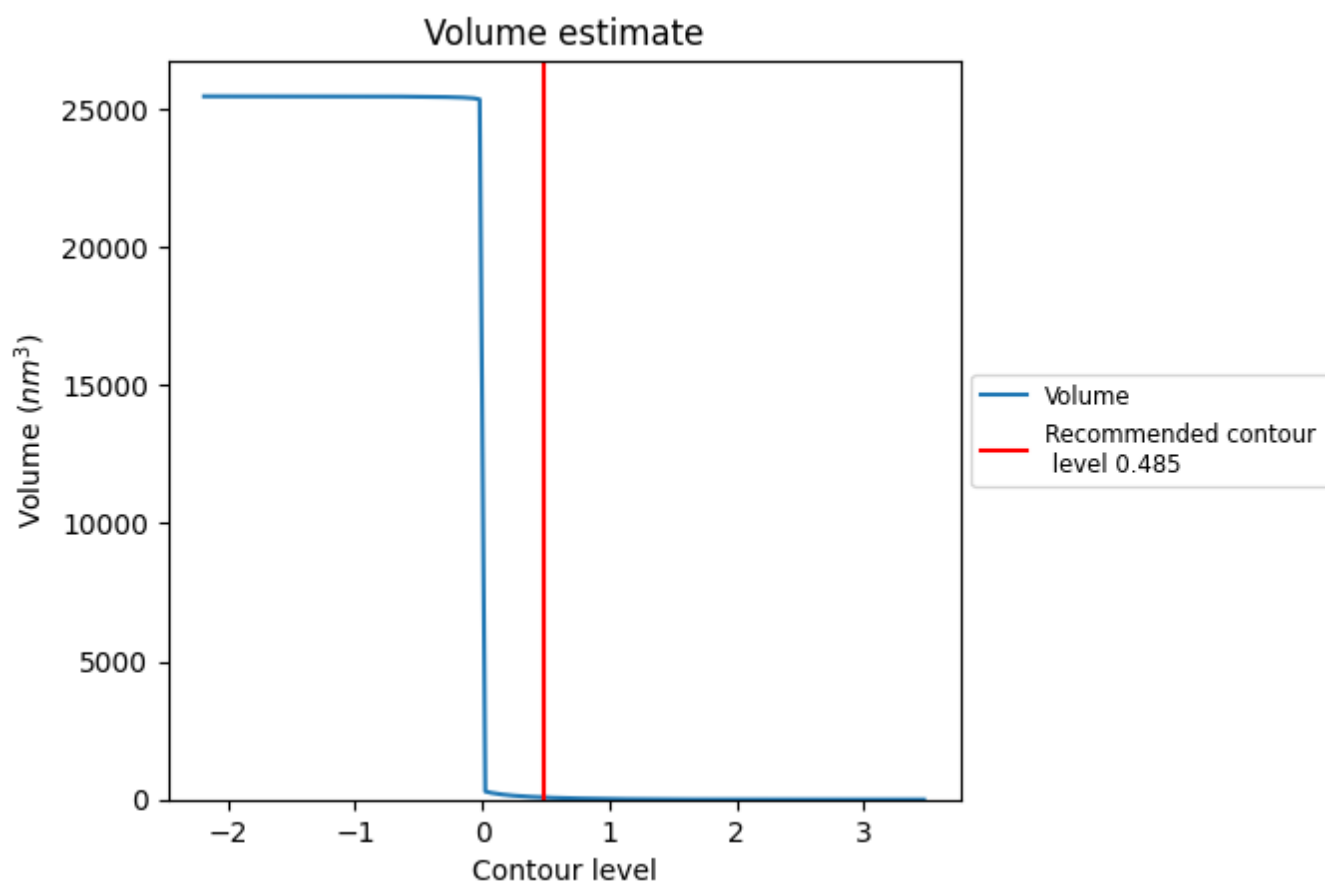
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

