



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 11, 2024 – 03:03 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6MJI  
Title : Crystal structure of the mCD1d/xxs (JJ304) /iNKTCCR ternary complex  
Authors : Zajonc, D.M.; Bitra, A.; Janssens, J.  
Deposited on : 2018-09-20  
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

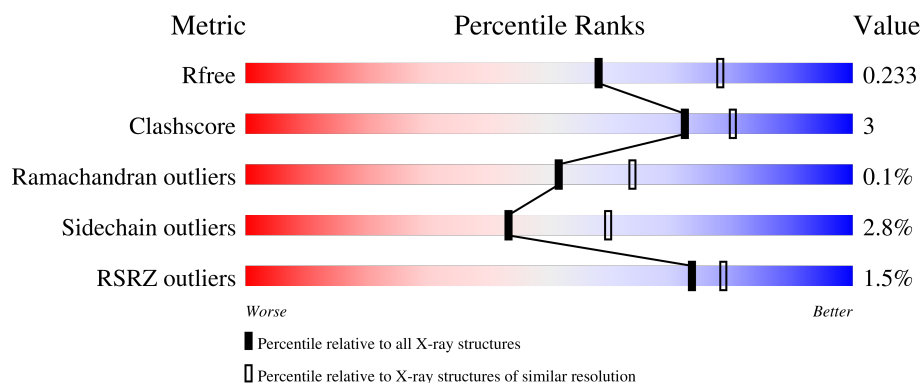
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	209	
2	D	241	
3	A	285	
4	B	99	
5	E	2	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
6	F	5	 60% 40%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
7	NA	C	301	-	-	-	X
7	NA	D	605	-	-	-	X
8	GOL	D	602	-	-	X	-
8	GOL	D	604	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7014 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called T cell receptor alpha variable 11,T cell receptor alpha joining 18,Human nkt tcr alpha chain, CHIMERIC PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	C	203	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			1570	972	270	320	8			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP A0A0B4J1J9
C	113	ILE	-	linker	UNP A0A0B4J1J9

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Beta-chain,Tcell receptor chain,T cell receptor beta constant 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	239	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1884	1182	336	360	6			

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	95	ASP	-	linker	UNP A2NTY6
D	96	GLU	-	linker	UNP A2NTY6
D	97	GLY	-	linker	UNP A2NTY6
D	98	TYR	-	linker	UNP A2NTY6
D	130	ALA	ALA	linker	UNP A0N8J3
D	168	CYS	SER	variant	UNP A0A5B9
D	186	SER	CYS	variant	UNP A0A5B9

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Antigen-presenting glycoprotein CD1d1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	A	270	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2167	1384	373	397	13			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	280	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	281	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	282	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	283	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	284	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090
A	285	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0R4J090

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Beta-2-microglobulin.

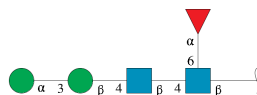
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	B	97	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			793	506	134	147	6			

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	E	2	Total	C	N	O		0	0	0
			28	16	2	10				

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

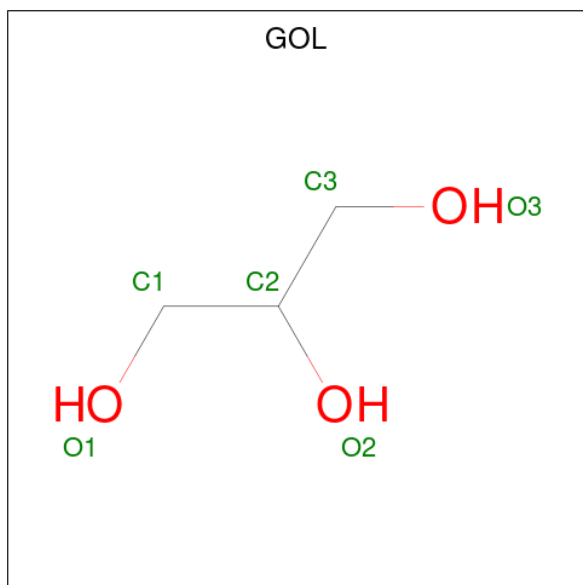


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	F	5	Total	C	N	O		0	0	0
			60	34	2	24				

