



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 13, 2024 – 12:28 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3KC3
Title : MK2 complexed to inhibitor N4-(7-(benzofuran-2-yl)-1H-indazol-5-yl)pyrimidine-2,4-diamine
Authors : Argiriadi, M.A.; Talanian, R.V.; Borhani, D.W.
Deposited on : 2009-10-20
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	2.36.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

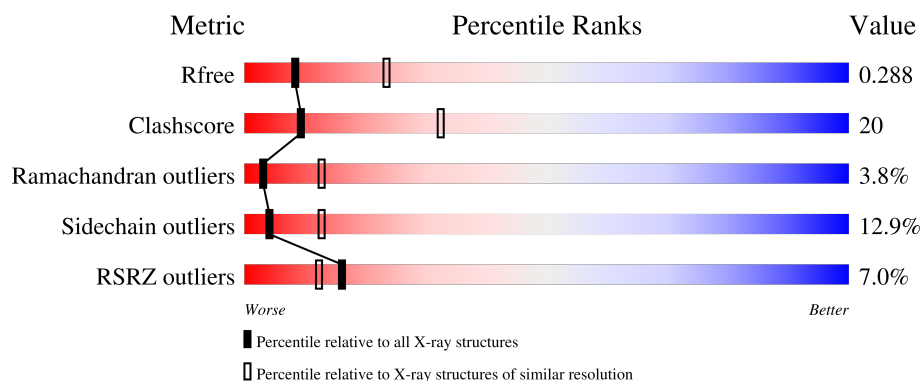
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	324	 3% 55% 27% 6% 11%
1	B	324	 2% 52% 28% 10% 10%
1	C	324	 6% 50% 30% 7% 13%
1	D	324	 10% 50% 27% 6% 17%
1	E	324	 2% 53% 28% 6% 11%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	F	324	
1	G	324	
1	H	324	
1	I	324	
1	J	324	
1	K	324	
1	L	324	

2 Entry composition

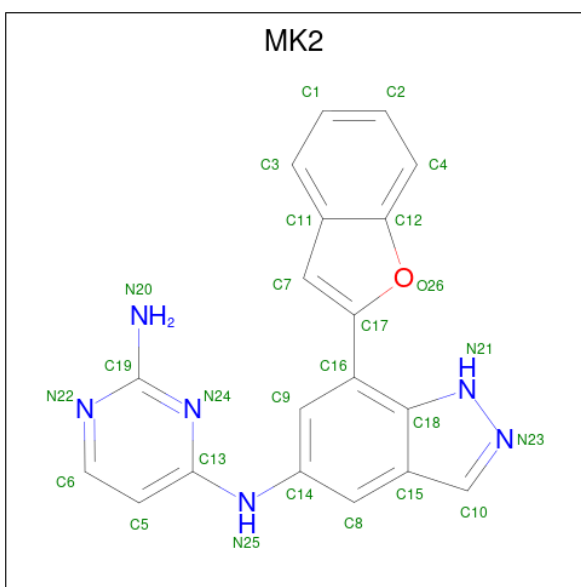
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 28159 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	288	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2337	1495	403	422	17			
1	B	290	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2361	1510	407	427	17			
1	C	281	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2297	1473	394	413	17			
1	D	269	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2172	1389	375	391	17			
1	E	287	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2326	1486	400	423	17			
1	F	293	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2384	1523	413	431	17			
1	G	276	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2246	1438	389	402	17			
1	H	290	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2355	1503	408	427	17			
1	I	295	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2395	1527	414	436	18			
1	J	288	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2344	1501	404	422	17			
1	K	280	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2269	1448	392	412	17			
1	L	291	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2367	1513	408	429	17			

- Molecule 2 is N 4 -[7-(1-benzofuran-2-yl)-1H-indazol-5-yl]pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (three-letter code: MK2) (formula: C₁₉H₁₄N₆O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	F	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	H	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	I	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	J	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	K	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		
2	L	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			26	19	6	1		

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	3	Total	O	0	0
			3	3		

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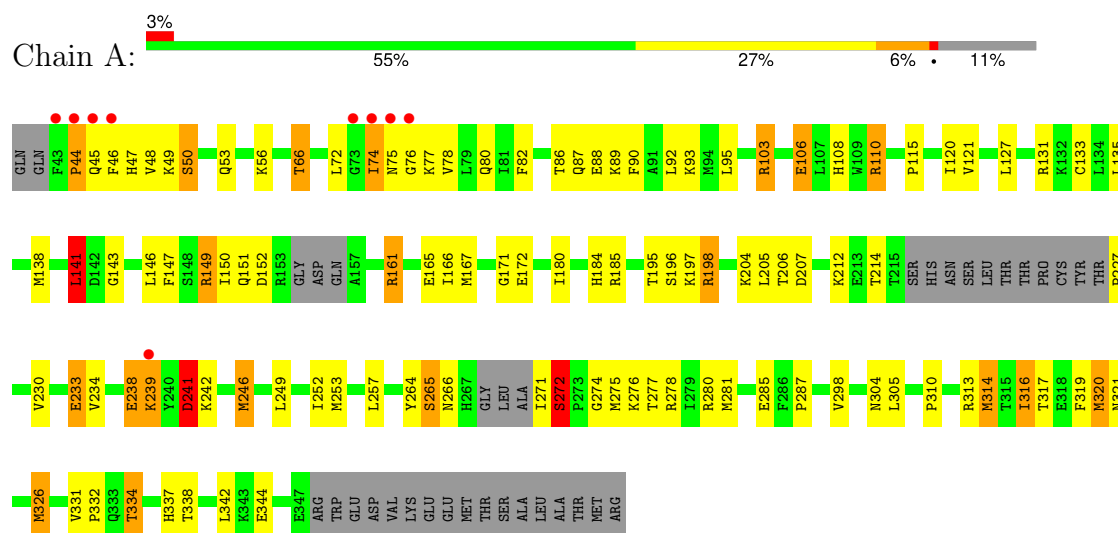
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	5	Total 5	O 5	0	0
3	D	1	Total 1	O 1	0	0
3	E	3	Total 3	O 3	0	0
3	F	3	Total 3	O 3	0	0
3	G	1	Total 1	O 1	0	0
3	H	1	Total 1	O 1	0	0
3	I	2	Total 2	O 2	0	0
3	L	1	Total 1	O 1	0	0

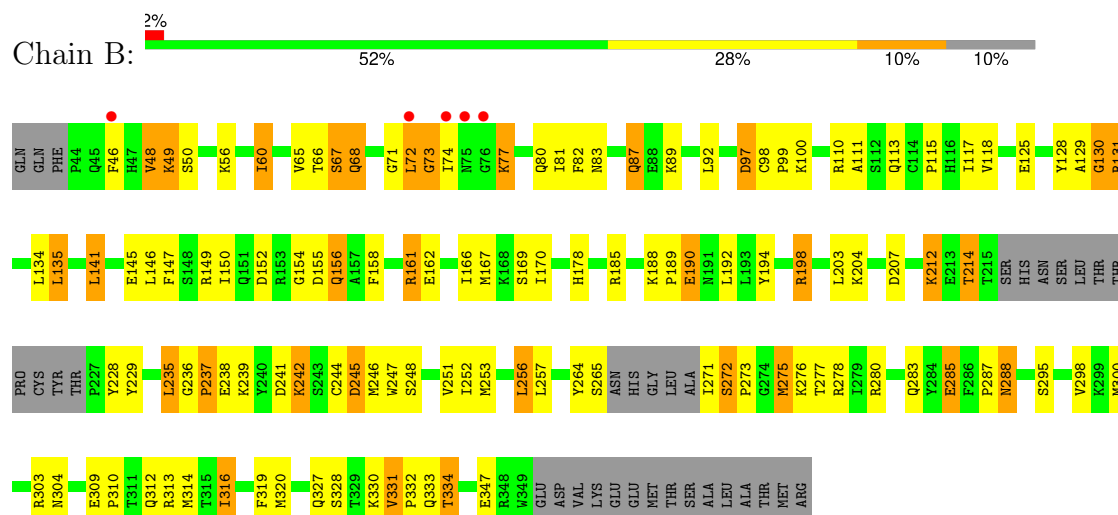
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2



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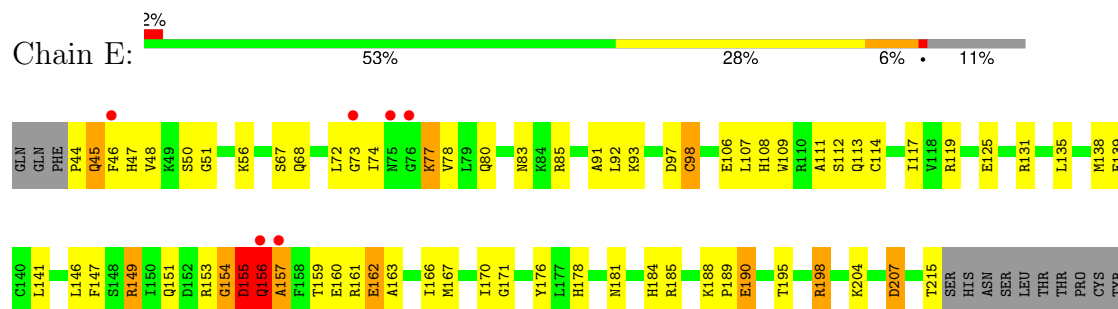


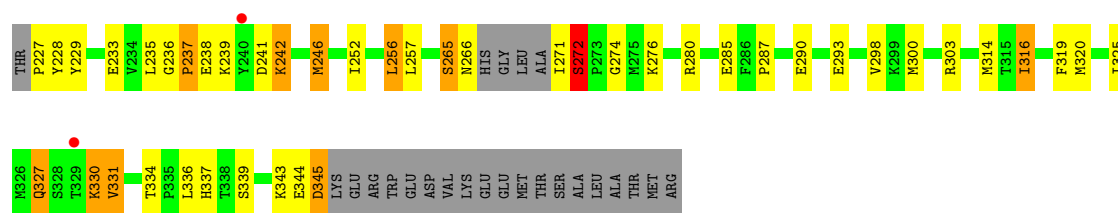
• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2



