



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 19, 2025 – 06:33 AM EDT

PDB ID : 9CT0 / pdb_00009ct0
EMDB ID : EMD-45894
Title : Native human GABAA receptor of beta2-alpha1-beta2-alpha2-gamma2 assembly
Authors : Zhou, J.; Hibbs, R.E.; Noviello, C.M.
Deposited on : 2024-07-24
Resolution : 3.19 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

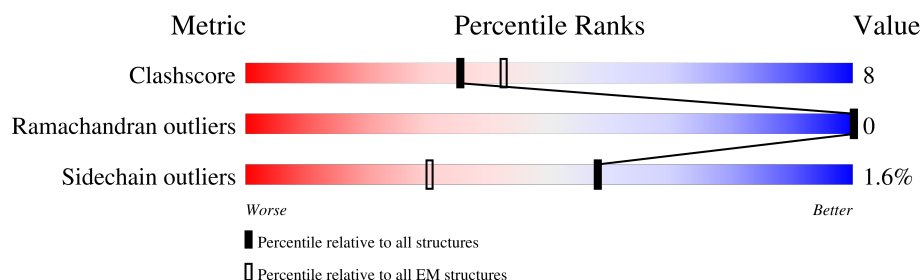
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.19 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



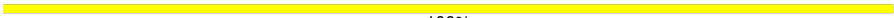
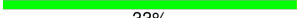





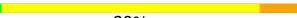

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	488	
1	C	488	
2	B	429	
3	D	423	
4	E	436	
5	I	213	
6	J	454	
7	F	2	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
7	O	2	 100%
8	G	3	 33%  67%
8	K	3	 33%  33%  33%
9	H	7	 57%  29%  14%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14736 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	331	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2714	1780	437	481	16		
1	C	329	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2699	1772	432	479	16		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	342	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2768	1789	466	497	16		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	D	330	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2664	1729	435	483	17		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	E	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1725	1105	298	314	8		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Kappa Fab_1F4 Light Chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	I	105	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			802	504	130	163	5		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called IgG2b Fab_1F4 Heavy Chain.

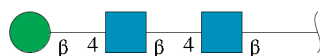
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	J	116	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			907	574	151	178	4		

- Molecule 7 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



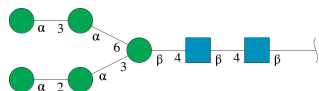
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	F	2	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			28	16	2	10			
7	O	2	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 8 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



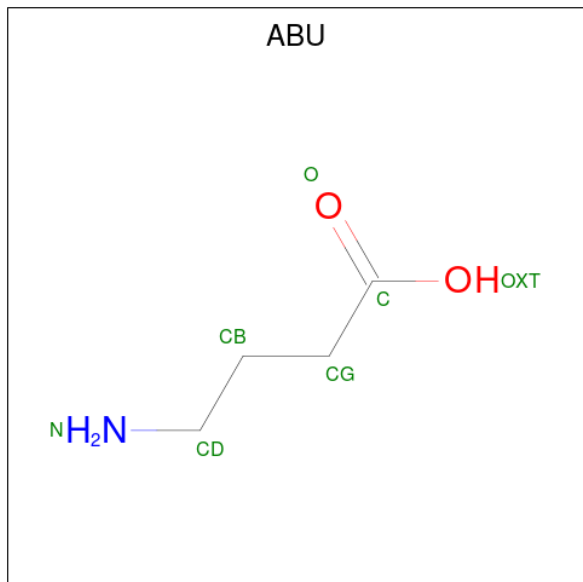
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	G	3	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			39	22	2	15			
8	K	3	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			39	22	2	15			

- Molecule 9 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



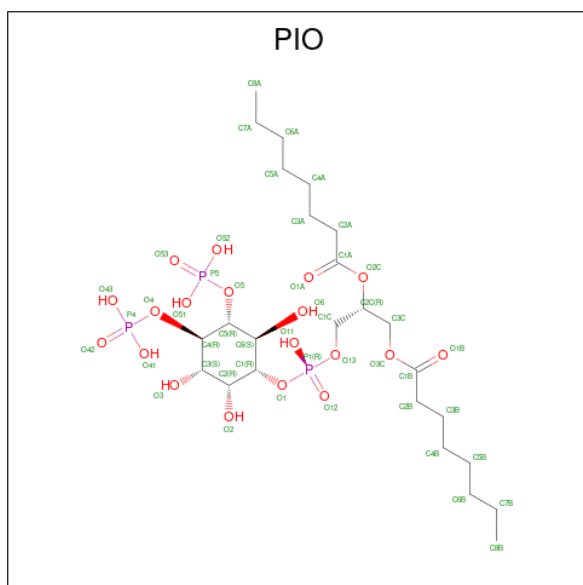
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	H	7	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			83	46	2	35			

- Molecule 10 is GAMMA-AMINO-BUTANOIC ACID (CCD ID: ABU) (formula: $C_4H_9NO_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



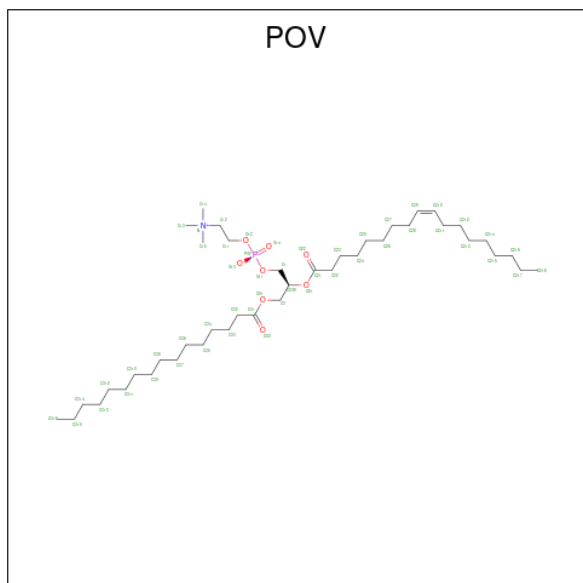
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
10	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			7	4	1	2	
10	C	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			7	4	1	2	

- Molecule 11 is [(2R)-2-octanoyloxy-3-[oxidanyl-[(1R,2R,3S,4R,5R,6S)-2,3,6-tris(oxidanyl)-4,5-diphosphonoxy-cyclohexyl]oxy-phosphoryl]oxy-propyl] octanoate (CCD ID: PIO) (formula: $C_{25}H_{49}O_{19}P_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
11	B	1	Total 47	C 25	O 19	P 3	0
11	D	1	Total 47	C 25	O 19	P 3	0

- Molecule 12 is (2S)-3-(hexadecanoyloxy)-2-[(9Z)-octadec-9-enoyloxy]propyl 2-(trimethyl ammonio)ethyl phosphate (CCD ID: POV) (formula: $C_{42}H_{82}NO_8P$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

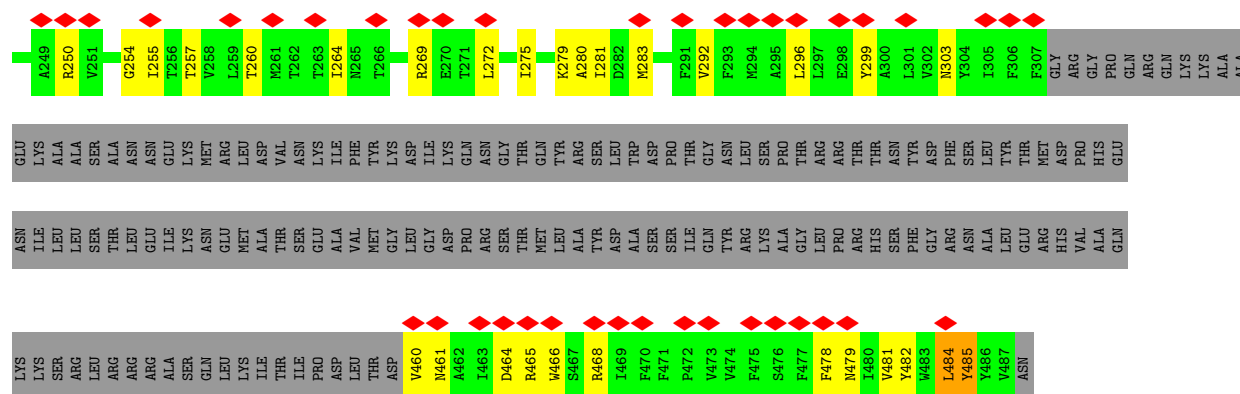


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
12	B	1	Total 52	C 42	N 1	O 8	P 1	0
12	D	1	Total 52	C 42	N 1	O 8	P 1	0

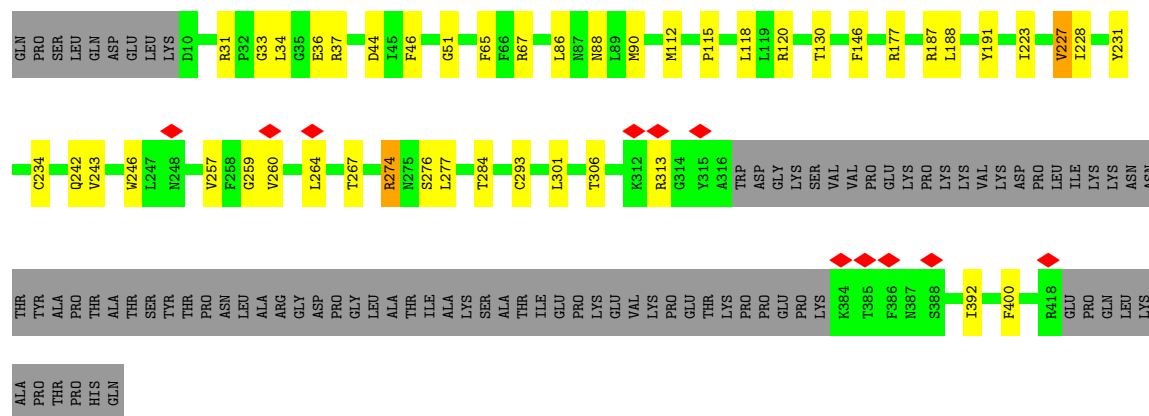
- Molecule 13 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_6$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



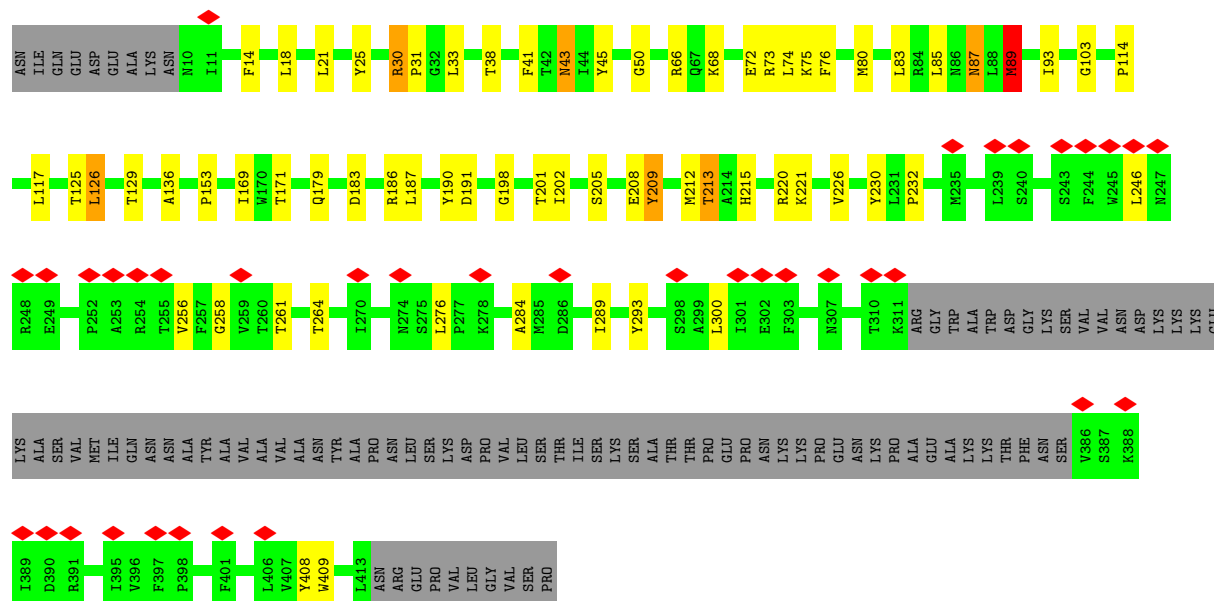
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
13	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
13	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	



