



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2025 – 06:13 am GMT

PDB ID : 9ERL
EMDB ID : EMD-19920
Title : Cryo-EM structure of sodium pumping Rnf complex from *Acetobacterium woodii* in apo state
Authors : Kumar, A.; Schuller, J.M.
Deposited on : 2024-03-23
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : **FAILED**
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : **FAILED**
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.41

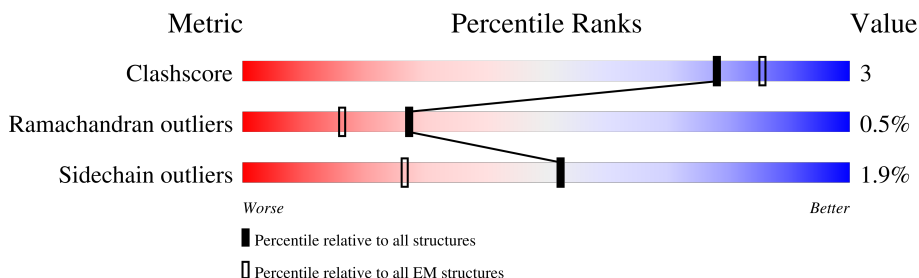
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	191	92% 7% .
2	B	333	87% 12% .
3	C	443	95% . .
4	D	318	95% 5%
5	E	196	93% 6% .
6	G	207	86% 14%

2 Entry composition

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12663 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	191	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1433	959	218	247	9		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	333	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2394	1490	406	453	45		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	443	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3287	2069	567	620	31		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit D.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	318	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2374	1566	379	415	14		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	E	196	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1439	954	230	243	12		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase com-

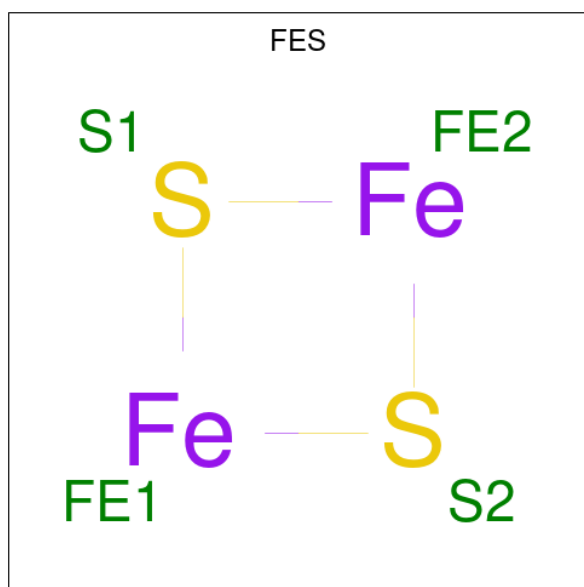
plex subunit G.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	G	207	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1531	968	247	311	5		

- Molecule 7 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
7	A	2	Total	Na	0
			2	2	
7	E	1	Total	Na	0
			1	1	

- Molecule 8 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (three-letter code: FES) (formula: Fe₂S₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



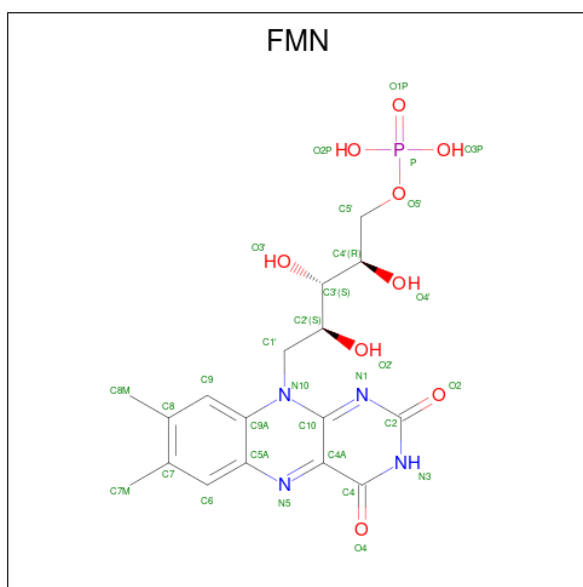
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
8	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			4	2	2	

- Molecule 9 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe₄S₄) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



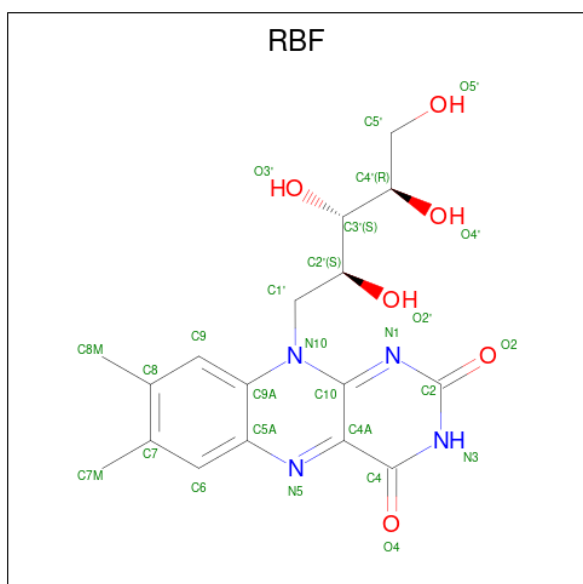
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	B	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	C	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	
9	C	1	Total	Fe	S	0
			8	4	4	

- Molecule 10 is FLAVIN MONONUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FMN) (formula: C₁₇H₂₁N₄O₉P) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
10	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	17	4	9	1	
10	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			30	17	4	8	1	
10	G	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			30	17	4	8	1	

- Molecule 11 is RIBOFLAVIN (three-letter code: RBF) (formula: $C_{17}H_{20}N_4O_6$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



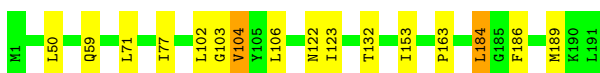
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
11	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			27	17	4	6	

3 Residue-property plots


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

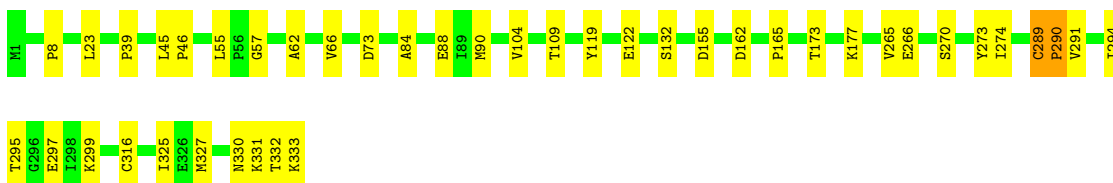
- Molecule 1: Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit A

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit B

Chain B: 



- Molecule 3: Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit C

Chain C: 



- Molecule 4: Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit D

Chain D: 

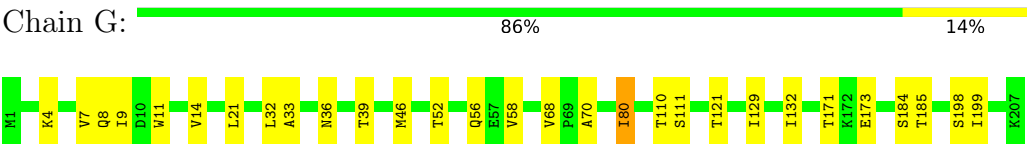


- Molecule 5: Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit E

Chain E: 



- Molecule 6: Na(+)-translocating ferredoxin:NAD(+) oxidoreductase complex subunit G



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	251476	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: RBF, NA, SF4, FMN, FES

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.28	0/1458	0.49	0/1984
2	B	0.26	0/2429	0.56	1/3281 (0.0%)
3	C	0.25	0/3346	0.52	1/4530 (0.0%)
4	D	0.26	0/2427	0.46	0/3315
5	E	0.26	0/1464	0.47	0/1989
6	G	0.26	0/1548	0.46	0/2098
All	All	0.26	0/12672	0.50	2/17197 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	2
5	E	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	155	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.92	126.33	118.30
3	C	123	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.56	125.10	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	289	CYS	Peptide
2	B	45	LEU	Peptide
5	E	9	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1433	0	1534	9	0
2	B	2394	0	2385	21	0
3	C	3287	0	3365	14	0
4	D	2374	0	2502	9	0
5	E	1439	0	1554	8	0
6	G	1531	0	1575	12	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	E	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	4	0	0	0	0
9	B	64	0	0	1	0
9	C	16	0	0	0	0
10	C	31	0	19	1	0
10	D	30	0	19	0	0
10	G	30	0	19	0	0
11	D	27	0	20	1	0
All	All	12663	0	12992	68	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (68) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:316:CYS:HB3	9:B:407:SF4:S3	2.10	0.90
2:B:84:ALA:O	2:B:88:GLU:HB2	1.76	0.86
5:E:88:ALA:HB2	6:G:39:THR:HG23	1.72	0.69
2:B:274:ILE:HG12	2:B:325:ILE:HG12	1.76	0.67
2:B:294:ILE:O	2:B:299:LYS:NZ	2.28	0.67
2:B:39:PRO:HB3	2:B:62:ALA:HB1	1.78	0.66