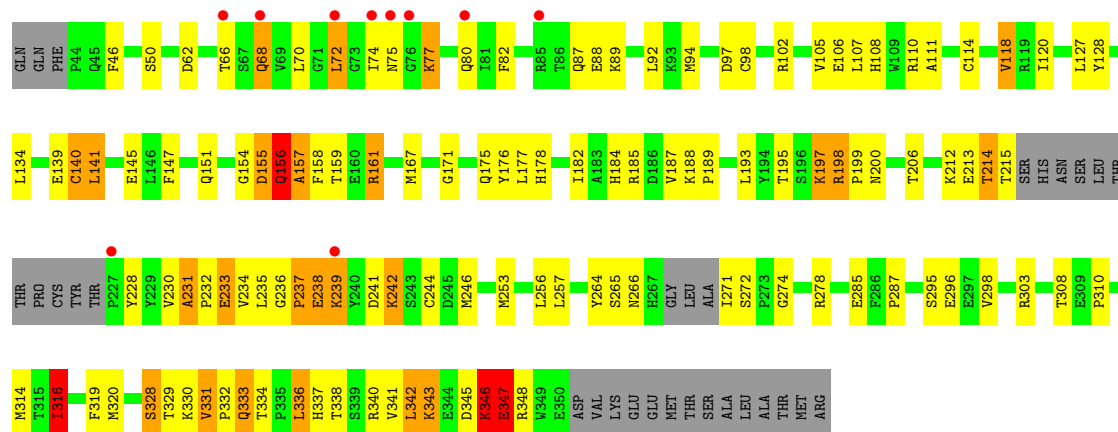
- Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2

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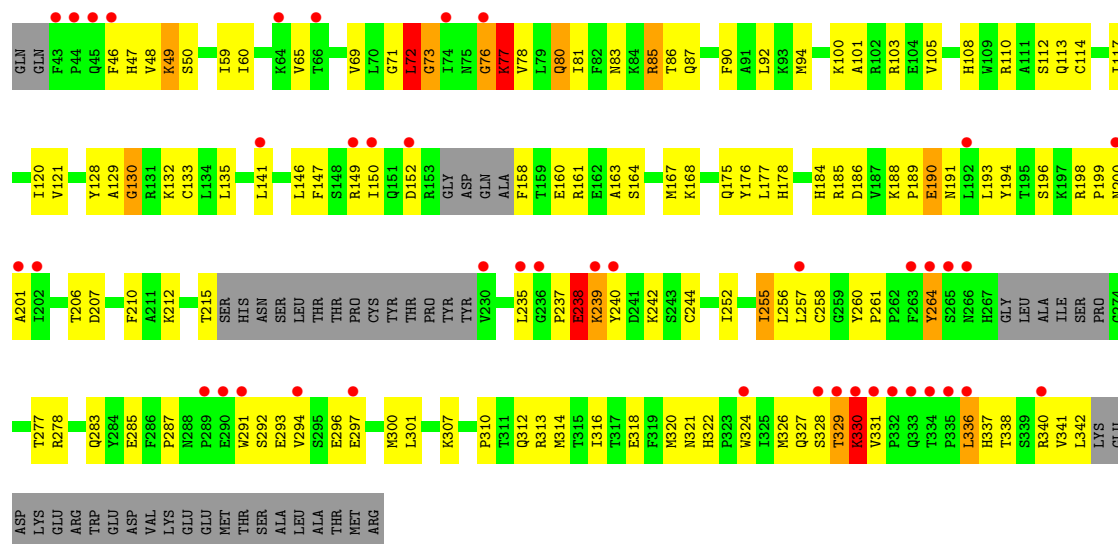




• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2

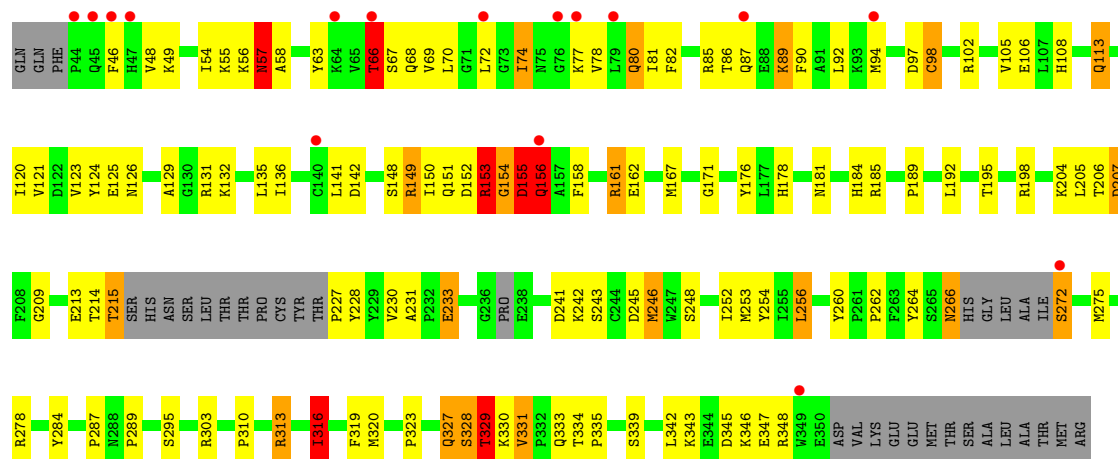


• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2

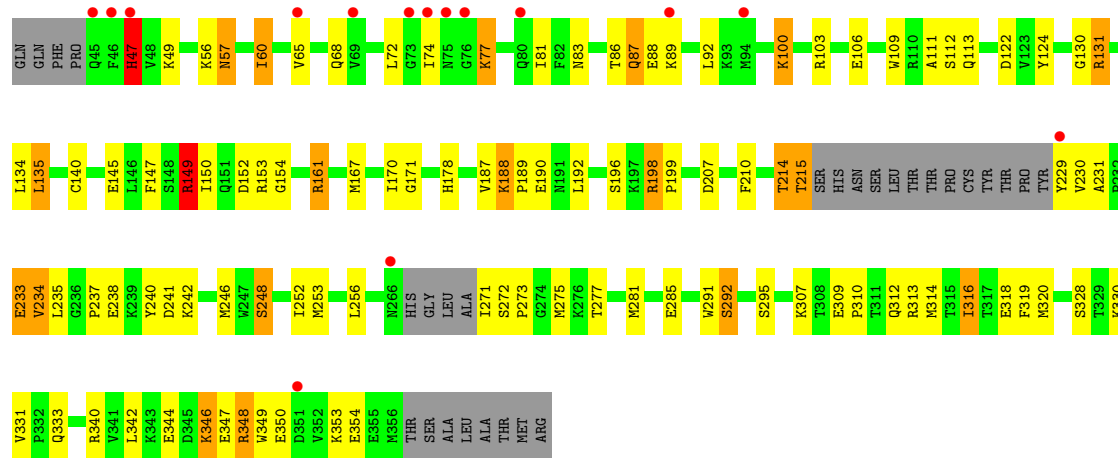


• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2

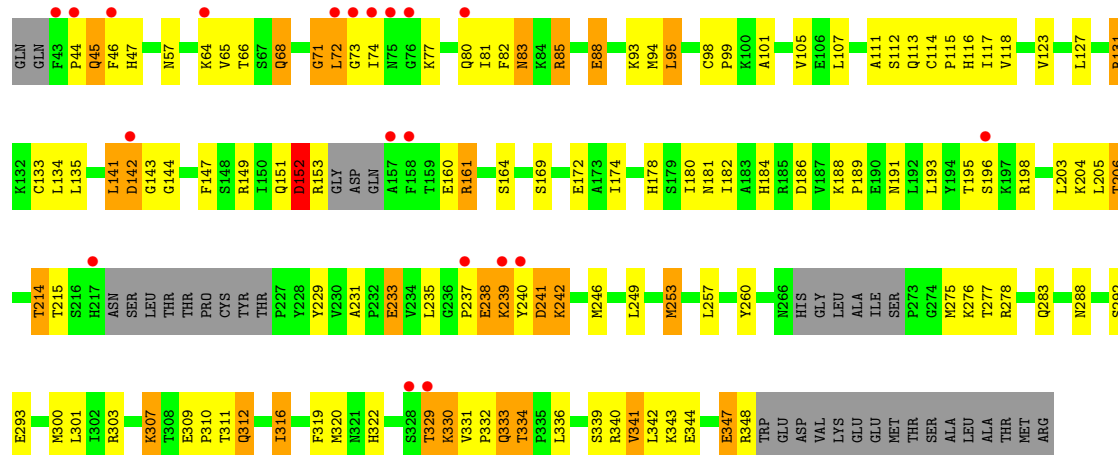




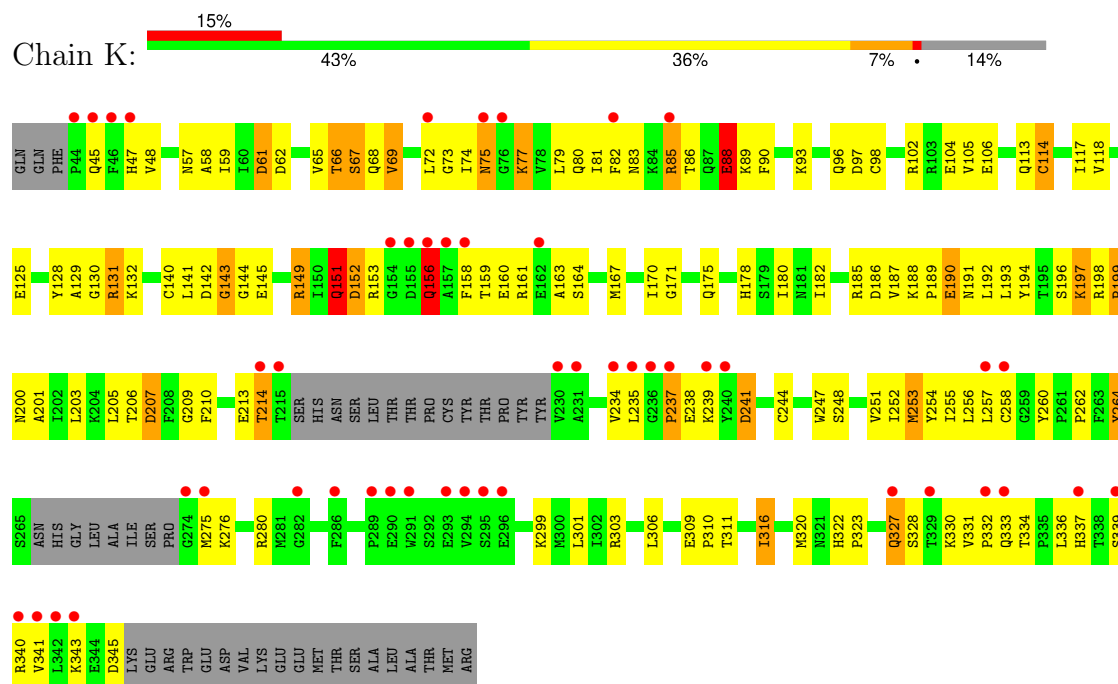
• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2