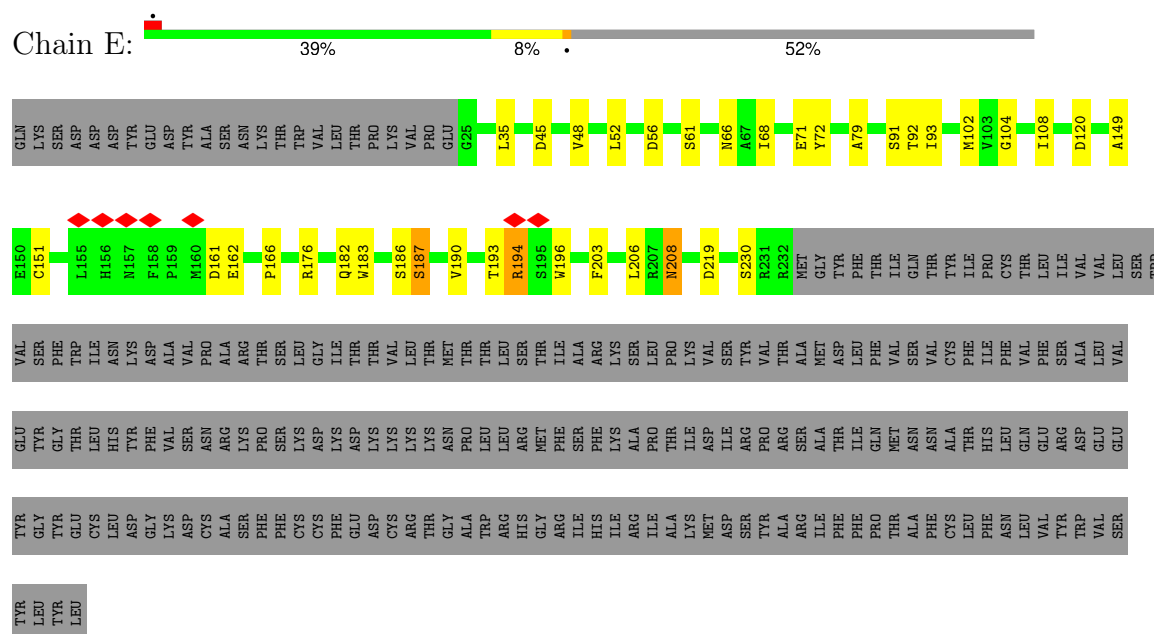
• Molecule 2: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-1



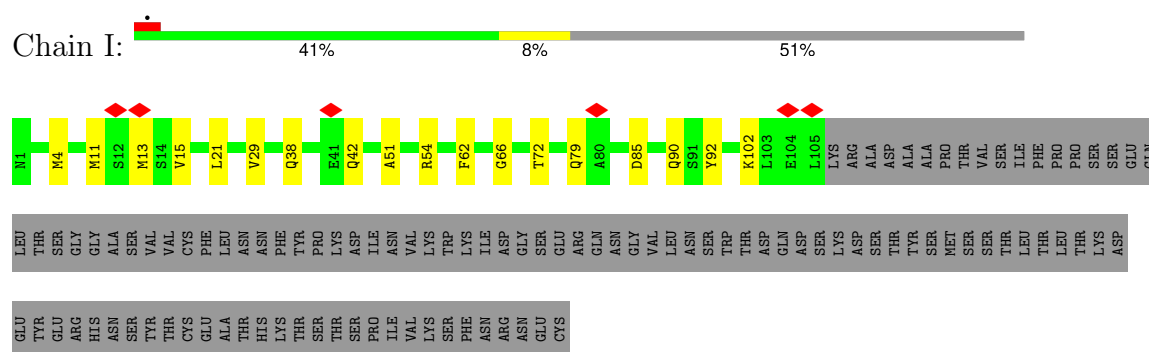
• Molecule 3: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-2



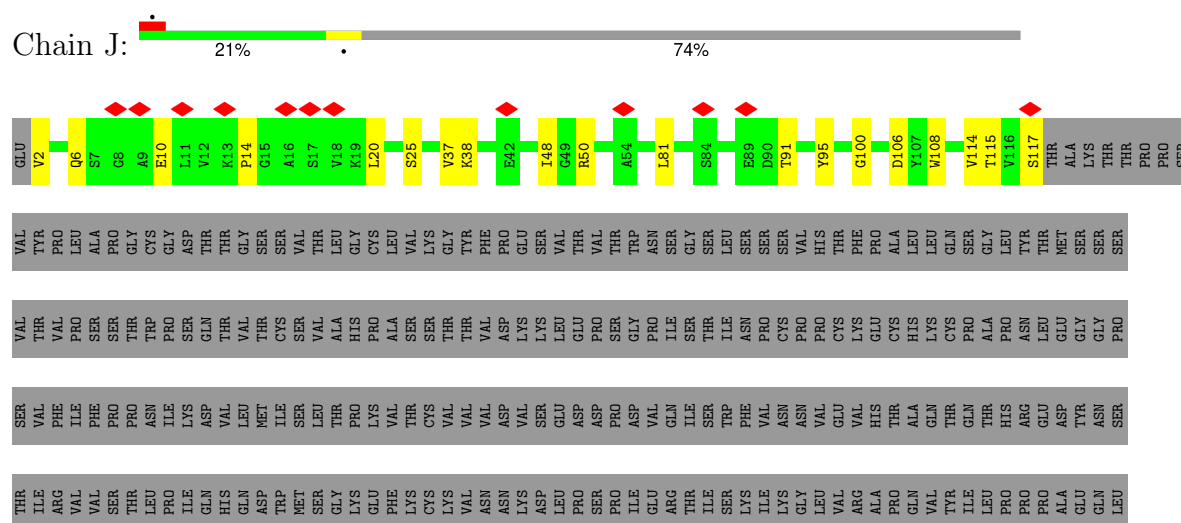
• Molecule 4: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit gamma-2



• Molecule 5: Kappa Fab_1F4 Light Chain



• Molecule 6: IgG2b Fab_1F4 Heavy Chain



SER ARG LYS ASP VAL SER SER LEU THR CYS VAL VAL GLY PHE ASN PRO GLY ASP ILE SER VAL GLU TRP THR SER ASN GLY HIS THR GLU GLU ASN TYR LYS ASP THR ALA PRO VAL LEU ASP SER ASP GLY SER TYR PHE ILE TYR SER LYS LEU ASN MET LYS THR SER LYS TRP GLU

LYS THR ASP SER PHE SER CYS ASN VAL ARG HIS GLU GLY LEU LYS ASN PRO TYR LEU LYS THR ILE THR SER ARG SER PRO GLY LYS

- Molecule 7: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 7: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



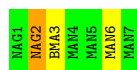
- Molecule 8: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 8: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 9: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	39793	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.254	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.916	Depositor
Average map value	0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.038	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.13	Depositor
Map size (Å)	239.36, 239.36, 239.36	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.935, 0.935, 0.935	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PIO, BMA, POV, MAN, NAG, ABU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.47	0/2784	0.69	0/3788
1	C	0.63	0/2769	0.96	8/3769 (0.2%)
2	B	0.33	0/2837	0.55	0/3853
3	D	0.54	0/2732	0.81	3/3713 (0.1%)
4	E	0.54	0/1769	0.83	5/2403 (0.2%)
5	I	0.18	0/820	0.42	0/1112
6	J	0.17	0/928	0.42	0/1260
All	All	0.48	0/14639	0.74	16/19898 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	C	0	1
2	B	0	1
3	D	0	1
4	E	0	1
All	All	0	5

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	E	186	SER	N-CA-C	-8.46	100.43	110.41
4	E	108	ILE	CA-C-N	6.58	126.56	119.78
4	E	108	ILE	C-N-CA	6.58	126.56	119.78
1	C	183	LEU	CA-C-N	6.35	125.77	118.85

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	183	LEU	C-N-CA	6.35	125.77	118.85

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	18	ARG	Sidechain
2	B	274	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	169	ARG	Sidechain
3	D	30	ARG	Sidechain
4	E	194	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2714	0	2723	54	0
1	C	2699	0	2707	65	0
2	B	2768	0	2759	31	0
3	D	2664	0	2652	47	0
4	E	1725	0	1694	20	0
5	I	802	0	771	10	0
6	J	907	0	877	10	0
7	F	28	0	25	0	0
7	O	28	0	25	0	0
8	G	39	0	34	0	0
8	K	39	0	34	1	0
9	H	83	0	70	1	0
10	A	7	0	0	2	0
10	C	7	0	0	1	0
11	B	47	0	44	3	0
11	D	47	0	44	0	0
12	B	52	0	82	1	0
12	D	52	0	82	7	0
13	D	14	0	13	0	0
13	E	14	0	13	1	0
All	All	14736	0	14649	226	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 226 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:97:TYR:HH	10:A:501:ABU:N	1.65	0.92
2:B:234:CYS:HB3	2:B:293:CYS:SG	2.11	0.89
1:C:460:VAL:HG12	1:C:461:ASN:N	1.89	0.86
1:C:460:VAL:HG12	1:C:461:ASN:H	1.42	0.80
1:A:143:TYR:HB3	1:A:279:LYS:HD2	1.67	0.76

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	327/488 (67%)	314 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	325/488 (67%)	311 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	338/429 (79%)	322 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
3	D	326/423 (77%)	300 (92%)	26 (8%)	0	100	100
4	E	206/436 (47%)	189 (92%)	17 (8%)	0	100	100
5	I	103/213 (48%)	92 (89%)	11 (11%)	0	100	100
6	J	114/454 (25%)	107 (94%)	7 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1739/2931 (59%)	1635 (94%)	104 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	301/438 (69%)	297 (99%)	4 (1%)	65	83
1	C	300/438 (68%)	293 (98%)	7 (2%)	45	72
2	B	305/382 (80%)	302 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	87
3	D	297/376 (79%)	288 (97%)	9 (3%)	36	66
4	E	193/400 (48%)	191 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	87
5	I	89/188 (47%)	89 (100%)	0	100	100
6	J	97/407 (24%)	97 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1582/2629 (60%)	1557 (98%)	25 (2%)	58	79

5 of 25 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	43	ASN
3	D	126	LEU
4	E	208	ASN
3	D	89	MET
3	D	201	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 17 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	E	182	GLN
6	J	6	GLN
1	C	64	GLN
1	C	85	ASN
1	C	90	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

17 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	NAG	F	1	1,7	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.13	2 (11%)
7	NAG	F	2	7	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.81	0
8	NAG	G	1	1,8	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.62	1 (5%)
8	NAG	G	2	8	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.90	1 (5%)
8	BMA	G	3	8	11,11,12	0.34	0	15,15,17	0.63	0
9	NAG	H	1	9,2	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.86	0
9	NAG	H	2	9	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	1.05	1 (5%)
9	BMA	H	3	9	11,11,12	0.42	0	15,15,17	0.86	1 (6%)
9	MAN	H	4	9	11,11,12	0.38	0	15,15,17	0.50	0
9	MAN	H	5	9	11,11,12	0.33	0	15,15,17	0.55	0
9	MAN	H	6	9	11,11,12	0.58	0	15,15,17	0.58	0
9	MAN	H	7	9	11,11,12	0.46	0	15,15,17	0.46	0
8	NAG	K	1	1,8	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	1.12	1 (5%)
8	NAG	K	2	8	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.82	1 (5%)
8	BMA	K	3	8	11,11,12	0.81	0	15,15,17	0.74	0
7	NAG	O	1	1,7	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
7	NAG	O	2	7	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.68	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	F	1	1,7	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	F	2	7	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	G	1	1,8	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	G	2	8	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	BMA	G	3	8	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	H	1	9,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	H	2	9	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	BMA	H	3	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
9	MAN	H	4	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
9	MAN	H	5	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
9	MAN	H	6	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
9	MAN	H	7	9	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	1	1,8	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	2	8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	BMA	K	3	8	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	O	1	1,7	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	O	2	7	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	K	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.35	127.39	122.90
9	H	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.31	115.65	110.43
8	K	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.82	115.96	112.19
7	O	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.79	126.64	122.90
7	F	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.61	114.55	110.43

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 21 torsion outliers are listed below:

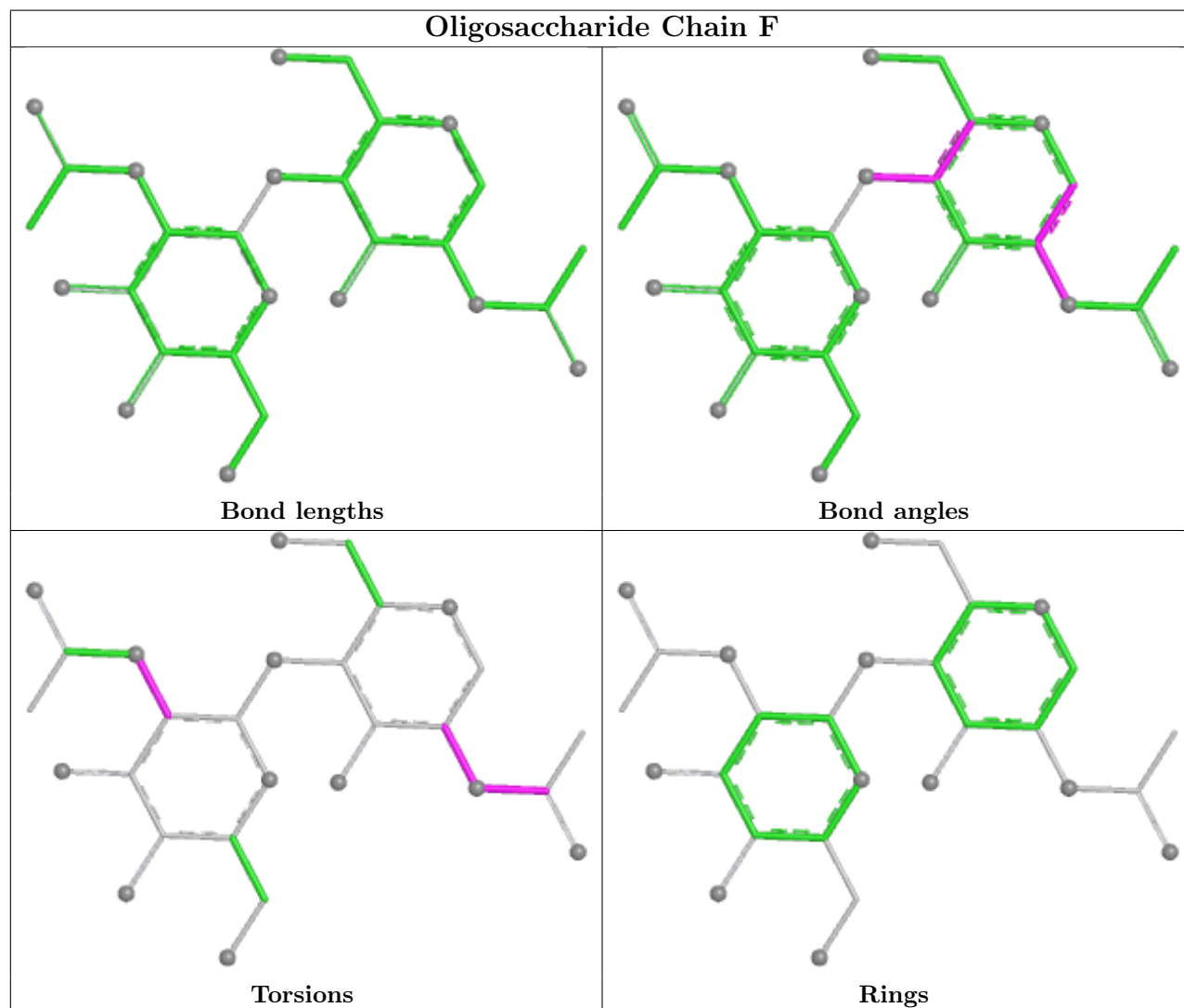
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	K	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	K	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	K	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	K	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	G	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

