



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 2, 2024 – 12:45 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1NN2  
Title : THREE-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE NEURAMINIDASE OF INFLUENZA VIRUS A(SLASH)TOKYO(SLASH)3(SLASH)67 AT 2.2 ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION  
Authors : Varghese, J.N.; Colman, P.M.  
Deposited on : 1991-03-28  
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1  
EDS : 3.0  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

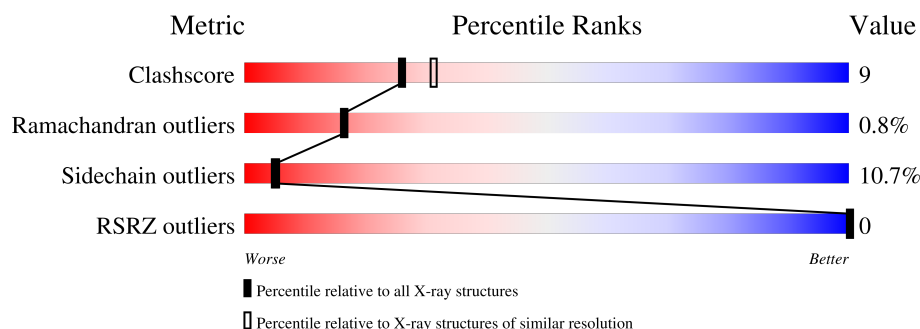
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	6634 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6560 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6561 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	164620	5791 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	388	<div> <div>66%</div> <div>25%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
2	B	2	<div> <div>50%</div> <div>50%</div> </div>
3	C	7	<div> <div>100%</div> </div>
4	D	6	<div> <div>33%</div> <div>67%</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4429 atoms, of which 1100 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called NEURAMINIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	388	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3746	1866	724	545	588	23			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

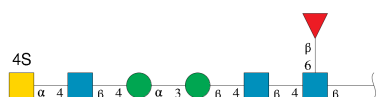
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	339	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP P06820

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



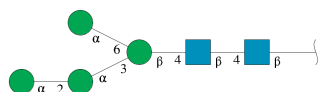
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	2	Total	C	H	N	O	28	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-alpha-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



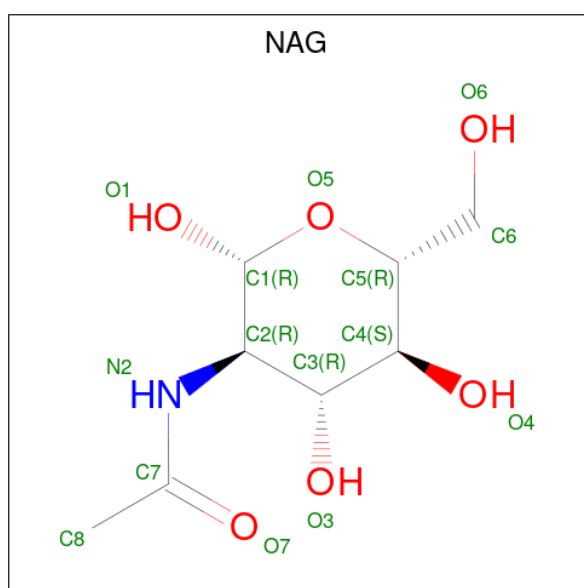
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	7	Total	C	H	N	O	S	69	0	0
			174	50	82	4	37	1			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	6	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0	0
			139	40	67	2	30			

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			28	8	14	1	5		
5	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	28	0
			28	8	14	1	5		

- Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

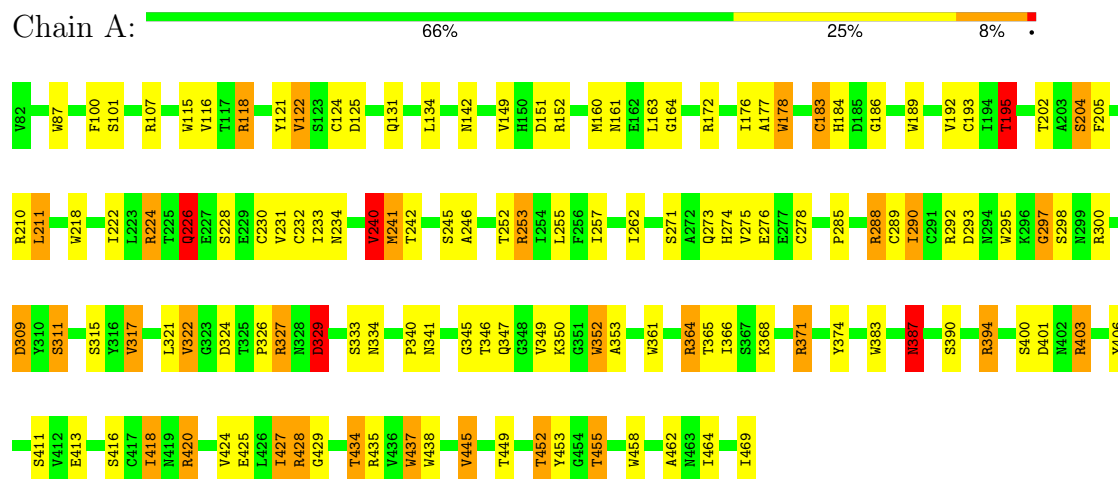
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	86	Total	H	O	0	0
			258	172	86		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