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:G:68:VAL:HG23	6:G:70:ALA:H	1.60	0.64
4:D:185:CYS:HB2	4:D:188:GLU:HG2	1.80	0.61
3:C:407:ASP:OD1	3:C:407:ASP:N	2.35	0.60
2:B:270:SER:OG	2:B:327:MET:SD	2.61	0.59
6:G:110:THR:HG22	6:G:111:SER:H	1.66	0.58
3:C:268:ASN:ND2	10:C:503:FMN:O2	2.36	0.58
2:B:104:VAL:HG21	2:B:165:PRO:HG2	1.85	0.58
3:C:212:ASP:N	3:C:212:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.57
2:B:109:THR:HB	2:B:162:ASP:HB2	1.86	0.57
6:G:11:TRP:O	6:G:14:VAL:HB	2.07	0.55
2:B:289:CYS:O	2:B:291:VAL:N	2.39	0.55
2:B:273:TYR:HE2	2:B:330:ASN:HD21	1.55	0.54
6:G:121:THR:HG23	6:G:132:ILE:HG22	1.90	0.53
2:B:332:THR:HG22	2:B:333:LYS:HD3	1.89	0.53
2:B:173:THR:O	2:B:173:THR:OG1	2.27	0.53
1:A:153:ILE:HD11	4:D:293:VAL:HG13	1.91	0.53
4:D:95:PRO:HD2	4:D:98:ILE:HD12	1.90	0.52
3:C:293:THR:HA	3:C:300:PRO:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:A:102:LEU:HD12	1:A:106:LEU:HB2	1.90	0.52
2:B:266:GLU:HG2	2:B:331:LYS:HB2	1.92	0.50
3:C:208:ASP:OD1	3:C:234:THR:OG1	2.29	0.50
5:E:6:ASN:OD1	5:E:9:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.49
1:A:71:LEU:HD11	2:B:8:PRO:HB3	1.96	0.48
6:G:171:THR:HG22	6:G:173:GLU:H	1.79	0.47
6:G:7:VAL:O	6:G:9:ILE:N	2.48	0.47
2:B:73:ASP:OD1	2:B:73:ASP:N	2.43	0.46
5:E:11:ILE:HG23	5:E:136:GLY:HA2	1.97	0.46
4:D:78:SER:OG	11:D:402:RBF:O2'	2.33	0.46
5:E:59:ARG:HH21	5:E:122:GLY:HA2	1.79	0.46
3:C:8:PHE:HZ	3:C:237:PRO:HD2	1.81	0.46
6:G:33:ALA:O	6:G:36:ASN:HB3	2.16	0.45
3:C:159:ASP:OD1	3:C:159:ASP:N	2.49	0.45
3:C:362:LYS:HB3	3:C:362:LYS:HE3	1.79	0.45
4:D:131:PHE:HD1	5:E:171:LEU:HD22	1.82	0.45
4:D:305:ARG:HG3	4:D:311:LYS:HE2	1.98	0.44
6:G:21:LEU:HD12	6:G:21:LEU:HA	1.87	0.44
2:B:330:ASN:N	2:B:330:ASN:OD1	2.50	0.44
2:B:55:LEU:O	2:B:57:GLY:N	2.50	0.43
3:C:298:LYS:HB3	3:C:298:LYS:HE2	1.76	0.43
5:E:22:LEU:HD22	5:E:108:CYS:HB3	1.99	0.43
5:E:11:ILE:H	5:E:11:ILE:HD12	1.84	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:305:ILE:HD13	3:C:314:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
6:G:32:LEU:O	6:G:36:ASN:N	2.51	0.42
1:A:77:ILE:HD12	1:A:77:ILE:HA	1.92	0.42
5:E:87:LYS:HG2	5:E:94:ASP:OD1	2.19	0.42
2:B:119:TYR:OH	2:B:122:GLU:O	2.31	0.42
3:C:157:LYS:HB3	3:C:157:LYS:HE3	1.84	0.42
6:G:129:ILE:HD11	6:G:199:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
3:C:399:LYS:HE3	3:C:399:LYS:HB3	1.82	0.42
2:B:177:LYS:HE2	2:B:177:LYS:HB2	1.84	0.41
2:B:297:GLU:O	2:B:299:LYS:N	2.44	0.41
1:A:59:GLN:HG2	1:A:123:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.41
3:C:129:LYS:HE3	3:C:129:LYS:HB3	1.75	0.41
4:D:204:LYS:HE3	4:D:204:LYS:HB3	1.89	0.41
1:A:103:GLY:O	1:A:104:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.41
1:A:122:ASN:HB3	1:A:132:THR:HG22	2.02	0.41
2:B:23:LEU:HD12	2:B:23:LEU:HA	1.90	0.41
3:C:127:ILE:HG21	3:C:196:SER:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:A:184:LEU:HD23	1:A:184:LEU:HA	1.93	0.41
6:G:80:ILE:HD12	6:G:80:ILE:HA	1.90	0.41
4:D:32:LEU:HD23	4:D:32:LEU:HA	1.94	0.40
1:A:189:MET:HG2	4:D:278:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	189/191 (99%)	171 (90%)	16 (8%)	2 (1%)	12	44
2	B	331/333 (99%)	285 (86%)	43 (13%)	3 (1%)	14	49
3	C	441/443 (100%)	418 (95%)	23 (5%)	0	100	100
4	D	316/318 (99%)	306 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
5	E	194/196 (99%)	185 (95%)	8 (4%)	1 (0%)	25 61
6	G	205/207 (99%)	187 (91%)	16 (8%)	2 (1%)	13 46
All	All	1676/1688 (99%)	1552 (93%)	116 (7%)	8 (0%)	27 61

All (8) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	104	VAL
2	B	46	PRO
6	G	8	GLN
6	G	80	ILE
2	B	66	VAL
2	B	290	PRO
1	A	163	PRO
5	E	21	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	153/153 (100%)	150 (98%)	3 (2%)	50 78
2	B	257/257 (100%)	252 (98%)	5 (2%)	52 79
3	C	365/365 (100%)	360 (99%)	5 (1%)	62 83
4	D	252/252 (100%)	248 (98%)	4 (2%)	58 82
5	E	152/152 (100%)	152 (100%)	0	100 100
6	G	168/168 (100%)	160 (95%)	8 (5%)	21 55
All	All	1347/1347 (100%)	1322 (98%)	25 (2%)	52 79

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	LEU
1	A	184	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	186	PHE
2	B	90	MET
2	B	132	SER
2	B	265	VAL
2	B	290	PRO
2	B	295	THR
3	C	123	ASP
3	C	130	MET
3	C	212	ASP
3	C	219	LYS
3	C	407	ASP
4	D	1	MET
4	D	74	VAL
4	D	222	PHE
4	D	313	LYS
6	G	4	LYS
6	G	46	MET
6	G	52	THR
6	G	56	GLN
6	G	58	VAL
6	G	184	SER
6	G	185	THR
6	G	198	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	268	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 18 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 15 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
9	SF4	B	401	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	SF4	B	407	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	SF4	B	408	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	SF4	B	406	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
8	FES	A	203	5,1	0,4,4	-	-	-		
9	SF4	B	403	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	SF4	B	405	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	SF4	C	502	3	0,12,12	-	-	-		
10	FMN	D	401	4	29,32,33	0.59	0	40,47,50	0.68	1 (2%)
9	SF4	B	402	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
10	FMN	G	301	6	29,32,33	0.57	0	40,47,50	0.69	1 (2%)
10	FMN	C	503	-	33,33,33	0.58	0	48,50,50	0.66	1 (2%)
11	RBF	D	402	-	29,29,29	1.00	1 (3%)	41,43,43	0.97	1 (2%)
9	SF4	C	501	3	0,12,12	-	-	-		
9	SF4	B	404	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	SF4	B	401	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
9	SF4	B	407	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
9	SF4	B	408	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
9	SF4	B	406	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
9	SF4	B	403	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
10	FMN	D	401	4	-	1/15/17/18	0/3/3/3
9	SF4	B	405	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
9	SF4	C	502	3	-	-	0/6/5/5
9	SF4	B	402	2	-	-	0/6/5/5

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	FMN	G	301	6	-	0/15/17/18	0/3/3/3
10	FMN	C	503	-	-	0/18/18/18	0/3/3/3
9	SF4	B	404	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
11	RBF	D	402	-	-	5/14/14/14	0/3/3/3
9	SF4	C	501	3	-	-	0/6/5/5
8	FES	A	203	5,1	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
11	D	402	RBF	C5A-N5	-2.34	1.35	1.39

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
11	D	402	RBF	C10-N1-C2	2.24	121.38	116.90
10	D	401	FMN	C4-N3-C2	-2.03	121.90	125.64
10	C	503	FMN	C4-N3-C2	-2.02	121.91	125.64
10	G	301	FMN	C4-N3-C2	-2.01	121.93	125.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
11	D	402	RBF	C1'-C2'-C3'-O3'
11	D	402	RBF	C1'-C2'-C3'-C4'
11	D	402	RBF	O2'-C2'-C3'-O3'
11	D	402	RBF	O2'-C2'-C3'-C4'
10	D	401	FMN	C4'-C5'-O5'-P
11	D	402	RBF	C2'-C1'-N10-C10

