



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 25, 2024 – 12:59 PM EST

PDB ID : 6MNL
BMRB ID : 30373
Title : NMR solution structures of second bromodomain of BRD4 with FOXO3a peptide
Authors : Zeng, L.; Zhou, M.-M.
Deposited on : 2018-10-02

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

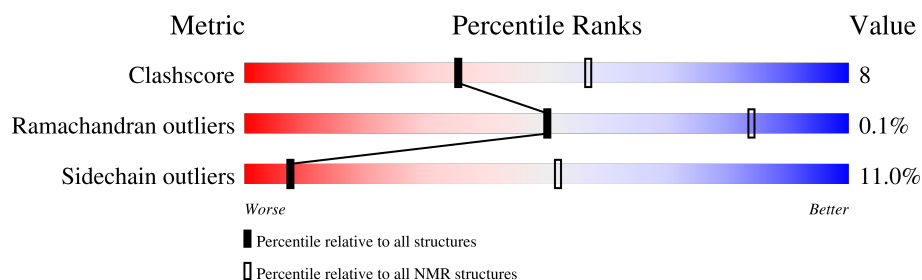
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 82%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	16	100%
2	B	128	58% 25% 17%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	B:349-B:454 (106)	0.36	10

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 20
2	2, 15, 16
3	6, 8, 19
4	13, 17
Single-model clusters	12; 14; 18

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2304 atoms, of which 1144 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called FOXO3a peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	A	16	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			249	72	126	28	23	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Bromodomain-containing protein 4.

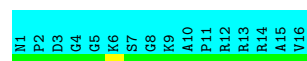
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	128	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2055	658	1018	175	193	11	



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A:  100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

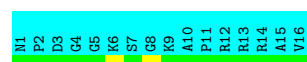
Chain B:  59% 23% 17%



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

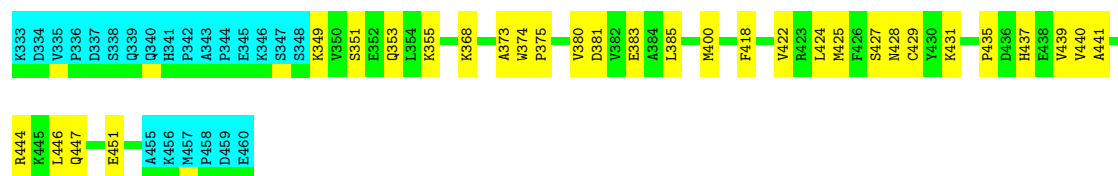
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A:  100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B:  59% 23% 17%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A:  100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

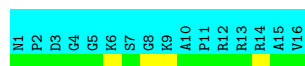
Chain B:  55%  26%  17%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

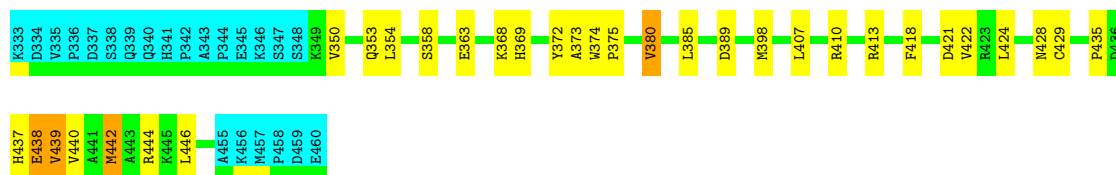
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A:  100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B:  58%  22%  17%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

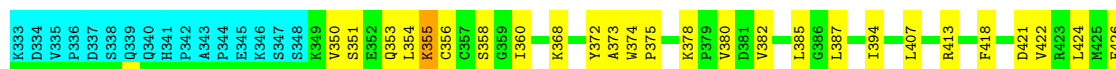
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

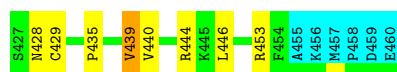
Chain A:  100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B:  56%  25%  17%

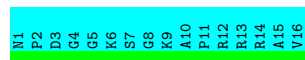




4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

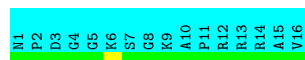
Chain B: 55% 27% 17%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

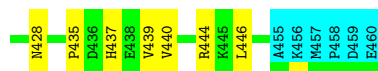
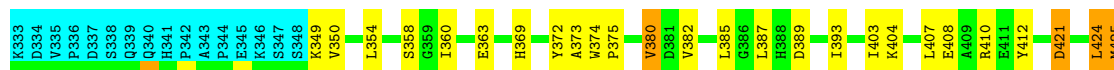
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

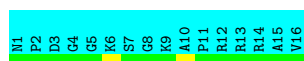
Chain B: 57% 23% 17%



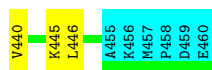
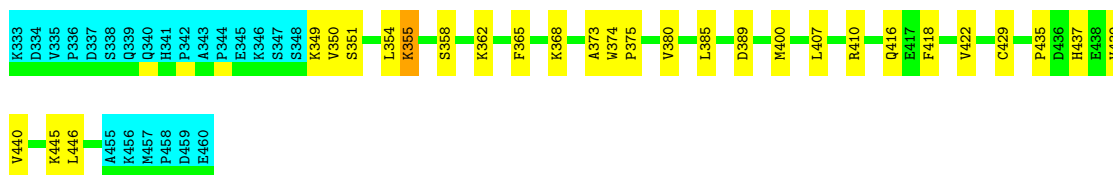
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%

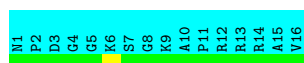


- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

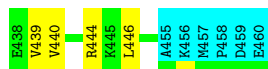
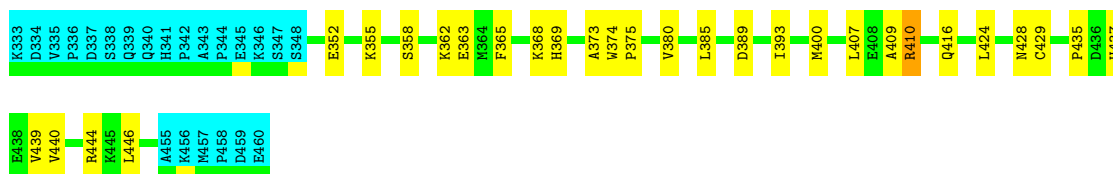


4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

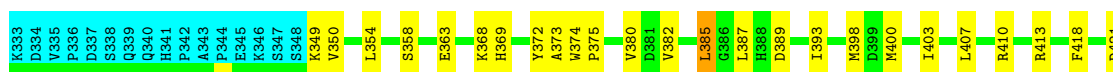


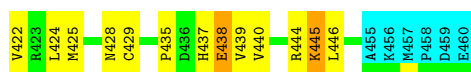
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

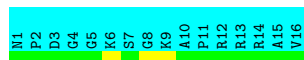




4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

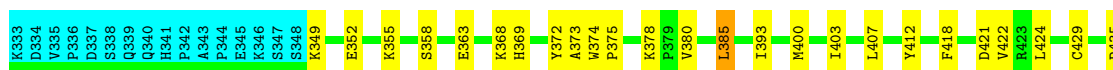
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

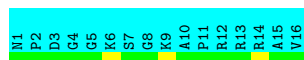
Chain B: 59% 23% 17%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