- Molecule 7 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	C	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
7	D	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 8 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



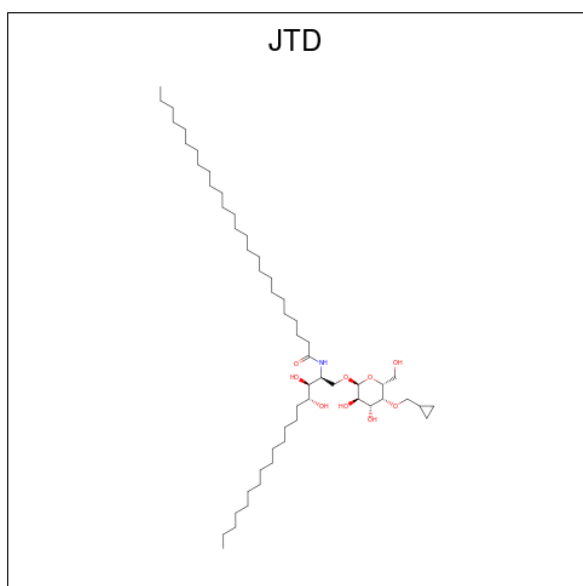
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
8	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 9 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 10 is N-[(2S,3S,4R)-1-{[4-O-(cyclopropylmethyl)-alpha-D-galactopyranosyl]oxy}-3,4-dihydroxyoctadecan-2-yl]hexacosanamide (three-letter code: JTD) (formula:  $C_{54}H_{105}NO_9$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			64	54	1	9		

- Molecule 11 is water.


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	C	86	Total 86	O 86	0	0
11	D	151	Total 151	O 151	0	0
11	A	115	Total 115	O 115	0	0
11	B	44	Total 44	O 44	0	0



### 3 Residue-property plots


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: T cell receptor alpha variable 11,T cell receptor alpha joining 18,Human nkt tcr alpha chain, CHIMERIC PROTEIN

Chain C: 




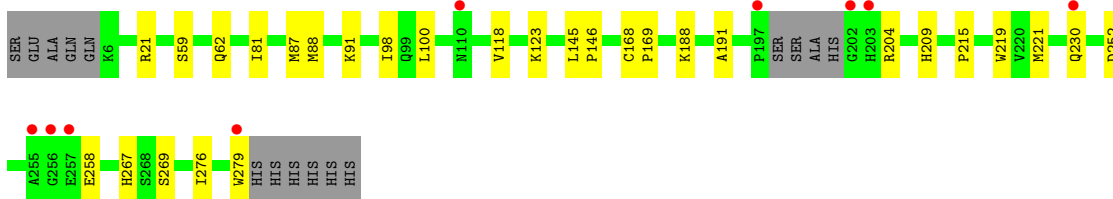
- Molecule 2: Beta-chain,Tcell receptor chain,T cell receptor beta constant 2

Chain D: 




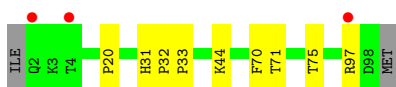
- Molecule 3: Antigen-presenting glycoprotein CD1d1

Chain A: 



- Molecule 4: Beta-2-microglobulin

Chain B: 



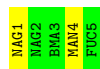
- Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 



- Molecule 6:  $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)- $\beta$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[ $\alpha$ -L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose

Chain F:



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	79.22Å 191.16Å 151.09Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.61 – 2.30 45.57 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (45.61-2.30) 99.5 (45.57-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.96 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0222	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.189 , 0.227 0.194 , 0.233	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2551 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.052	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 29.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	7014	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.75% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, FUC, NA, MAN, JTD, BMA, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	C	0.32	0/1598	0.57	0/2173
2	D	0.33	0/1935	0.56	0/2637
3	A	0.32	0/2230	0.51	0/3030
4	B	0.31	0/819	0.55	0/1115
All	All	0.32	0/6582	0.55	0/8955

