



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 13, 2024 – 12:54 pm BST

PDB ID : 4BCM
Title : Structure of CDK2 in complex with cyclin A and a 2-amino-4-heteroaryl-pyrimidine inhibitor
Authors : Hole, A.J.; Baumli, S.; Wang, S.; Endicott, J.A.; Noble, M.E.M.
Deposited on : 2012-10-02
Resolution : 2.45 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 3.0
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

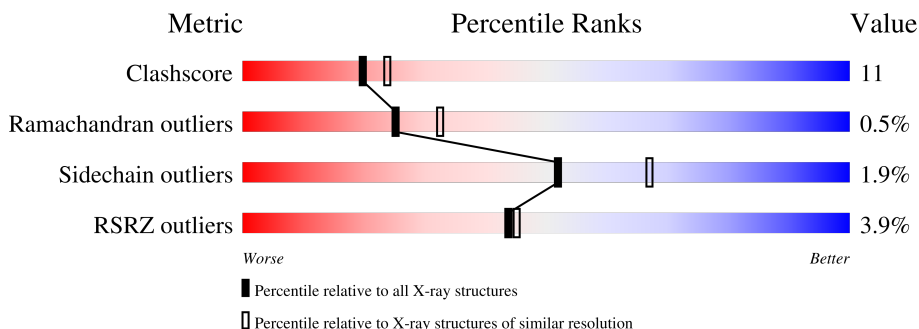
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	1178 (2.46-2.46)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1170 (2.46-2.46)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1170 (2.46-2.46)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1096 (2.46-2.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	301	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>77%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
1	C	301	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>68%</div> <div>29%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
2	B	262	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
3	D	262	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>65%</div> <div>24%</div> <div>.</div> <div>10%</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9111 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	296	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2375	1544	403	419	1	8			
1	C	295	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2370	1538	400	423	1	8			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-2	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P24941
C	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24941

- Molecule 2 is a protein called CYCLIN-A2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	257	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2083	1350	340	382	11			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called CYCLIN-A2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	236	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1918	1249	311	348	10			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	331	LEU	SER	conflict	UNP P20248

-
- The chemical structure of T7Z is a complex molecule consisting of several interconnected rings and functional groups. The structure is labeled with atom names and numbers:
- Pyridine Ring:** A six-membered aromatic ring with nitrogen atoms N28 and N09. It is substituted with a nitrile group (C31, N32) and a thiazole ring (C07, S33, N04, N02, C01).
 - Thiazole Ring:** A five-membered aromatic ring with sulfur atom S33 and nitrogen atoms N04 and N02. It is substituted with a methyl group (C06) and a methyl group (C01).
 - Amine Group:** A secondary amine group (N11) connects the pyridine ring (C10) to a benzene ring (C12).
 - Benzene Ring:** A six-membered aromatic ring with carbon atoms C12, C13, C14, C24, C25, and C27. It is substituted with a sulfonamide group (S15, O22, O23) and a morpholine ring (N16, O18, C21, C20).
 - Sulfonamide Group:** A sulfur atom (S15) double-bonded to two oxygen atoms (O22, O23) and single-bonded to a nitrogen atom (N16).
 - Morpholine Ring:** A six-membered ring with nitrogen atom N16 and oxygen atom O18, substituted with a methyl group (C21) and a methyl group (C20).
- The structure is shown in a 3D perspective view, with atoms colored by element: carbon (grey), nitrogen (blue), oxygen (red), and sulfur (yellow). The labels are in a green, sans-serif font.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 33	C 21	N 7	O 3	S 2	0	0
4	C	1	Total 33	C 21	N 7	O 3	S 2	0	0

- SGM
-
- The diagram shows the chemical structure of (S)-butane-2,3-diol-1-thiol (SGM). The molecule consists of a four-carbon chain. The first carbon (C1) is bonded to a thiol group (-SH), labeled S1. The second carbon (C2) is bonded to a hydroxyl group (-OH), labeled O2, with a wedge bond indicating stereochemistry. The third carbon (C3) is bonded to a hydroxyl group (-OH), labeled O3, with a dashed bond indicating stereochemistry. The fourth carbon (C4) is bonded to a hydrogen atom (H). The labels C1, C2(R), and C3 are in green. The labels HO, OH, and SH are in red. The label S1 is in yellow.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			6	3	2	1		
5	D	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			6	3	2	1		