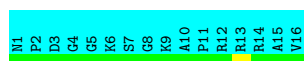
Chain B: 55% 25% 17%



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

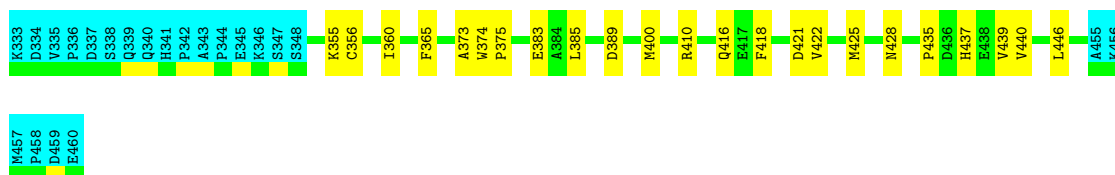
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 65% 18% 17%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

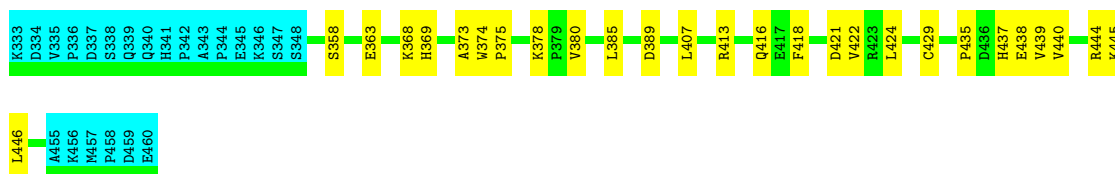
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 62% 21% 17%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

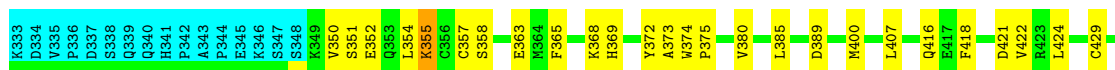
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

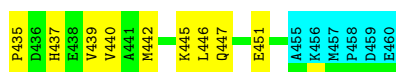
Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 55% 27% 17%

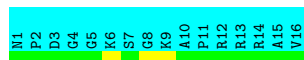




4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

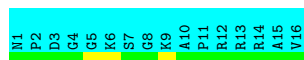
Chain B: 61% 19% 17%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

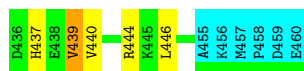
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 57% 23% 17%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

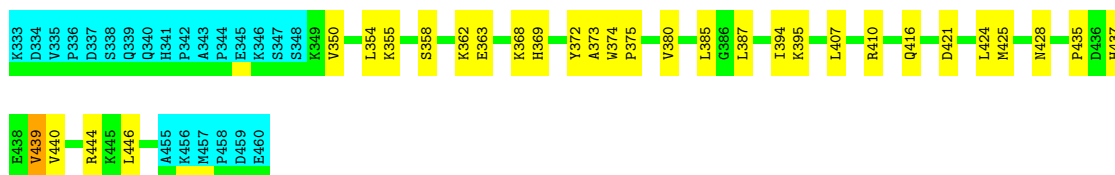
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 59% 23% 17%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

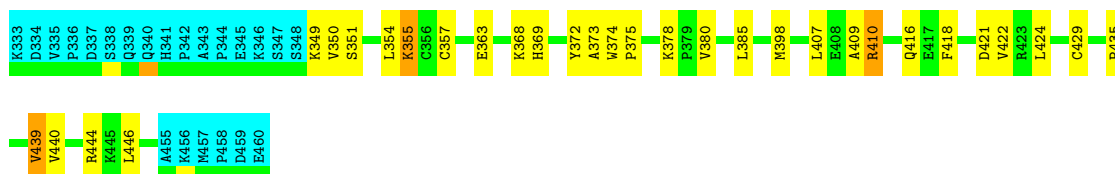
- Molecule 1: FOXO3a peptide

Chain A: 100%



- Molecule 2: Bromodomain-containing protein 4

Chain B: 59% 22% 17%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	refinement	2.3
CNS	refinement	
CNS	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1511
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1511
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	82%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
 ALY

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	0	0	0	0±0
2	B	868	858	854	13±3
All	All	17360	17160	17080	266

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:440:VAL:O	2:B:444:ARG:HG2	0.64	1.93	17	12
2:B:373:ALA:HB2	2:B:446:LEU:HD13	0.63	1.69	6	1
2:B:357:CYS:SG	2:B:407:LEU:HD13	0.61	2.34	20	3
2:B:373:ALA:HB2	2:B:446:LEU:HD21	0.60	1.73	19	19
2:B:438:GLU:HG3	2:B:442:MET:SD	0.57	2.40	5	1
2:B:435:PRO:HA	2:B:440:VAL:HG21	0.56	1.77	19	20
2:B:439:VAL:HA	2:B:442:MET:SD	0.56	2.41	5	1
2:B:349:LYS:O	2:B:352:GLU:HG2	0.55	2.02	12	2
2:B:394:ILE:HG23	2:B:428:ASN:OD1	0.55	2.03	19	2
2:B:360:ILE:HG22	2:B:364:MET:SD	0.54	2.42	1	2
2:B:447:GLN:O	2:B:451:GLU:HG2	0.54	2.02	3	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:351:SER:O	2:B:355:LYS:HE3	0.54	2.03	17	7
2:B:425:MET:HA	2:B:428:ASN:OD1	0.53	2.03	14	6
2:B:409:ALA:C	2:B:410:ARG:HG2	0.53	2.24	2	3
2:B:350:VAL:O	2:B:354:LEU:HG	0.53	2.03	19	14
2:B:447:GLN:O	2:B:451:GLU:HB2	0.51	2.05	13	3
2:B:358:SER:O	2:B:362:LYS:HD3	0.51	2.05	19	5
2:B:374:TRP:N	2:B:375:PRO:HD2	0.50	2.22	12	20
2:B:358:SER:HA	2:B:407:LEU:HD21	0.49	1.85	6	13
2:B:418:PHE:O	2:B:422:VAL:HG23	0.49	2.07	13	15
2:B:437:HIS:O	2:B:440:VAL:HG22	0.48	2.08	19	18
2:B:363:GLU:O	2:B:369:HIS:HD2	0.48	1.91	18	13
2:B:351:SER:O	2:B:355:LYS:HD3	0.48	2.09	18	3
2:B:358:SER:CA	2:B:407:LEU:HD21	0.47	2.39	8	9
2:B:444:ARG:NE	2:B:444:ARG:HA	0.47	2.24	12	3
2:B:374:TRP:CD2	2:B:375:PRO:HD3	0.47	2.44	7	9
2:B:433:ASN:HD22	2:B:433:ASN:N	0.46	2.07	13	1
2:B:365:PHE:CE1	2:B:400:MET:HB3	0.46	2.46	4	9
2:B:356:CYS:O	2:B:360:ILE:HG13	0.46	2.10	6	3
2:B:382:VAL:HG13	2:B:387:LEU:HB2	0.46	1.87	7	4
2:B:421:ASP:O	2:B:424:LEU:HB2	0.46	2.11	8	3
2:B:360:ILE:HG12	2:B:453:ARG:HE	0.46	1.70	6	1
2:B:413:ARG:NE	2:B:413:ARG:HA	0.45	2.26	6	4
2:B:357:CYS:SG	2:B:407:LEU:CD1	0.45	3.05	16	3
2:B:403:ILE:HG13	2:B:412:TYR:OH	0.45	2.12	12	2
2:B:400:MET:HA	2:B:403:ILE:HG22	0.43	1.90	4	5
2:B:425:MET:HA	2:B:428:ASN:ND2	0.43	2.28	8	2
2:B:426:PHE:N	2:B:426:PHE:CD2	0.43	2.86	6	1
2:B:445:LYS:O	2:B:448:ASP:HB3	0.43	2.14	7	1
2:B:422:VAL:HA	2:B:425:MET:HE2	0.42	1.90	11	1
2:B:445:LYS:HG3	2:B:446:LEU:N	0.42	2.30	16	2
2:B:427:SER:O	2:B:431:LYS:HG2	0.42	2.14	3	1
2:B:393:ILE:HD12	2:B:393:ILE:N	0.42	2.29	12	6
2:B:389:ASP:O	2:B:393:ILE:HD13	0.41	2.16	1	1
2:B:441:ALA:O	2:B:444:ARG:HB2	0.41	2.16	3	1
2:B:394:ILE:HG22	2:B:397:PRO:HG3	0.41	1.92	2	1
2:B:368:LYS:HD3	2:B:369:HIS:CE1	0.41	2.50	18	1
2:B:429:CYS:HA	2:B:433:ASN:HD22	0.41	1.75	4	1
2:B:413:ARG:HB3	2:B:417:GLU:OE1	0.41	2.16	1	1
2:B:420:ALA:O	2:B:424:LEU:HD23	0.40	2.17	2	1
2:B:404:LYS:O	2:B:408:GLU:HG3	0.40	2.16	8	1
2:B:427:SER:HA	2:B:430:TYR:CD2	0.40	2.51	1	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:360:ILE:O	2:B:363:GLU:HB3	0.40	2.16	8	1
2:B:360:ILE:O	2:B:364:MET:HG3	0.40	2.16	1	1
2:B:351:SER:O	2:B:355:LYS:HE2	0.40	2.16	7	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	0	-	-	-	-	
2	B	106/128 (83%)	102±1 (96±1%)	4±1 (4±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	50	84
All	All	2120/2880 (74%)	2042 (96%)	75 (4%)	3 (0%)	50	84