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	1570	0	1487	10	0
2	D	1884	0	1790	13	0
3	A	2167	0	2076	19	0
4	B	793	0	752	3	0
5	E	28	0	25	0	0
6	F	60	0	52	0	0
7	C	1	0	0	0	0
7	D	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	6	0	8	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	B	6	0	8	0	0
8	D	24	0	32	6	0
9	A	14	0	13	0	0
10	A	64	0	0	0	0
11	A	115	0	0	0	0
11	B	44	0	0	0	0
11	C	86	0	0	1	0
11	D	151	0	0	1	0
All	All	7014	0	6243	44	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 44 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:207:CYS:HB3	11:D:732:HOH:O	1.86	0.74
3:A:59:SER:H	3:A:62:GLN:HE21	1.38	0.71
3:A:168:CYS:HB3	3:A:169:PRO:HD3	1.81	0.63
2:D:9:ARG:NH2	2:D:104:PRO:HB2	2.16	0.61
3:A:59:SER:H	3:A:62:GLN:NE2	2.00	0.60

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	201/209 (96%)	191 (95%)	10 (5%)	0	100	100
2	D	238/241 (99%)	235 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
3	A	266/285 (93%)	263 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
4	B	95/99 (96%)	92 (97%)	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	14	15
All	All	800/834 (96%)	781 (98%)	18 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	64

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	B	97	ARG

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	179/188 (95%)	175 (98%)	4 (2%)	52	69
2	D	204/208 (98%)	197 (97%)	7 (3%)	37	51
3	A	234/249 (94%)	228 (97%)	6 (3%)	46	63
4	B	89/93 (96%)	86 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	51
All	All	706/738 (96%)	686 (97%)	20 (3%)	43	60

5 of 20 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	230	GLN
4	B	44	LYS
4	B	75	THR
4	B	70	PHE
2	D	184	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	117	GLN
2	D	24	ASN
3	A	7	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	62	GLN
3	A	267	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	NAG	E	1	3,5	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.77	0
5	NAG	E	2	5	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.93	1 (5%)
6	NAG	F	1	3,6	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.96	1 (5%)
6	NAG	F	2	6	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.75	0
6	BMA	F	3	6	11,11,12	0.42	0	15,15,17	0.75	0
6	MAN	F	4	6	11,11,12	0.32	0	15,15,17	1.09	1 (6%)
6	FUC	F	5	6	10,10,11	0.51	0	14,14,16	0.69	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	E	1	3,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	E	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	F	1	3,6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	F	2	6	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	F	3	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	F	4	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	FUC	F	5	6	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	E	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.98	111.87	107.20
6	F	4	MAN	C3-C4-C5	2.68	115.01	110.24
6	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.62	111.31	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