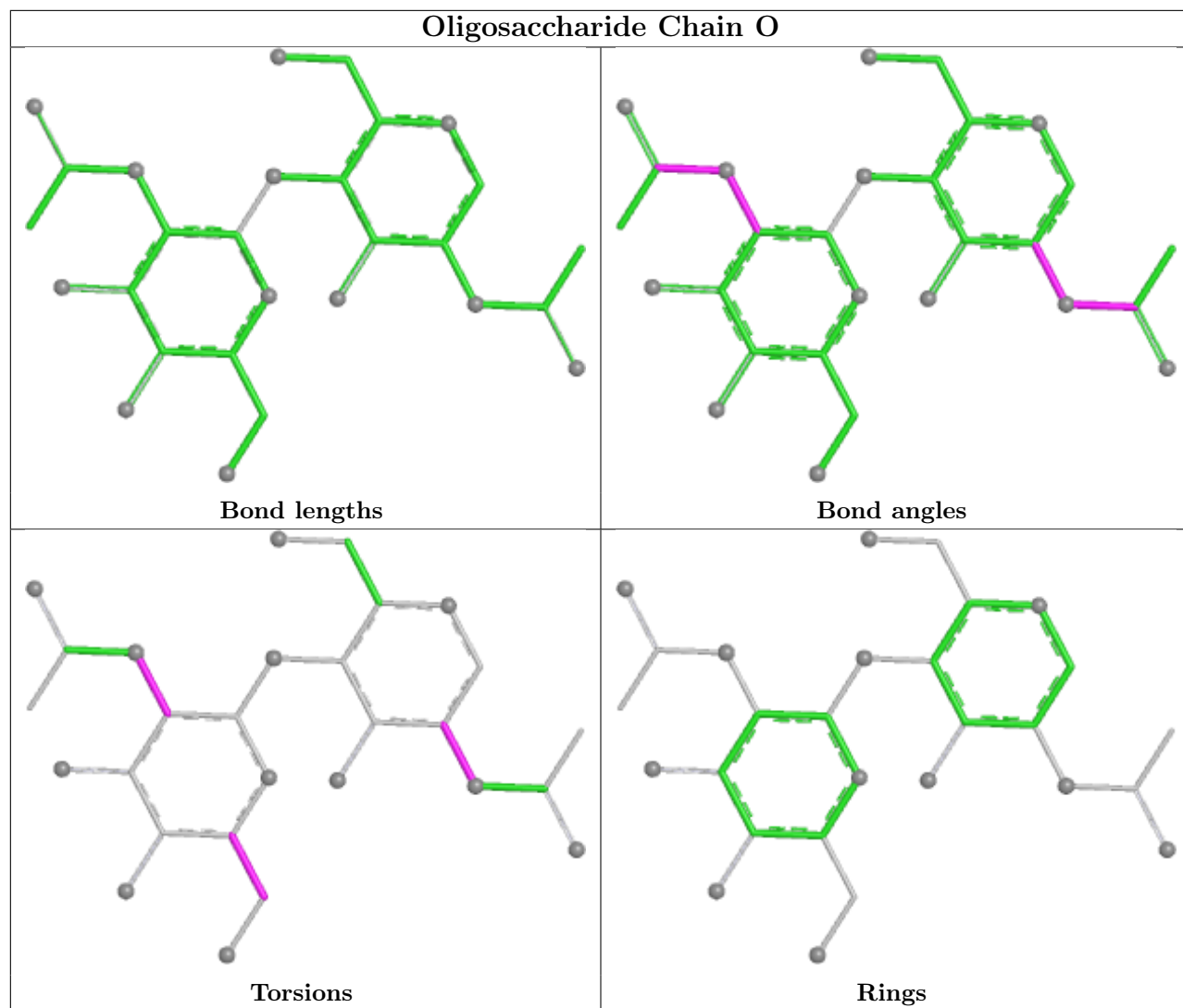
There are no ring outliers.

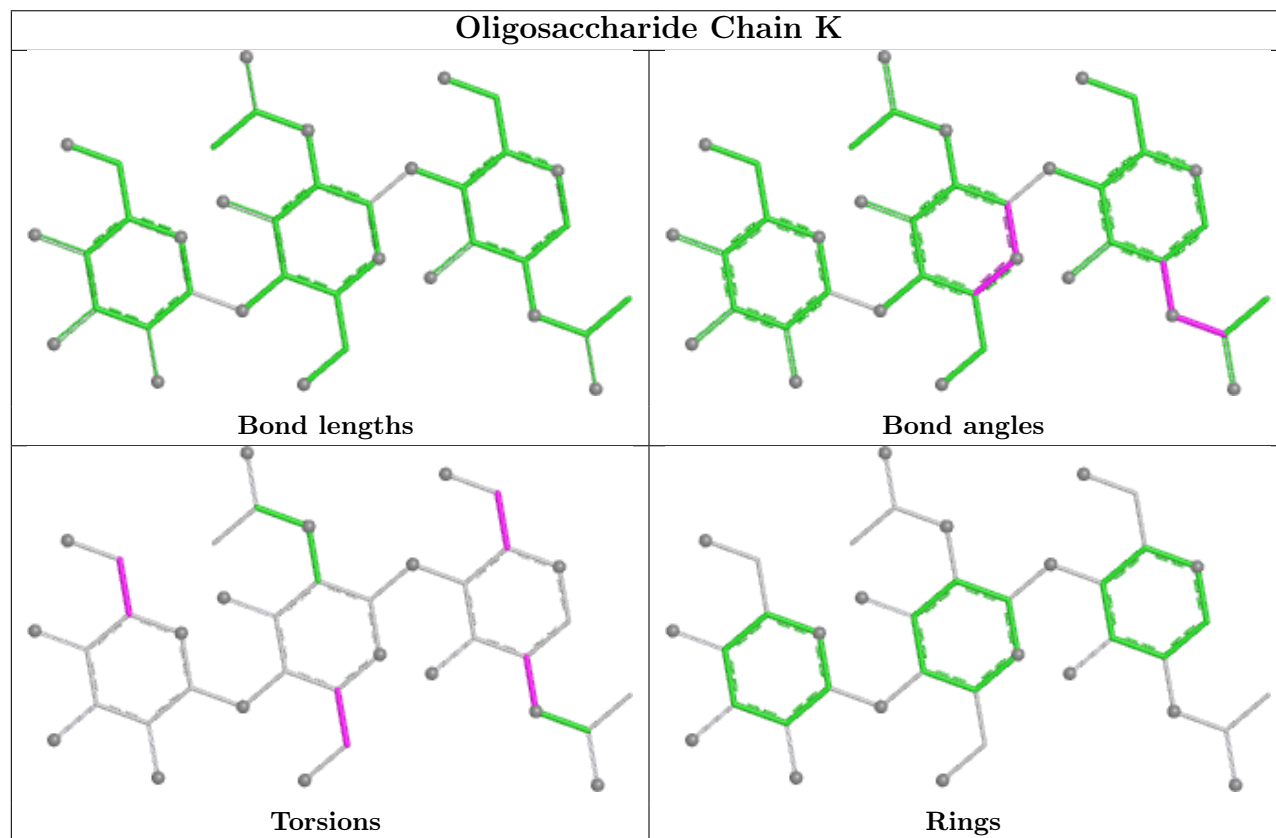
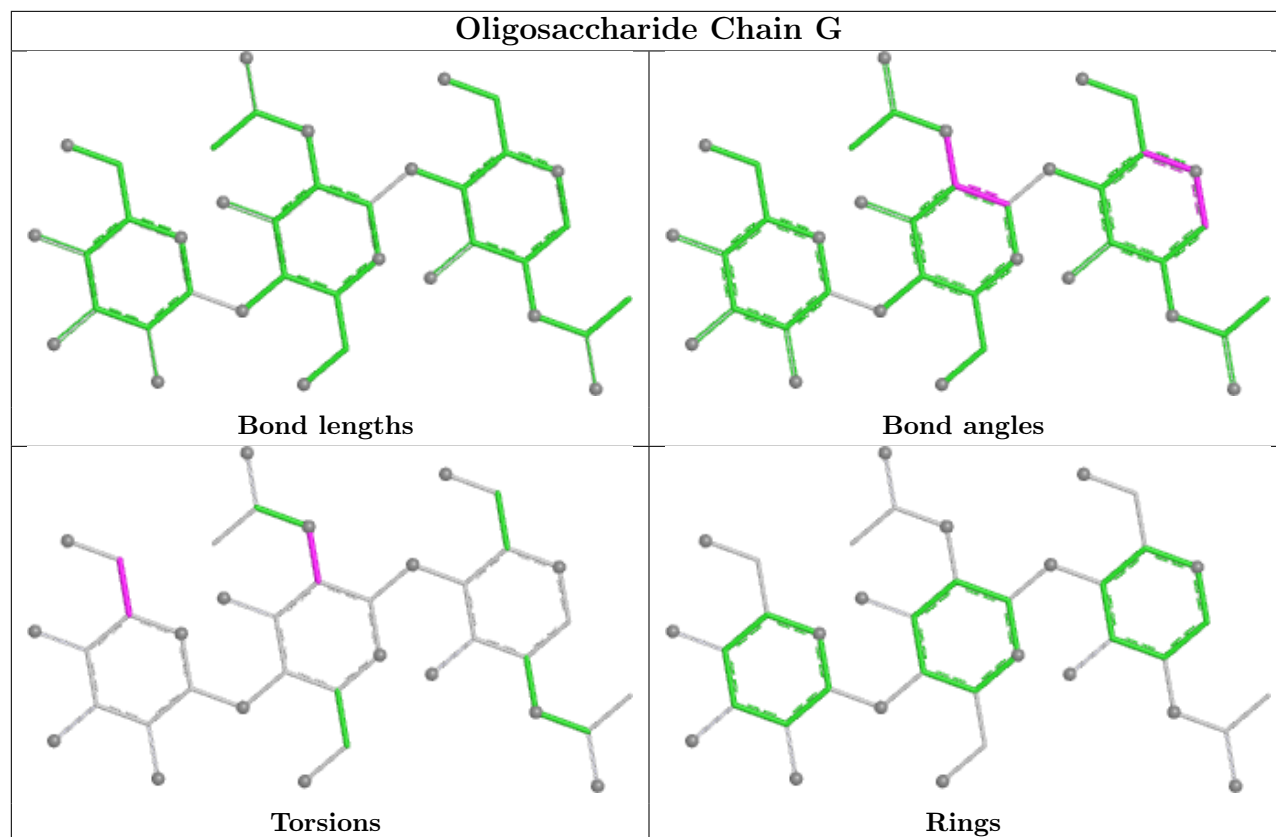
3 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