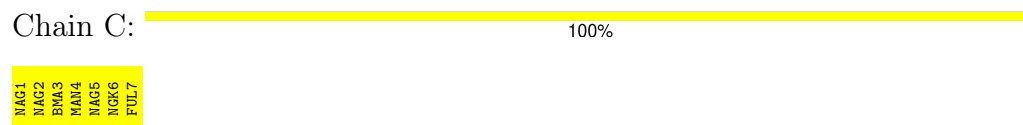
#### • Molecule 1: NEURAMINIDASE



#### • Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



#### • Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-4-O-sulfo-alpha-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



#### • Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:

33%

67%

HA01	HA02	HA03	HA04	HA05	HA06
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## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 4 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	139.60Å 139.60Å 191.00Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.20 6.00 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (6.00-2.20) 59.2 (6.00-2.20)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.210 , (Not available) 0.192 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.585	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.32 , 51.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>1</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.38$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.043 for -1/2*h+1/2*k-1/2*l, 1/2*h-1/2*k-1/2*l, -h-k 0.047 for -1/2*h-1/2*k+1/2*l, -1/2*h-1/2*k-1/2*l, h-k	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4429	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUL, CA, MAN, NAG, BMA, NGK

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.99	3/3092 (0.1%)	1.91	104/4194 (2.5%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	240	VAL	CA-CB	5.83	1.67	1.54
1	A	122	VAL	CA-CB	5.56	1.66	1.54
1	A	231	VAL	CA-CB	5.20	1.65	1.54

The worst 5 of 104 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	428	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.53	126.56	120.30
1	A	124	CYS	N-CA-CB	-12.16	88.71	110.60
1	A	300	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.14	125.87	120.30
1	A	361	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	10.44	114.66	106.30
1	A	224	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.42	125.51	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3022	724	2853	53	0
2	B	28	27	25	0	0
3	C	92	82	69	0	0
4	D	72	67	61	0	0
5	A	28	28	26	4	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	86	172	0	1	1
All	All	3329	1100	3034	54	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 54 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:233:ILE:HG22	1:A:234:ASN:HD22	1.46	0.78
1:A:233:ILE:HG22	1:A:234:ASN:ND2	2.03	0.74
1:A:334:ASN:HA	1:A:387:ASN:HD21	1.53	0.73
1:A:322:VAL:HG12	1:A:327:ARG:HG3	1.71	0.72
1:A:101:SER:HB3	1:A:445:VAL:HG13	1.77	0.67

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:490:HOH:H1	7:A:490:HOH:H1[16_665]	0.83	0.77

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	386/388 (100%)	353 (92%)	30 (8%)	3 (1%)	<b>16</b> <b>16</b>

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	329	ASP
1	A	222	ILE
1	A	322	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	338/338 (100%)	302 (89%)	36 (11%)	<b>5</b> <b>5</b>

5 of 36 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	418	ILE
1	A	464	ILE
1	A	424	VAL
1	A	445	VAL
1	A	224	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	419	ASN
1	A	387	ASN
1	A	274	HIS
1	A	234	ASN
1	A	334	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