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	438	GLU	2
2	B	380	VAL	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	0	-	-	-	
2	B	93/113 (82%)	83±2 (89±2%)	10±2 (11±2%)	7	52
All	All	1860/2440 (76%)	1656 (89%)	204 (11%)	7	52

All 29 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	439	VAL	20
2	B	385	LEU	19
2	B	380	VAL	17
2	B	368	LYS	15
2	B	355	LYS	14
2	B	421	ASP	14
2	B	424	LEU	14
2	B	410	ARG	13
2	B	389	ASP	12
2	B	372	TYR	11
2	B	349	LYS	10
2	B	416	GLN	10
2	B	378	LYS	6
2	B	398	MET	4
2	B	383	GLU	3
2	B	425	MET	3
2	B	445	LYS	3
2	B	444	ARG	2
2	B	400	MET	2
2	B	428	ASN	2
2	B	390	TYR	2
2	B	396	HIS	1
2	B	381	ASP	1
2	B	413	ARG	1
2	B	442	MET	1
2	B	429	CYS	1
2	B	433	ASN	1
2	B	452	MET	1
2	B	395	LYS	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is

considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ALY	A	9	1	10,11,12	0.62±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
1	ALY	A	6	1	10,11,12	0.63±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ALY	A	9	1	7,12,14	1.00±0.03	0±0 (0±0%)
1	ALY	A	6	1	7,12,14	1.00±0.04	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ALY	A	6	1	-	0±0,9,10,12	-
1	ALY	A	9	1	-	0±0,9,10,12	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 82% for the well-defined parts and 77% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1511
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1511
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	17

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	133	-0.38 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	125	0.28 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	8	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	115	0.53 ± 0.39	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 82%, i.e. 1222 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1488. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	417/523 (80%)	206/210 (98%)	112/212 (53%)	99/101 (98%)
Sidechain	671/807 (83%)	445/523 (85%)	224/253 (89%)	2/31 (6%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	134/158 (85%)	68/76 (89%)	65/73 (89%)	1/9 (11%)
Overall	1222/1488 (82%)	719/809 (89%)	401/538 (75%)	102/141 (72%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 77%, i.e. 1483 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1932. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	518/694 (75%)	262/279 (94%)	141/284 (50%)	115/131 (88%)
Sidechain	829/1072 (77%)	557/691 (81%)	270/335 (81%)	2/46 (4%)
Aromatic	136/166 (82%)	69/80 (86%)	66/75 (88%)	1/11 (9%)
Overall	1483/1932 (77%)	888/1050 (85%)	477/694 (69%)	118/188 (63%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

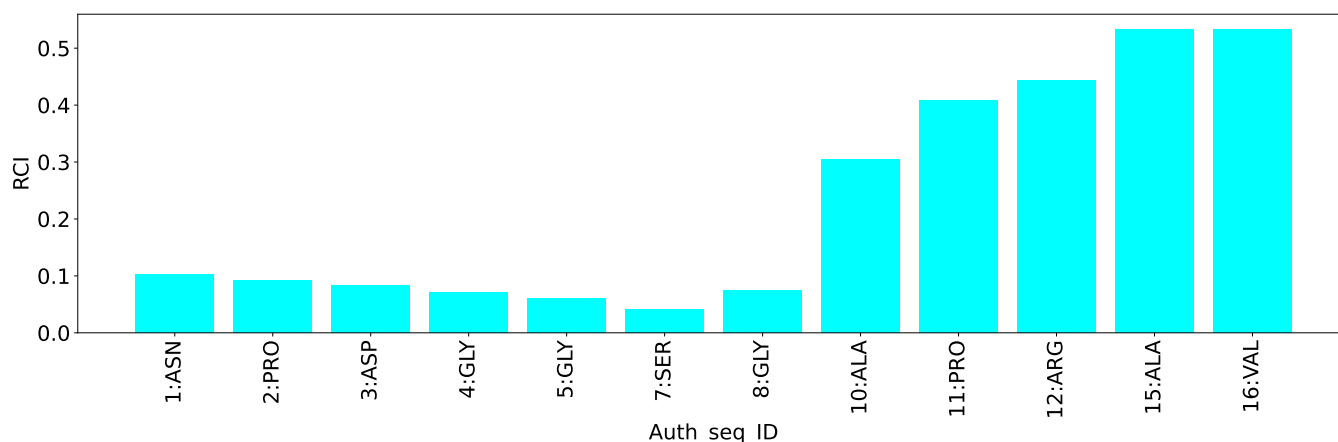
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	B	347	SER	C	8.45	166.15 – 183.14	-97.8
1	B	386	GLY	C	7.90	164.92 – 182.89	-92.4
1	B	385	LEU	C	7.48	167.56 – 186.66	-88.8
1	B	346	LYS	C	8.51	167.28 – 186.22	-88.8
1	B	447	GLN	C	11.57	166.94 – 185.80	-87.4
1	B	388	HIS	C	8.30	165.57 – 184.97	-86.1
1	B	437	HIS	C	9.41	165.57 – 184.97	-85.5
1	B	366	ALA	C	9.11	167.61 – 188.05	-82.5
1	B	375	PRO	HG2	-0.72	0.41 – 3.45	-8.7
1	B	447	GLN	HB2	0.07	0.80 – 3.29	-8.0
1	B	375	PRO	HB2	-0.39	0.37 – 3.78	-7.2
1	B	375	PRO	HD2	1.57	1.93 – 5.38	-6.0
1	B	357	CYS	HB2	0.38	0.81 – 5.11	-6.0
1	B	422	VAL	HG11	-0.67	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.7
1	B	422	VAL	HG12	-0.67	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.7
1	B	422	VAL	HG13	-0.67	-0.48 – 2.12	-5.7
1	B	439	VAL	H	11.72	4.98 – 11.56	5.2