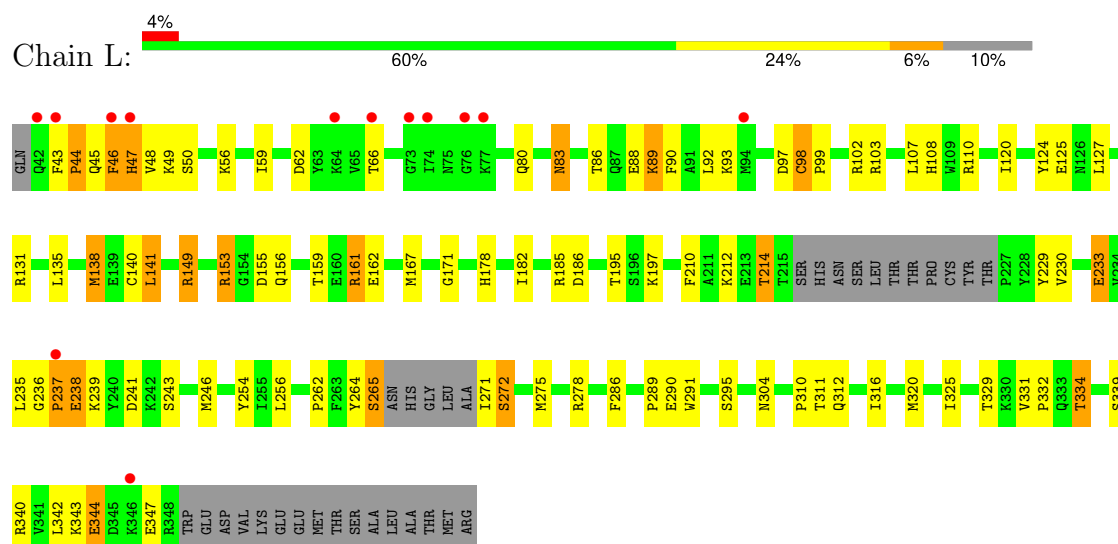
• Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2



- Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2



- Molecule 1: MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 2



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	139.35Å 179.79Å 214.38Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.90 45.44 – 2.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.3 (20.00-2.90) 97.3 (45.44-2.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.09	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.98 (at 2.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.230 , 0.298 0.219 , 0.288	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	5841 reflections (5.02%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	73.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.105	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 62.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	28159	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	66.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 1.76% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MK2

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	1.04	4/2388 (0.2%)	1.05	6/3219 (0.2%)
1	B	1.03	3/2414 (0.1%)	1.03	7/3255 (0.2%)
1	C	0.86	1/2347 (0.0%)	0.93	2/3163 (0.1%)
1	D	0.71	0/2216	0.80	1/2987 (0.0%)
1	E	0.95	2/2377 (0.1%)	0.97	0/3206
1	F	0.95	2/2438 (0.1%)	0.99	4/3288 (0.1%)
1	G	0.62	0/2294	0.72	1/3092 (0.0%)
1	H	0.89	0/2405	0.95	5/3240 (0.2%)
1	I	0.80	0/2445	0.85	1/3295 (0.0%)
1	J	0.80	1/2395 (0.0%)	0.84	2/3227 (0.1%)
1	K	0.63	0/2316	0.74	0/3121
1	L	0.77	0/2419	0.85	0/3261
All	All	0.85	13/28454 (0.0%)	0.90	29/38354 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	1
1	E	0	1
1	F	0	1
1	H	0	1
1	L	0	1
All	All	0	6

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	106	GLU	CG-CD	8.57	1.64	1.51
1	F	140	CYS	CB-SG	-7.62	1.69	1.82
1	F	244	CYS	CB-SG	-7.05	1.70	1.82
1	A	172	GLU	CD-OE1	7.01	1.33	1.25
1	B	244	CYS	CB-SG	-6.58	1.71	1.82

The worst 5 of 29 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	161	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.02	115.79	120.30
1	F	62	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-7.21	111.81	118.30
1	A	320	MET	CG-SD-CE	-7.10	88.84	100.20
1	F	158	PHE	N-CA-C	-7.09	91.84	111.00
1	B	141	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.45	130.14	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	272	SER	Peptide
1	B	272	SER	Peptide
1	E	272	SER	Peptide
1	F	346	LYS	Peptide
1	H	272	SER	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2337	0	2359	114	0
1	B	2361	0	2384	106	0
1	C	2297	0	2326	99	0
1	D	2172	0	2213	69	0
1	E	2326	0	2348	107	1
1	F	2384	0	2399	117	1
1	G	2246	0	2279	92	0
1	H	2355	0	2375	109	0
1	I	2395	0	2412	92	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	J	2344	0	2370	86	0
1	K	2269	0	2302	113	0
1	L	2367	0	2390	67	0
2	A	26	0	14	1	0
2	B	26	0	14	2	0
2	C	26	0	14	1	0
2	D	26	0	14	3	0
2	E	26	0	14	3	0
2	F	26	0	14	2	0
2	H	26	0	14	3	0
2	I	26	0	14	2	0
2	J	26	0	14	3	0
2	K	26	0	14	3	0
2	L	26	0	14	2	0
3	A	3	0	0	0	0
3	C	5	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	E	3	0	0	0	0
3	F	3	0	0	0	0
3	G	1	0	0	1	0
3	H	1	0	0	0	0
3	I	2	0	0	0	0
3	L	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	28159	0	28311	1118	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

The worst 5 of 1118 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:316:ILE:H	1:C:316:ILE:CD1	1.53	1.20
1:J:316:ILE:H	1:J:316:ILE:CD1	1.54	1.19
1:I:316:ILE:CD1	1:I:316:ILE:H	1.49	1.18
1:B:316:ILE:CD1	1:B:316:ILE:H	1.56	1.17
1:B:300:MET:HE2	1:B:303:ARG:HE	1.10	1.16

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:293:GLU:OE2	1:F:156:GLN:NE2[4_555]	2.07	0.13

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	280/324 (86%)	250 (89%)	25 (9%)	5 (2%)	8	29
1	B	284/324 (88%)	251 (88%)	26 (9%)	7 (2%)	5	21
1	C	273/324 (84%)	239 (88%)	27 (10%)	7 (3%)	5	20
1	D	261/324 (81%)	224 (86%)	27 (10%)	10 (4%)	3	13
1	E	281/324 (87%)	245 (87%)	22 (8%)	14 (5%)	2	7
1	F	287/324 (89%)	248 (86%)	30 (10%)	9 (3%)	4	16
1	G	268/324 (83%)	221 (82%)	32 (12%)	15 (6%)	2	5
1	H	282/324 (87%)	242 (86%)	26 (9%)	14 (5%)	2	7
1	I	289/324 (89%)	245 (85%)	39 (14%)	5 (2%)	9	31
1	J	280/324 (86%)	234 (84%)	29 (10%)	17 (6%)	1	4
1	K	274/324 (85%)	214 (78%)	42 (15%)	18 (7%)	1	3
1	L	285/324 (88%)	251 (88%)	27 (10%)	7 (2%)	5	21
All	All	3344/3888 (86%)	2864 (86%)	352 (10%)	128 (4%)	3	13

5 of 128 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	239	LYS
1	A	272	SER
1	B	272	SER
1	C	47	HIS
1	D	67	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	260/293 (89%)	235 (90%)	25 (10%)	8	25
1	B	262/293 (89%)	221 (84%)	41 (16%)	2	8
1	C	256/293 (87%)	215 (84%)	41 (16%)	2	7
1	D	243/293 (83%)	211 (87%)	32 (13%)	4	12
1	E	259/293 (88%)	233 (90%)	26 (10%)	7	23
1	F	264/293 (90%)	231 (88%)	33 (12%)	4	14
1	G	251/293 (86%)	217 (86%)	34 (14%)	4	11
1	H	261/293 (89%)	227 (87%)	34 (13%)	4	12
1	I	265/293 (90%)	227 (86%)	38 (14%)	3	10
1	J	260/293 (89%)	227 (87%)	33 (13%)	4	13
1	K	253/293 (86%)	221 (87%)	32 (13%)	4	13
1	L	263/293 (90%)	234 (89%)	29 (11%)	6	19
All	All	3097/3516 (88%)	2699 (87%)	398 (13%)	4	13

5 of 398 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	342	LEU
1	I	198	ARG
1	H	72	LEU
1	H	316	ILE
1	I	344	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 82 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	266	ASN
1	K	113	GLN
1	H	327	GLN
1	J	75	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	42	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

11 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	MK2	E	500	-	25,30,30	1.41	3 (12%)	26,43,43	2.91	10 (38%)
2	MK2	C	500	-	25,30,30	1.36	3 (12%)	26,43,43	2.62	10 (38%)
2	MK2	I	500	-	25,30,30	1.40	3 (12%)	26,43,43	2.70	12 (46%)
2	MK2	D	500	-	25,30,30	1.37	3 (12%)	26,43,43	2.61	9 (34%)
2	MK2	B	500	-	25,30,30	1.45	5 (20%)	26,43,43	2.56	12 (46%)
2	MK2	F	500	-	25,30,30	1.41	4 (16%)	26,43,43	2.67	11 (42%)
2	MK2	J	500	-	25,30,30	1.35	3 (12%)	26,43,43	2.86	10 (38%)
2	MK2	A	500	-	25,30,30	1.31	2 (8%)	26,43,43	2.85	10 (38%)
2	MK2	K	500	-	25,30,30	1.32	3 (12%)	26,43,43	2.66	9 (34%)
2	MK2	L	500	-	25,30,30	1.42	4 (16%)	26,43,43	3.19	10 (38%)
2	MK2	H	500	-	25,30,30	1.28	3 (12%)	26,43,43	3.13	12 (46%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MK2	E	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	C	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	I	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	D	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	B	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	F	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	J	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	A	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	K	500	-	-	2/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	L	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5
2	MK2	H	500	-	-	0/4/8/8	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 36 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	500	MK2	C19-N20	3.77	1.41	1.33
2	L	500	MK2	C19-N20	3.72	1.41	1.33
2	I	500	MK2	C16-C18	-3.68	1.38	1.45
2	E	500	MK2	C16-C18	-3.65	1.38	1.45
2	B	500	MK2	C19-N20	3.61	1.41	1.33