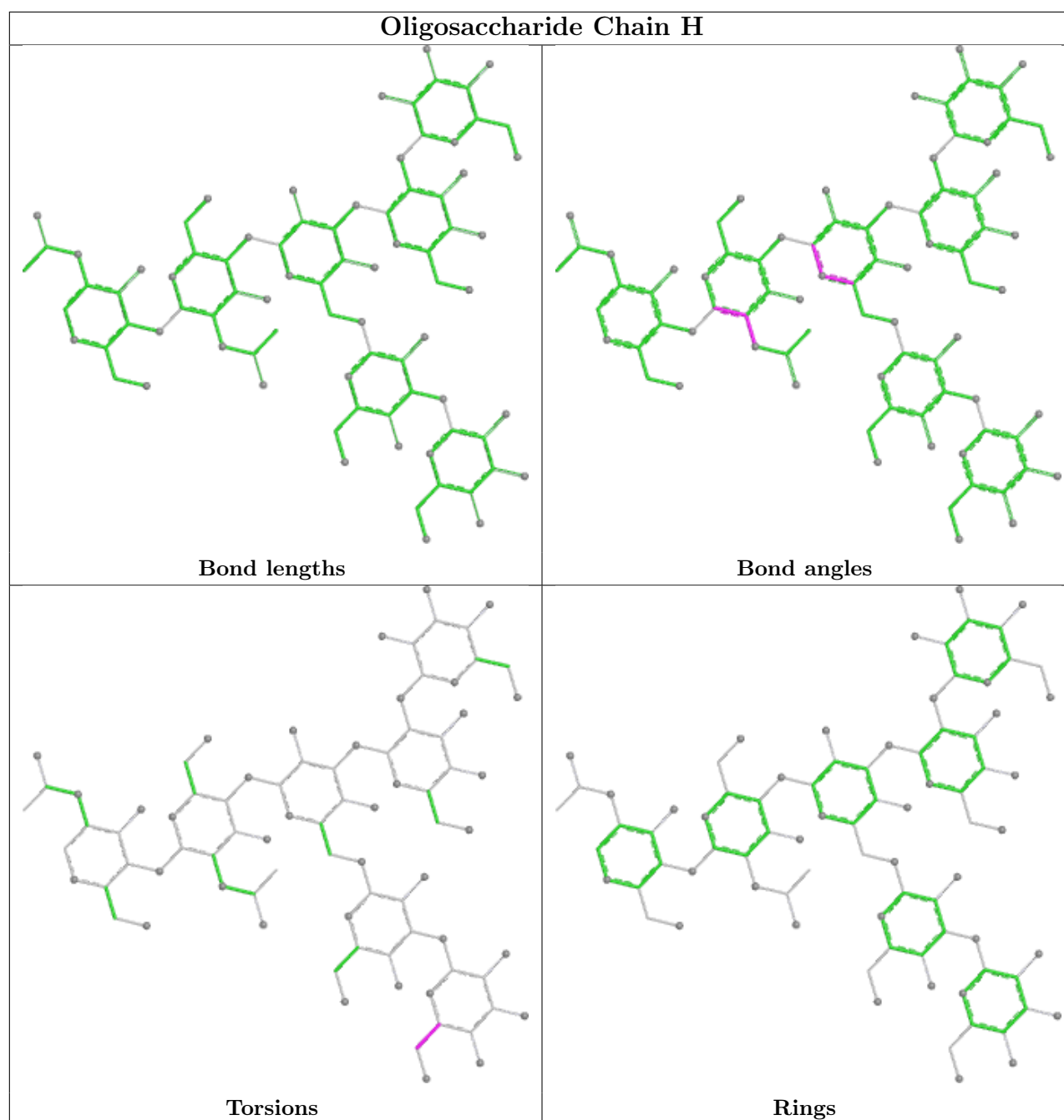
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	H	2	NAG	1	0
9	H	6	MAN	1	0
8	K	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
11	PIO	D	601	-	47,47,47	0.59	1 (2%)	62,65,65	0.45	0
11	PIO	B	601	-	47,47,47	0.58	1 (2%)	62,65,65	0.43	0
12	POV	B	602	-	51,51,51	0.34	0	57,59,59	0.47	0
10	ABU	A	501	-	6,6,6	0.88	0	6,6,6	1.00	0
13	NAG	E	501	4	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
10	ABU	C	501	-	6,6,6	0.76	0	6,6,6	0.81	0
13	NAG	D	602	3	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.46	0
12	POV	D	603	-	51,51,51	0.31	0	57,59,59	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	PIO	D	601	-	-	3/44/68/68	0/1/1/1
11	PIO	B	601	-	-	3/44/68/68	0/1/1/1
12	POV	B	602	-	-	7/55/55/55	-
10	ABU	A	501	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
13	NAG	E	501	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	ABU	C	501	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
13	NAG	D	602	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
12	POV	D	603	-	-	16/55/55/55	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
11	D	601	PIO	P5-O5	2.01	1.63	1.59
11	B	601	PIO	P5-O5	2.01	1.63	1.59

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 37 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	D	603	POV	C22-C21-O21-C2
12	D	603	POV	O22-C21-O21-C2
13	E	501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
13	E	501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

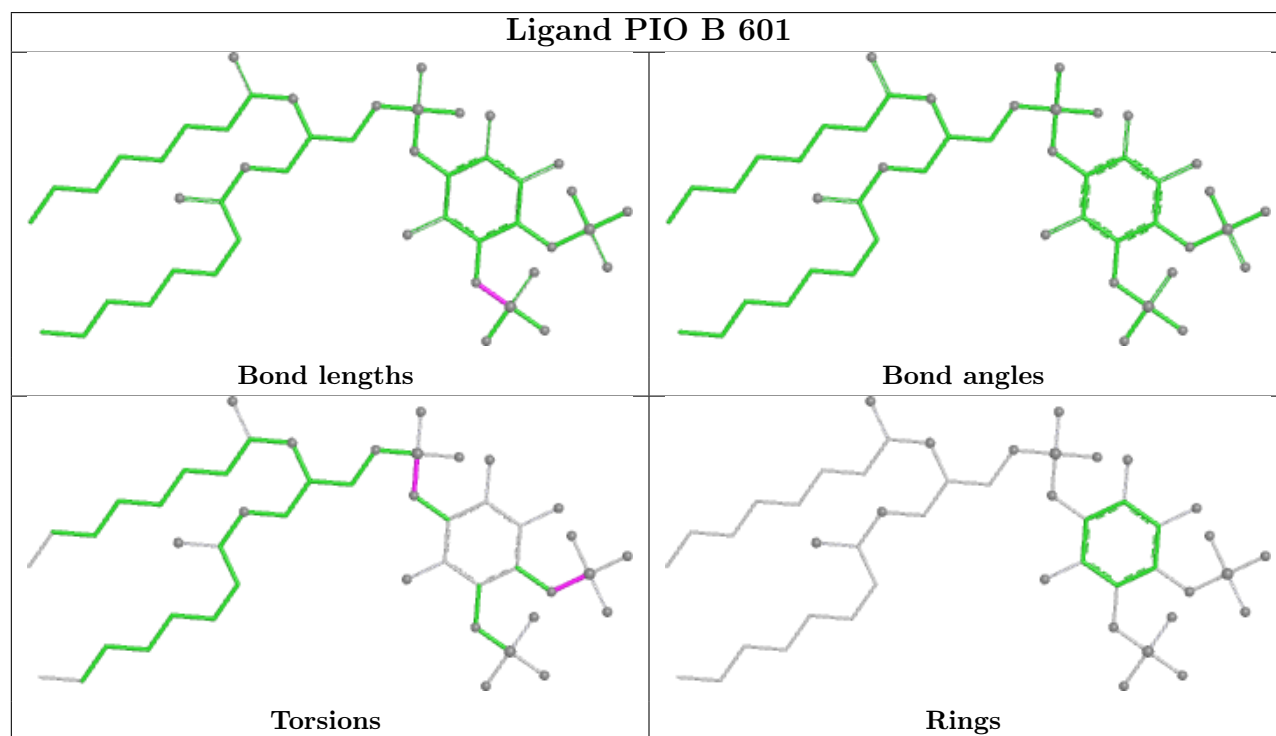
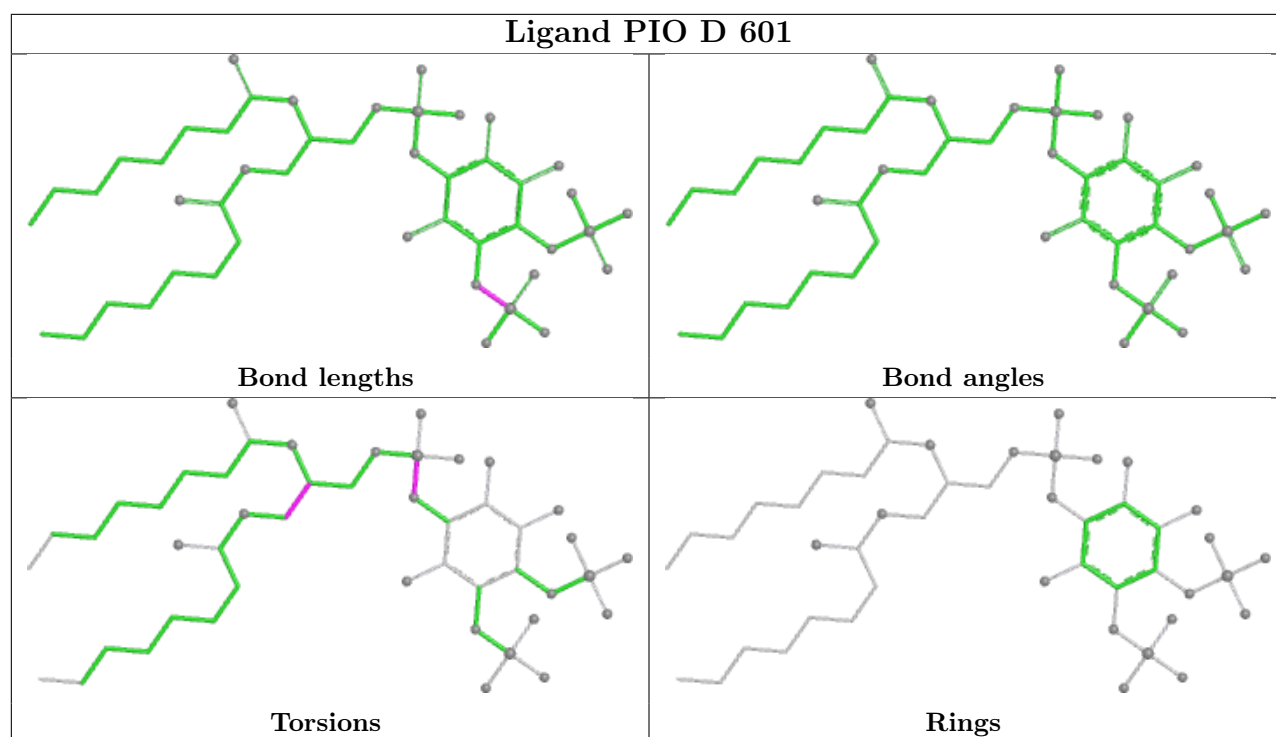
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
13	D	602	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

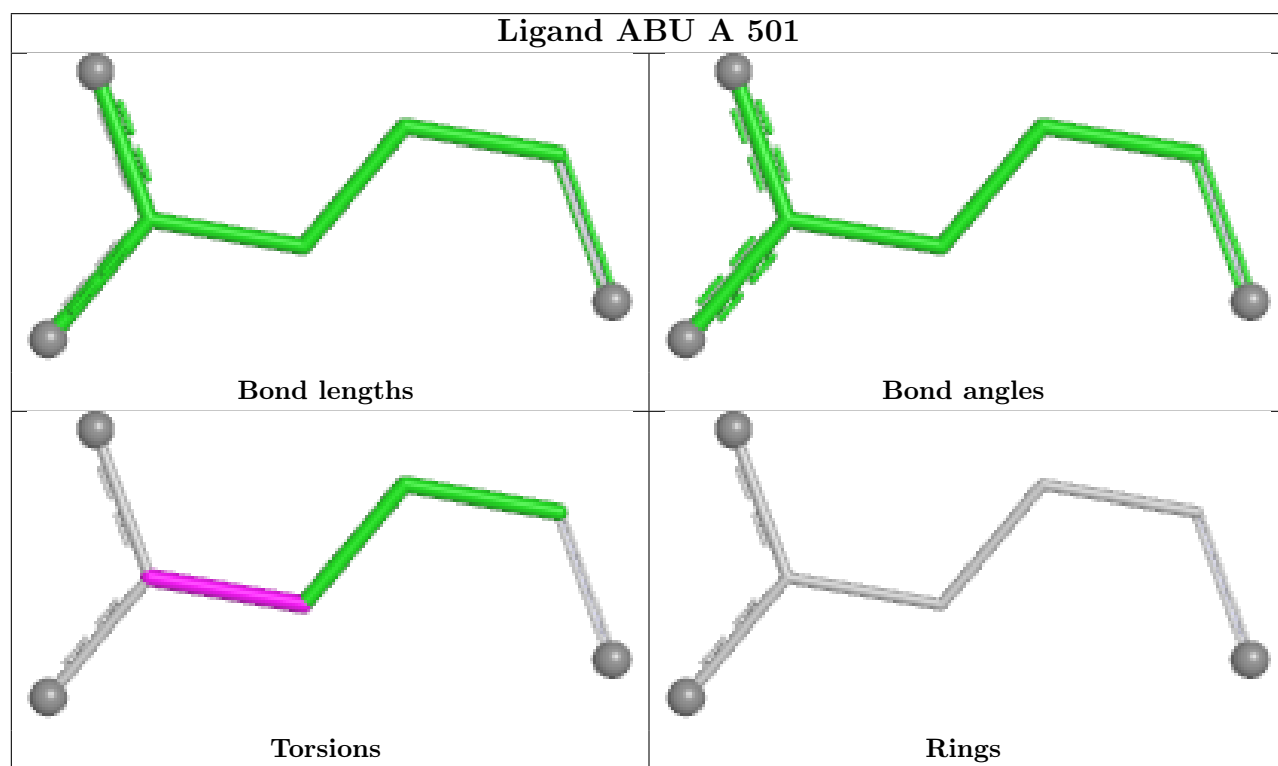
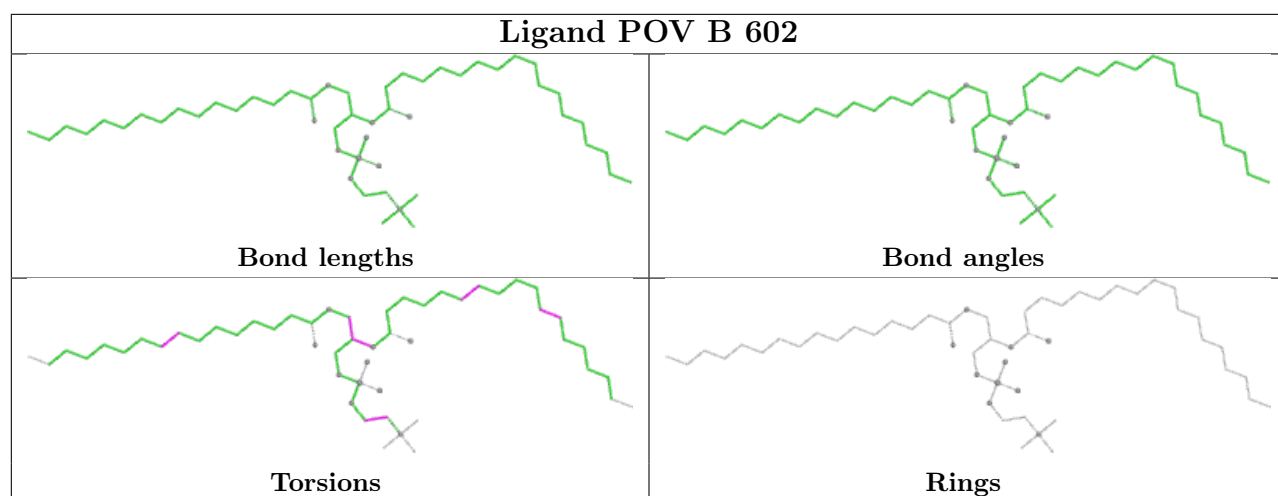
There are no ring outliers.