15 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	0.88	0
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	1.63	3 (17%)
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	14,14,15	1.07	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.89	6 (35%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	1.04	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.33	2 (11%)
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	1.00	0	15,15,17	1.38	3 (20%)
3	MAN	C	4	3	11,11,12	0.89	0	15,15,17	1.37	2 (13%)
3	NAG	C	5	3	14,14,15	1.60	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.76	5 (29%)
3	NGK	C	6	3	18,18,19	1.66	2 (11%)	21,26,28	2.40	5 (23%)
3	FUL	C	7	3	10,10,11	3.23	4 (40%)	14,14,16	5.11	9 (64%)
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.88	0	17,19,21	1.28	3 (17%)
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	1.12	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.49	5 (29%)
4	BMA	D	3	4	11,11,12	0.83	0	15,15,17	1.05	0
4	MAN	D	4	4	11,11,12	0.57	0	15,15,17	1.27	2 (13%)
4	MAN	D	5	4	11,11,12	0.84	0	15,15,17	1.16	1 (6%)
4	MAN	D	6	4	11,11,12	0.68	0	15,15,17	0.87	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	5	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NGK	C	6	3	-	4/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
3	FUL	C	7	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	D	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	5	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	6	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	7	FUL	C4-C5	7.84	1.70	1.52
3	C	7	FUL	C4-C3	4.88	1.65	1.52
3	C	6	NGK	O4-S	-4.80	1.42	1.57
3	C	5	NAG	C1-C2	4.01	1.57	1.52
3	C	6	NGK	C1-C2	3.75	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 46 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	7	FUL	C6-C5-C4	10.36	132.03	113.08
3	C	7	FUL	O3-C3-C2	10.10	130.67	110.05
3	C	5	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.84	124.04	112.19
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	8.84	124.36	110.43
3	C	6	NGK	C8-C7-N2	6.66	127.16	116.12

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 17 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	C	6	NGK	C3-C4-O4-S
3	C	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