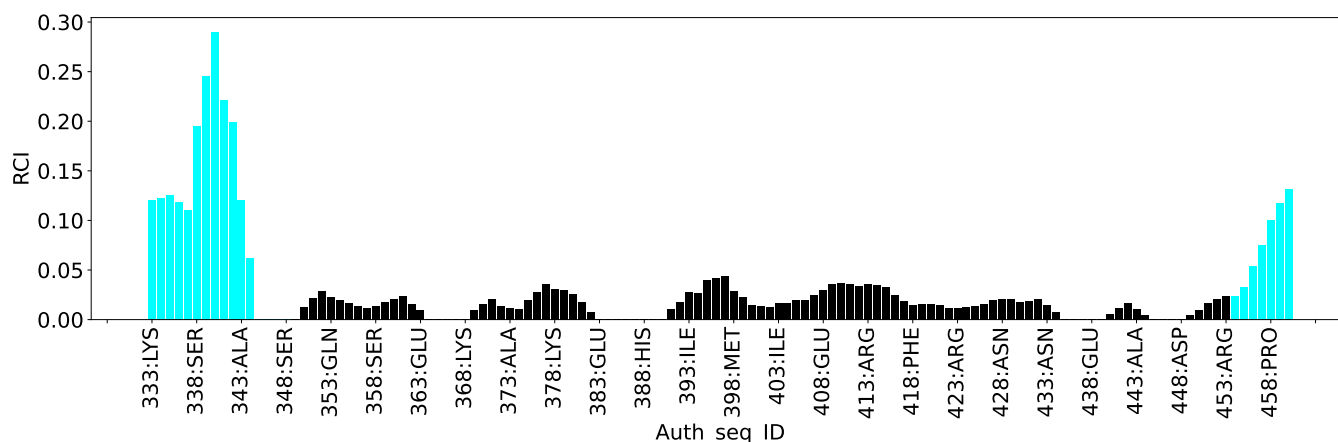
7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:



8 NMR restraints analysis [i](#)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	126
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	0
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	0
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	1
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	0
Inter-chain	1
Hydrogen bond restraints	124
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	194
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	2.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.1

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations [i](#)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model [i](#)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	1.0	0.16
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.5	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	3.5	7.57

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	1.7	4.37
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis ⓘ

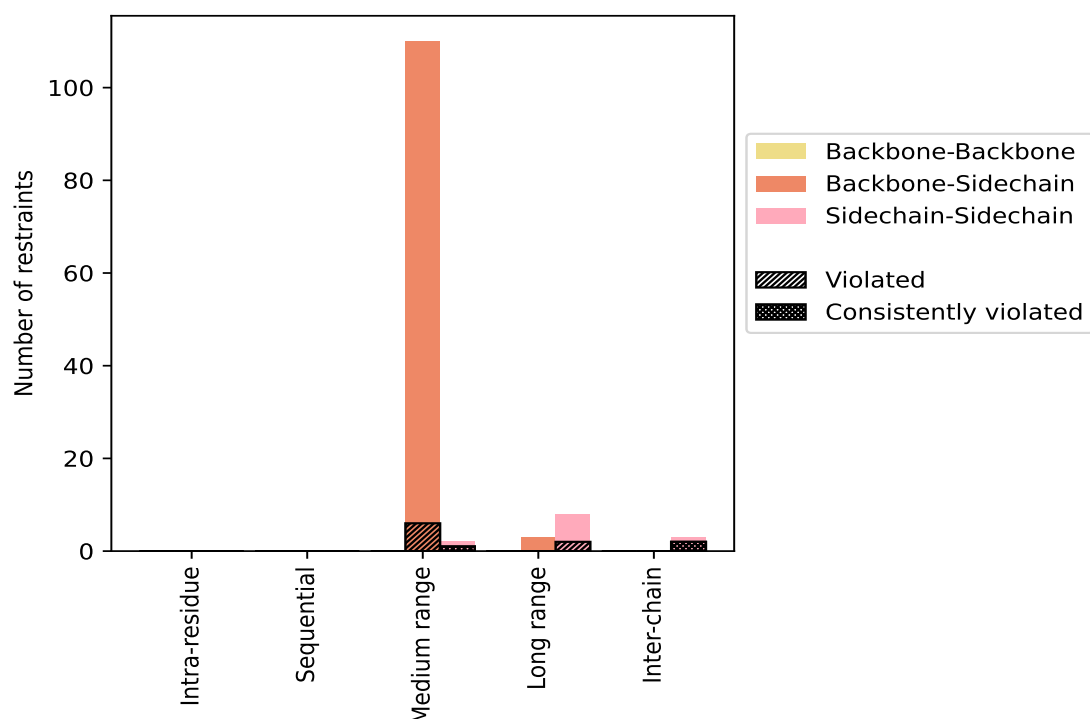
9.1 Summary of distance violations ⓘ

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ & $ i-j <5$)	1	0.8	1	100.0	0.8	1	100.0	0.8
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	1	0.8	1	100.0	0.8	1	100.0	0.8
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	1	0.8	1	100.0	0.8	1	100.0	0.8
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	1	0.8	1	100.0	0.8	1	100.0	0.8
Hydrogen bond	124	98.4	9	7.3	7.1	1	0.8	0.8
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	126	100.0	11	8.7	8.7	3	2.4	2.4
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	113	89.7	6	5.3	4.8	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	13	10.3	5	38.5	4.0	3	23.1	2.4

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	0	0	2	0	2	4	2.82	6.89	2.5	2.13
2	0	0	3	1	2	6	2.06	7.01	2.38	1.37
3	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.32	6.88	2.44	1.96
4	0	0	1	1	2	4	2.82	6.61	2.26	2.02
5	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.47	7.34	2.59	2.03
6	0	0	2	2	2	6	1.99	7.15	2.45	1.09
7	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.0	6.84	2.46	0.99
8	0	0	3	1	2	6	2.06	7.02	2.36	1.39
9	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.63	7.28	2.45	2.03
10	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.3	7.11	2.52	1.74