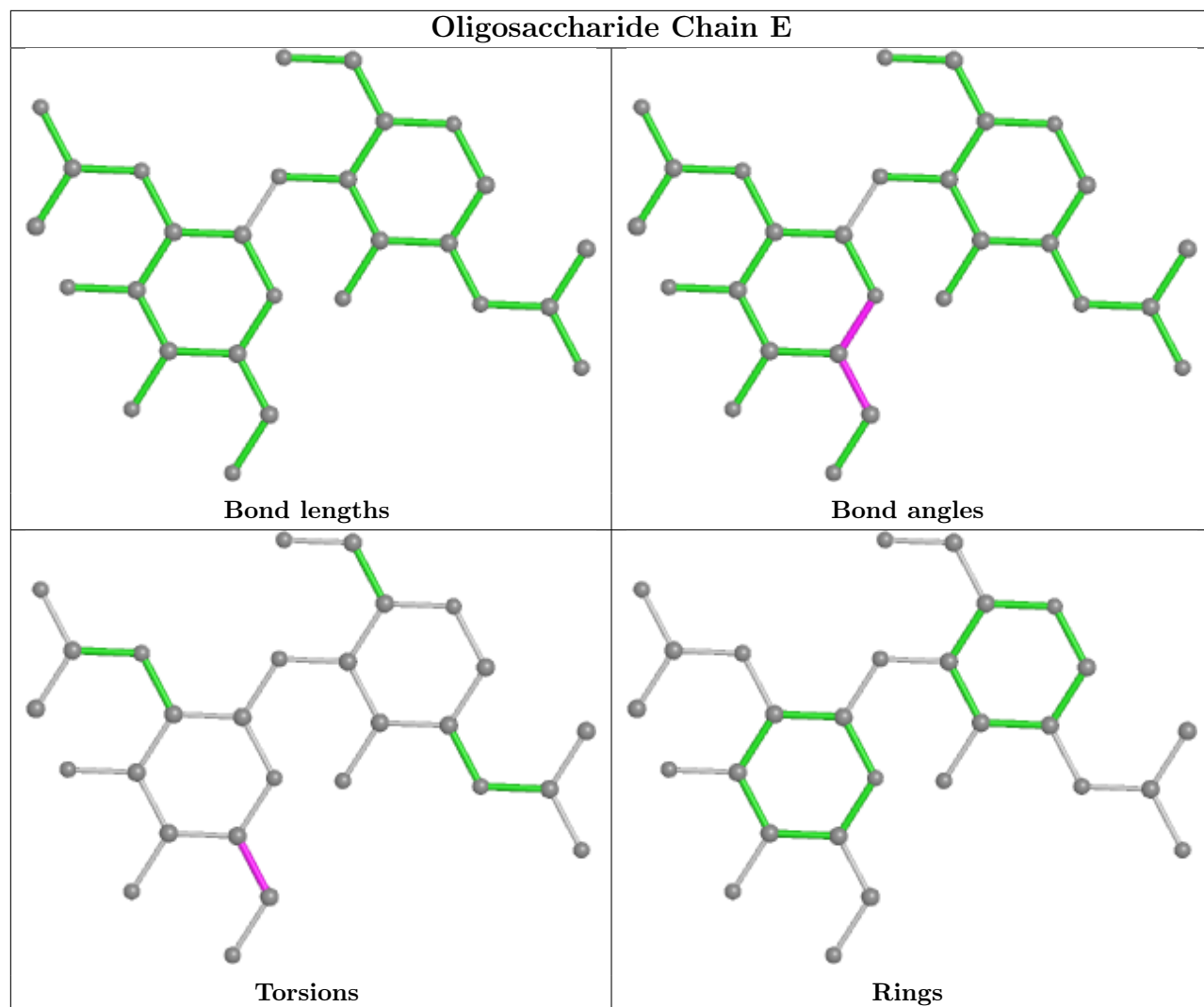
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	E	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	F	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	F	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6