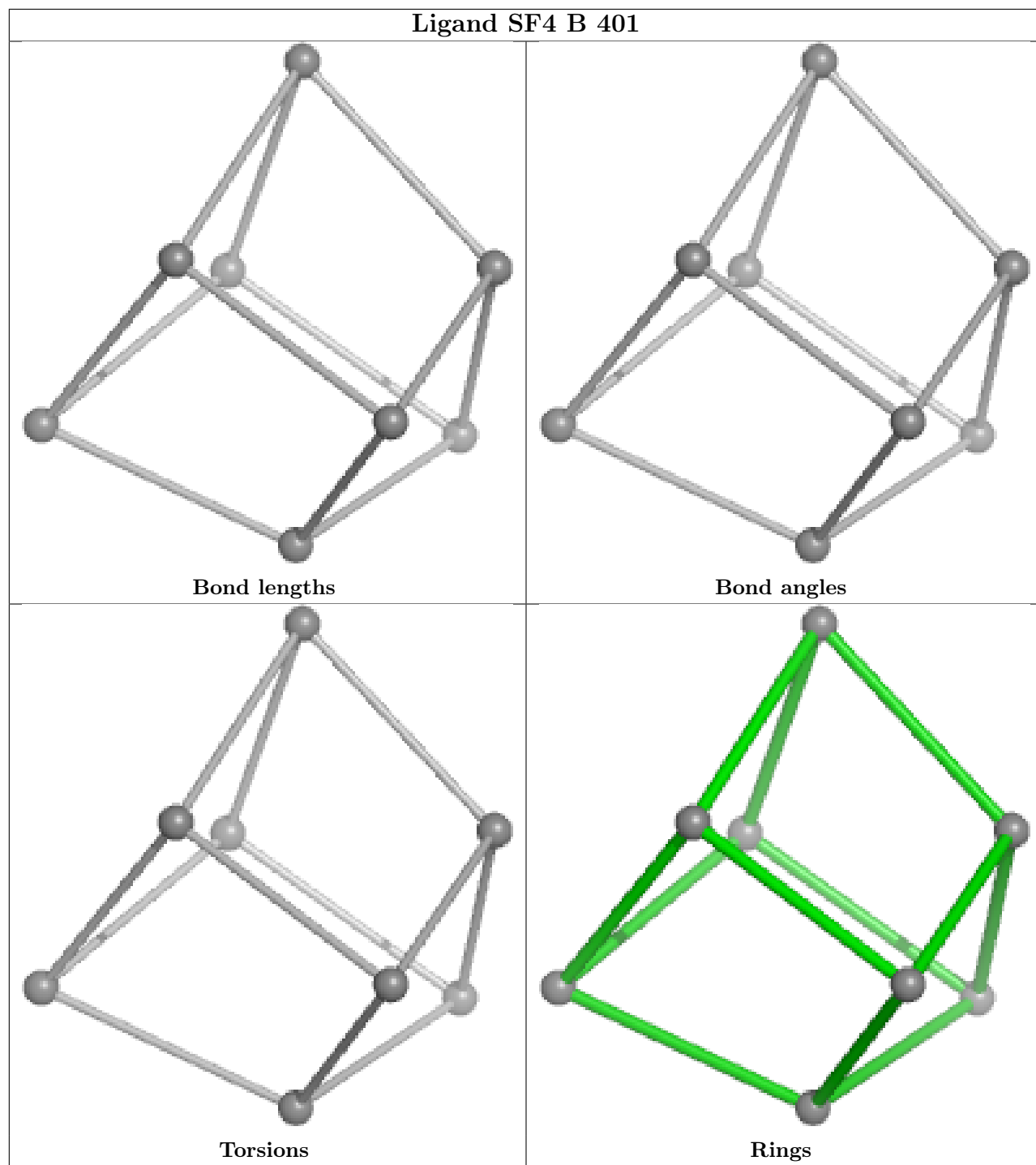
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

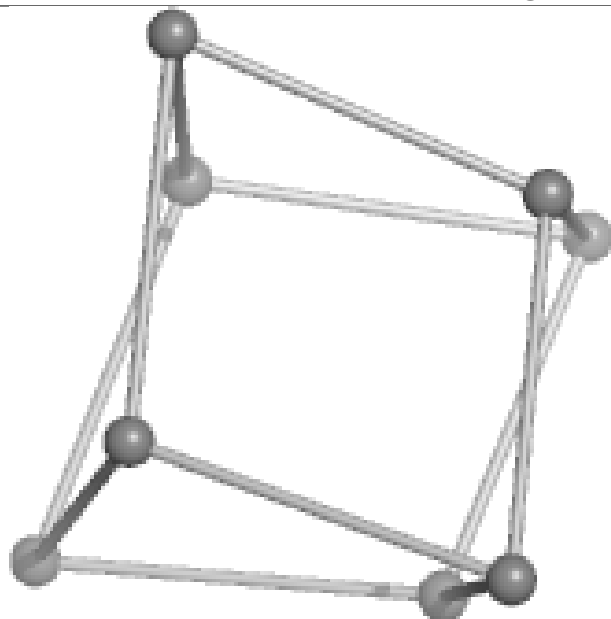
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	B	407	SF4	1	0
10	C	503	FMN	1	0
11	D	402	RBF	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In

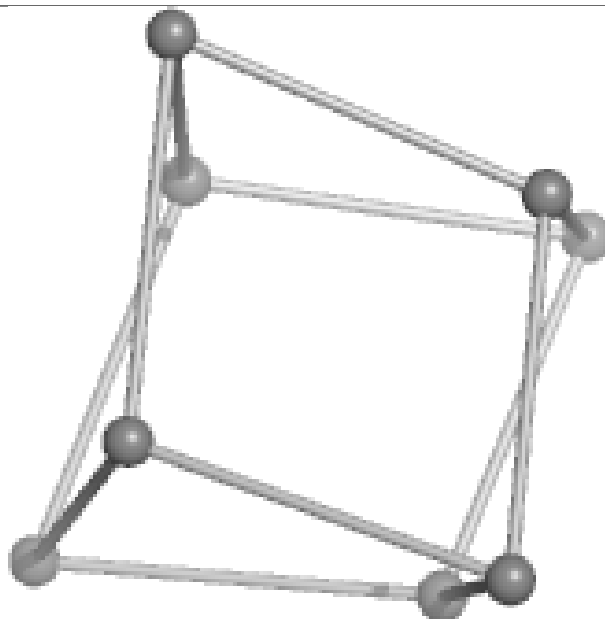
addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