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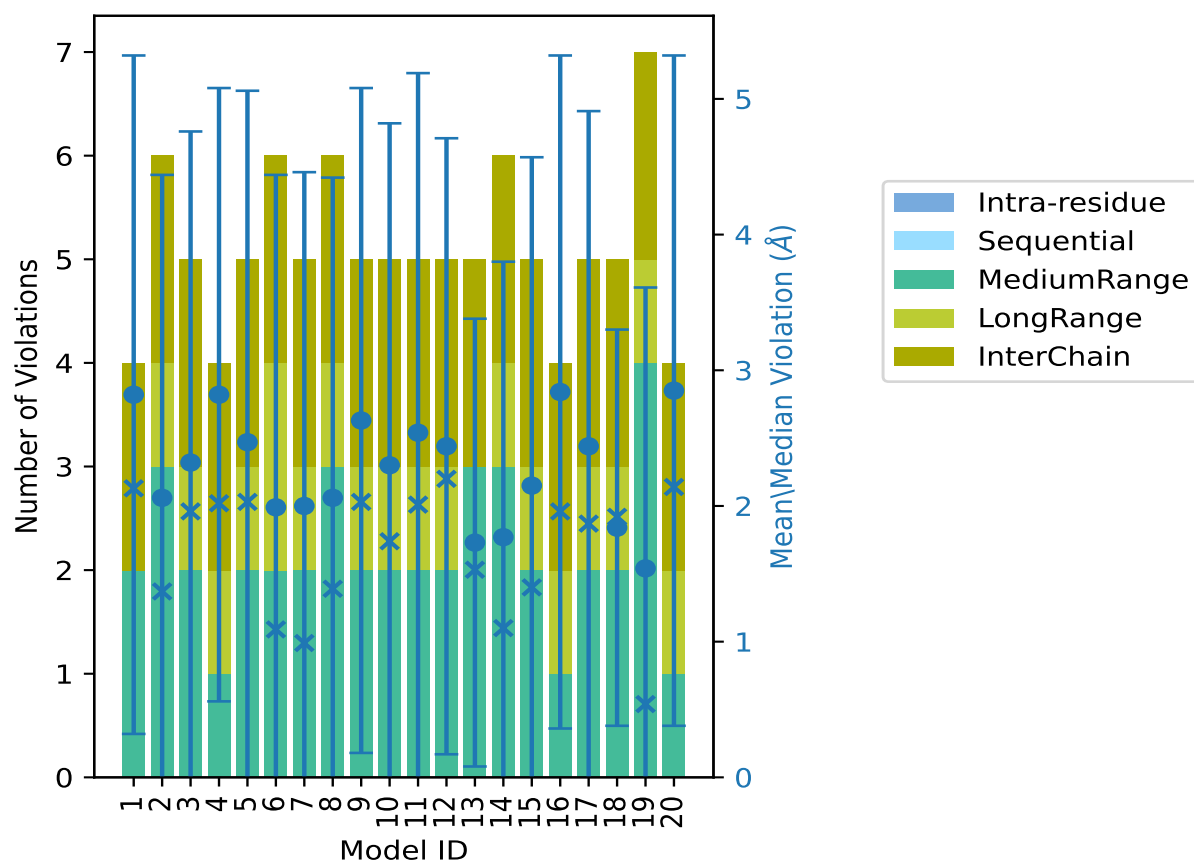
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.54	7.57	2.65	2.01
12	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.44	6.6	2.27	2.2
13	0	0	3	0	2	5	1.73	4.54	1.65	1.53
14	0	0	3	1	2	6	1.77	5.86	2.03	1.1
15	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.15	6.82	2.42	1.4
16	0	0	1	1	2	4	2.84	7.0	2.48	1.96
17	0	0	2	1	2	5	2.44	7.14	2.47	1.87
18	0	0	2	1	2	5	1.84	4.24	1.46	1.92
19	0	0	4	1	2	7	1.54	6.28	2.07	0.54
20	0	0	1	1	2	4	2.85	6.9	2.47	2.14

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

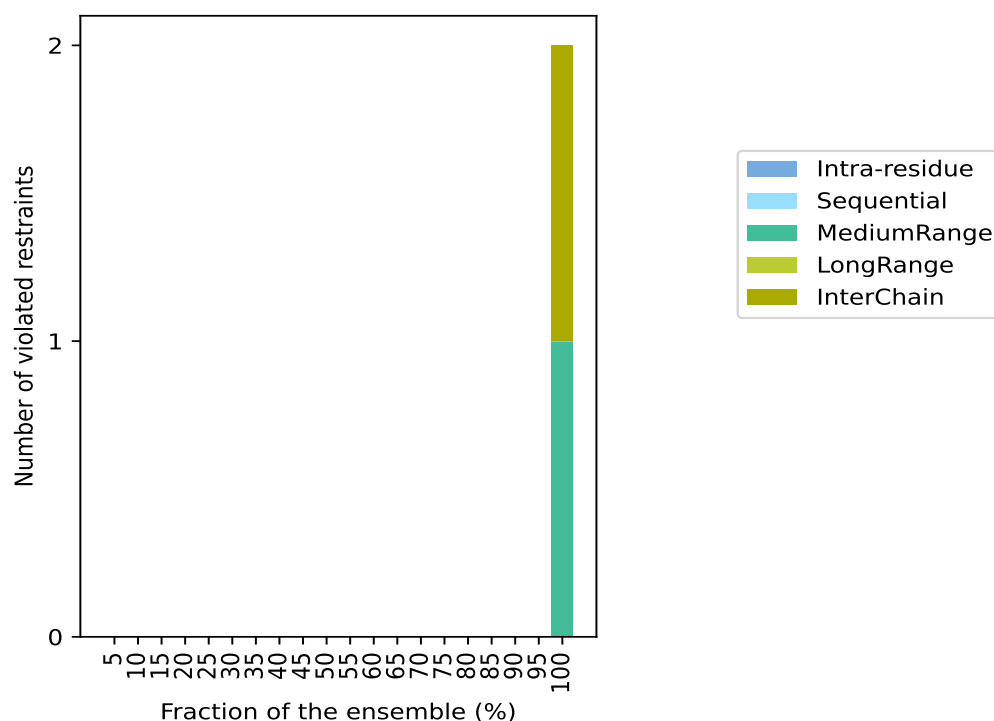
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 0(IR:0, SQ:0, MR:0, LR:0, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	1	0	1	2	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

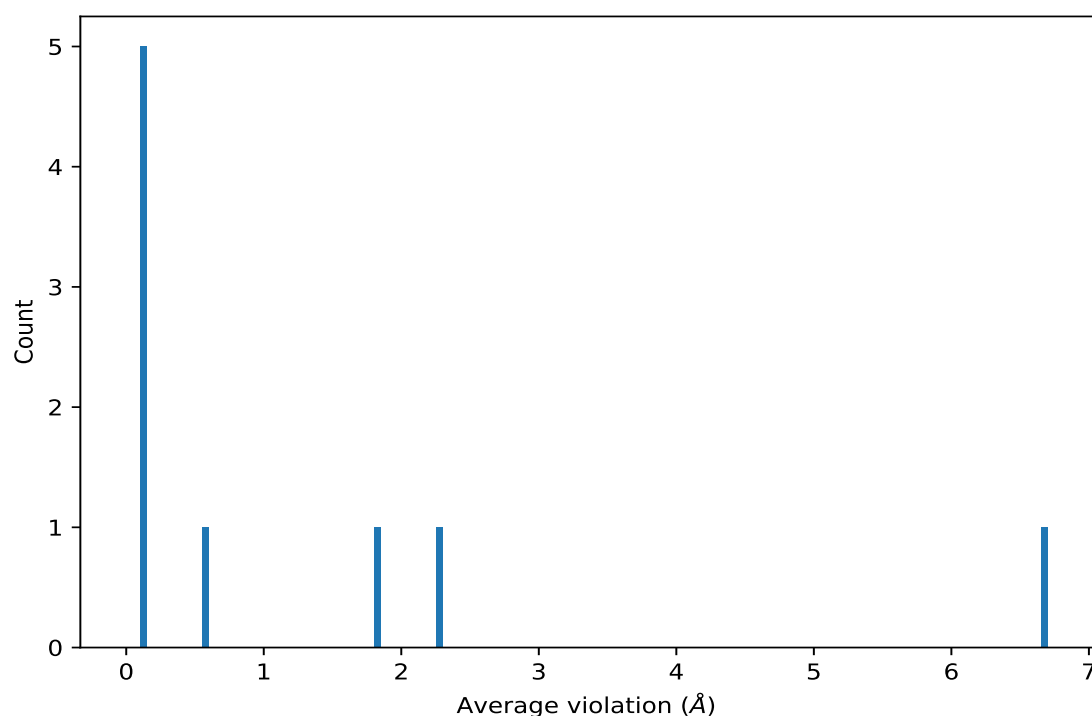
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