The worst 5 of 115 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	L	500	MK2	C9-C16-C18	-8.50	112.05	118.88
2	L	500	MK2	C14-C8-C15	-8.25	108.93	120.30
2	H	500	MK2	C14-C8-C15	-8.01	109.25	120.30
2	H	500	MK2	C9-C16-C18	-7.76	112.64	118.88
2	E	500	MK2	C14-C8-C15	-7.54	109.89	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

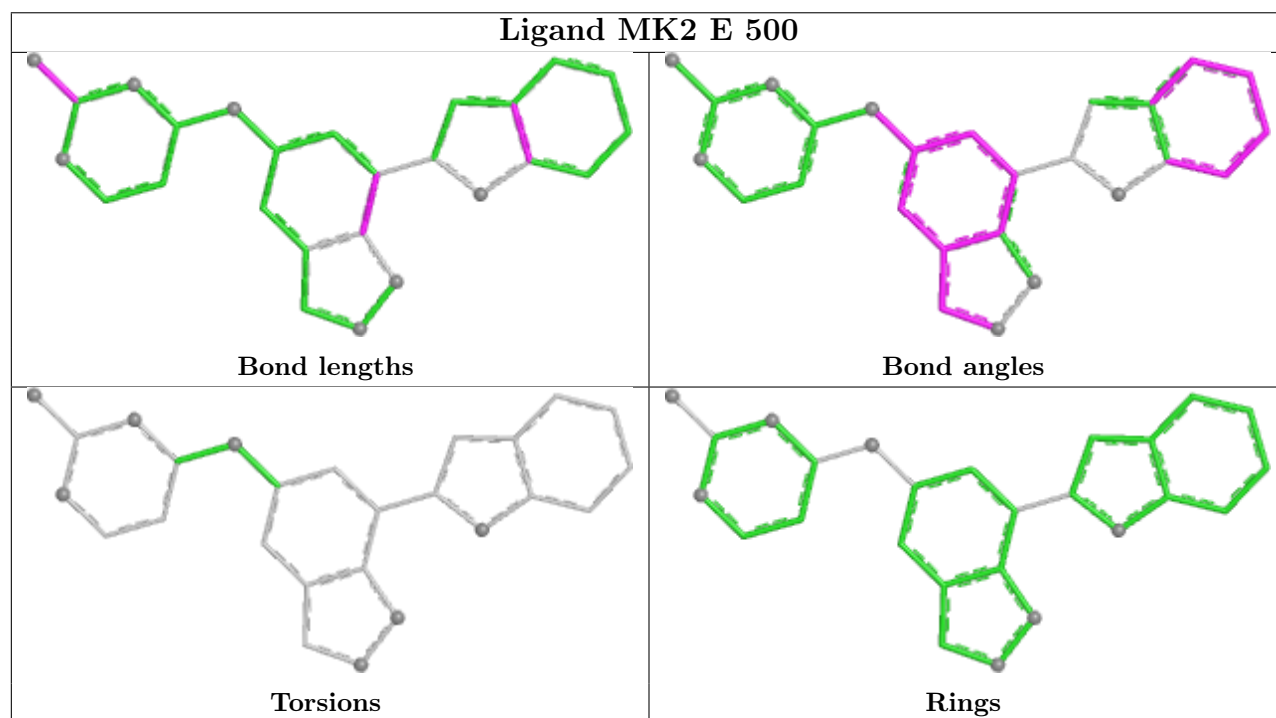
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	K	500	MK2	N24-C13-N25-C14
2	K	500	MK2	C5-C13-N25-C14

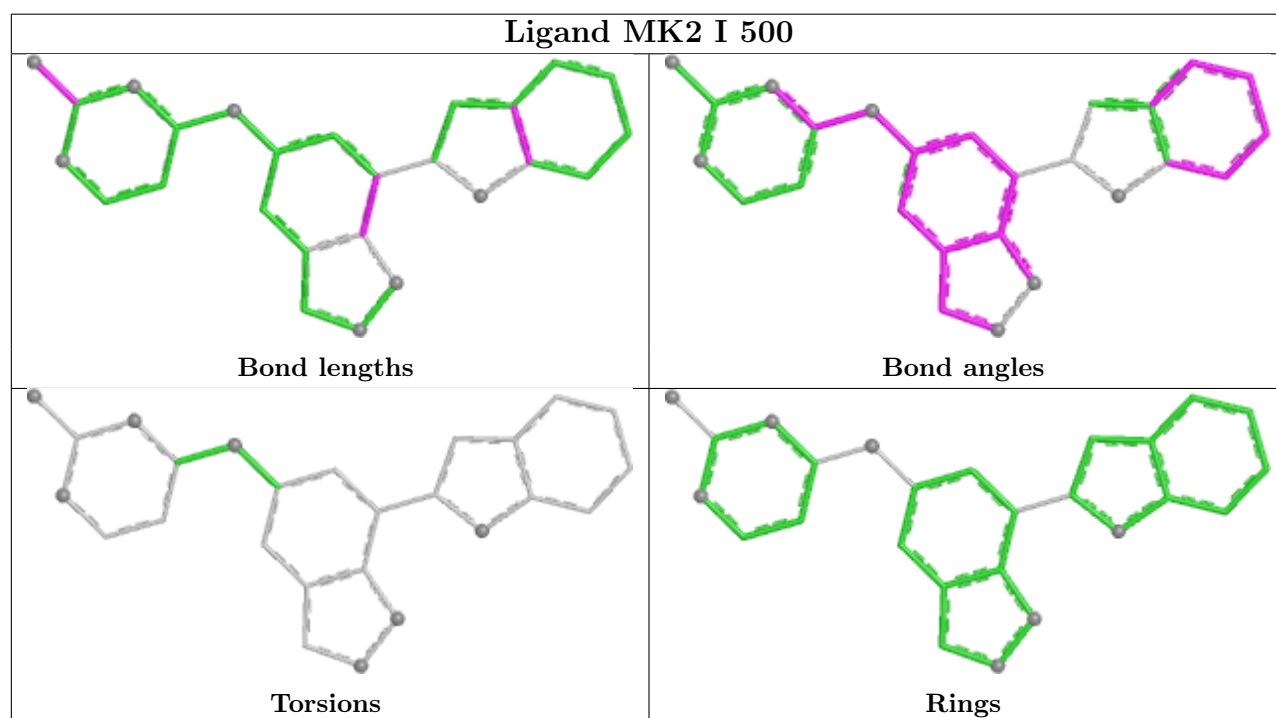
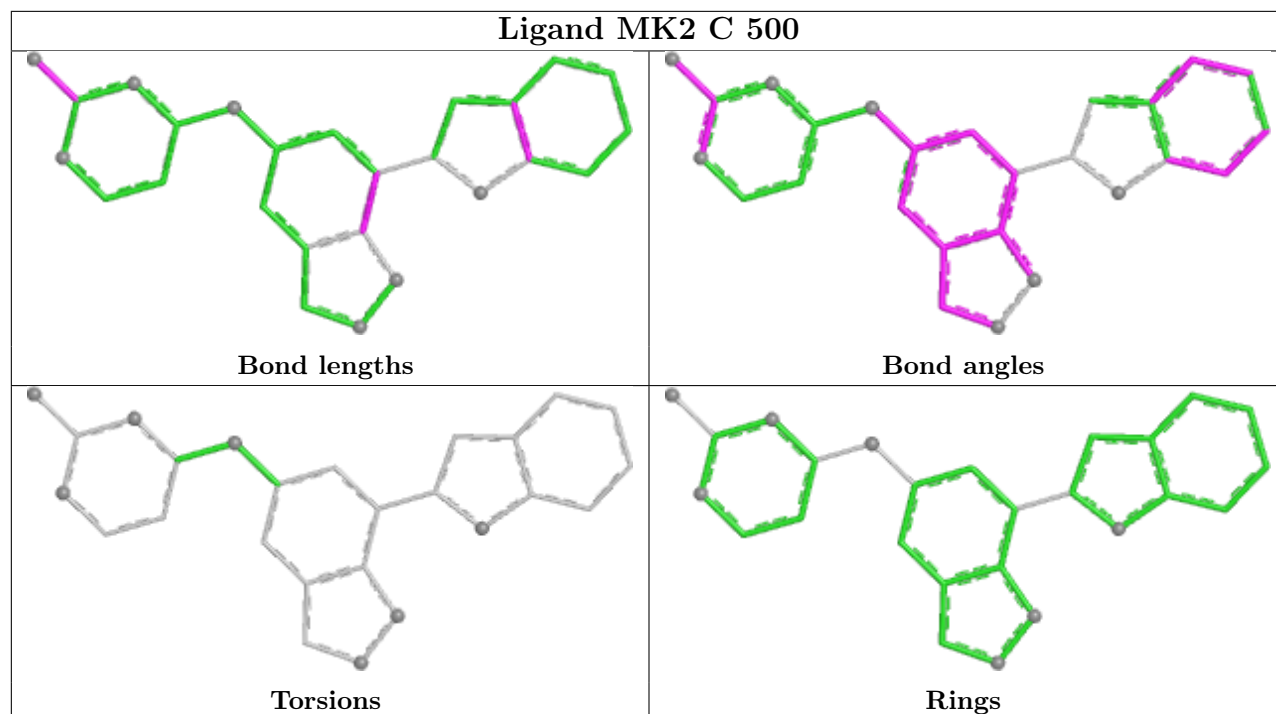
There are no ring outliers.