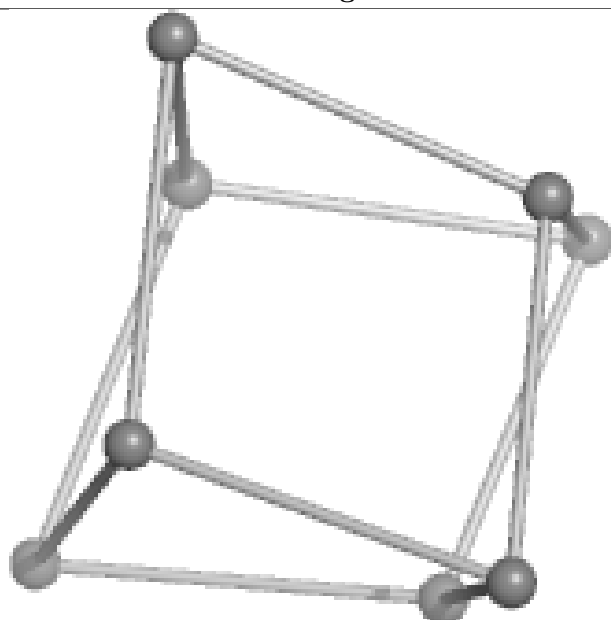
Ligand SF4 B 407



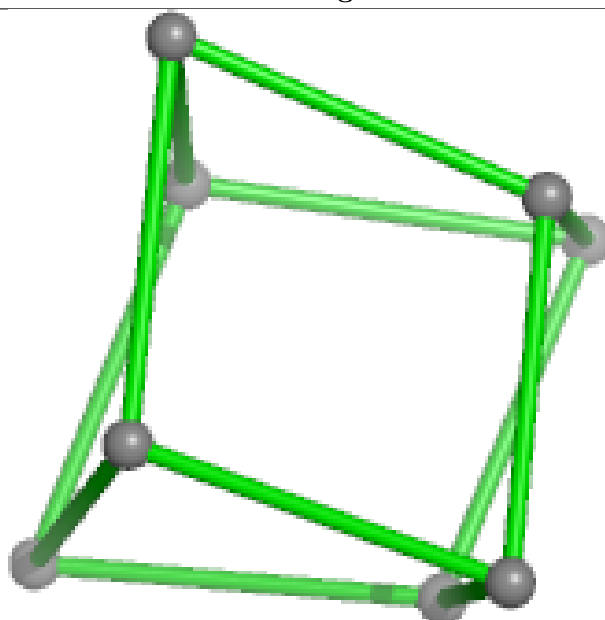
Bond lengths



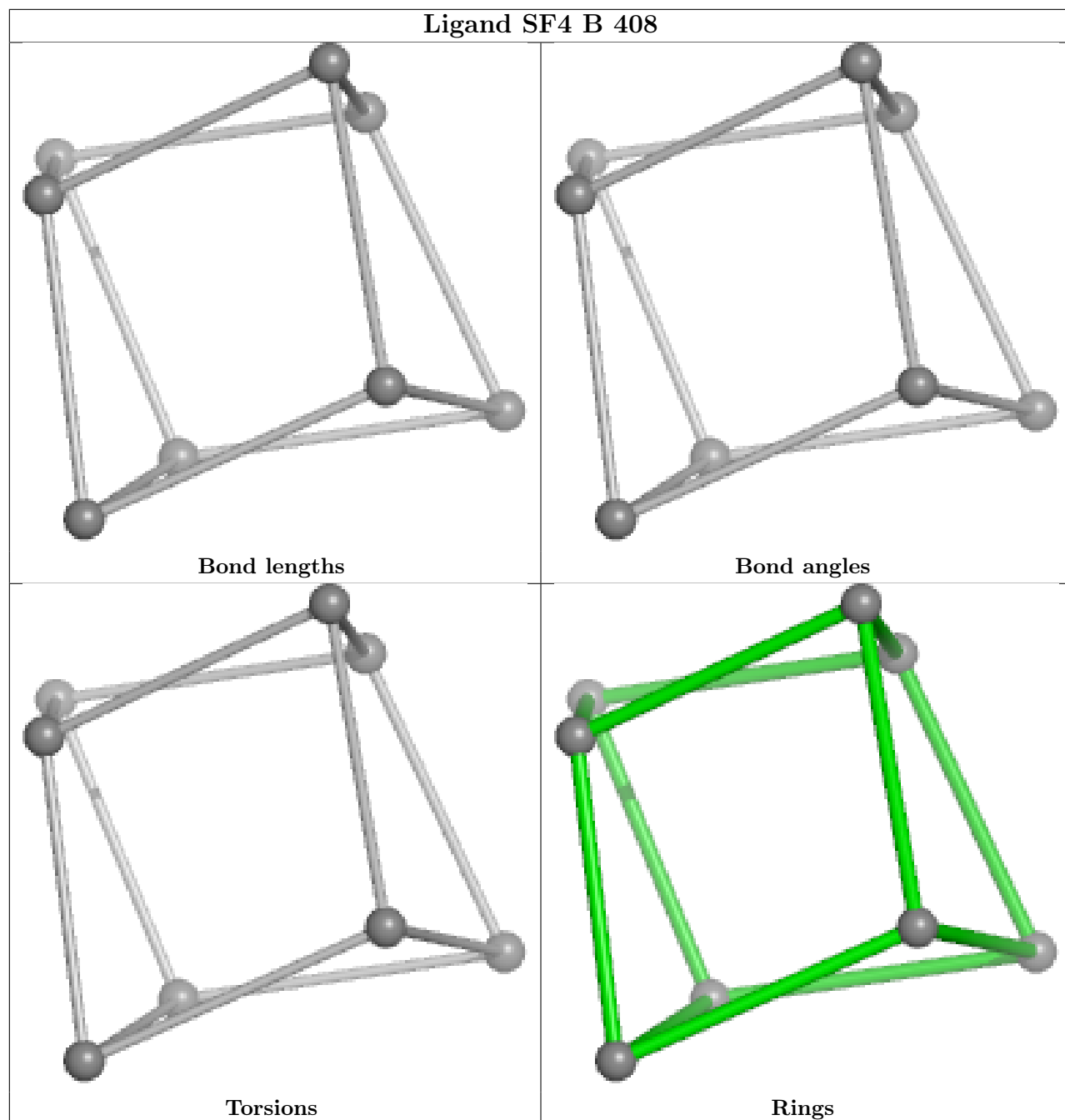
Bond angles



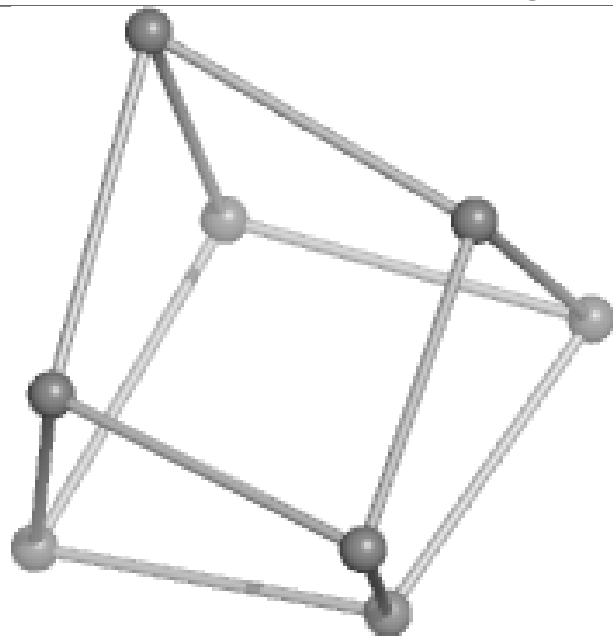