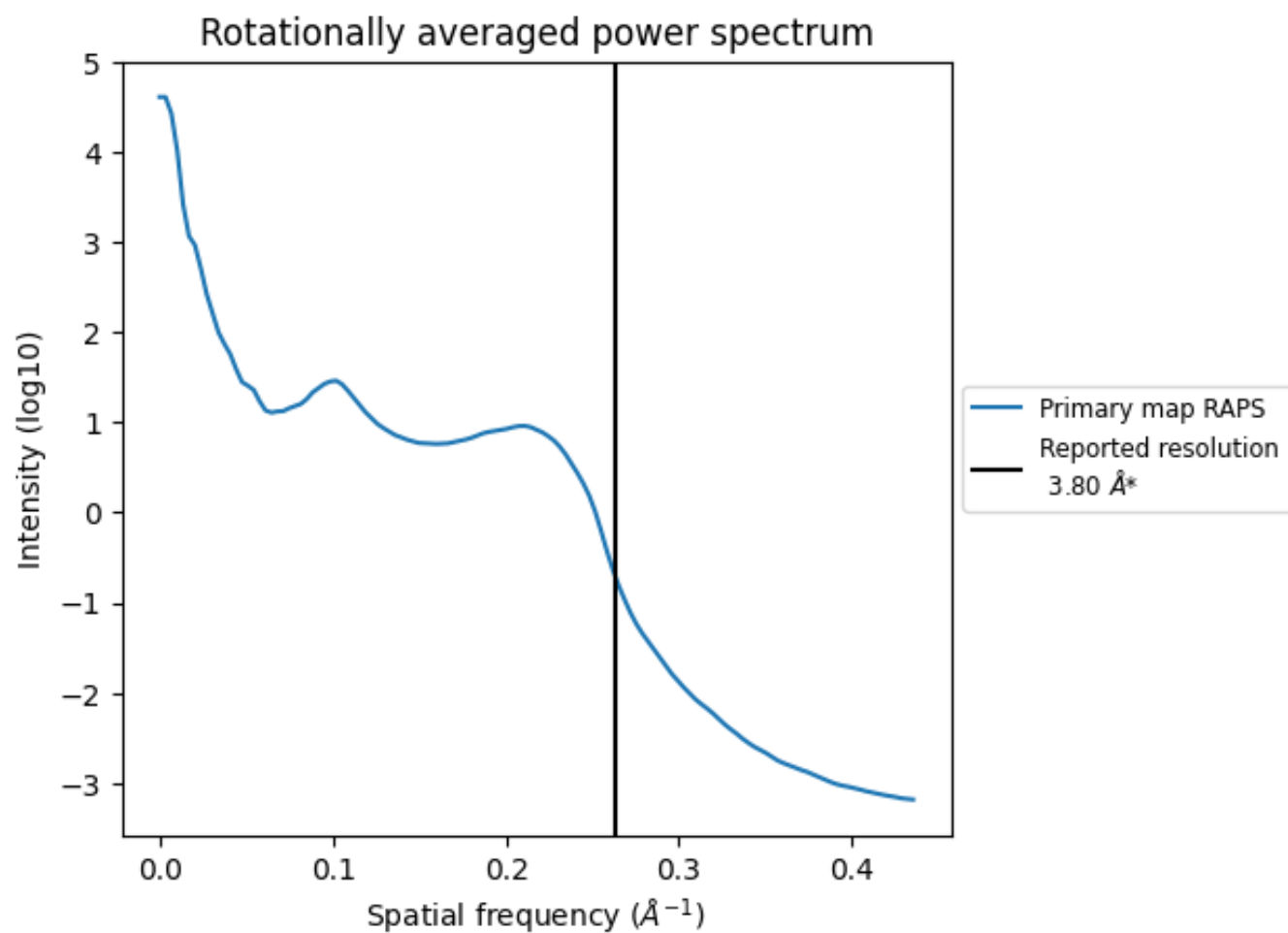
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 78  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 70 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