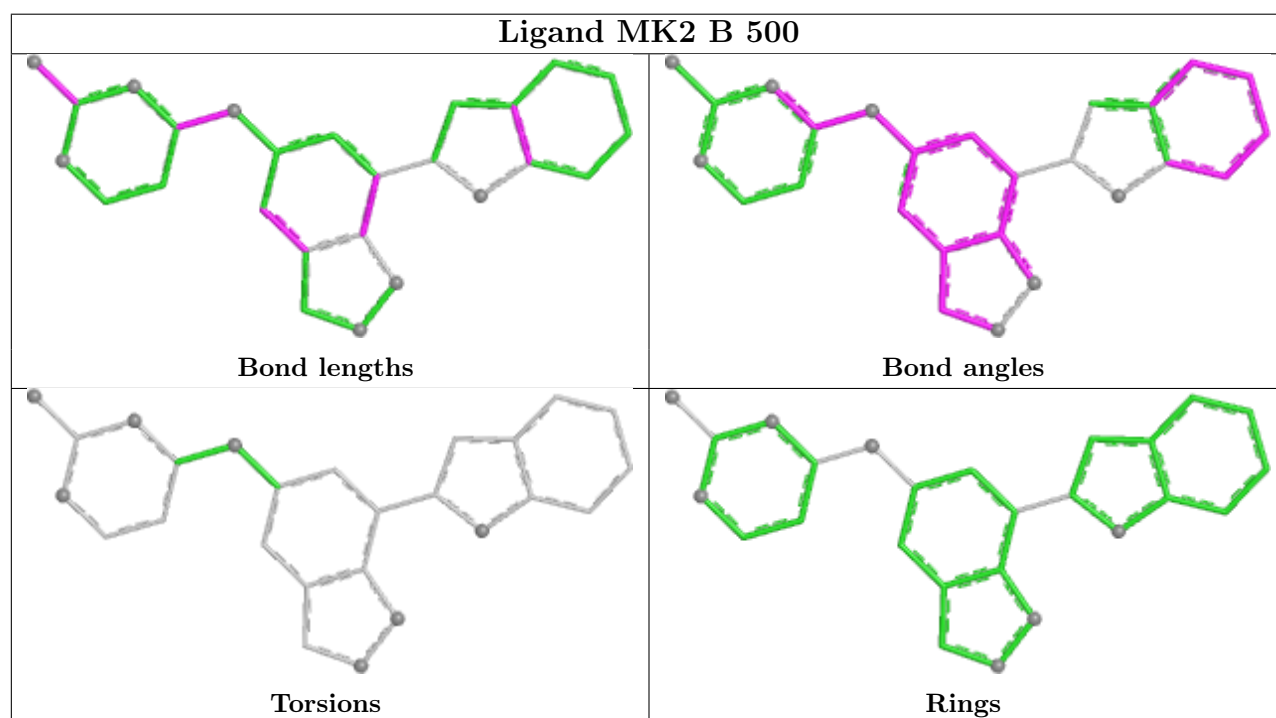
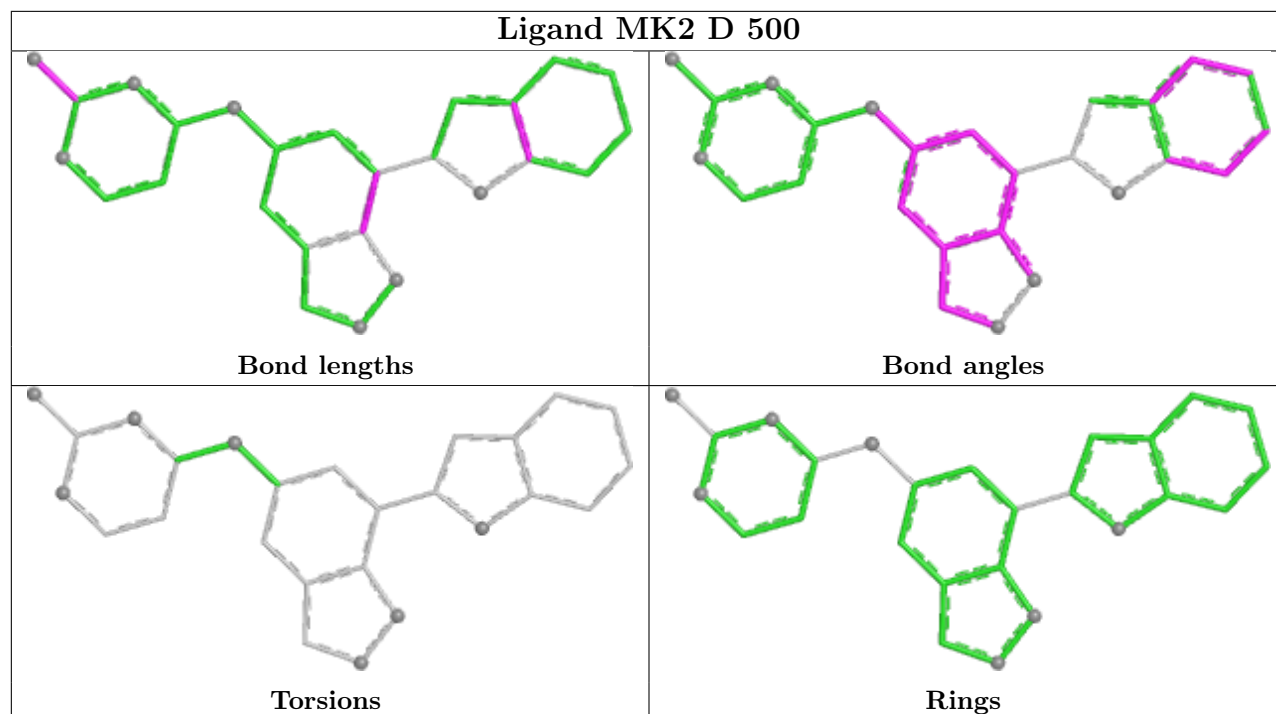
11 monomers are involved in 25 short contacts:

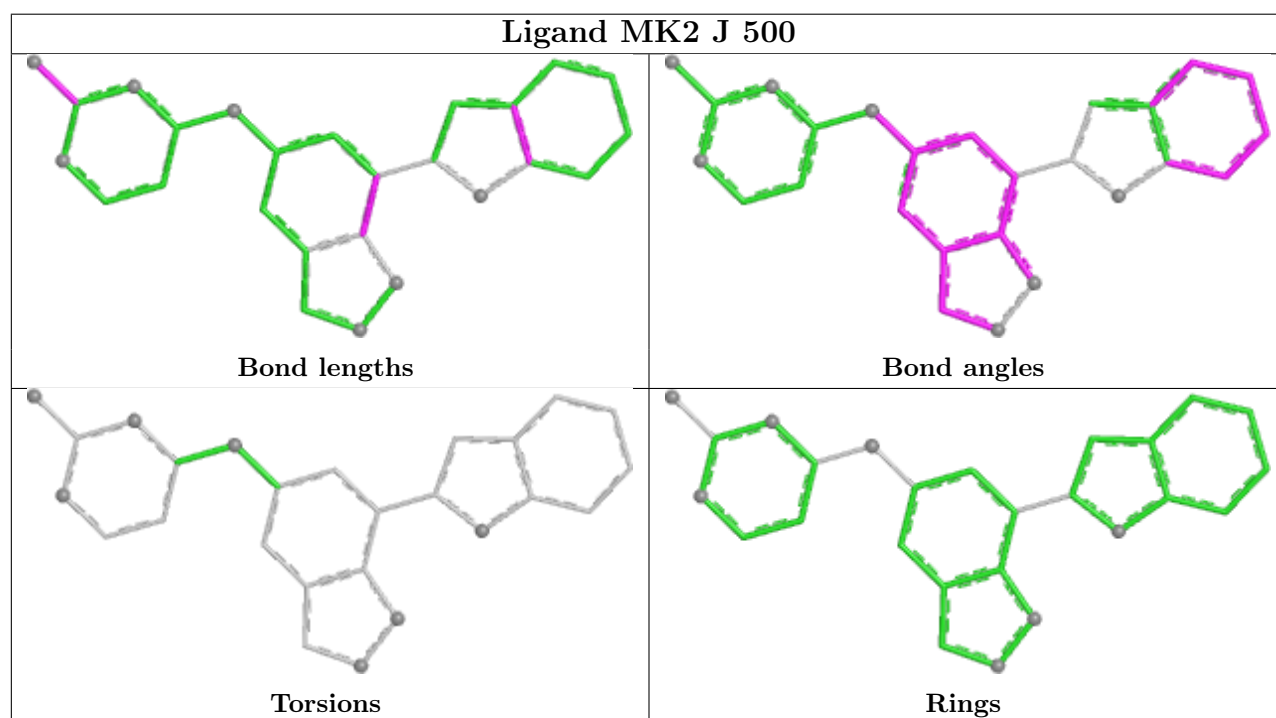
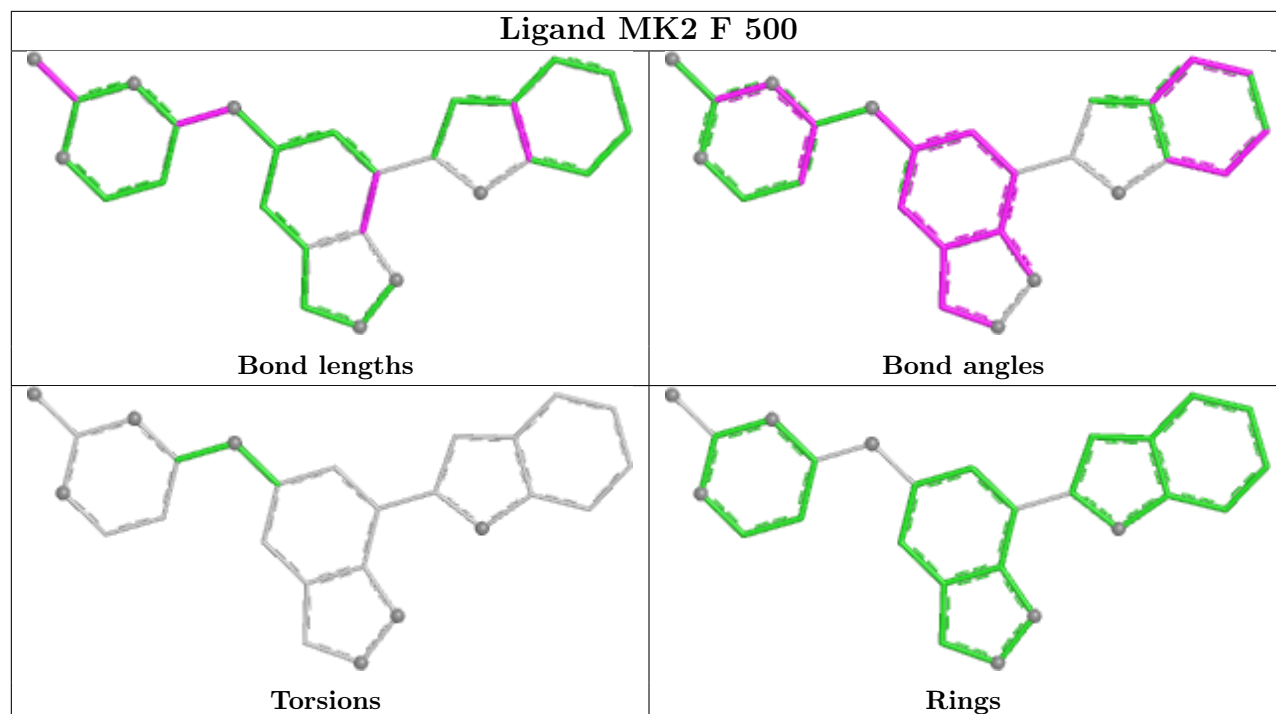
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	E	500	MK2	3	0
2	C	500	MK2	1	0
2	I	500	MK2	2	0
2	D	500	MK2	3	0
2	B	500	MK2	2	0
2	F	500	MK2	2	0
2	J	500	MK2	3	0
2	A	500	MK2	1	0
2	K	500	MK2	3	0
2	L	500	MK2	2	0
2	H	500	MK2	3	0