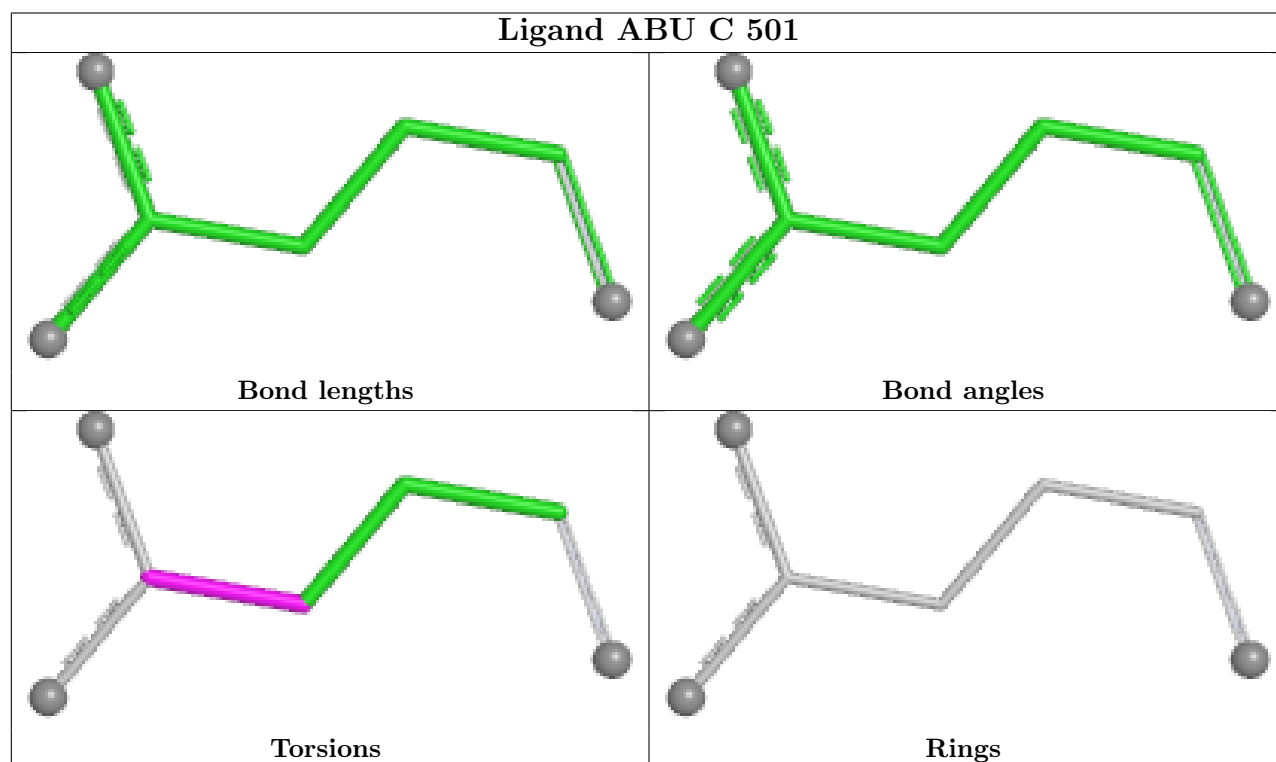
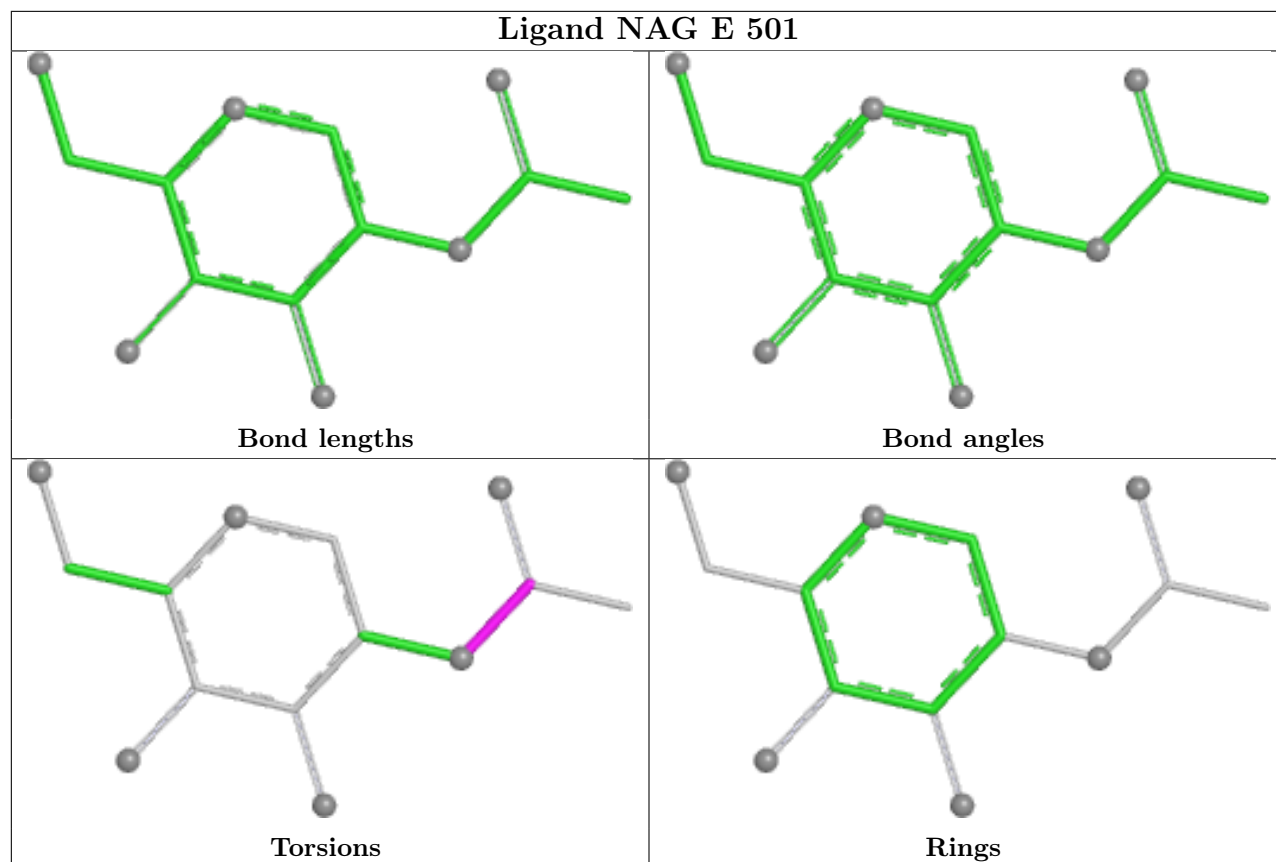
6 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

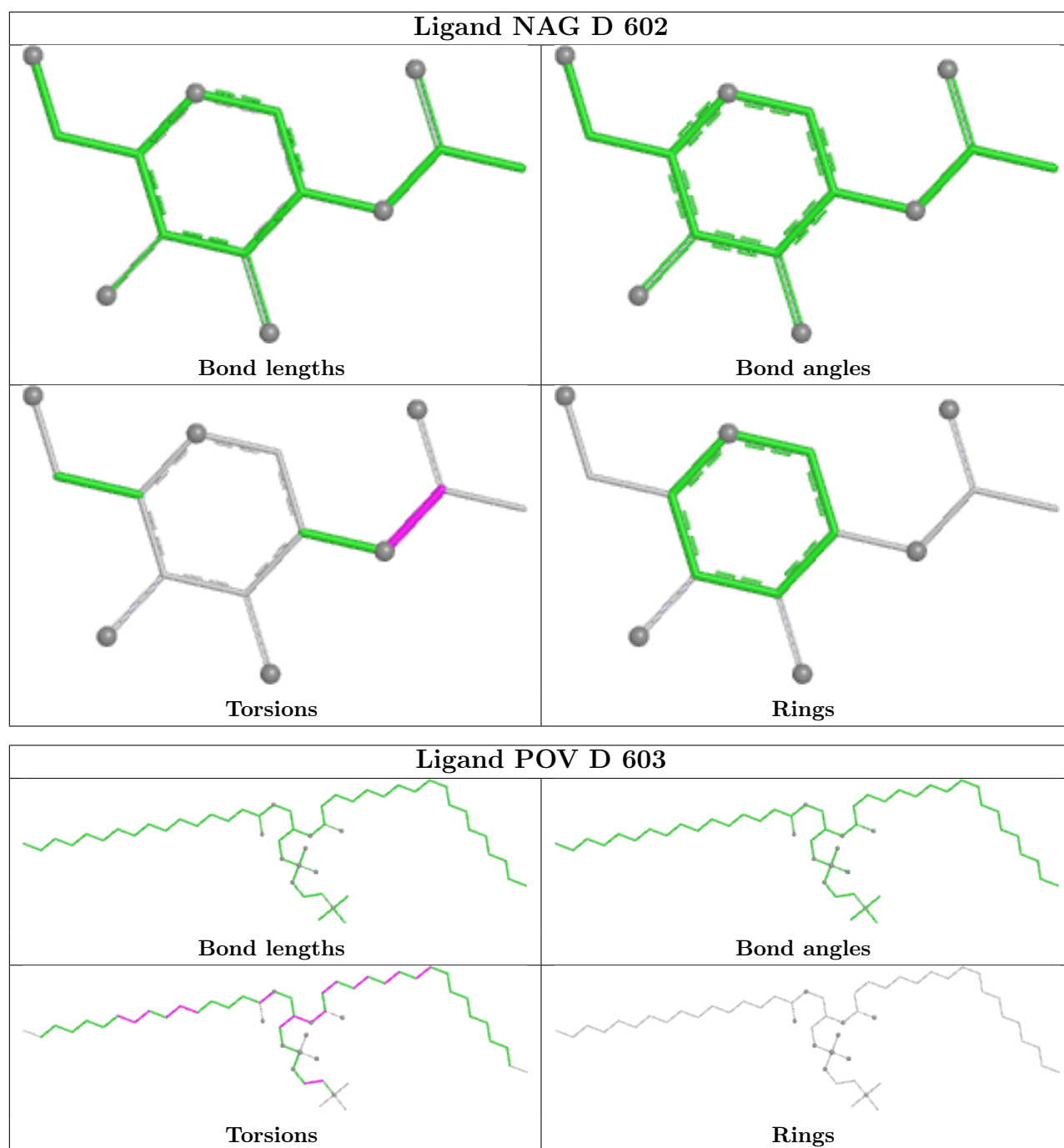
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	B	601	PIO	3	0
12	B	602	POV	1	0
10	A	501	ABU	2	0
13	E	501	NAG	1	0
10	C	501	ABU	1	0
12	D	603	POV	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

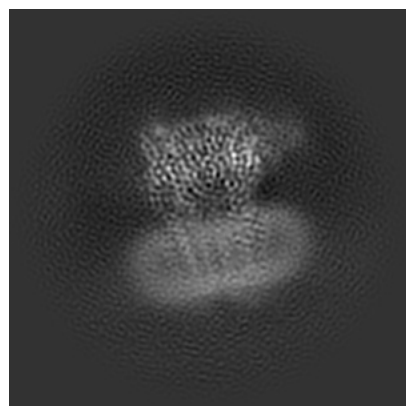
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-45894. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

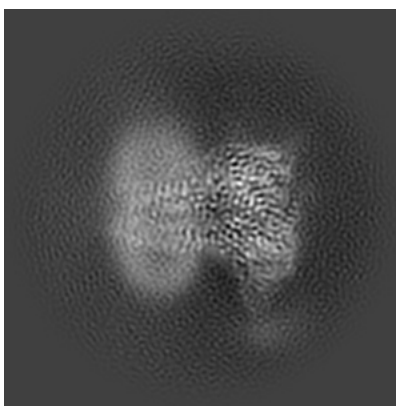
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