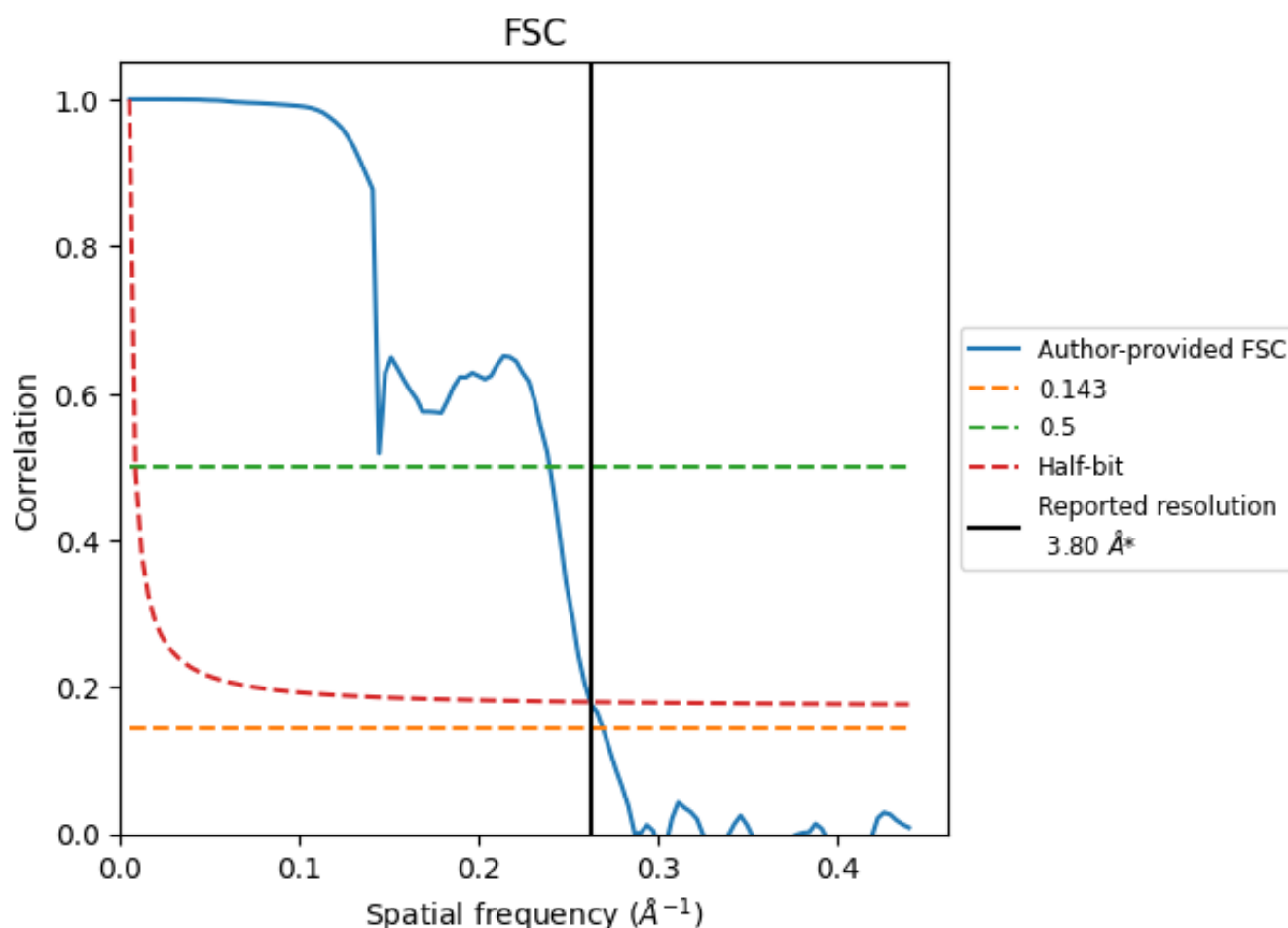


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.263 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.263 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.80	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.71	4.17	3.81
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

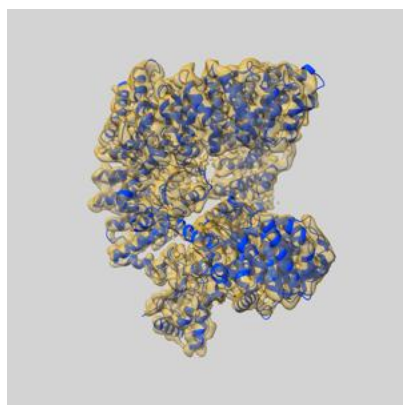
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



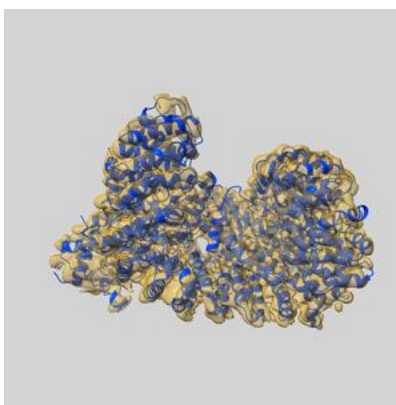
## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-20217 and PDB model 6OWT. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