Torsions



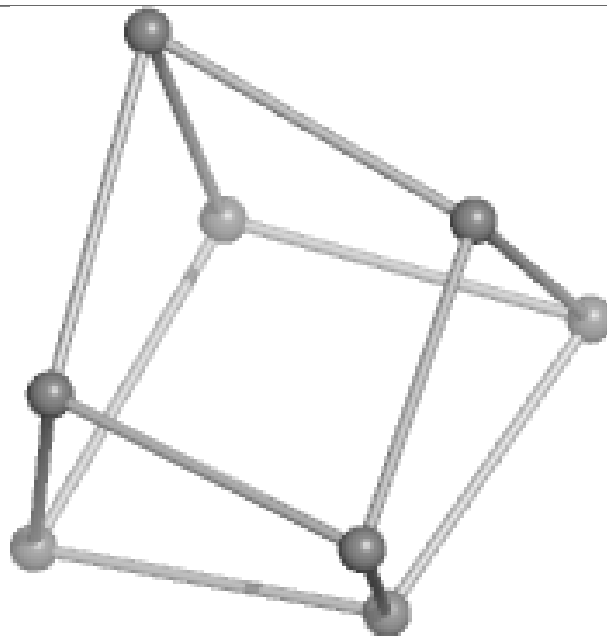
Rings



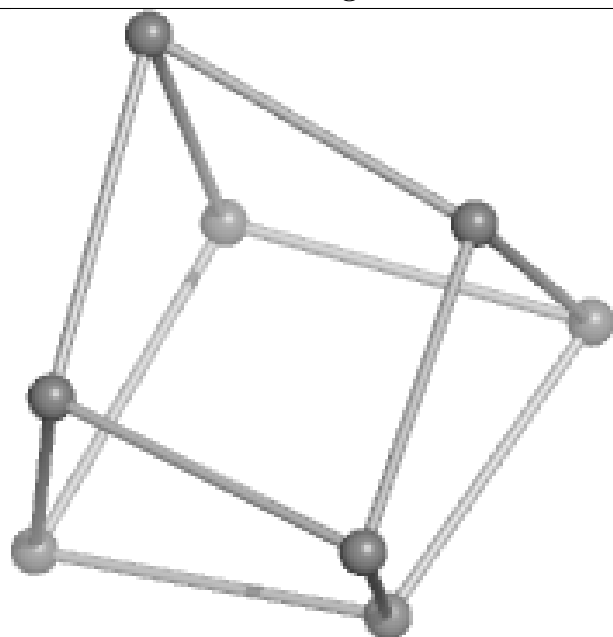
Ligand SF4 B 406



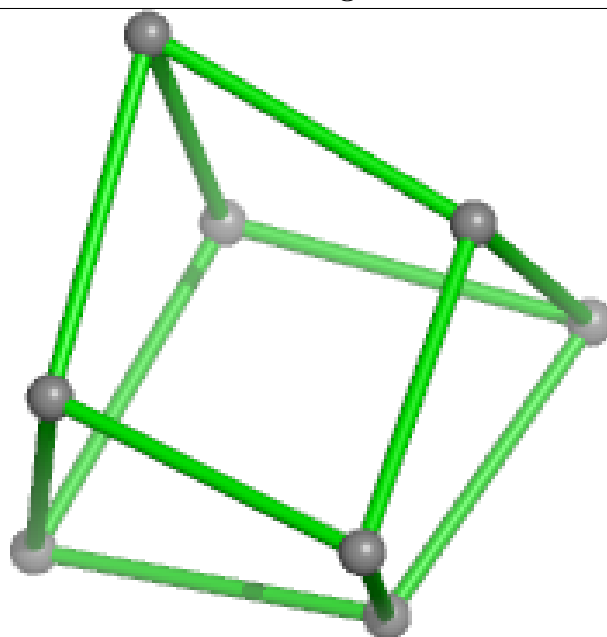
Bond lengths