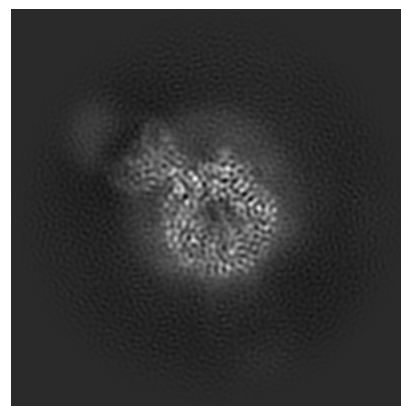
6.1.1 Primary map



X

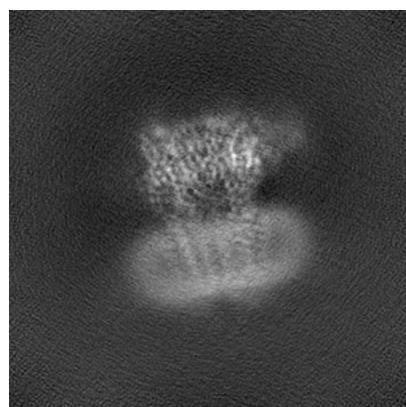


Y

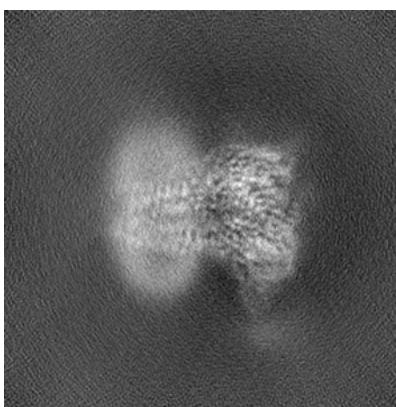


Z

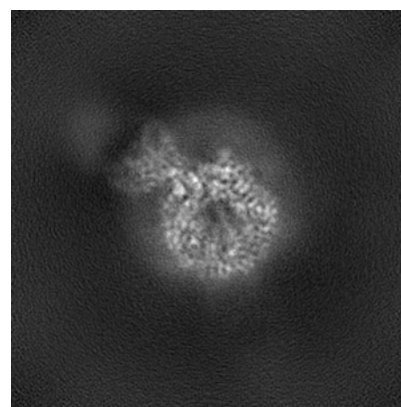
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

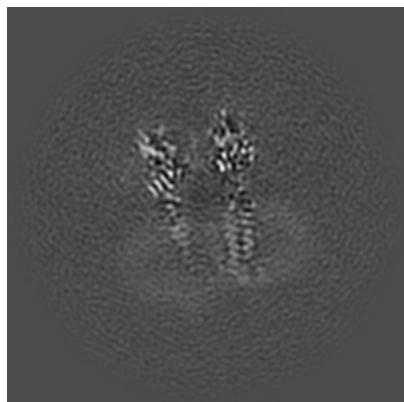


Z

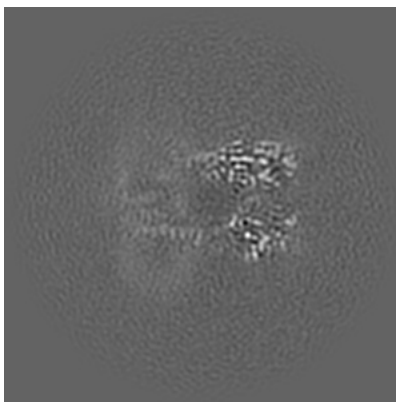
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

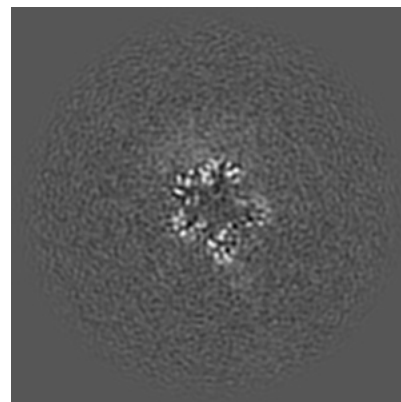
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

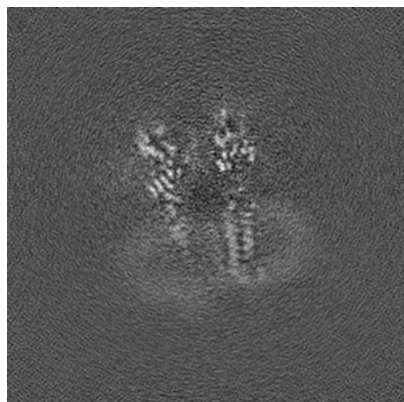


Y Index: 128

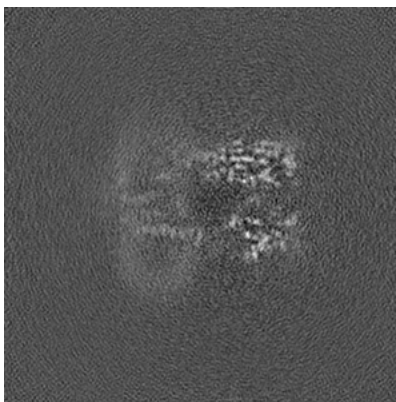


Z Index: 128

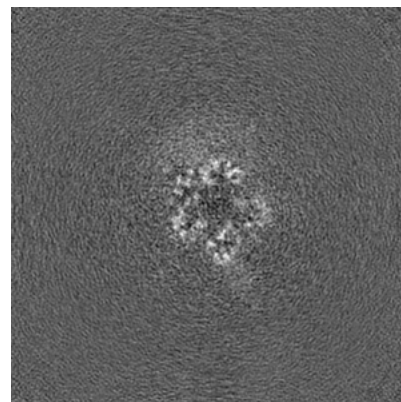
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

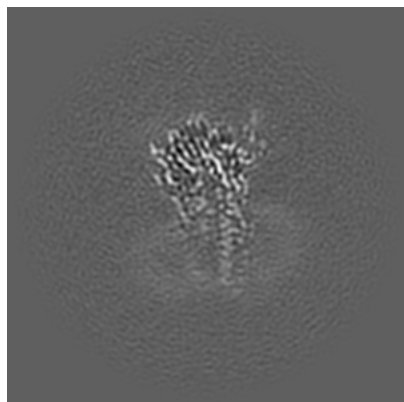


Z Index: 128

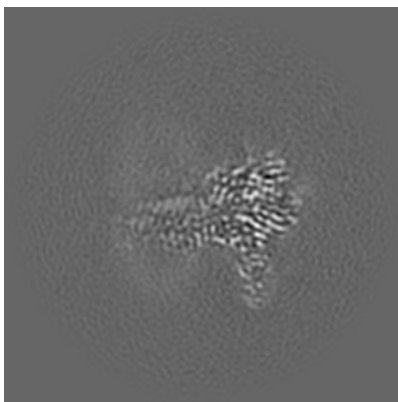
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

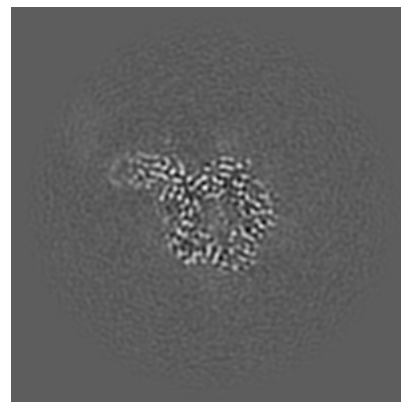
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 108

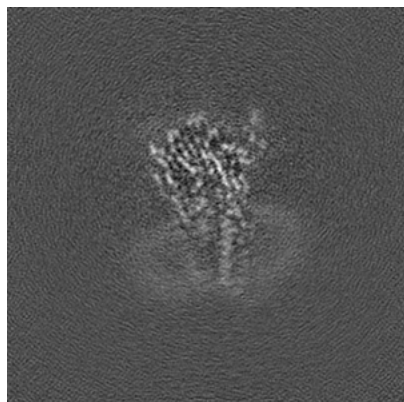


Y Index: 143

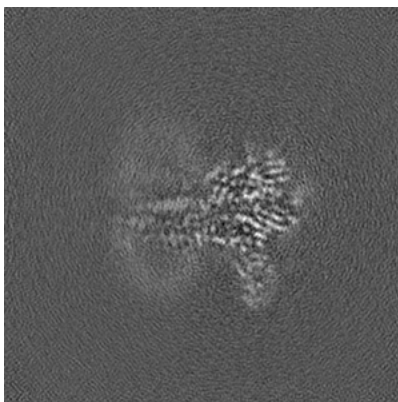


Z Index: 157

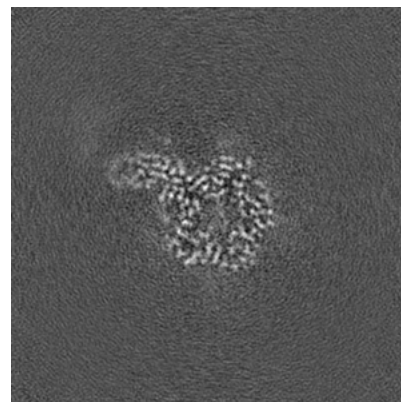
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 108



Y Index: 143

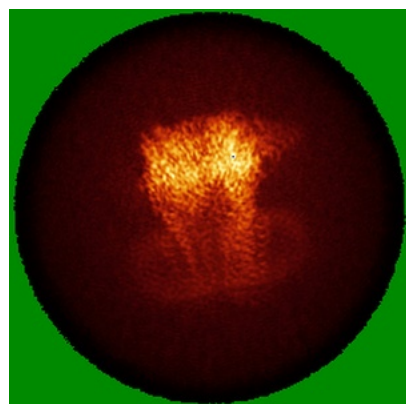


Z Index: 157

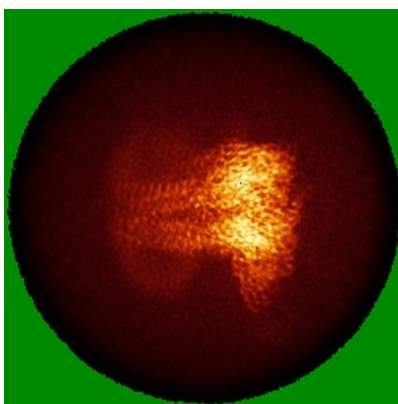
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

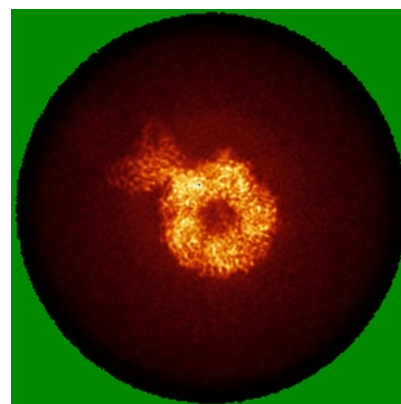
6.4.1 Primary map



X

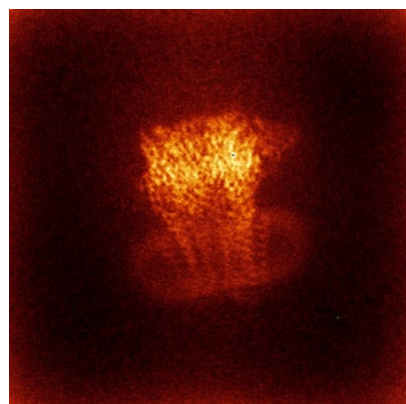


Y

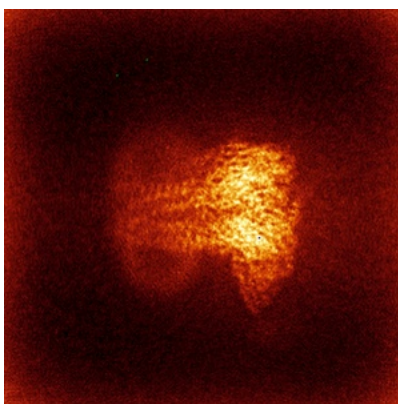


Z

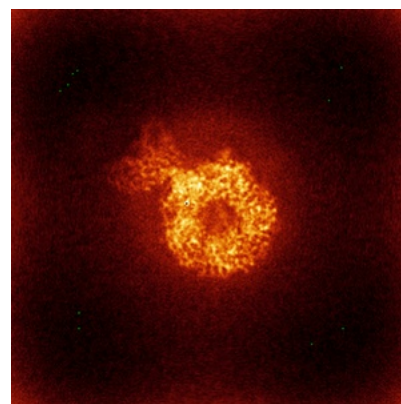
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



X



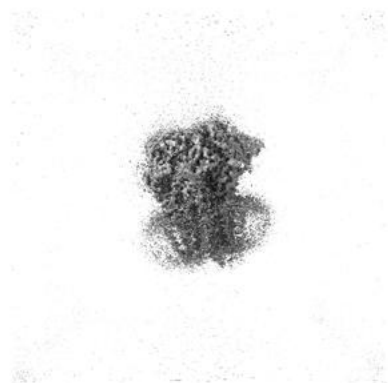
Y



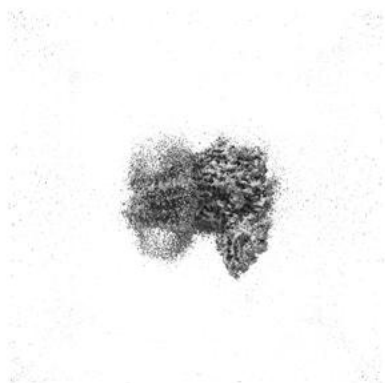
Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.13. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