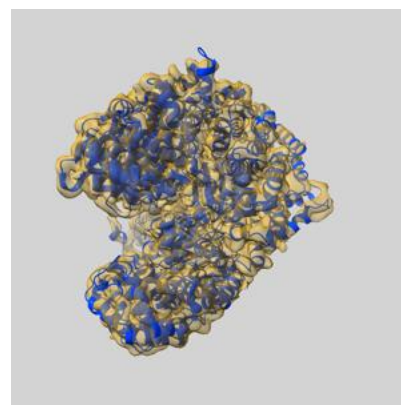
### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



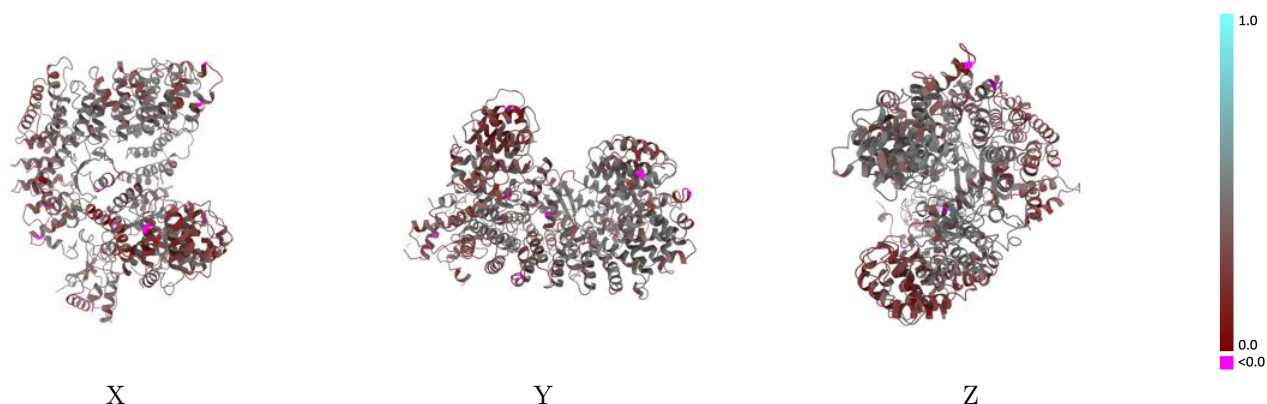
Y



Z

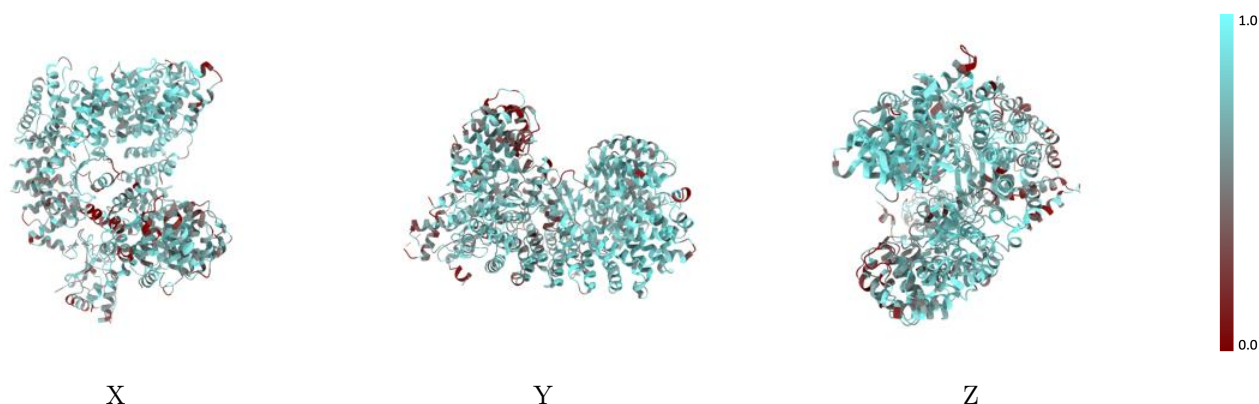
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.485 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