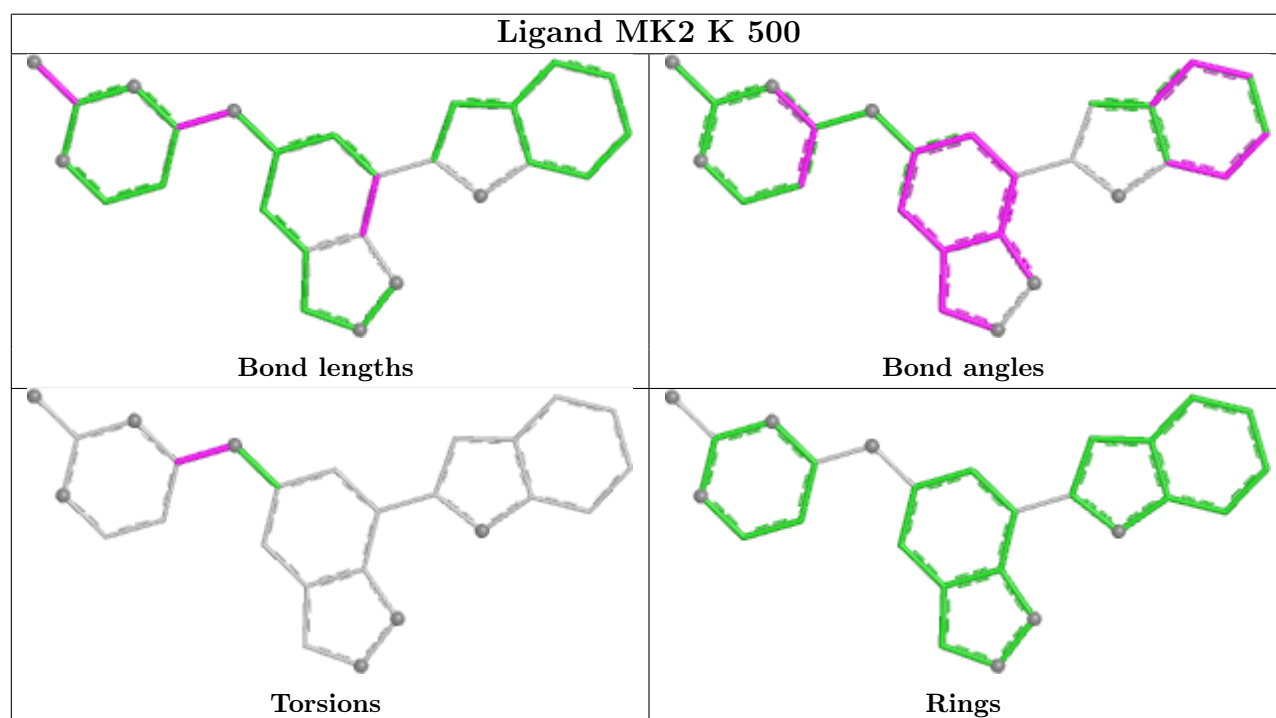
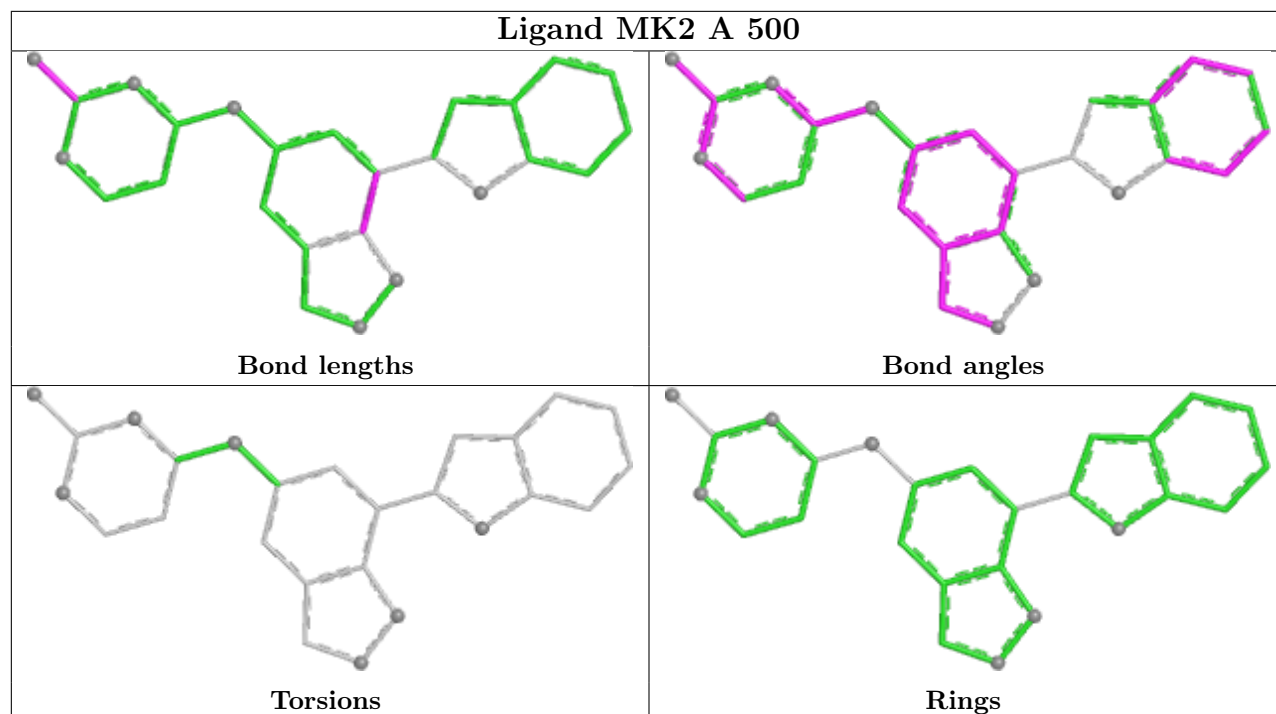
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