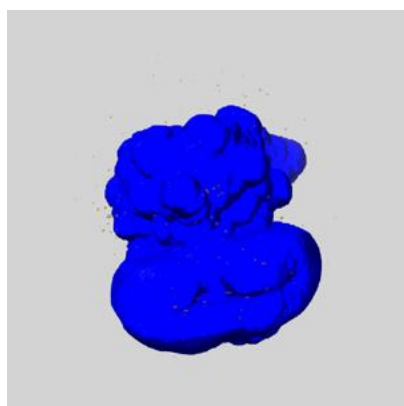
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

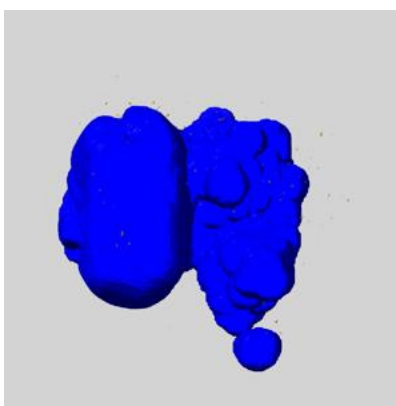
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

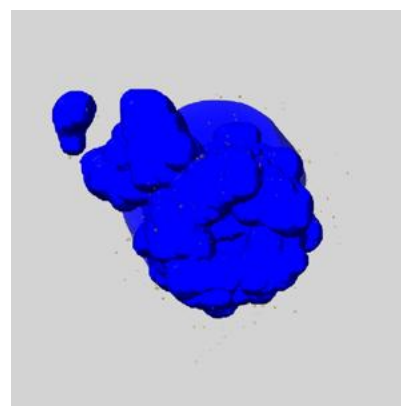
6.6.1 emd_45894_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

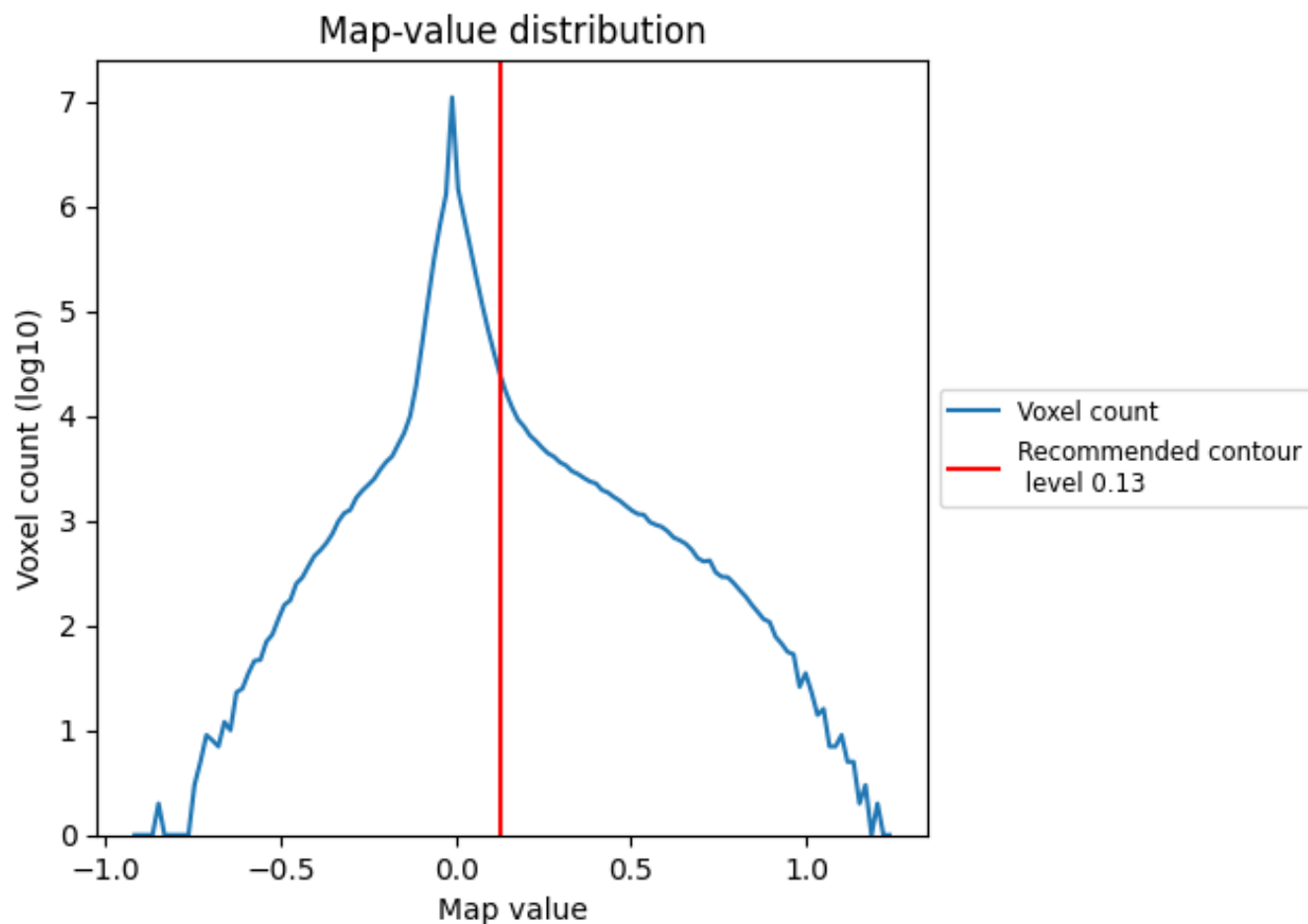


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

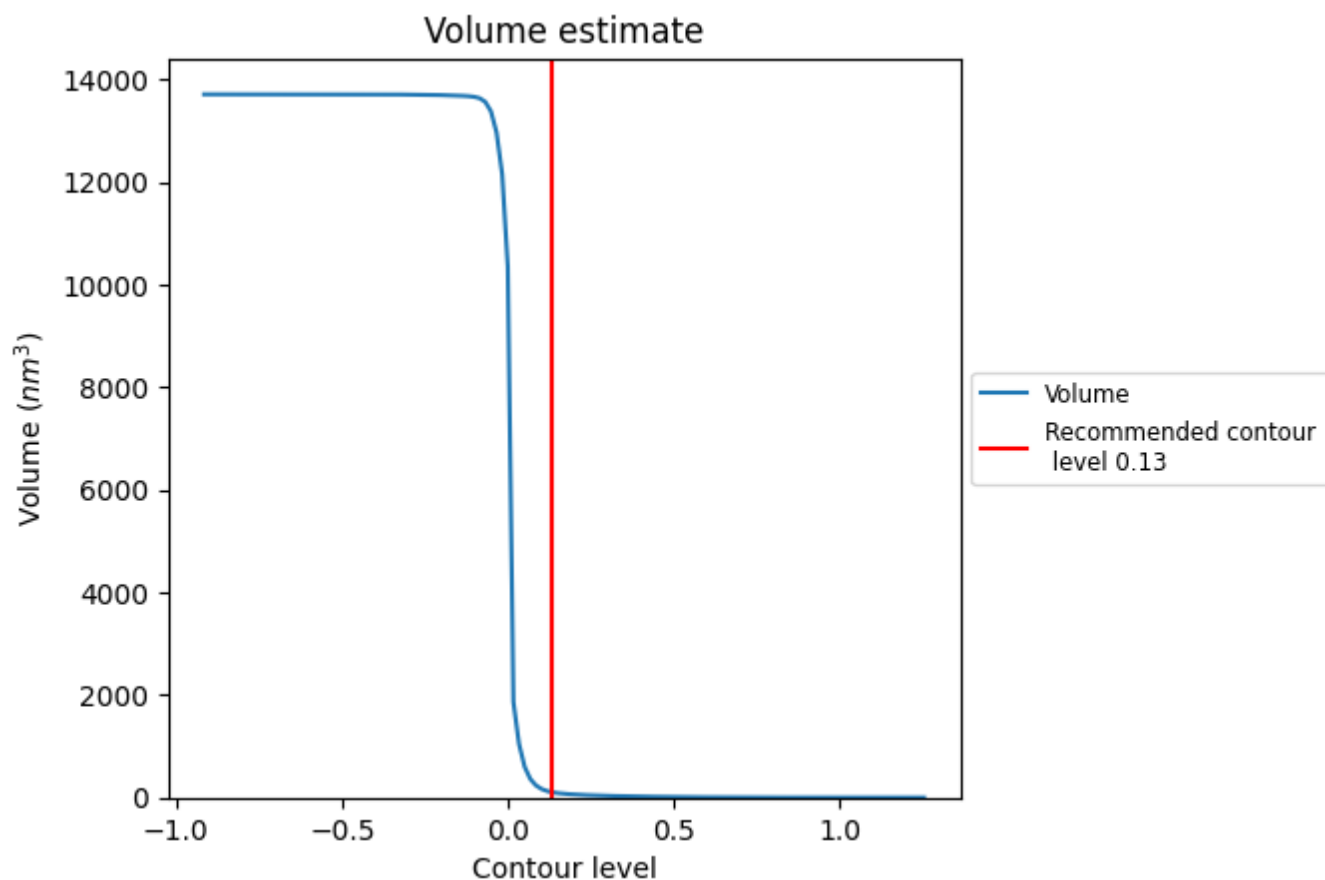
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

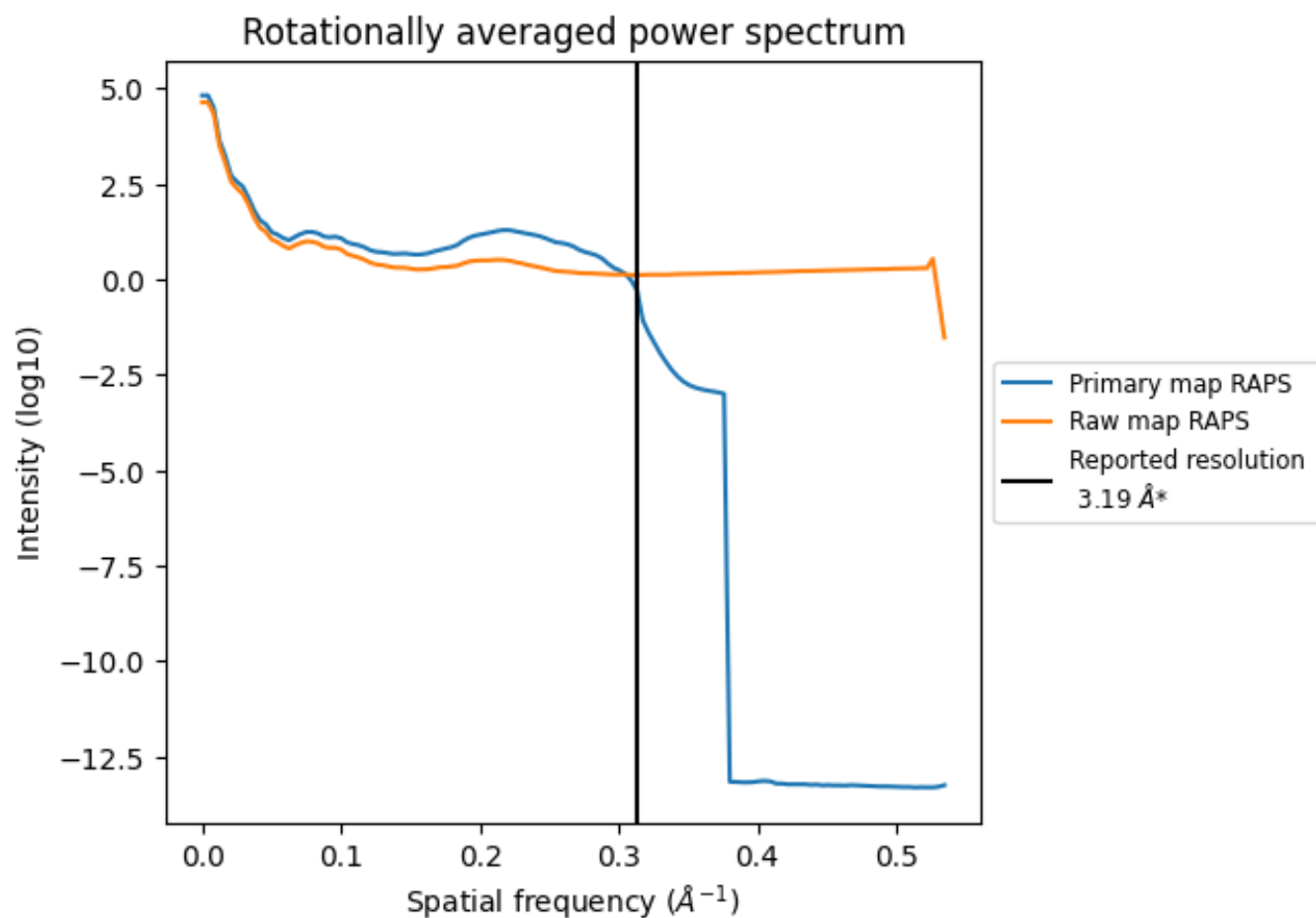
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 109 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 98 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