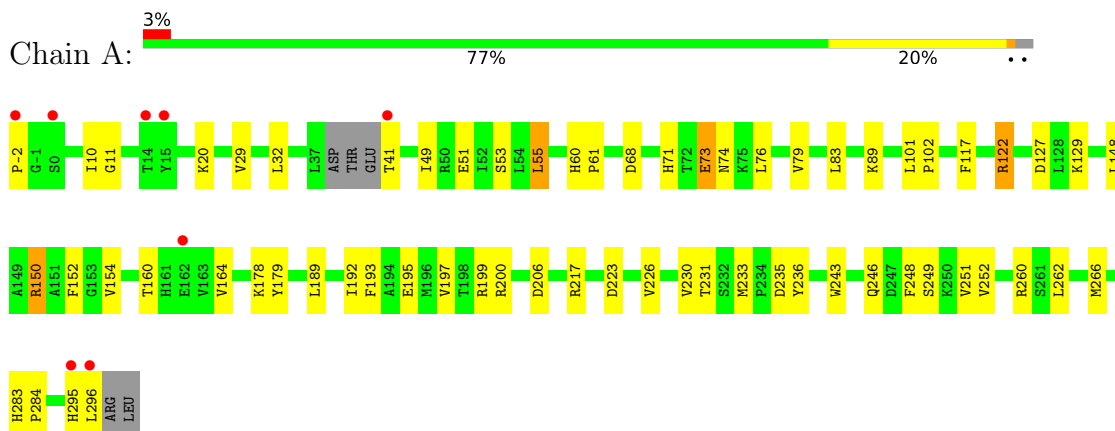
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	128	Total	O	0	0
			128	128		
6	B	106	Total	O	0	0
			106	106		
6	C	36	Total	O	0	0
			36	36		
6	D	17	Total	O	0	0
			17	17		

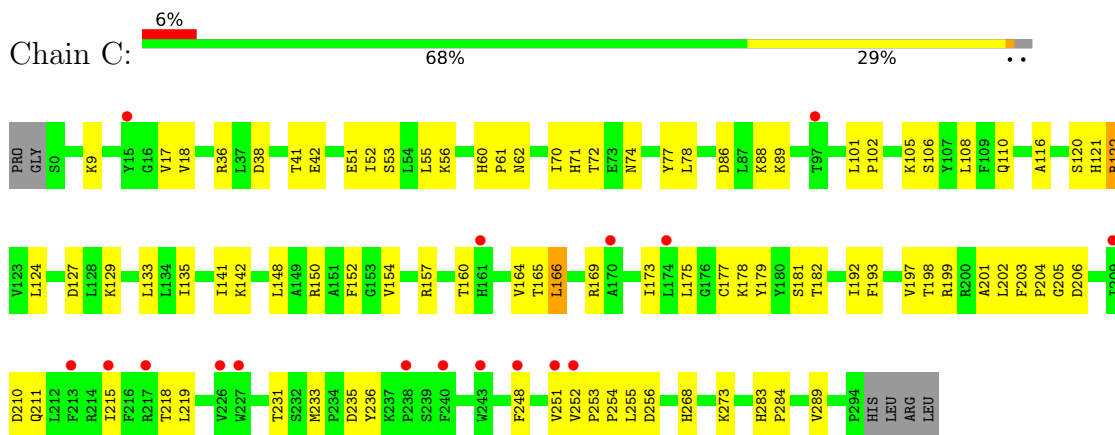
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

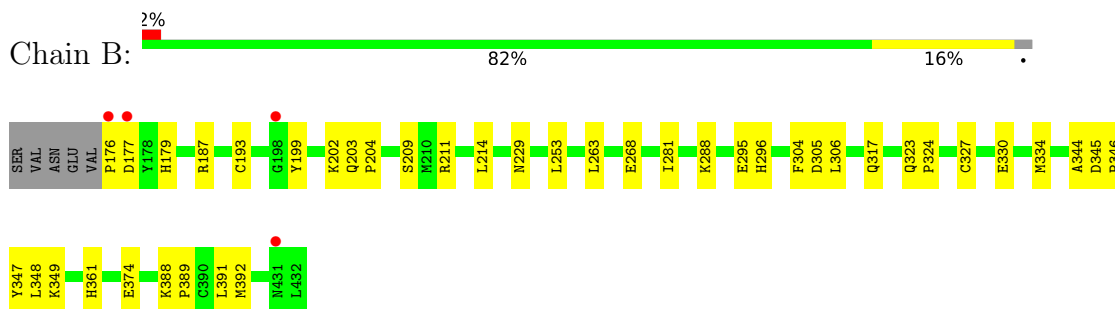
• Molecule 1: CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 2