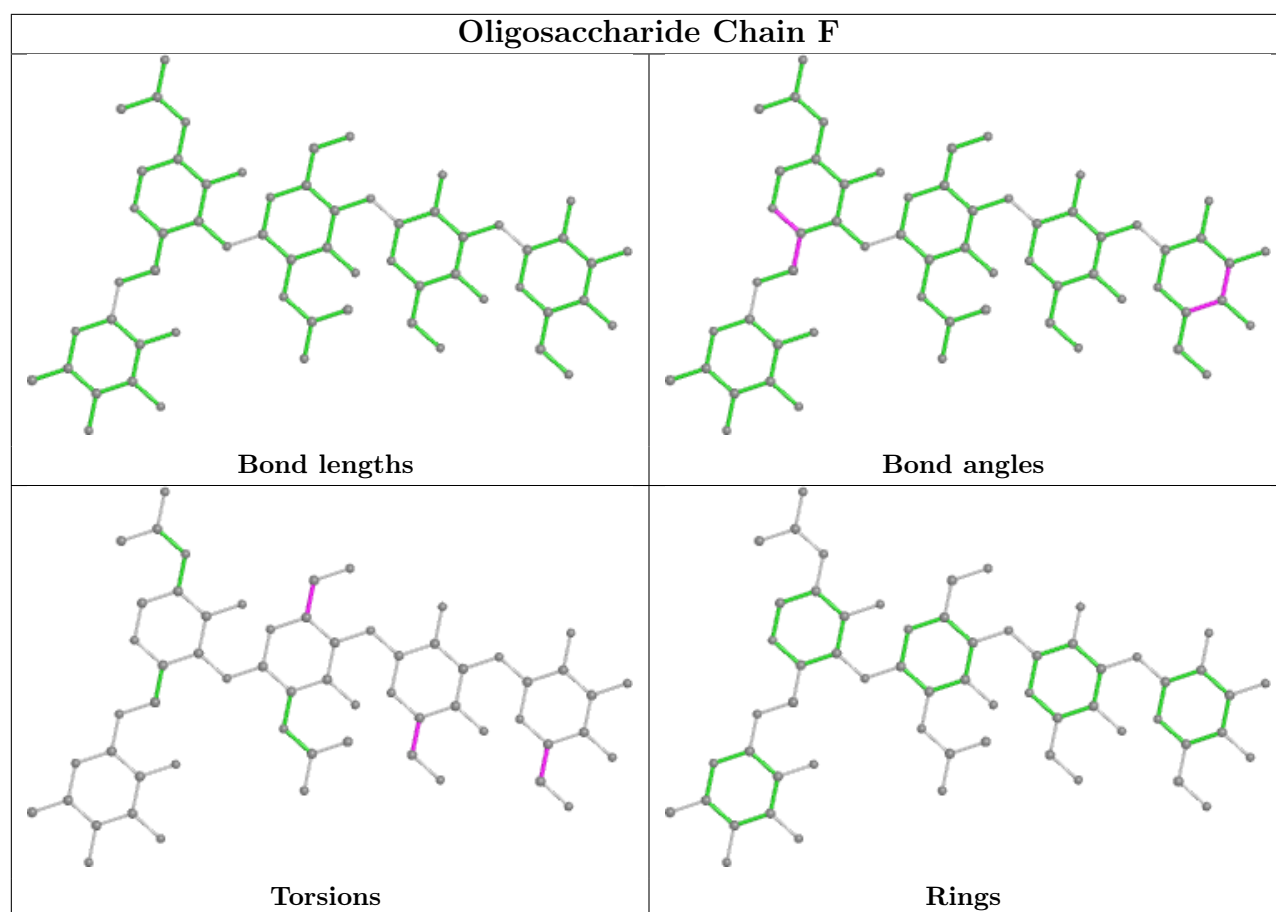
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
8	GOL	A	301	-	5,5,5	0.30	0	5,5,5	0.38	0
10	JTD	A	310	-	65,65,65	0.50	0	71,76,76	0.81	1 (1%)
8	GOL	D	601	-	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.18	0
9	NAG	A	302	3	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.90	1 (5%)
8	GOL	D	604	-	5,5,5	0.35	0	5,5,5	0.21	0
8	GOL	B	101	-	5,5,5	0.43	0	5,5,5	0.41	0
8	GOL	D	602	-	5,5,5	0.19	0	5,5,5	0.36	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
8	GOL	D	603	-	5,5,5	0.27	0	5,5,5	0.40	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	GOL	A	301	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
10	JTD	A	310	-	-	12/63/85/85	0/2/2/2
8	GOL	D	601	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
9	NAG	A	302	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	GOL	D	604	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	B	101	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	D	602	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
8	GOL	D	603	-	-	4/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	A	302	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.49	115.56	112.19
10	A	310	JTD	CAN-NAO-CBE	-2.19	119.79	123.48

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 27 torsion outliers are listed below:

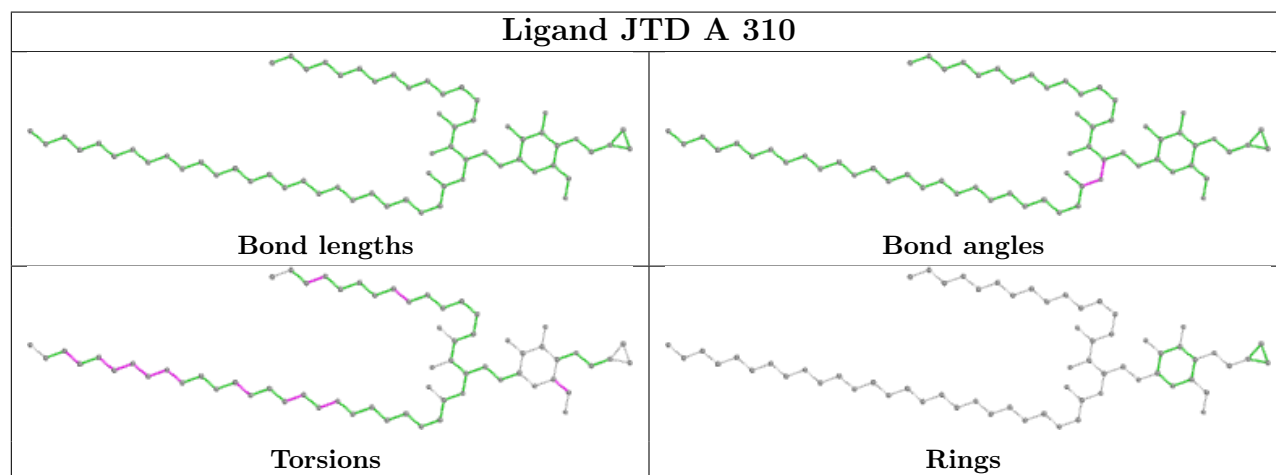
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	D	601	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
8	D	601	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
8	D	603	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
8	A	301	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
8	B	101	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	D	602	GOL	4	0
8	D	603	GOL	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	C	203/209 (97%)	0.01	0	100	100	28, 42, 80, 96	0
2	D	239/241 (99%)	-0.20	0	100	100	28, 39, 61, 79	0
3	A	270/285 (94%)	0.13	9 (3%)	46	53	29, 40, 79, 102	0
4	B	97/99 (97%)	-0.03	3 (3%)	49	56	32, 49, 74, 89	0
All	All	809/834 (97%)	-0.02	12 (1%)	73	79	28, 41, 75, 102	0

The worst 5 of 12 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	A	256	GLY	4.3
3	A	203	HIS	3.9
3	A	202	GLY	3.8
3	A	279	TRP	2.9
3	A	110	ASN	2.5

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

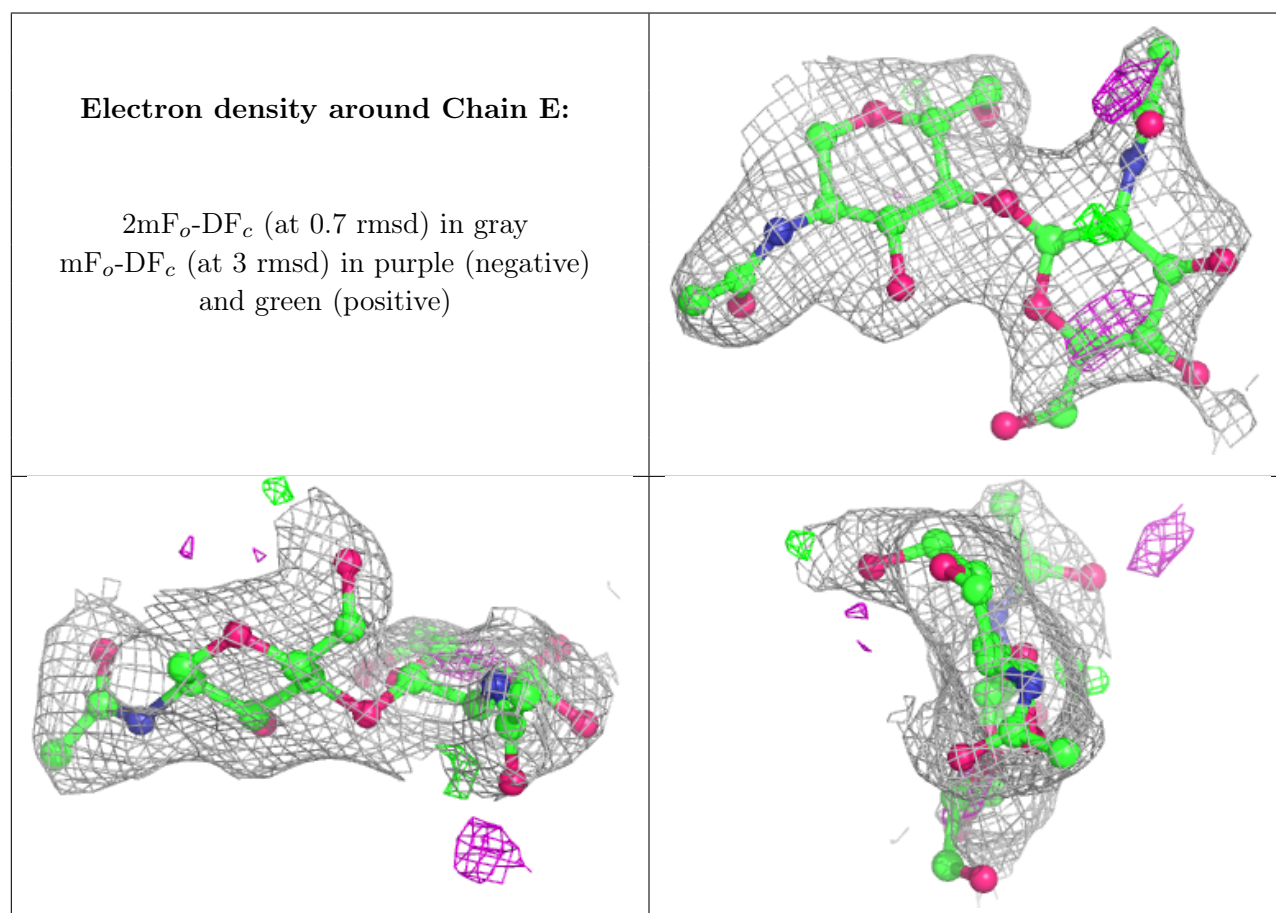
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
6	MAN	F	4	11/12	0.70	0.34	113,119,121,121	0
5	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.76	0.30	70,78,82,84	0