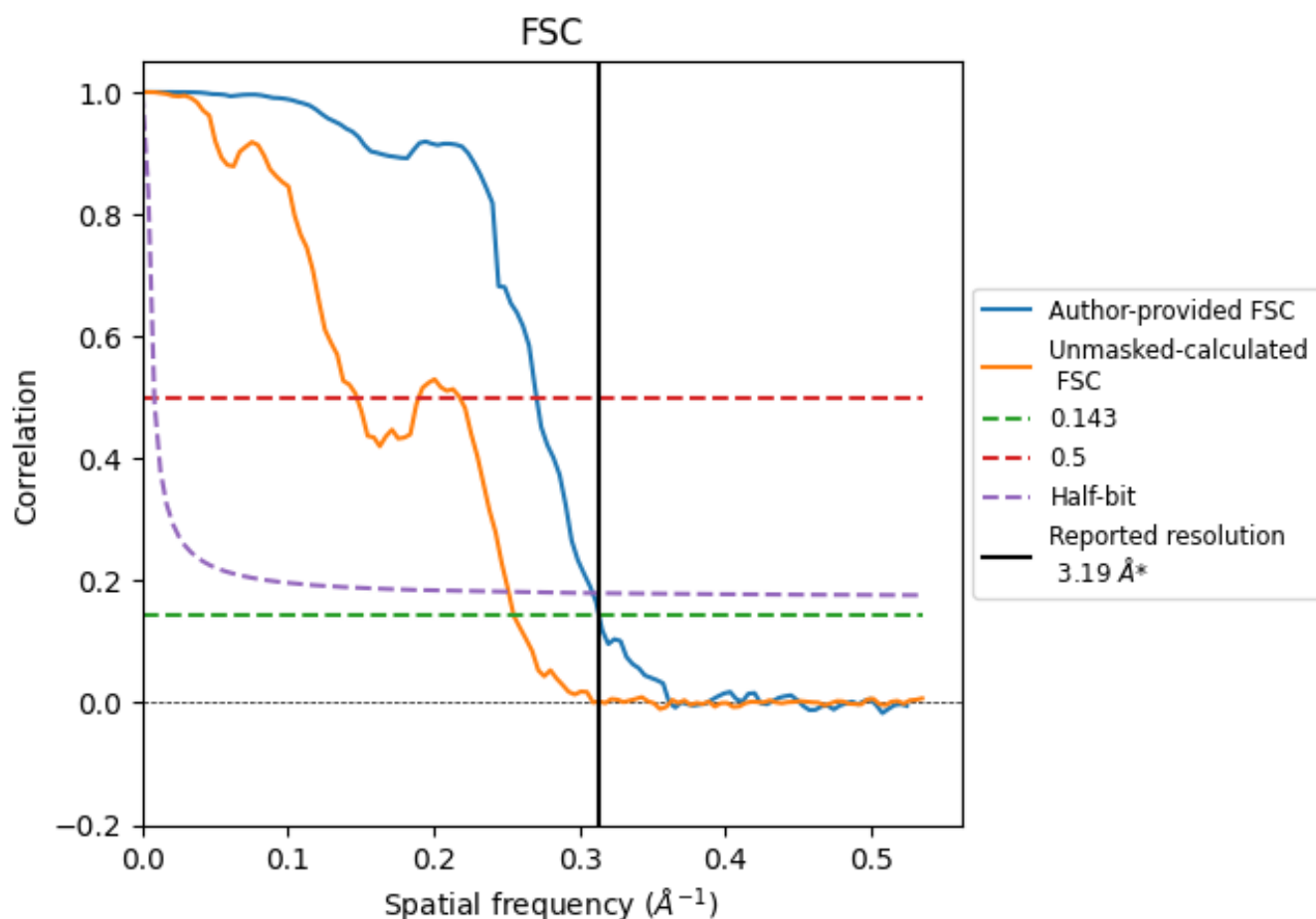


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.313 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.313 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

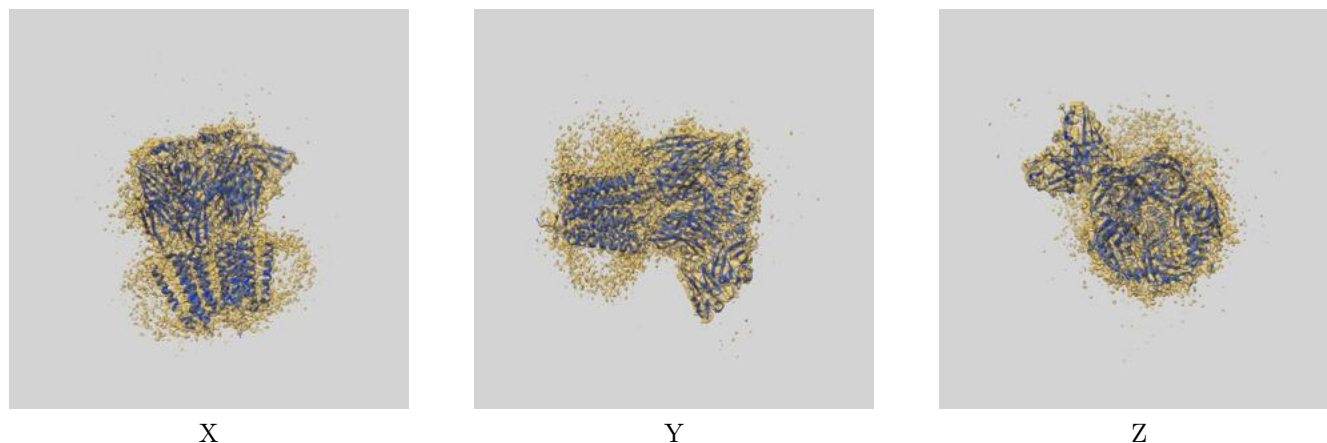
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.19	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.19	3.70	3.24
Unmasked-calculated*	3.92	6.80	3.98

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.92 differs from the reported value 3.19 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

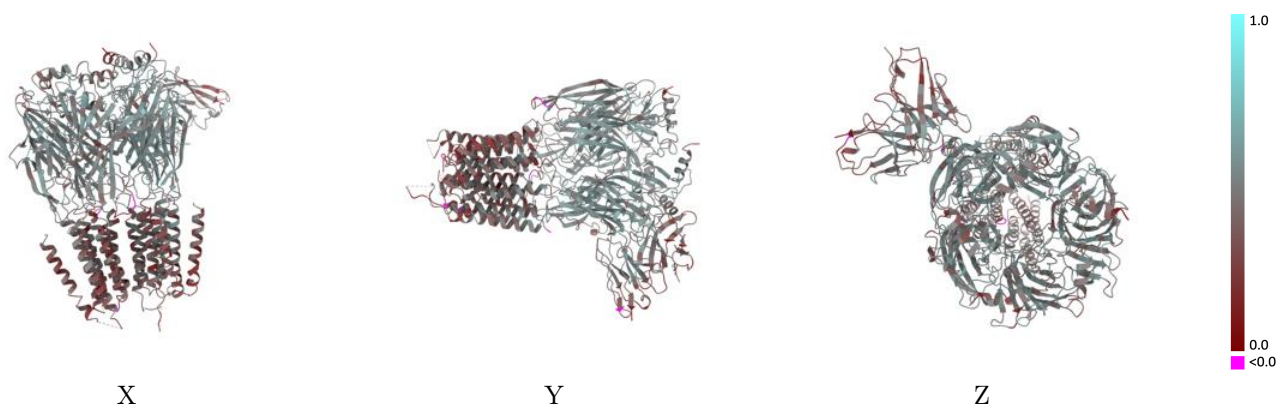
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-45894 and PDB model 9CT0. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [9](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



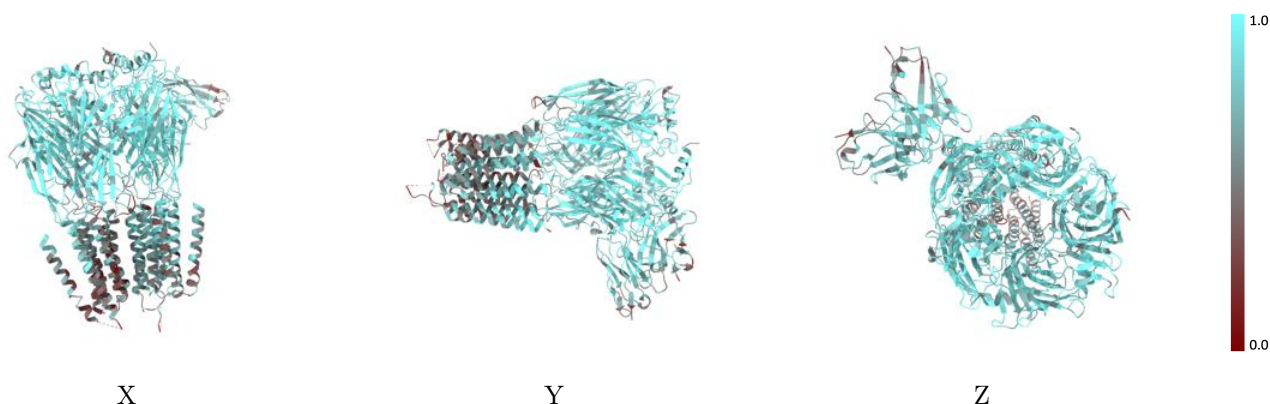
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.13 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



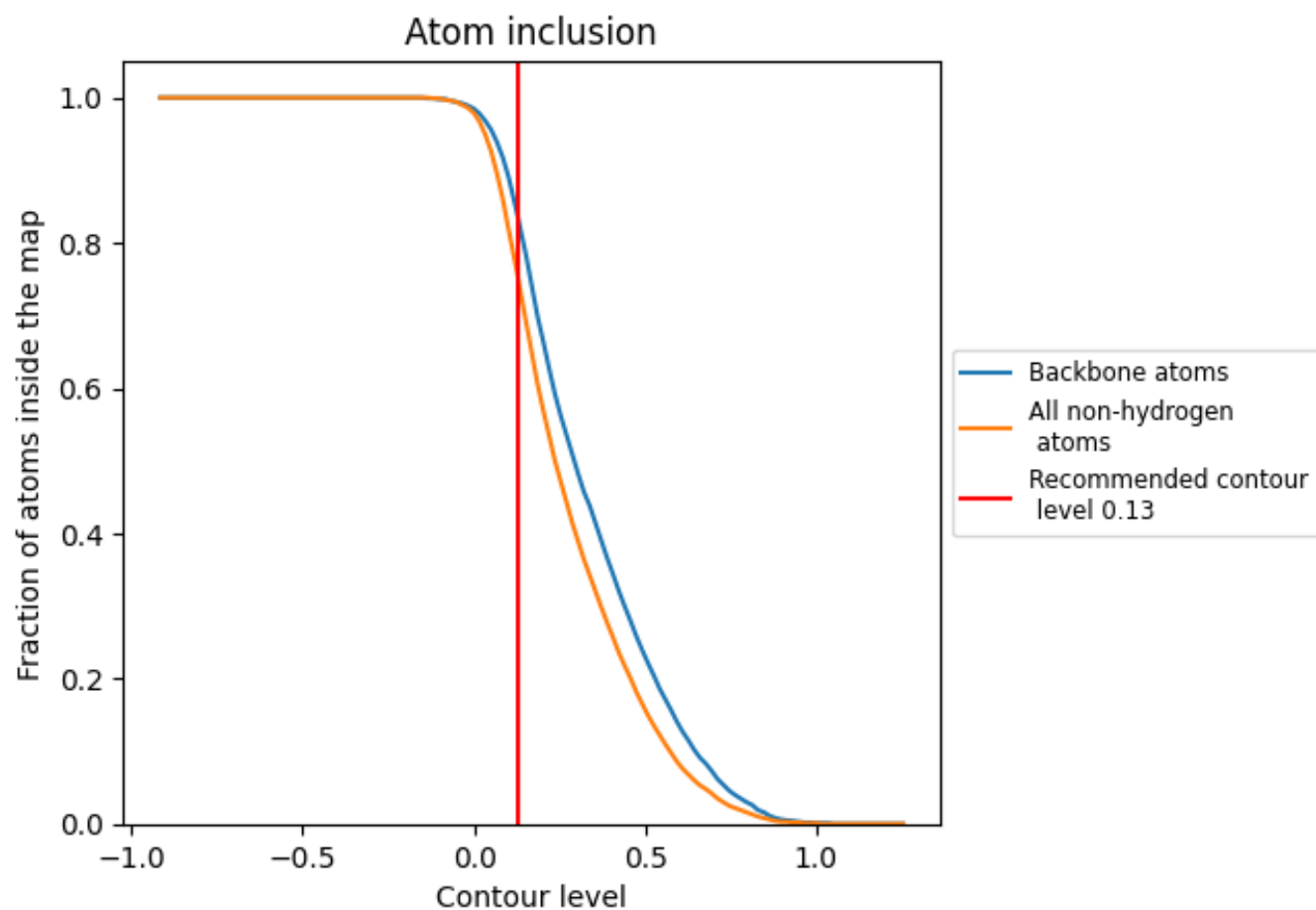
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.13).

9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ



At the recommended contour level, 83% of all backbone atoms, 75% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.13) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.7500	<div></div> 0.4460
A	<div></div> 0.7830	<div></div> 0.4570
B	<div></div> 0.7930	<div></div> 0.4760
C	<div></div> 0.7070	<div></div> 0.4340
D	<div></div> 0.7070	<div></div> 0.4280
E	<div></div> 0.8080	<div></div> 0.4660
F	<div></div> 0.3210	<div></div> 0.2100
G	<div></div> 0.7950	<div></div> 0.4890
H	<div></div> 0.6990	<div></div> 0.4180
I	<div></div> 0.7270	<div></div> 0.4180
J	<div></div> 0.7070	<div></div> 0.4080
K	<div></div> 0.6670	<div></div> 0.4140
O	<div></div> 0.5710	<div></div> 0.3650

1.0

0.0

<0.0