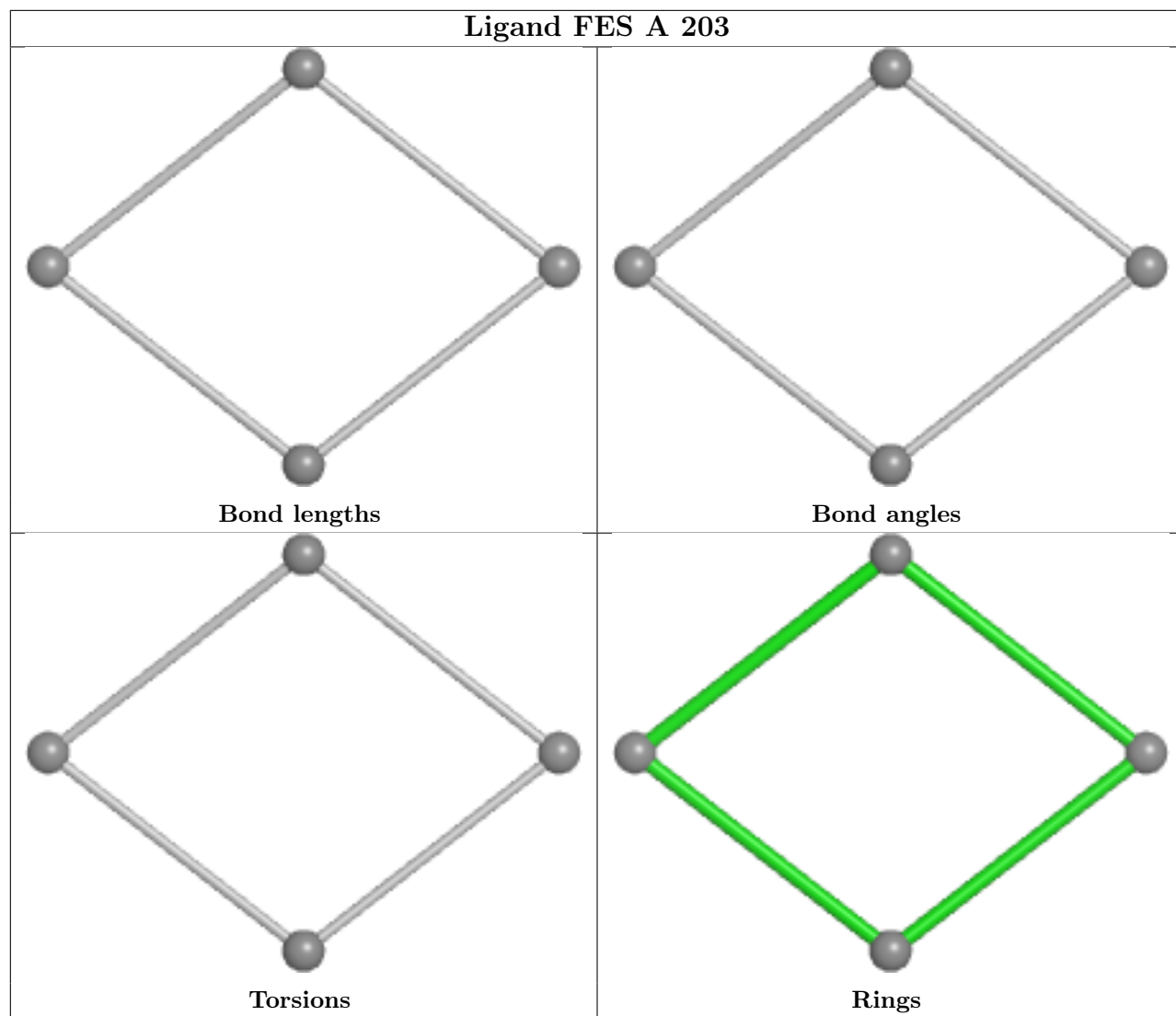
Bond angles

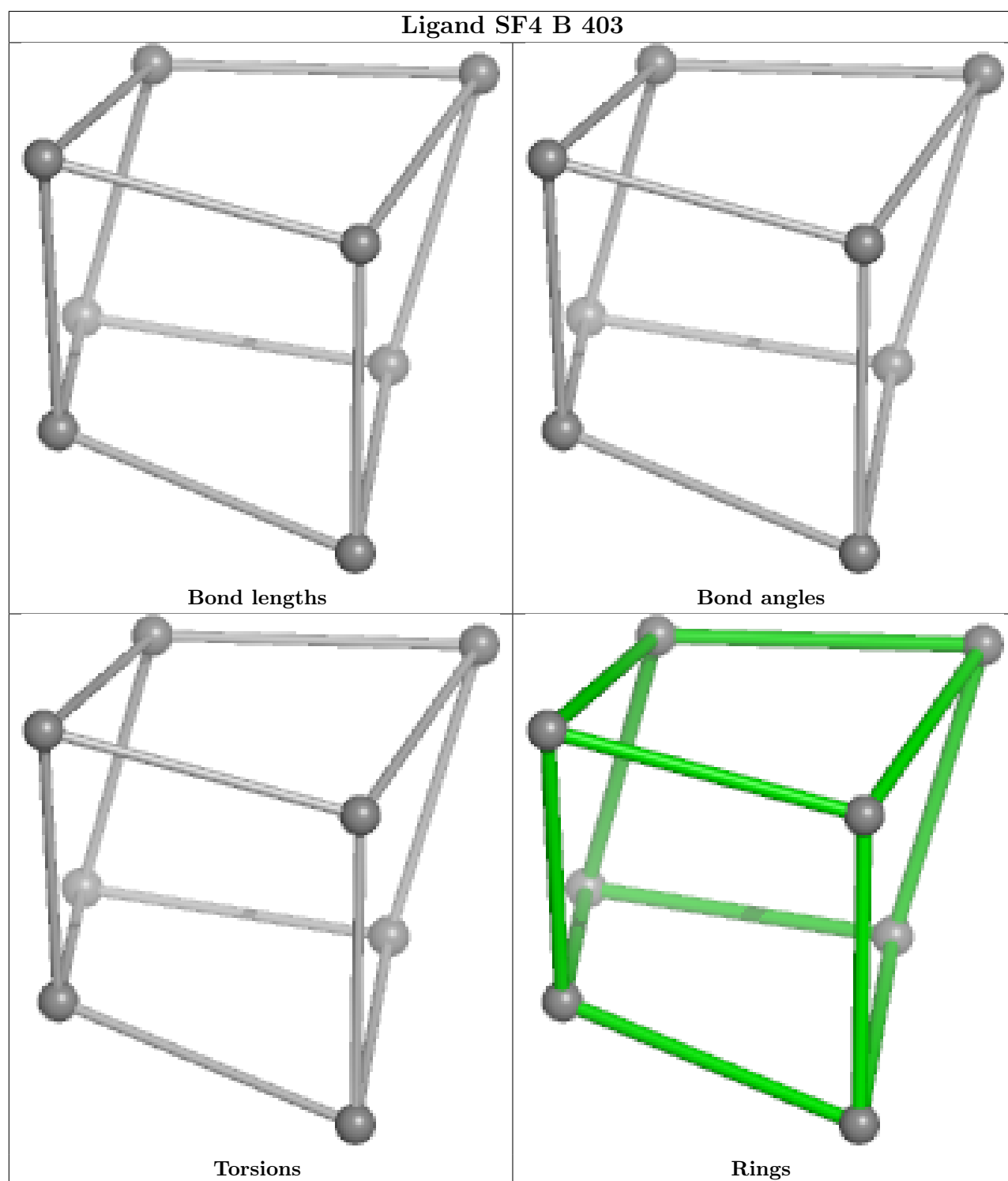


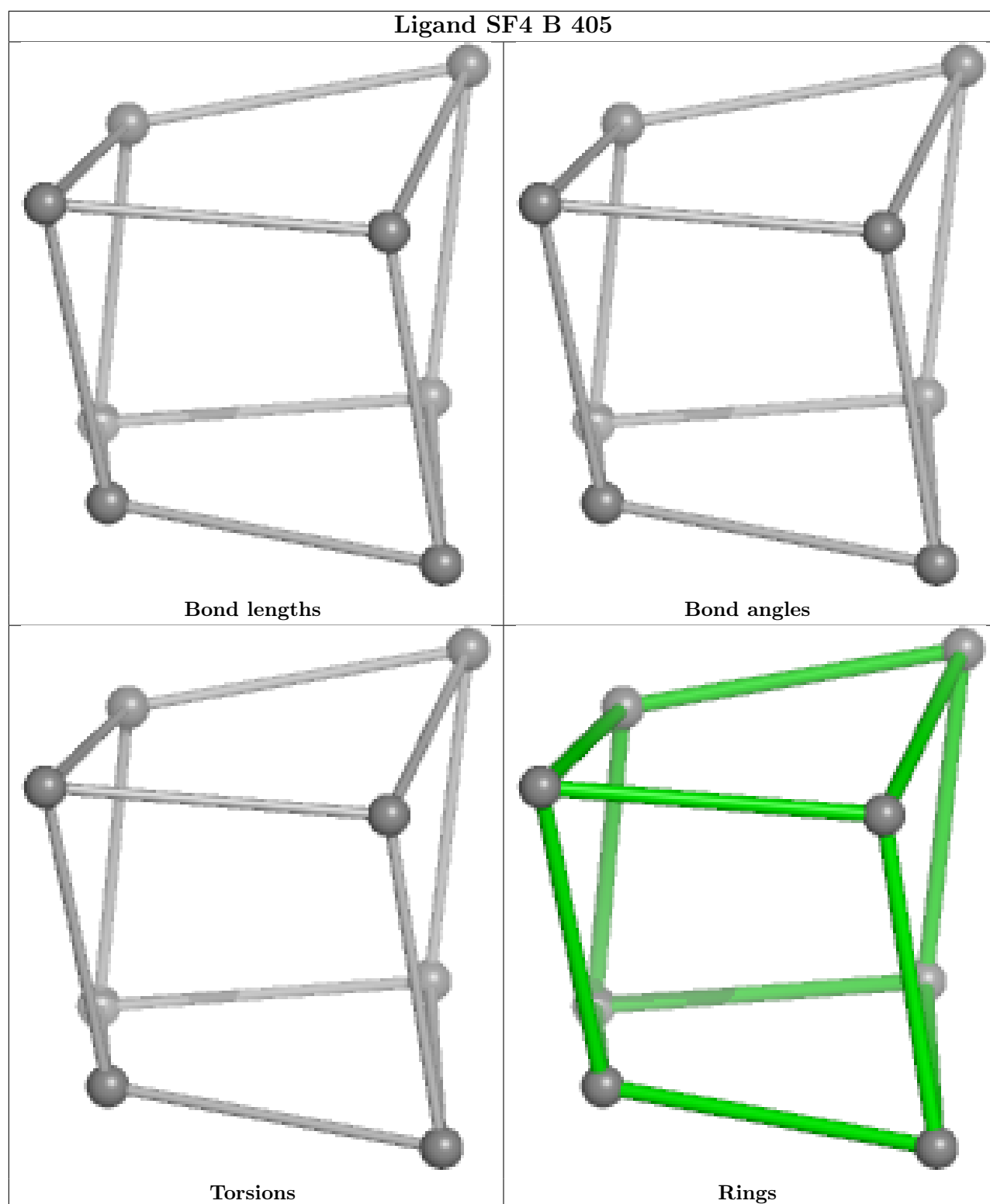
Torsions



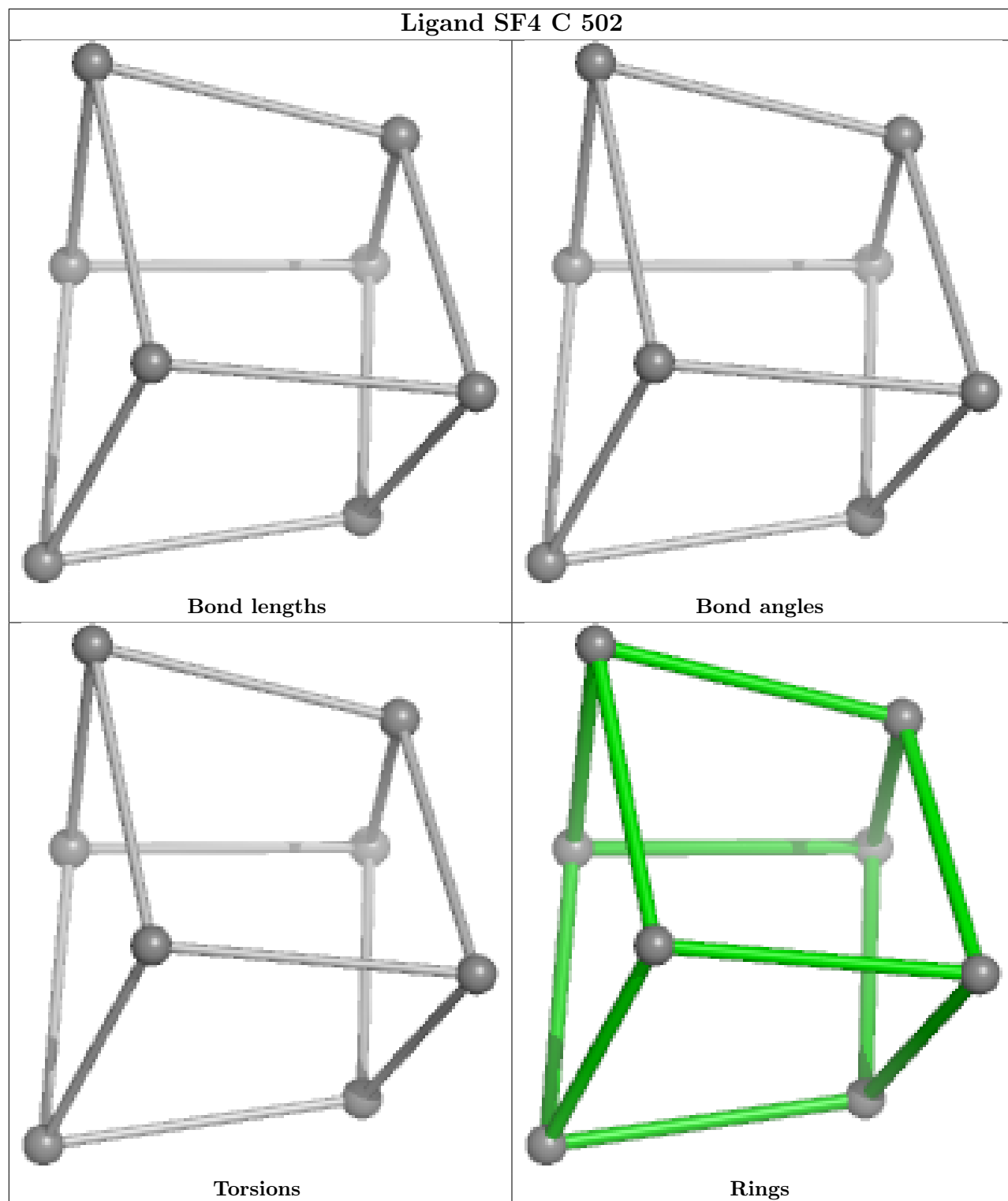