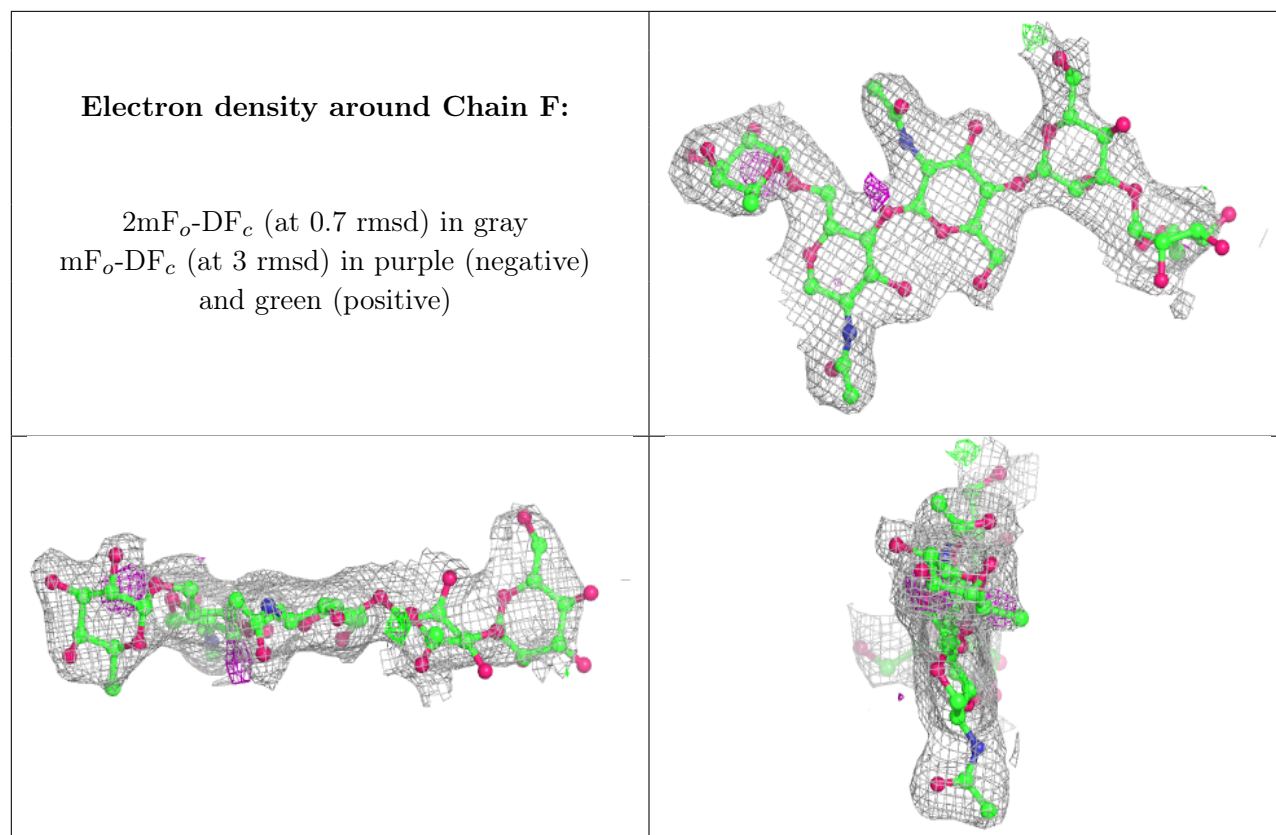
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
6	BMA	F	3	11/12	0.79	0.31	95,102,106,112	0
6	FUC	F	5	10/11	0.85	0.22	59,64,65,66	0
6	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.94	0.11	40,44,53,58	0
6	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.95	0.14	53,62,69,82	0
5	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.95	0.10	44,47,51,59	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
7	NA	C	301	1/1	0.36	0.99	98,98,98,98	0
7	NA	D	605	1/1	0.57	0.63	64,64,64,64	0
8	GOL	D	603	6/6	0.76	0.31	54,56,57,57	0
8	GOL	D	604	6/6	0.79	0.45	68,75,76,76	0
9	NAG	A	302	14/15	0.79	0.24	67,72,79,80	0
8	GOL	B	101	6/6	0.85	0.21	68,69,70,73	0
8	GOL	A	301	6/6	0.86	0.37	68,72,74,75	0
8	GOL	D	602	6/6	0.91	0.27	52,55,57,58	0
8	GOL	D	601	6/6	0.94	0.15	52,58,58,59	0
10	JTD	A	310	64/64	0.95	0.18	31,40,50,57	0