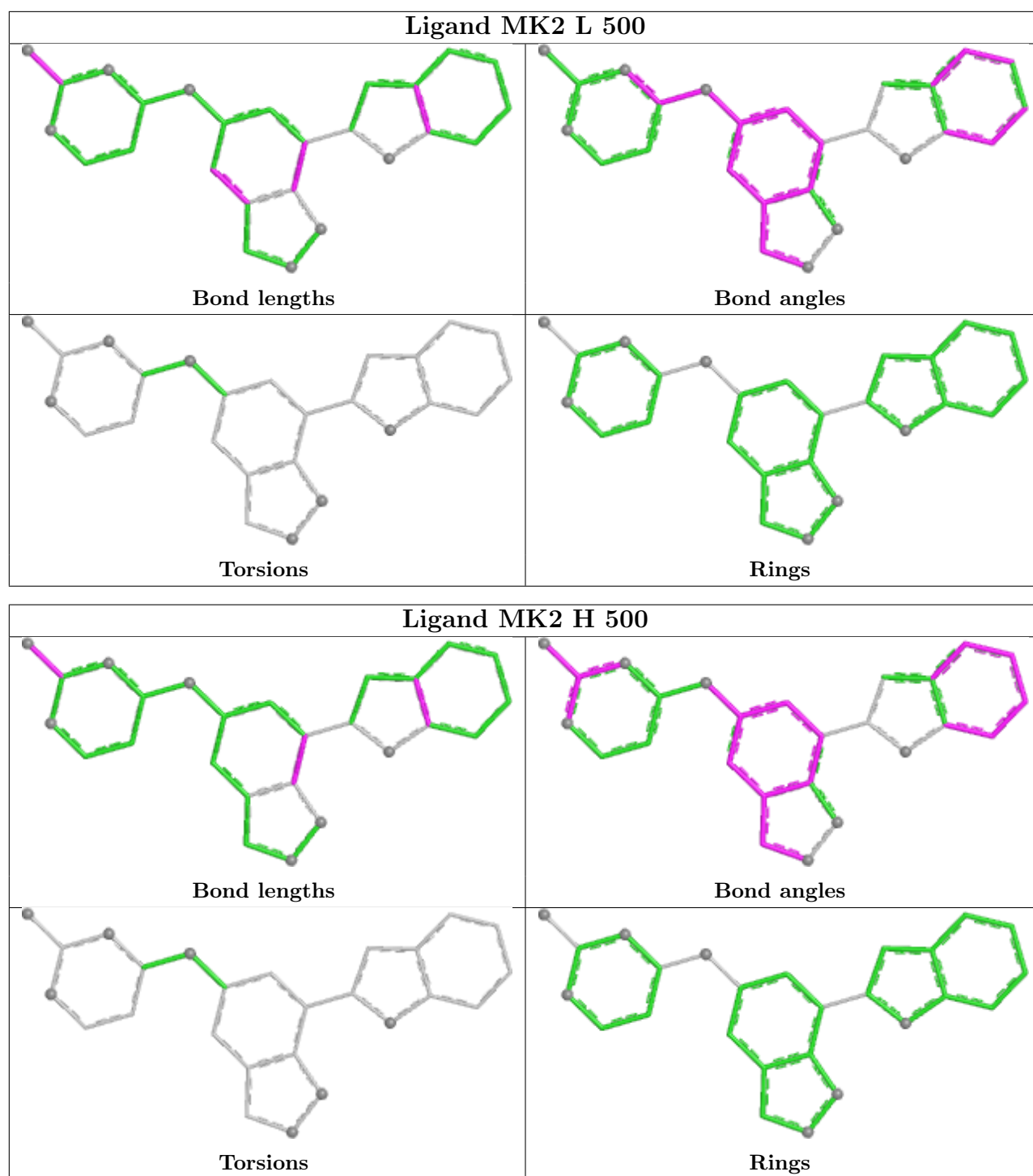












5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	288/324 (88%)	0.15	9 (3%) 49 44	32, 48, 86, 115	0
1	B	290/324 (89%)	0.11	5 (1%) 70 69	33, 51, 85, 104	0
1	C	281/324 (86%)	0.31	20 (7%) 16 12	42, 62, 93, 121	0
1	D	269/324 (83%)	0.69	33 (12%) 4 3	48, 77, 108, 114	0
1	E	287/324 (88%)	0.16	8 (2%) 53 49	38, 52, 86, 100	0
1	F	293/324 (90%)	0.15	10 (3%) 45 40	36, 52, 88, 98	0
1	G	276/324 (85%)	0.77	42 (15%) 2 1	52, 87, 113, 122	0
1	H	290/324 (89%)	0.15	16 (5%) 25 21	36, 55, 92, 128	0
1	I	295/324 (91%)	0.25	15 (5%) 28 24	35, 59, 99, 121	0
1	J	288/324 (88%)	0.41	20 (6%) 16 13	44, 69, 98, 116	0
1	K	280/324 (86%)	0.87	48 (17%) 1 1	61, 85, 113, 121	0
1	L	291/324 (89%)	0.29	13 (4%) 33 29	43, 64, 99, 122	0
All	All	3428/3888 (88%)	0.35	239 (6%) 16 12	32, 63, 104, 128	0

The worst 5 of 239 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	74	ILE	10.7
1	C	75	ASN	7.2
1	J	217	HIS	7.0
1	A	74	ILE	6.8
1	K	294	VAL	6.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

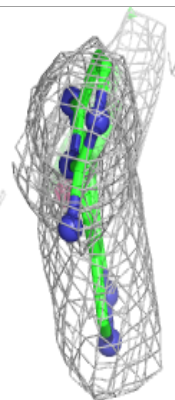
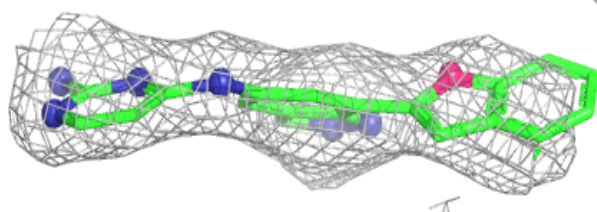
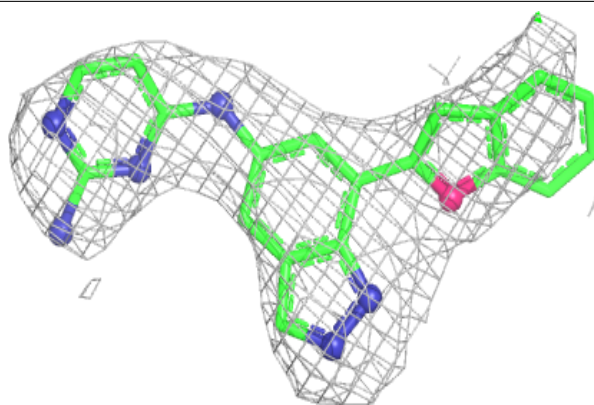
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	MK2	K	500	26/26	0.89	0.30	89,100,111,111	0
2	MK2	J	500	26/26	0.92	0.28	76,83,95,96	0
2	MK2	I	500	26/26	0.93	0.29	73,75,79,80	0
2	MK2	H	500	26/26	0.94	0.25	58,64,75,76	0
2	MK2	L	500	26/26	0.94	0.20	67,72,75,75	0
2	MK2	D	500	26/26	0.95	0.28	77,81,87,87	0
2	MK2	F	500	26/26	0.96	0.23	49,54,58,60	0
2	MK2	C	500	26/26	0.96	0.26	50,57,67,68	0
2	MK2	E	500	26/26	0.96	0.26	49,52,61,61	0
2	MK2	A	500	26/26	0.97	0.18	32,46,56,58	0
2	MK2	B	500	26/26	0.98	0.15	47,51,58,58	0

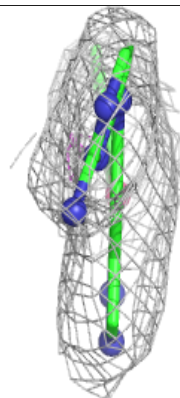
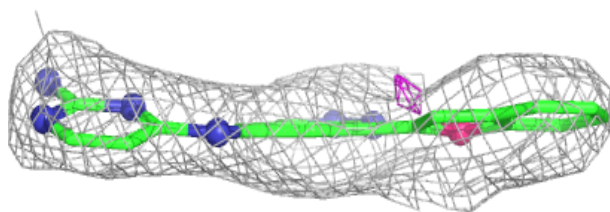
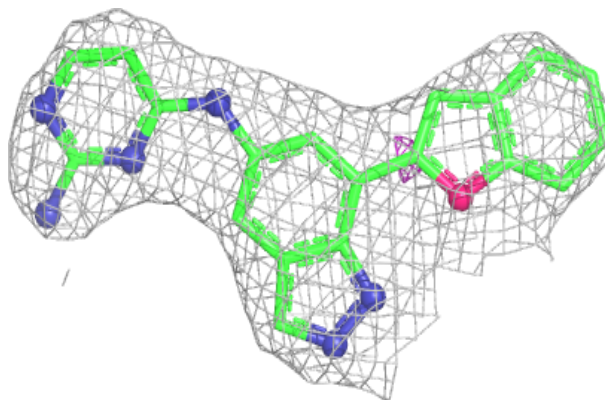
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around MK2 K 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

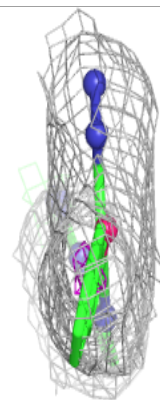
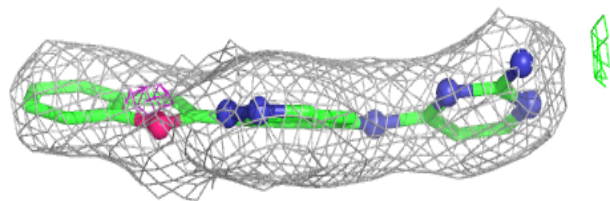
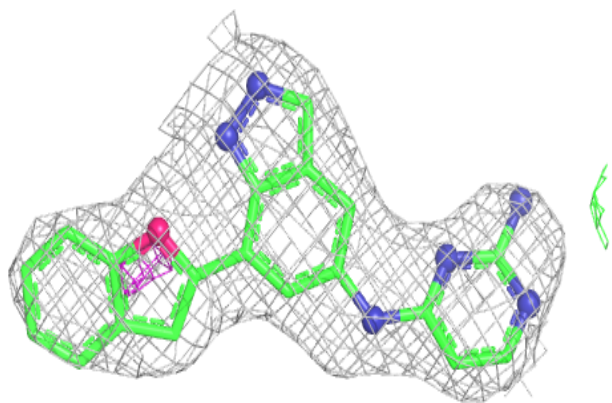
**Electron density around MK2 J 500:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

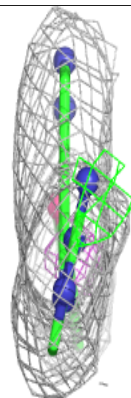
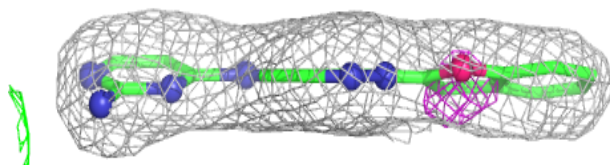
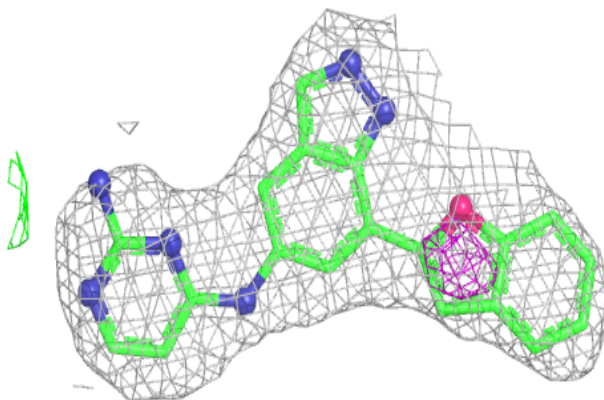


Electron density around MK2 I 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

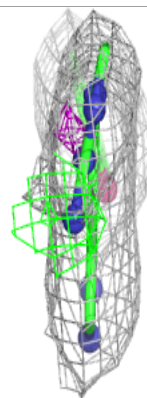
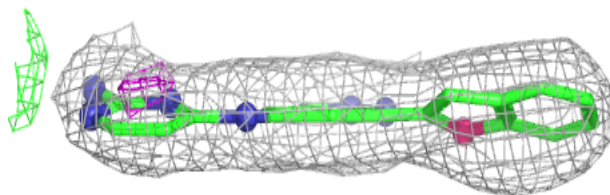
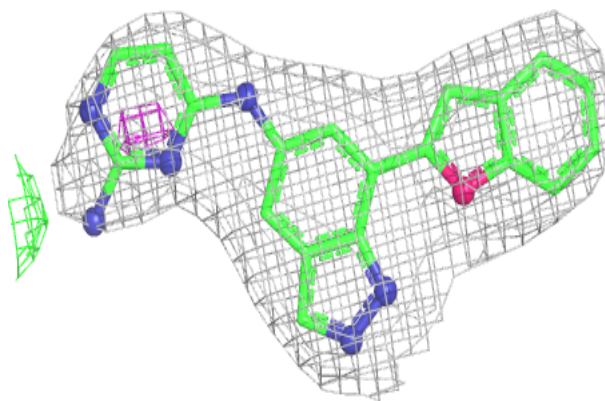
**Electron density around MK2 H 500:**

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 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