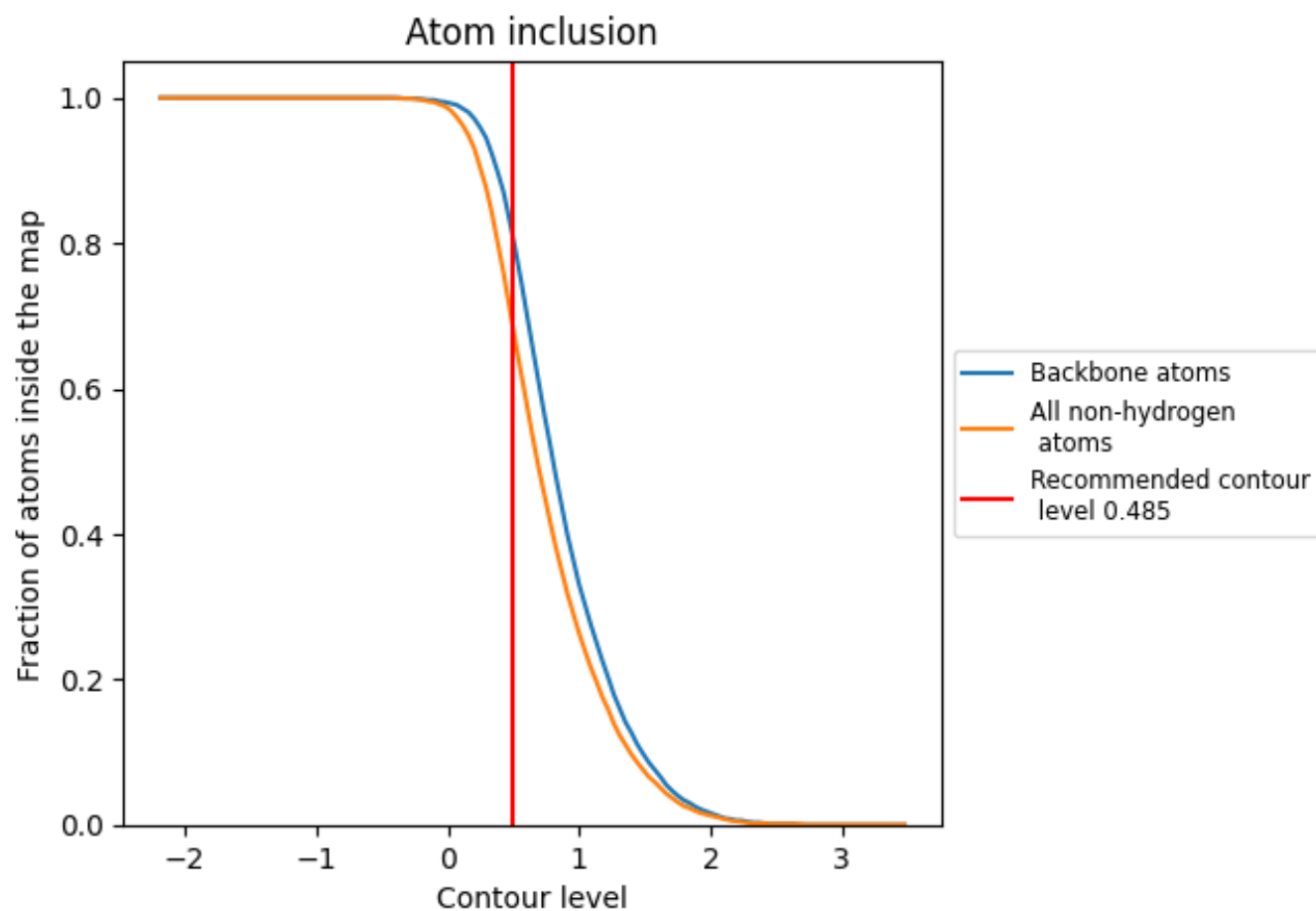
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.485).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 82% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.485) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div><div></div>0.6950</div>	<div><div></div>0.3720</div>
A	<div><div></div>0.6960</div>	<div><div></div>0.3700</div>
B	<div><div></div>0.7000</div>	<div><div></div>0.3570</div>
M	<div><div></div>0.7160</div>	<div><div></div>0.4160</div>
N	<div><div></div>0.6160</div>	<div><div></div>0.3580</div>
S	<div><div></div>0.7320</div>	<div><div></div>0.4160</div>
T	<div><div></div>0.5750</div>	<div><div></div>0.4010</div>

1.0

0.0

<0.0