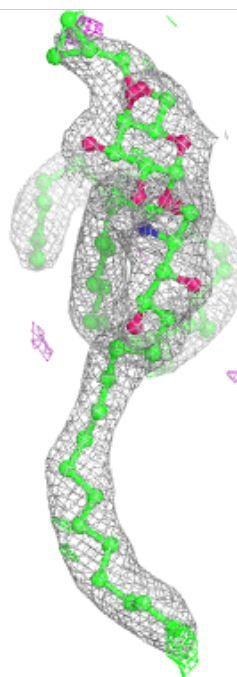
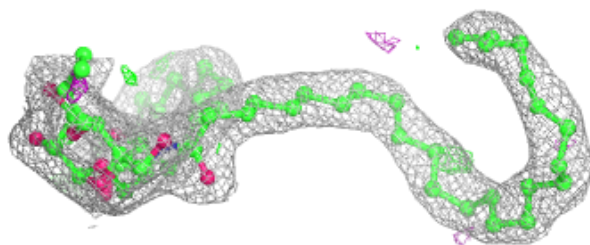
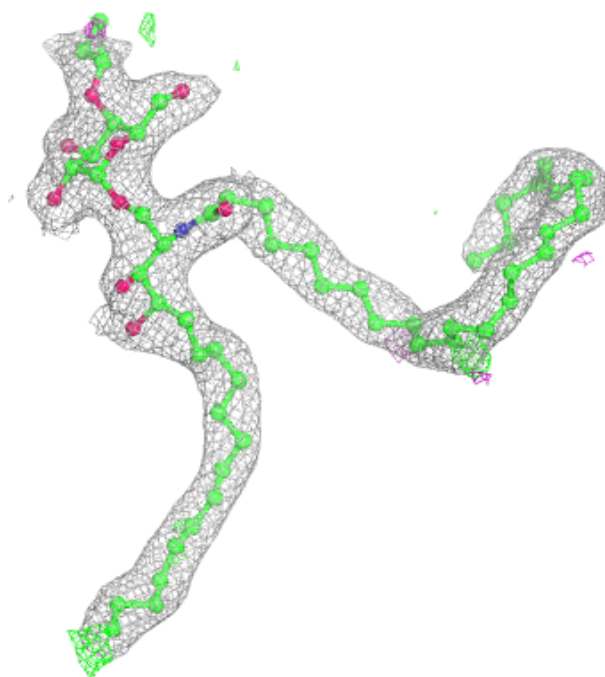
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different



orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around JTD A 310:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.