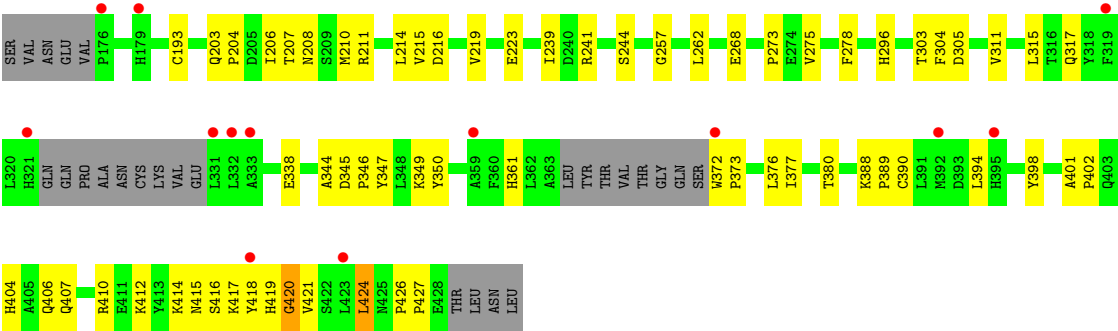
• Molecule 1: CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 2



• Molecule 2: CYCLIN-A2



● Molecule 3: CYCLIN-A2



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	74.07Å 135.41Å 148.63Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	52.46 – 2.45 52.46 – 2.45	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (52.46-2.45) 99.0 (52.46-2.45)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.20 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.196 , 0.258 0.188 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	41.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.280	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.38 , 64.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	9111	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	51.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.06% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, SGM, T7Z

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.38	0/2425	0.56	0/3288
1	C	0.29	0/2419	0.46	0/3282
2	B	0.37	0/2137	0.51	0/2901
3	D	0.29	0/1964	0.45	0/2661
All	All	0.34	0/8945	0.50	0/12132

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2375	0	2422	52	0
1	C	2370	0	2412	66	0
2	B	2083	0	2105	38	0
3	D	1918	0	1941	54	0
4	A	33	0	23	8	0
4	C	33	0	23	4	0
5	B	6	0	7	2	0
5	D	6	0	7	2	0
6	A	128	0	0	4	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	106	0	0	4	0
6	C	36	0	0	3	0
6	D	17	0	0	1	0
All	All	9111	0	8940	200	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

The worst 5 of 200 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:193:CYS:SG	5:B:1433:SGM:S1	2.29	1.30
3:D:193:CYS:SG	5:D:1429:SGM:S1	2.31	1.28
3:D:305:ASP:HB3	5:D:1429:SGM:H12	1.55	0.85
1:C:72:THR:HG22	1:C:74:ASN:H	1.48	0.78
1:A:-2:PRO:HA	1:A:68:ASP:OD2	1.83	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	291/301 (97%)	278 (96%)	12 (4%)	1 (0%)	37	45
1	C	292/301 (97%)	269 (92%)	20 (7%)	3 (1%)	13	14
2	B	256/262 (98%)	253 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
3	D	230/262 (88%)	219 (95%)	10 (4%)	1 (0%)	30	38
All	All	1069/1126 (95%)	1019 (95%)	45 (4%)	5 (0%)	25	32

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	166	LEU
1	C	164	VAL
1	A	164	VAL
1	C	256	ASP
3	D	420	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	259/264 (98%)	251 (97%)	8 (3%)	35	50
1	C	259/264 (98%)	254 (98%)	5 (2%)	52	67
2	B	232/236 (98%)	230 (99%)	2 (1%)	75	86
3	D	212/236 (90%)	209 (99%)	3 (1%)	62	76
All	All	962/1000 (96%)	944 (98%)	18 (2%)	52	67

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	248	PHE
3	D	424	LEU
3	D	398	TYR
2	B	209	SER
1	C	218	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	317	GLN
3	D	419	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	TPO	C	160	1	8,10,11	0.79	0	10,14,16	1.28	0
1	TPO	A	160	1	8,10,11	0.82	0	10,14,16	1.35	1 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	C	160	1	-	0/9/11/13	-
1	TPO	A	160	1	-	0/9/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	160	TPO	CG2-CB-CA	-2.39	108.46	113.16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	160	TPO	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
4	T7Z	A	1297	-	35,36,36	3.87	15 (42%)	46,52,52	4.04	18 (39%)
4	T7Z	C	1295	-	35,36,36	3.90	15 (42%)	46,52,52	3.87	20 (43%)
5	SGM	D	1429	-	5,5,5	0.36	0	5,5,5	0.85	0
5	SGM	B	1433	-	5,5,5	0.44	0	5,5,5	0.41	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	T7Z	A	1297	-	-	5/21/32/32	0/4/4/4
4	T7Z	C	1295	-	-	7/21/32/32	0/4/4/4
5	SGM	D	1429	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
5	SGM	B	1433	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

The worst 5 of 30 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	1297	T7Z	C17-N16	-11.71	1.35	1.47
4	C	1295	T7Z	C17-N16	-11.67	1.35	1.47
4	C	1295	T7Z	C21-N16	-11.66	1.35	1.47
4	A	1297	T7Z	C21-N16	-11.48	1.35	1.47
4	C	1295	T7Z	C03-N02	7.84	1.47	1.26