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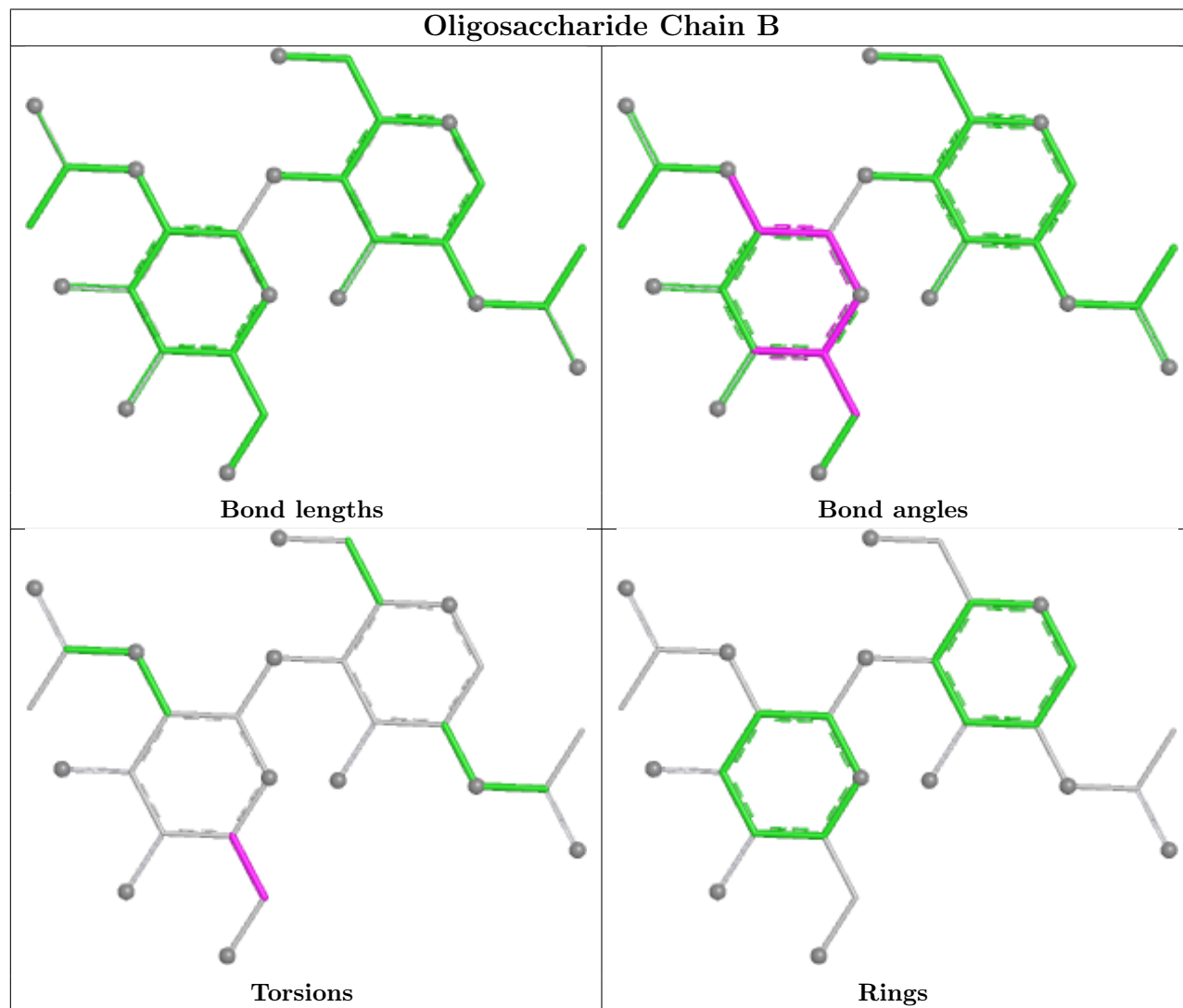
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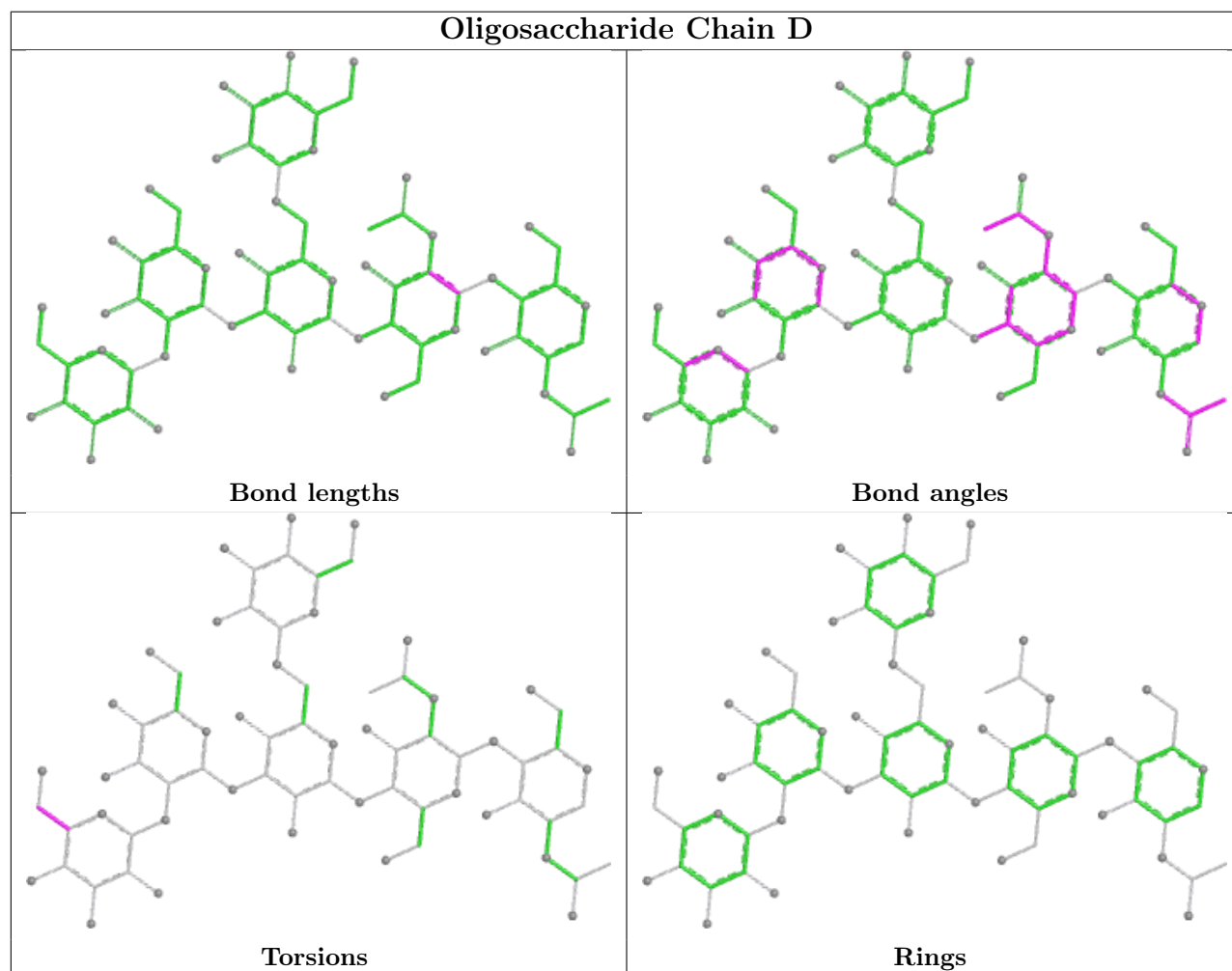
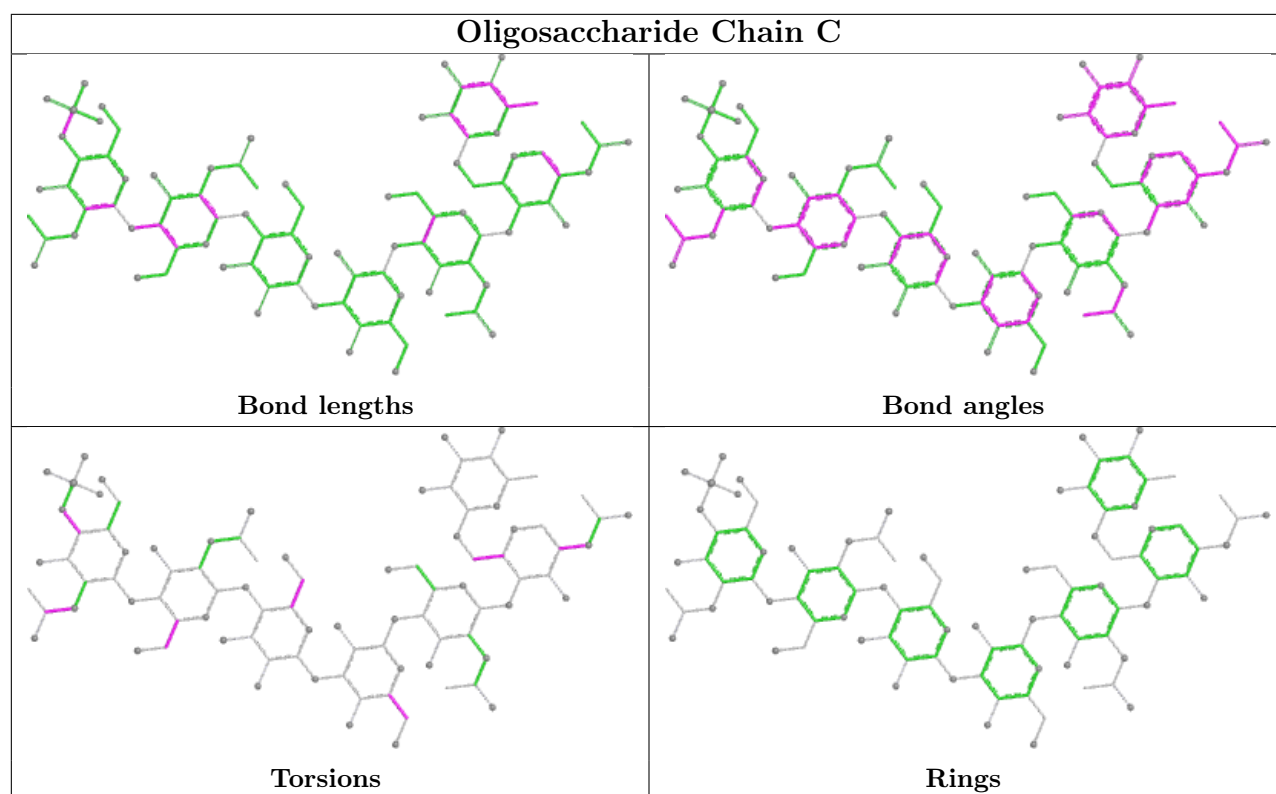
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	NAG	A	486(B)	-	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	1.02	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	485(A)	-	14,14,15	0.86	0	17,19,21	1.33	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	486(B)	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	485(A)	-	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	485(A)	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.86	120.87	116.12
5	A	485(A)	NAG	C6-C5-C4	2.57	119.32	113.02
5	A	486(B)	NAG	O3-C3-C2	2.29	114.16	109.40
5	A	485(A)	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.28	118.00	122.05

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	485(A)	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
5	A	485(A)	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	485(A)	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6



There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	485(A)	NAG	4	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	388/388 (100%)	-0.74	0 100 100	8, 20, 35, 53	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

SUGAR-RSR INFOmissingINFO

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

LIGAND-RSR INFOmissingINFO

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.