



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 2, 2024 – 09:41 AM EST

PDB ID : 1HPL
Title : HORSE PANCREATIC LIPASE. THE CRYSTAL STRUCTURE AT 2.3
ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION
Authors : Bourne, Y.; Cambillau, C.
Deposited on : 1993-01-27
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.21
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.004 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

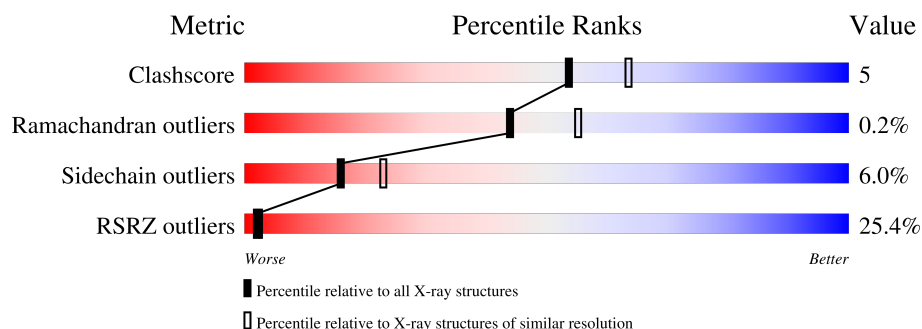
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	6698 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6640 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6640 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	164620	5963 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	449	<div> <div>14%</div> <div>83%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
1	B	449	<div> <div>37%</div> <div>78%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>..</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7709 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called LIPASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	449	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3501	2205	601	676	19			
1	B	449	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3501	2205	601	676	19			

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

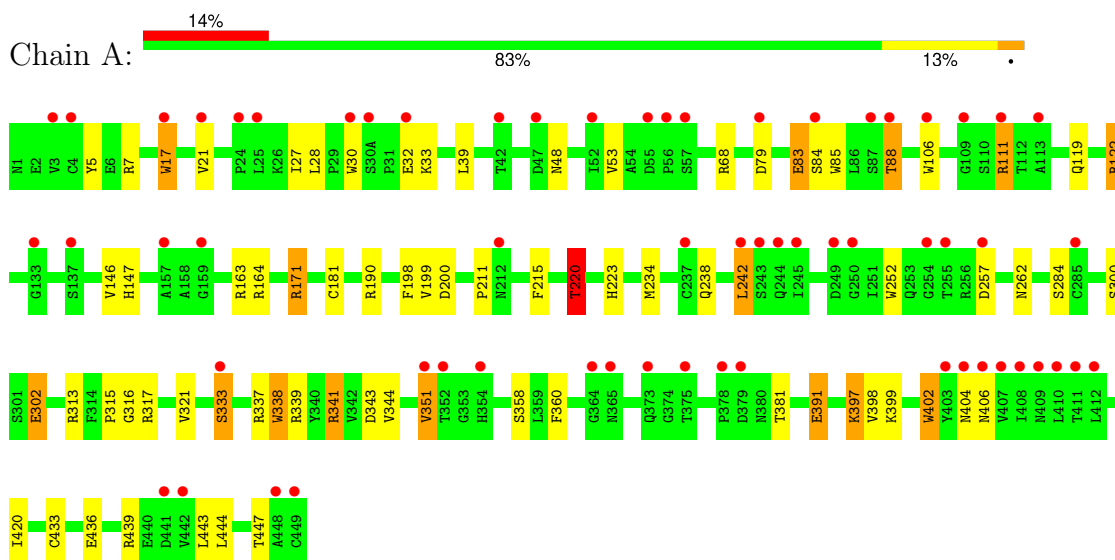
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	397	Total	O	0	0
			397	397		
3	B	308	Total	O	0	0
			308	308		