Rings

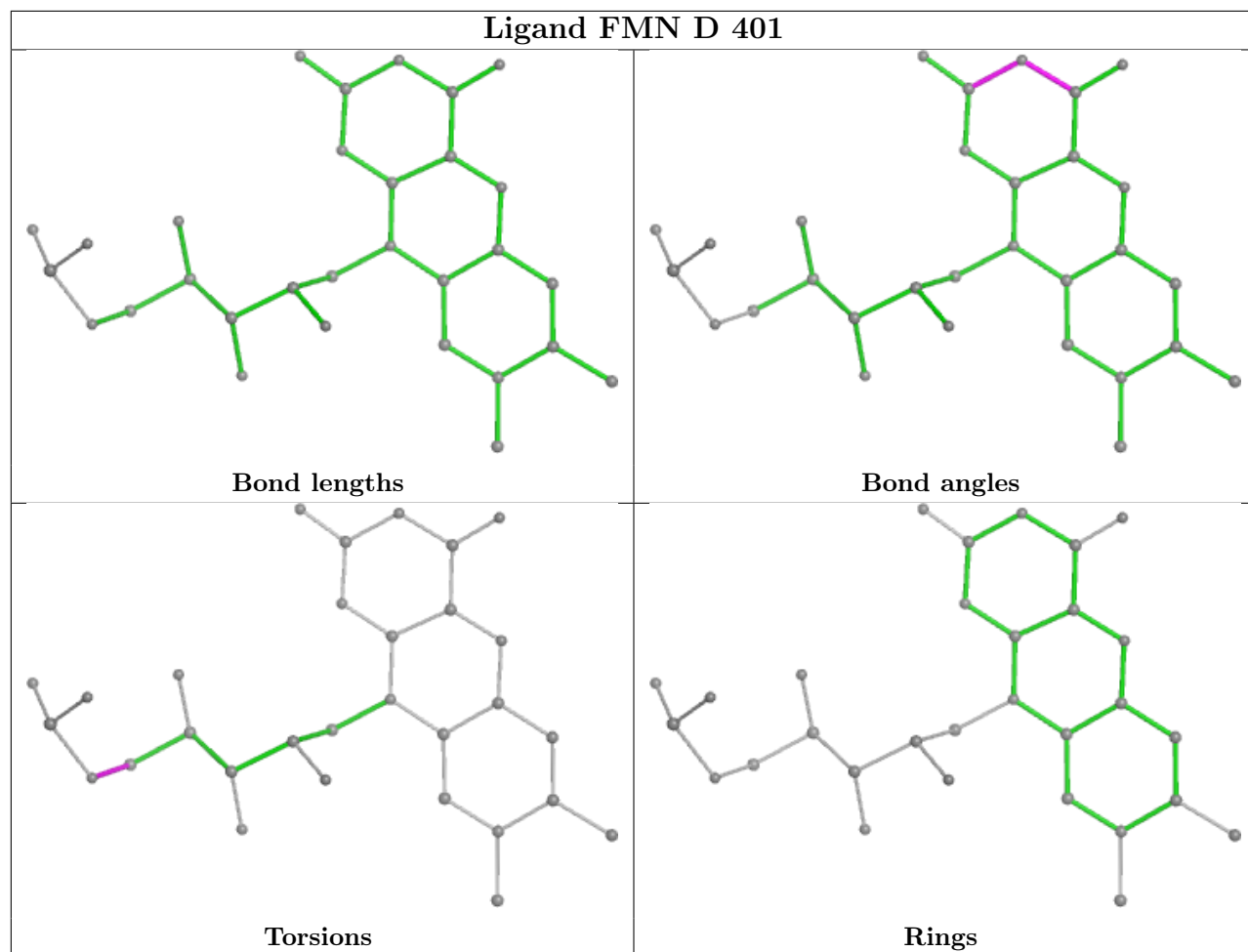


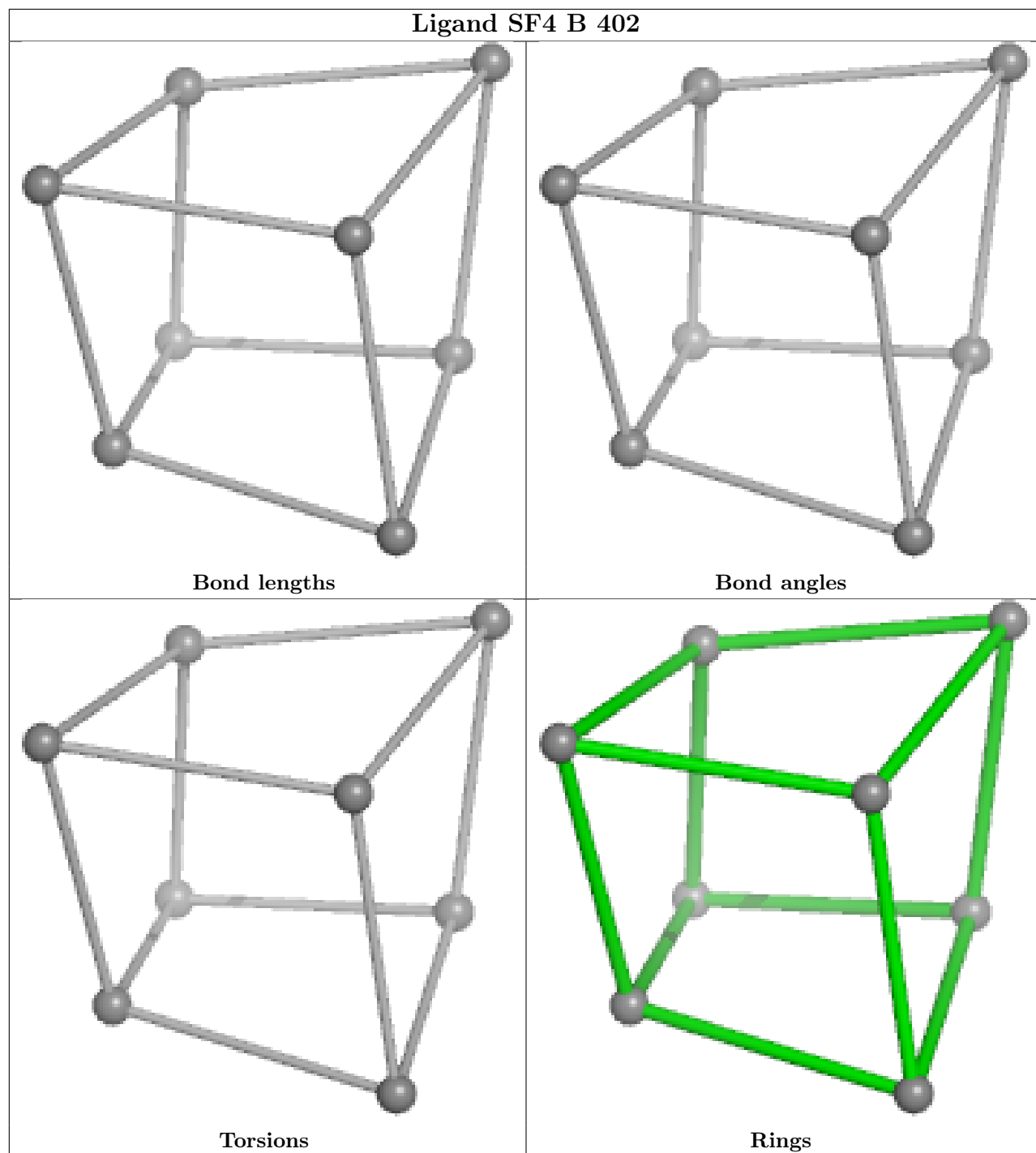


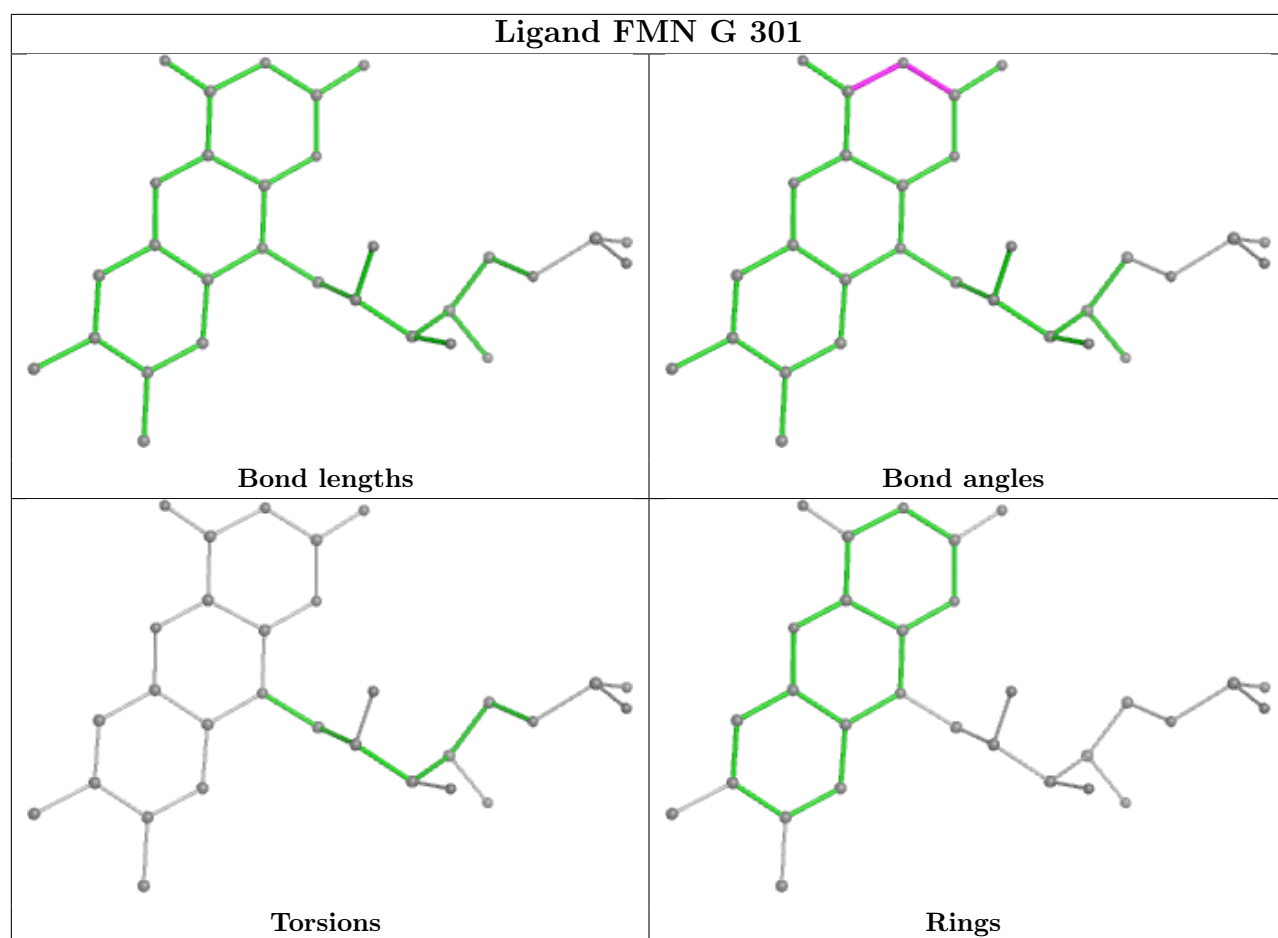


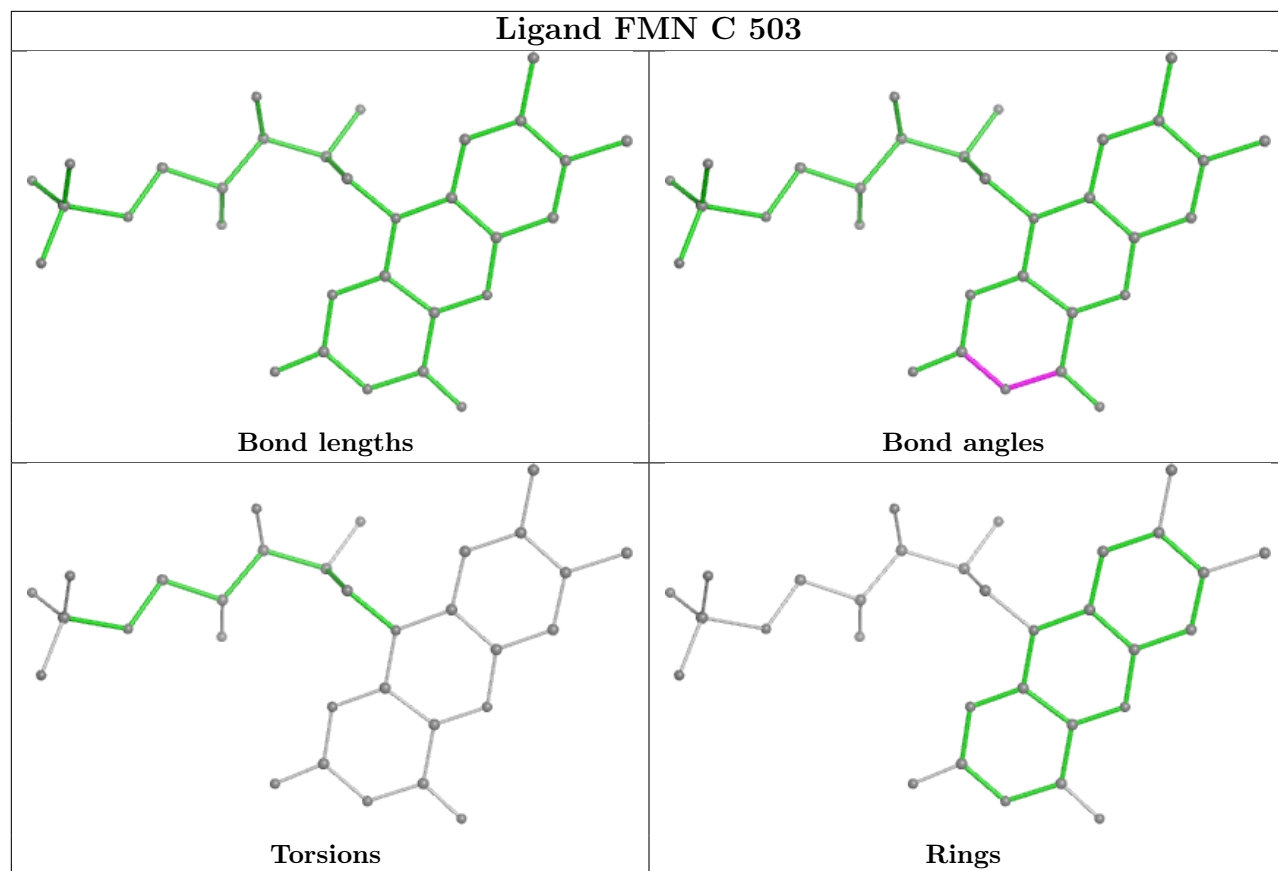
Ligand SF4 C 502