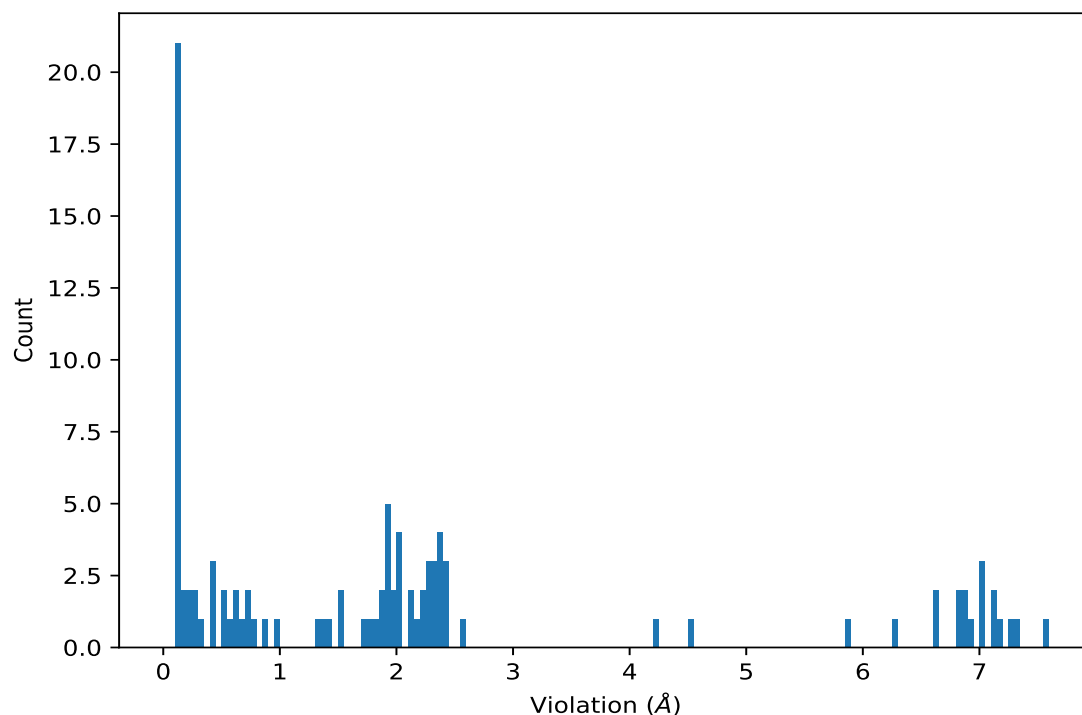
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	20	6.65	0.84	6.9
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	20	2.25	0.24	2.31
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	20	1.82	0.27	1.91
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	18	0.57	0.26	0.55
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	9	0.12	0.01	0.12
(1,57)	2:425:B:MET:H	2:421:B:ASP:O	4	0.14	0.02	0.14
(1,1)	2:353:B:GLN:H	2:349:B:LYS:O	4	0.12	0.01	0.12
(1,59)	2:426:B:PHE:H	2:422:B:VAL:O	3	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,43)	2:418:B:PHE:H	2:414:B:ASP:O	2	0.11	0.01	0.11

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	11	7.57
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	5	7.34
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	9	7.28
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	6	7.15
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	17	7.14
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	10	7.11
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	8	7.02
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	2	7.01
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	16	7.0
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	20	6.9

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	1	6.89
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	3	6.88
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	7	6.84
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	15	6.82
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	4	6.61
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	12	6.6
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	19	6.28
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	14	5.86
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	13	4.54
(2,2)	1:6:A:ALY:HZ	1:9:A:ALY:O	18	4.24
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	12	2.58
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	5	2.43
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	9	2.42
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	2	2.4
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	11	2.37
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	18	2.37
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	13	2.36
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	1	2.35
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	3	2.33
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	14	2.31
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	20	2.31
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	8	2.29
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	17	2.26
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	6	2.25
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	4	2.23
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	12	2.2
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	19	2.16
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	10	2.12
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	16	2.12
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	2	2.03
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	5	2.03
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	9	2.03
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	11	2.01
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	20	1.97
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	3	1.96
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	14	1.93
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	1	1.92
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	18	1.92
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	15	1.92
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	8	1.9
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	6	1.88
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	17	1.87

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	4	1.82
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	16	1.79
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	10	1.74
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	13	1.53
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	19	1.5
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	15	1.4
(1,113)	2:433:B:ASN:HD22	1:6:A:ALY:O	7	1.39
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	9	1.31
(2,1)	2:433:B:ASN:ND2	1:6:A:ALY:O	7	0.99
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	8	0.88
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	17	0.78
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	2	0.71
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	12	0.71
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	7	0.67
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	4	0.64
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	11	0.6
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	18	0.57
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	19	0.54
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	15	0.5
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	16	0.44
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	5	0.43
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	10	0.41
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	6	0.3
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	3	0.29
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	14	0.27
(1,116)	2:453:B:ARG:NH2	2:363:B:GLU:OE2	6	0.24
(1,122)	2:353:B:GLN:HE22	2:458:B:PRO:O	20	0.22
(1,57)	2:425:B:MET:H	2:421:B:ASP:O	17	0.16
(1,57)	2:425:B:MET:H	2:421:B:ASP:O	8	0.15
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	9	0.13
(1,1)	2:353:B:GLN:H	2:349:B:LYS:O	8	0.13
(1,1)	2:353:B:GLN:H	2:349:B:LYS:O	11	0.13
(1,57)	2:425:B:MET:H	2:421:B:ASP:O	3	0.12
(1,43)	2:418:B:PHE:H	2:414:B:ASP:O	13	0.12
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	10	0.12
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	14	0.12
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	15	0.12
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	18	0.12
(1,1)	2:353:B:GLN:H	2:349:B:LYS:O	14	0.12
(1,59)	2:426:B:PHE:H	2:422:B:VAL:O	6	0.11
(1,59)	2:426:B:PHE:H	2:422:B:VAL:O	19	0.11
(1,57)	2:425:B:MET:H	2:421:B:ASP:O	19	0.11

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	1	0.11
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	5	0.11
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	12	0.11
(1,7)	2:356:B:CYS:H	2:352:B:GLU:O	13	0.11
(1,1)	2:353:B:GLN:H	2:349:B:LYS:O	7	0.11
(1,59)	2:426:B:PHE:H	2:422:B:VAL:O	2	0.1
(1,43)	2:418:B:PHE:H	2:414:B:ASP:O	2	0.1
(1,30)	2:404:B:LYS:N	2:400:B:MET:O	19	0.1

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

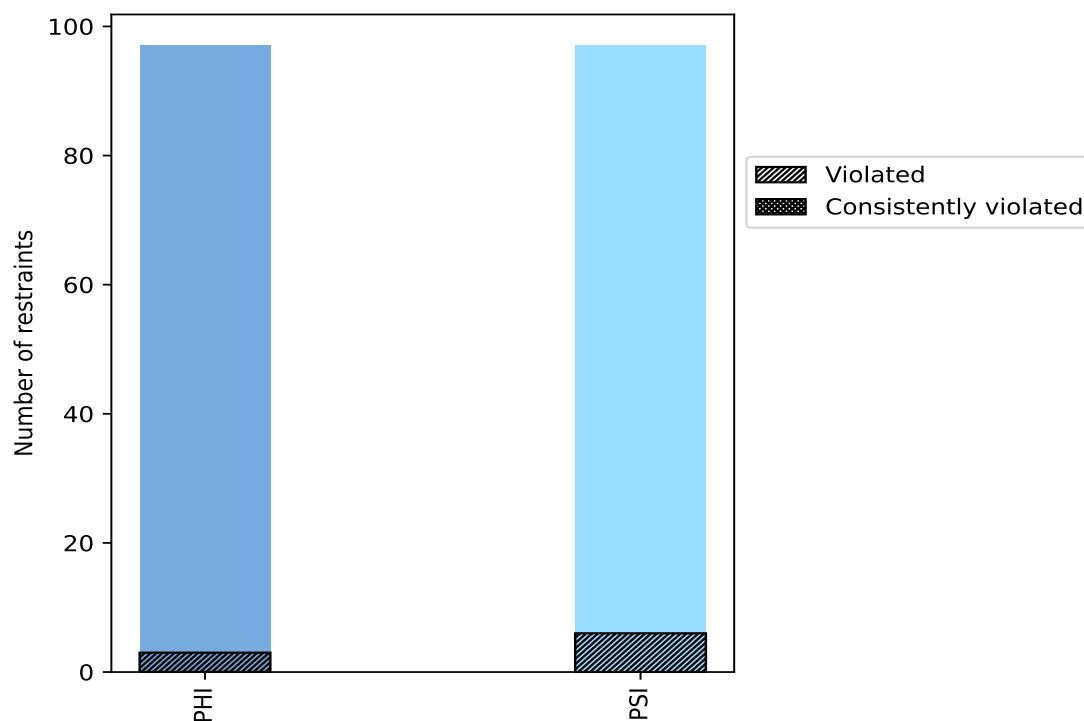
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
PHI	97	50.0	3	3.1	1.5	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	97	50.0	6	6.2	3.1	0	0.0	0.0
Total	194	100.0	9	4.6	4.6	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