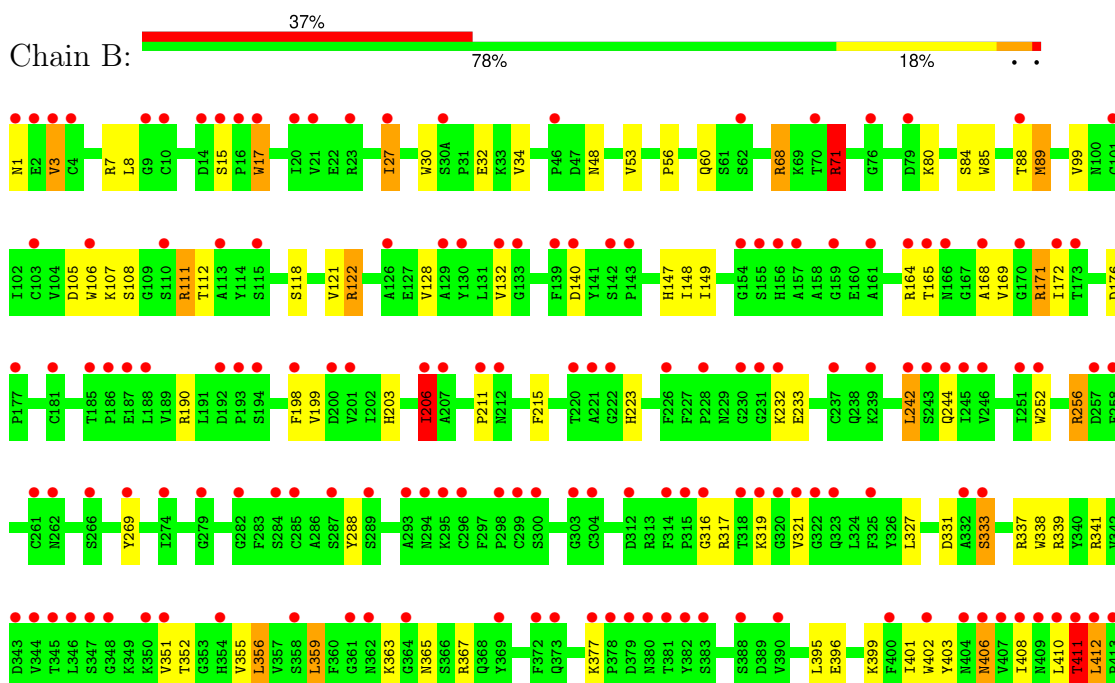
3 Residue-property plots

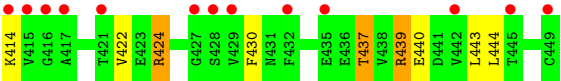
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: LIPASE



• Molecule 1: LIPASE





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	79.80Å 97.20Å 145.30Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.30 6.00 – 2.31	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (6.00-2.30) 81.3 (6.00-2.31)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.159 , (Not available) 0.331 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.244	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 102.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ¹	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.81	EDS
Total number of atoms	7709	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 30.58 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.2770e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.83	1/3587 (0.0%)	1.60	52/4867 (1.1%)
1	B	0.83	0/3587	1.71	67/4867 (1.4%)
All	All	0.83	1/7174 (0.0%)	1.65	119/9734 (1.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2
1	B	0	3
All	All	0	5

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	146	VAL	CA-CB	5.60	1.66	1.54

The worst 5 of 119 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	333	SER	O-C-N	-21.47	88.34	122.70
1	A	333	SER	O-C-N	-19.70	91.19	122.70
1	B	122	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	19.23	129.91	120.30
1	A	339	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-17.82	111.39	120.30
1	B	171	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	17.45	129.03	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	333	SER	Peptide,Mainchain
1	B	333	SER	Peptide,Mainchain
1	B	71	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3501	0	3334	32	2
1	B	3501	0	3334	39	2
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	397	0	0	7	1
3	B	308	0	0	1	2
All	All	7709	0	6668	66	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 66 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:165:THR:HG21	1:B:169:VAL:HG23	1.57	0.85
1:B:395:LEU:HD22	1:B:422:VAL:HG11	1.63	0.78
1:A:443:LEU:H	1:B:48:ASN:HD21	1.32	0.77
1:A:111:ARG:HH21	1:B:408:ILE:HG23	1.56	0.70
1:B:399:LYS:HD3	1:B:443:LEU:HD13	1.74	0.68

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1:ASN:OD1	3:A:1307:HOH:O[2_565]	1.68	0.52
1:A:302:GLU:OE2	3:B:1043:HOH:O[2_564]	1.97	0.23
1:B:256:ARG:NH2	1:B:396:GLU:OE2[3_655]	2.12	0.08
1:A:302:GLU:CD	3:B:1043:HOH:O[2_564]	2.18	0.02

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	447/449 (100%)	431 (96%)	16 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	447/449 (100%)	430 (96%)	15 (3%)	2 (0%)	30	39
All	All	894/898 (100%)	861 (96%)	31 (4%)	2 (0%)	44	55

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	410	LEU
1	B	411	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	385/385 (100%)	364 (94%)	21 (6%)	18	26
1	B	385/385 (100%)	360 (94%)	25 (6%)	14	20
All	All	770/770 (100%)	724 (94%)	46 (6%)	16	23

5 of 46 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	111	ARG
1	B	244	GLN
1	B	112	THR
1	B	211	PRO

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	355	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	328	ASN
1	B	223	HIS
1	A	404	ASN
1	A	328	ASN
1	B	48	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

Warning: The R factor obtained from EDS is 0.331, which does not match the depositor's R factor of 0.159. Please interpret the results in this section carefully.

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	449/449 (100%)	1.11	62 (13%) 8 8	3, 16, 38, 49	0
1	B	449/449 (100%)	1.79	166 (36%) 1 1	3, 16, 38, 57	0
All	All	898/898 (100%)	1.45	228 (25%) 2 2	3, 16, 38, 57	0

The worst 5 of 228 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	378	PRO	5.5
1	B	411	THR	5.2
1	A	412	LEU	4.9
1	B	409	ASN	4.8
1	B	351	VAL	4.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	CA	B	970	1/1	0.66	0.12	21,21,21,21	0
2	CA	A	960	1/1	0.67	0.08	15,15,15,15	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.