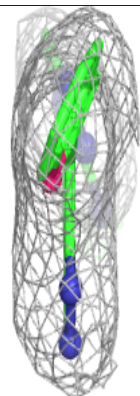
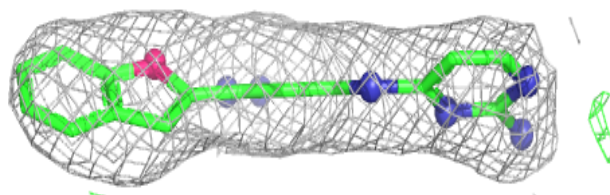
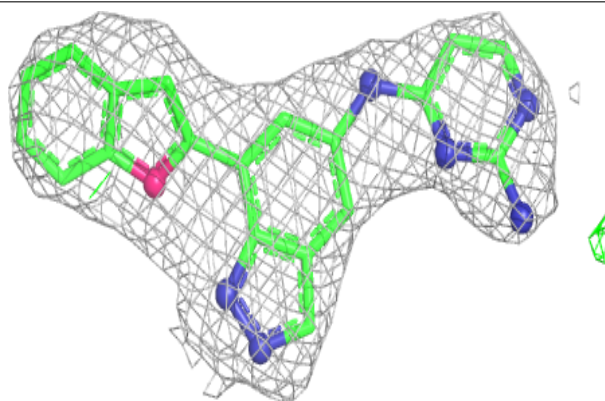


Electron density around MK2 L 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

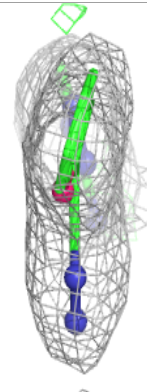
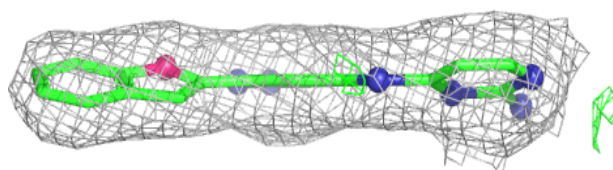
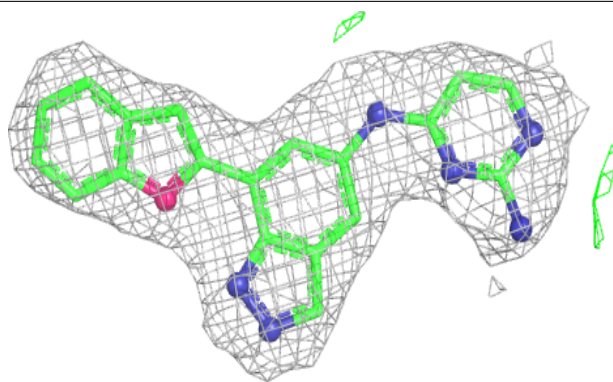
**Electron density around MK2 D 500:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

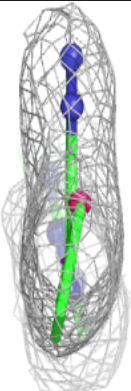
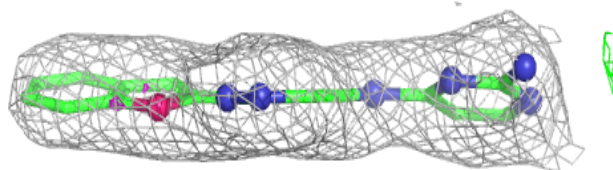
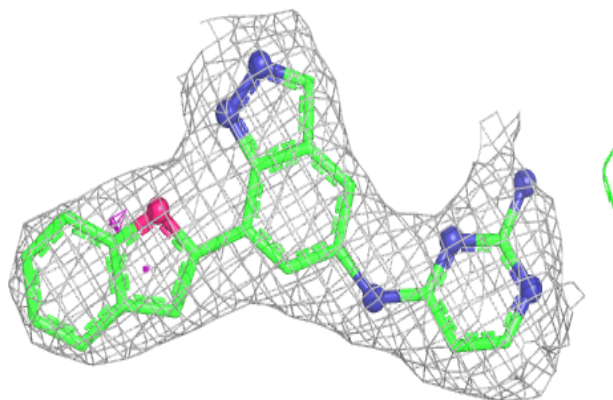


Electron density around MK2 F 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

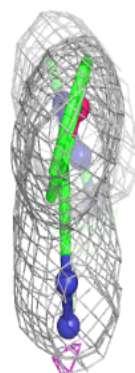
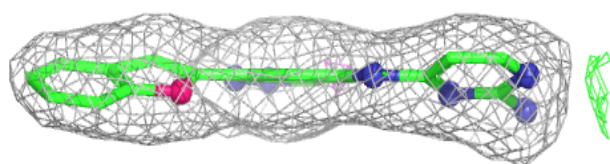
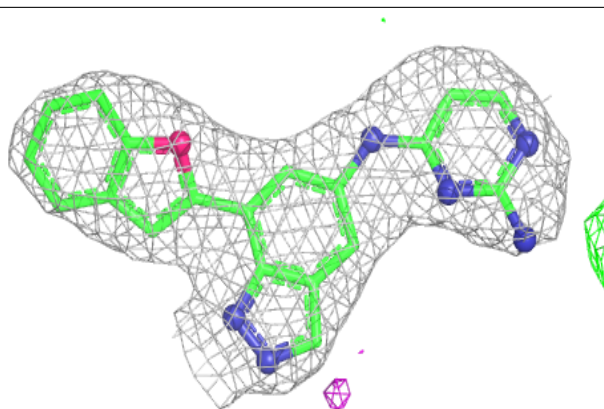
**Electron density around MK2 C 500:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

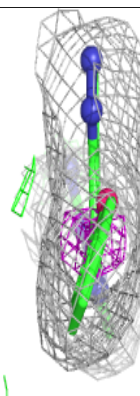
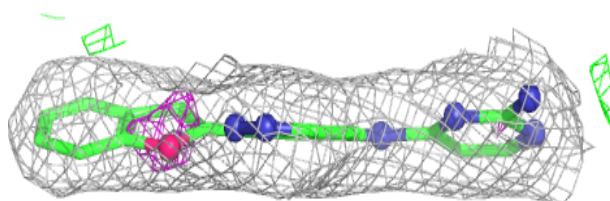
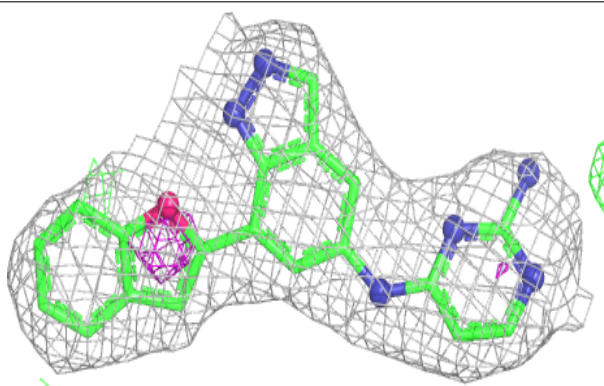


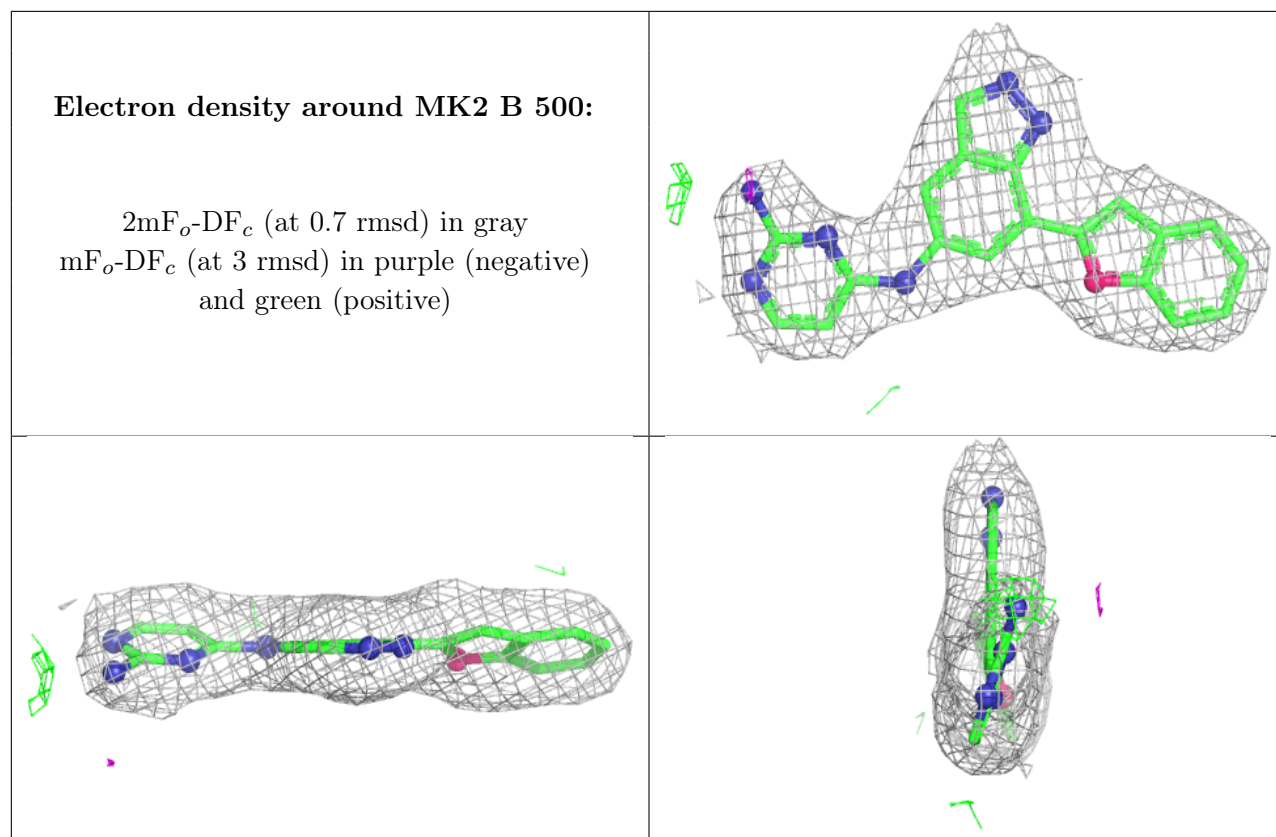
Electron density around MK2 E 500:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around MK2 A 500:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.