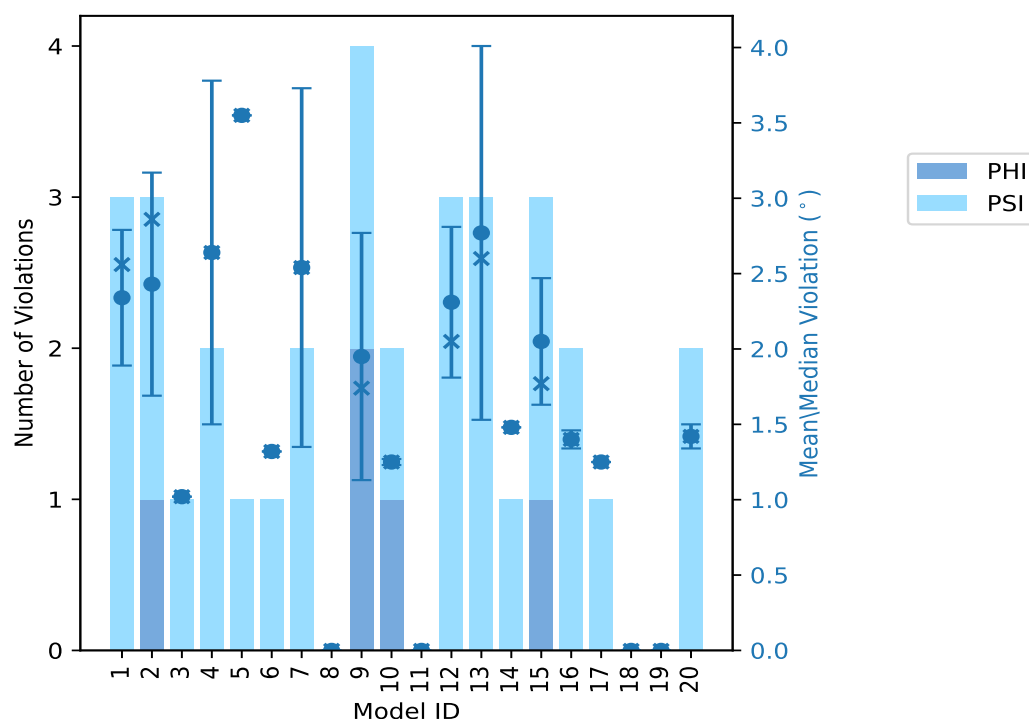
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PHI	PSI	Total				
1	0	3	3	2.34	2.75	0.45	2.56
2	1	2	3	2.43	3.03	0.74	2.86
3	0	1	1	1.02	1.02	0.0	1.02
4	0	2	2	2.64	3.78	1.14	2.64
5	0	1	1	3.55	3.55	0.0	3.55
6	0	1	1	1.32	1.32	0.0	1.32
7	0	2	2	2.54	3.73	1.19	2.54
8	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	2	2	4	1.95	3.27	0.82	1.74
10	1	1	2	1.25	1.26	0.02	1.25
11	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	0	3	3	2.31	3.0	0.5	2.05
13	0	3	3	2.77	4.37	1.24	2.6
14	0	1	1	1.48	1.48	0.0	1.48
15	1	2	3	2.05	2.64	0.42	1.77
16	0	2	2	1.4	1.46	0.06	1.4
17	0	1	1	1.25	1.25	0.0	1.25
18	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20	0	2	2	1.42	1.5	0.08	1.42

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
2	2	4	1	5.0
0	1	1	2	10.0
1	0	1	3	15.0
0	0	0	4	20.0
0	1	1	5	25.0
0	1	1	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

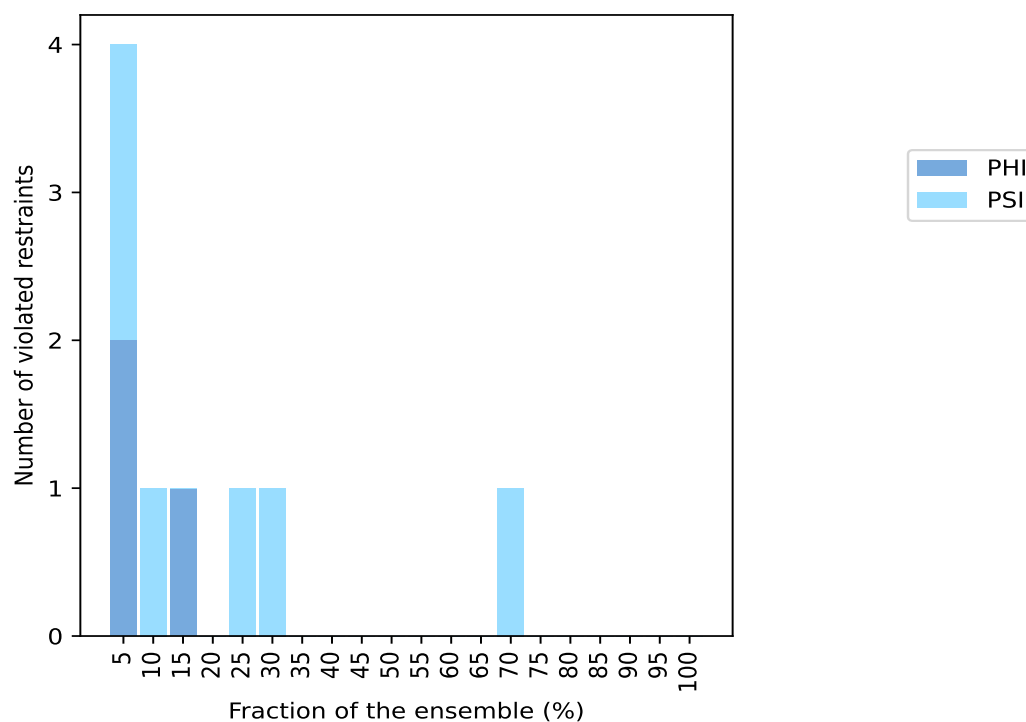
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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	13	65.0
0	1	1	14	70.0
0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	20	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)