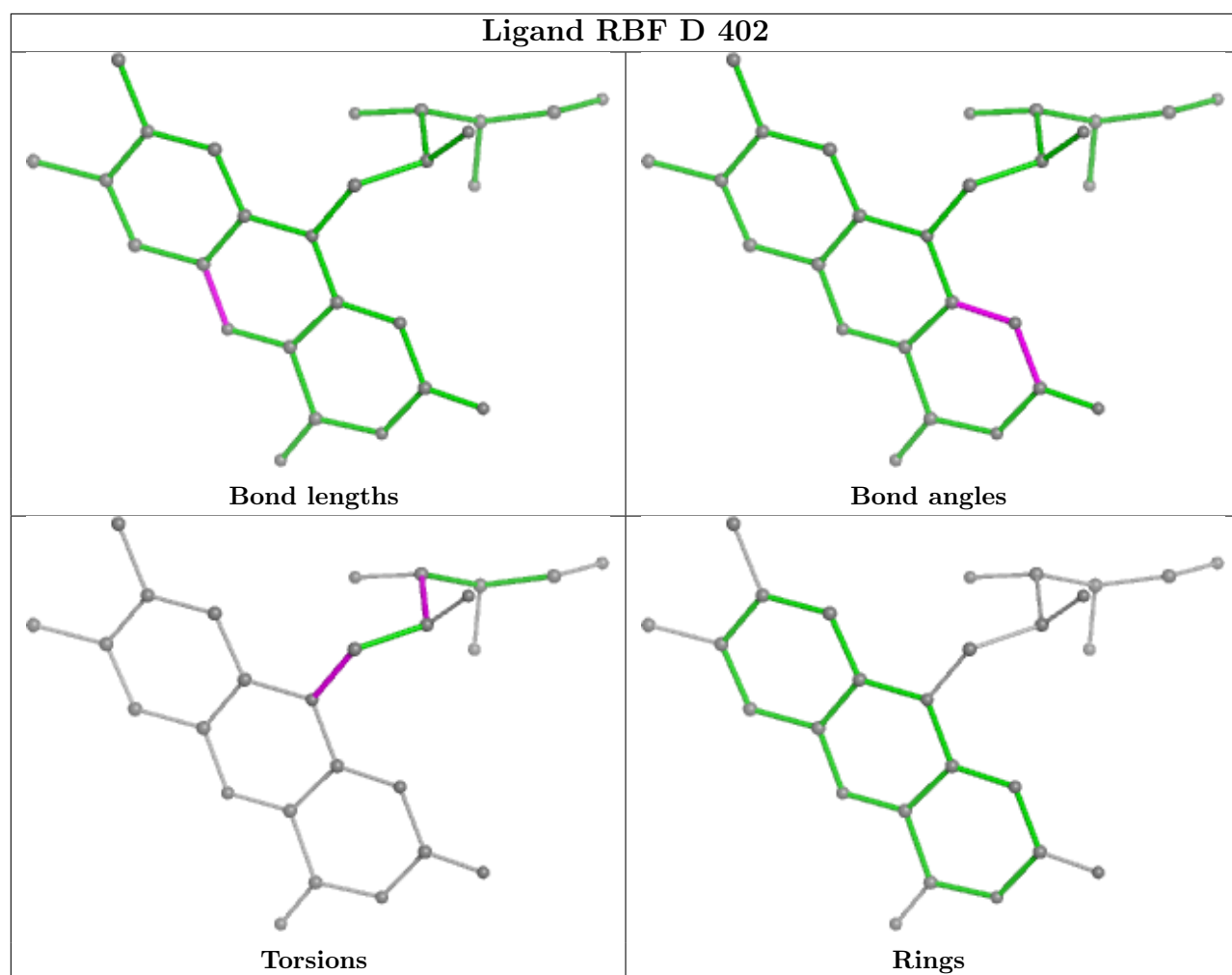


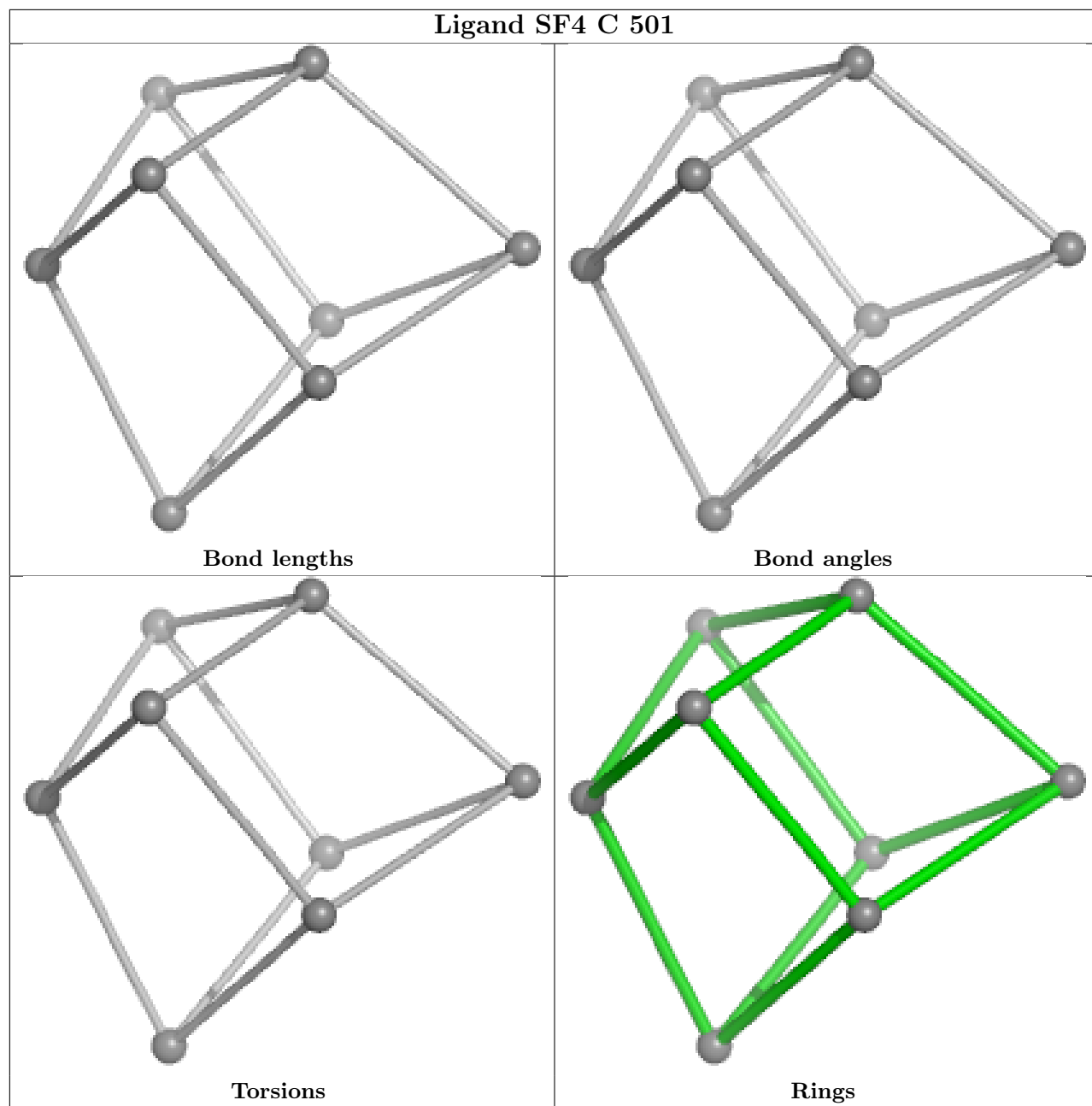


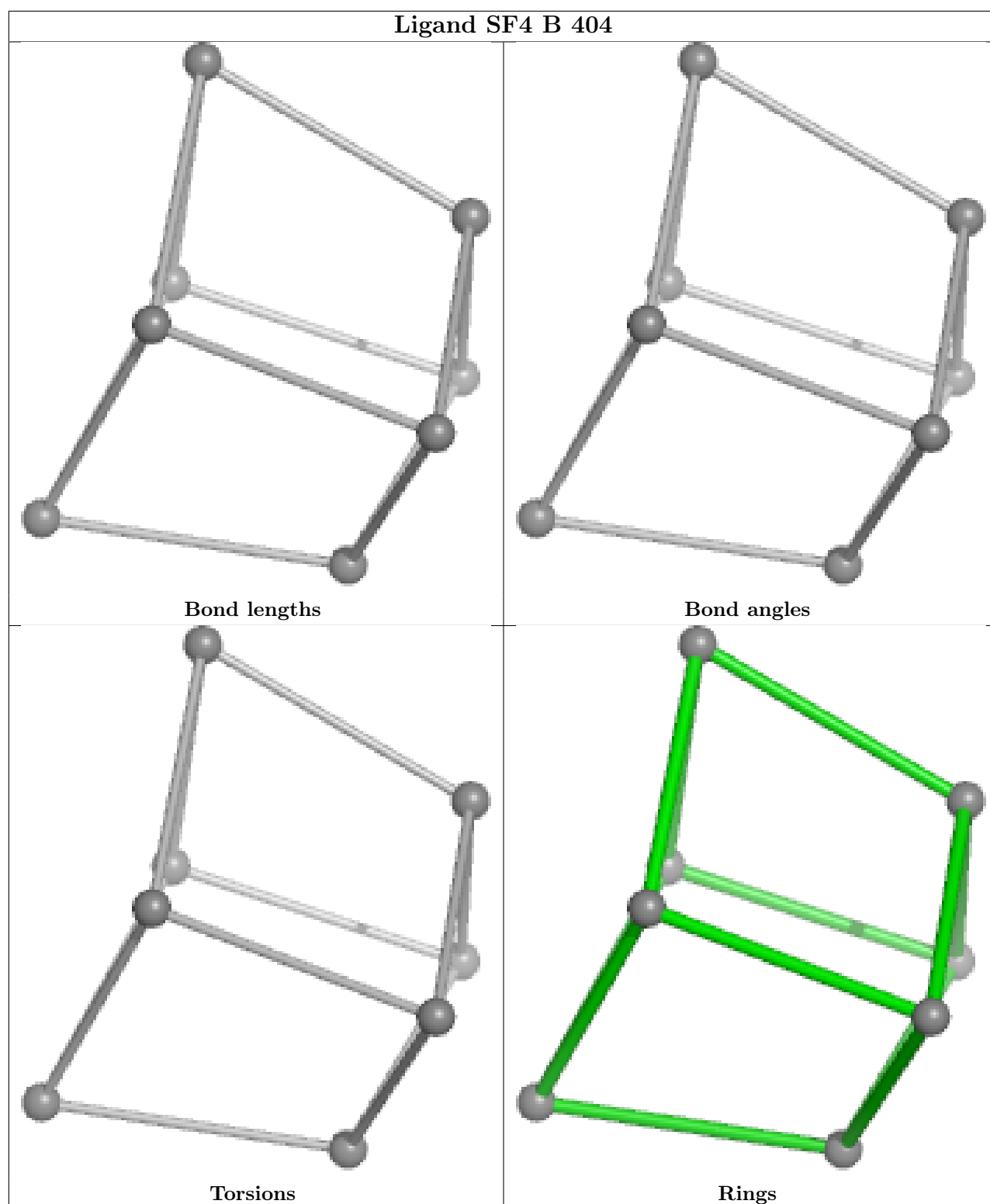












5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.