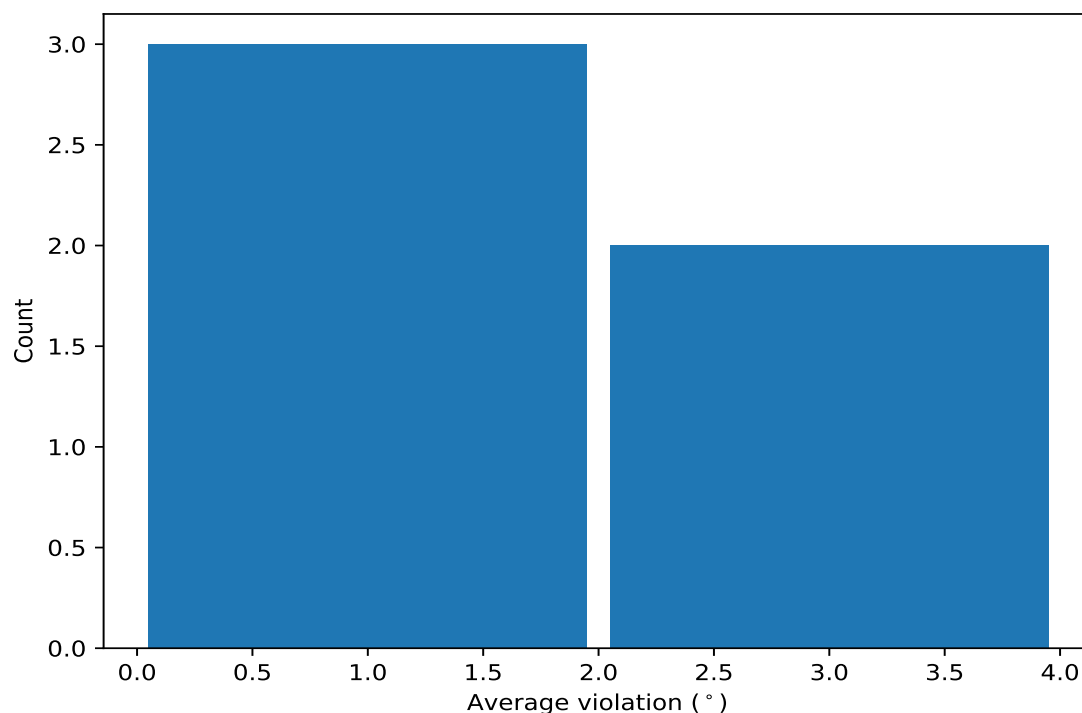


10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

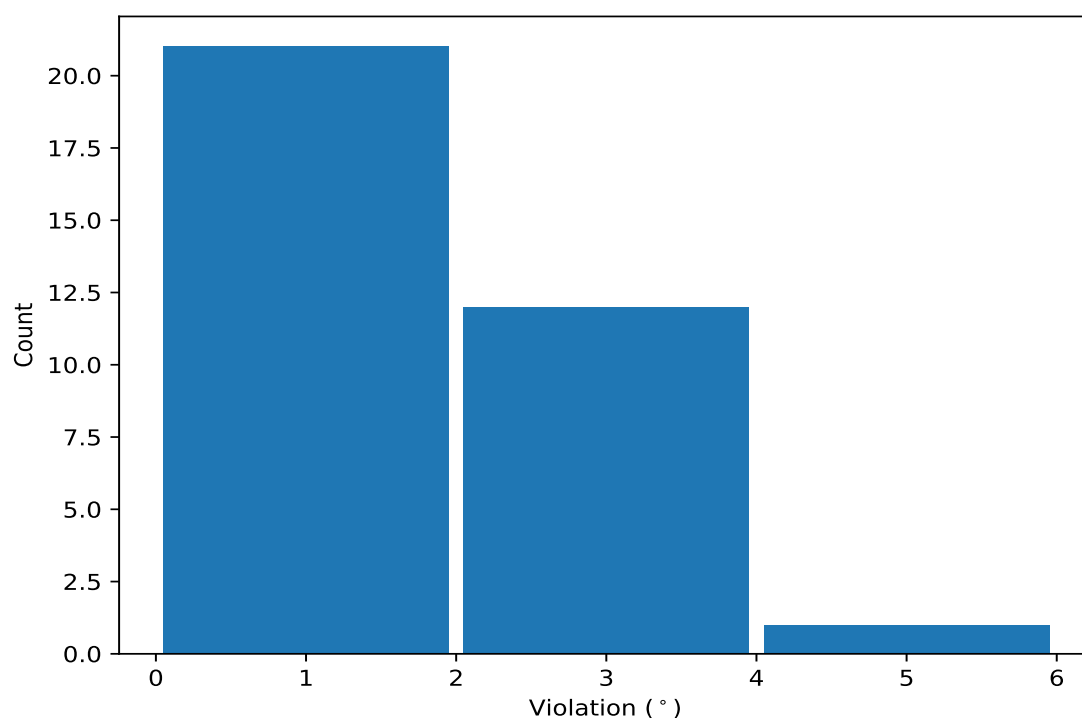
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models ¹	Mean	SD ²	Median
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	14	2.05	0.76	1.68
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	6	3.19	0.93	3.38
(1,32)	2:364:B:MET:N	2:364:B:MET:CA	2:364:B:MET:C	2:365:B:PHE:N	5	1.5	0.36	1.34
(1,87)	2:397:B:PRO:C	2:398:B:MET:N	2:398:B:MET:CA	2:398:B:MET:C	3	1.41	0.16	1.39
(1,68)	2:385:B:LEU:N	2:385:B:LEU:CA	2:385:B:LEU:C	2:386:B:GLY:N	2	1.8	0.08	1.8

¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	13	4.37
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	4	3.78
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	7	3.73
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	5	3.55
(1,192)	2:455:B:ALA:N	2:455:B:ALA:CA	2:455:B:ALA:C	2:456:B:LYS:N	9	3.27
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	2	3.03
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	12	3.0
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	2	2.86
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	1	2.75
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	15	2.64
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	13	2.6
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	1	2.56
(1,32)	2:364:B:MET:N	2:364:B:MET:CA	2:364:B:MET:C	2:365:B:PHE:N	12	2.05
(1,68)	2:385:B:LEU:N	2:385:B:LEU:CA	2:385:B:LEU:C	2:386:B:GLY:N	12	1.87
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	9	1.87
(1,1)	2:348:B:SER:C	2:349:B:LYS:N	2:349:B:LYS:CA	2:349:B:LYS:C	15	1.77
(1,32)	2:364:B:MET:N	2:364:B:MET:CA	2:364:B:MET:C	2:365:B:PHE:N	15	1.73
(1,68)	2:385:B:LEU:N	2:385:B:LEU:CA	2:385:B:LEU:C	2:386:B:GLY:N	1	1.72
(1,87)	2:397:B:PRO:C	2:398:B:MET:N	2:398:B:MET:CA	2:398:B:MET:C	9	1.62
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	20	1.5
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	4	1.49

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,194)	2:456:B:LYS:N	2:456:B:LYS:CA	2:456:B:LYS:C	2:457:B:MET:N	14	1.48
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	16	1.46
(1,87)	2:397:B:PRO:C	2:398:B:MET:N	2:398:B:MET:CA	2:398:B:MET:C	2	1.39
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	7	1.35
(1,86)	2:397:B:PRO:N	2:397:B:PRO:CA	2:397:B:PRO:C	2:398:B:MET:N	20	1.34
(1,32)	2:364:B:MET:N	2:364:B:MET:CA	2:364:B:MET:C	2:365:B:PHE:N	13	1.34
(1,32)	2:364:B:MET:N	2:364:B:MET:CA	2:364:B:MET:C	2:365:B:PHE:N	16	1.34
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	6	1.32
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	10	1.26
(1,54)	2:377:B:TYR:N	2:377:B:TYR:CA	2:377:B:TYR:C	2:378:B:LYS:N	17	1.25
(1,87)	2:397:B:PRO:C	2:398:B:MET:N	2:398:B:MET:CA	2:398:B:MET:C	10	1.23
(1,189)	2:453:B:ARG:C	2:454:B:PHE:N	2:454:B:PHE:CA	2:454:B:PHE:C	9	1.03
(1,32)	2:364:B:MET:N	2:364:B:MET:CA	2:364:B:MET:C	2:365:B:PHE:N	3	1.02