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	1295	T7Z	C03-S33-C07	18.10	100.22	88.32
4	A	1297	T7Z	C03-S33-C07	17.26	99.66	88.32
4	A	1297	T7Z	C21-N16-C17	11.25	124.61	112.17
4	C	1295	T7Z	C21-N16-C17	8.46	121.53	112.17
4	A	1297	T7Z	C20-C21-N16	7.94	112.86	108.18

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

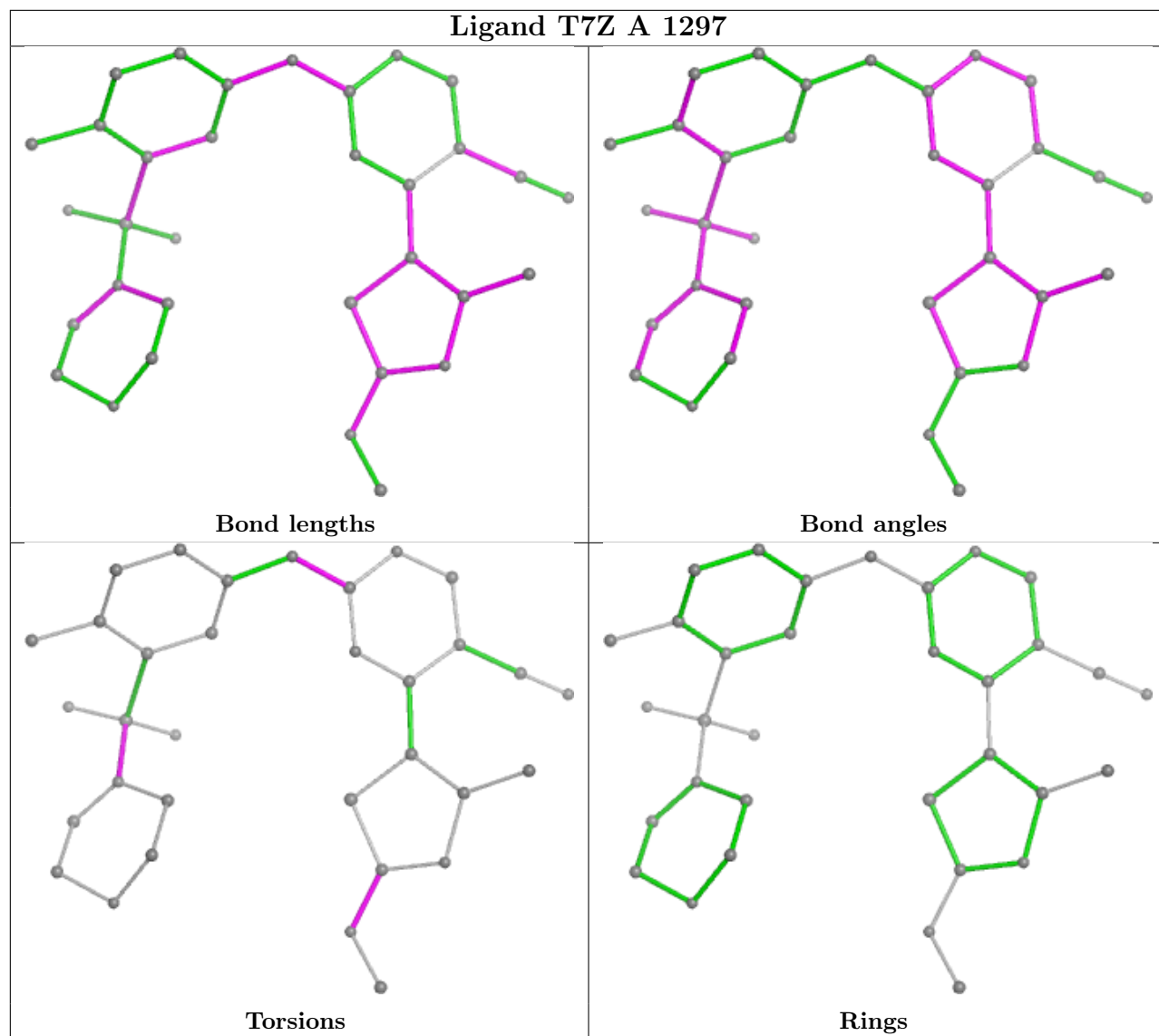
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	C	1295	T7Z	S33-C03-N02-C01
4	C	1295	T7Z	C17-N16-S15-C14
4	C	1295	T7Z	C17-N16-S15-O22
4	C	1295	T7Z	C17-N16-S15-O23
4	A	1297	T7Z	C17-N16-S15-O23

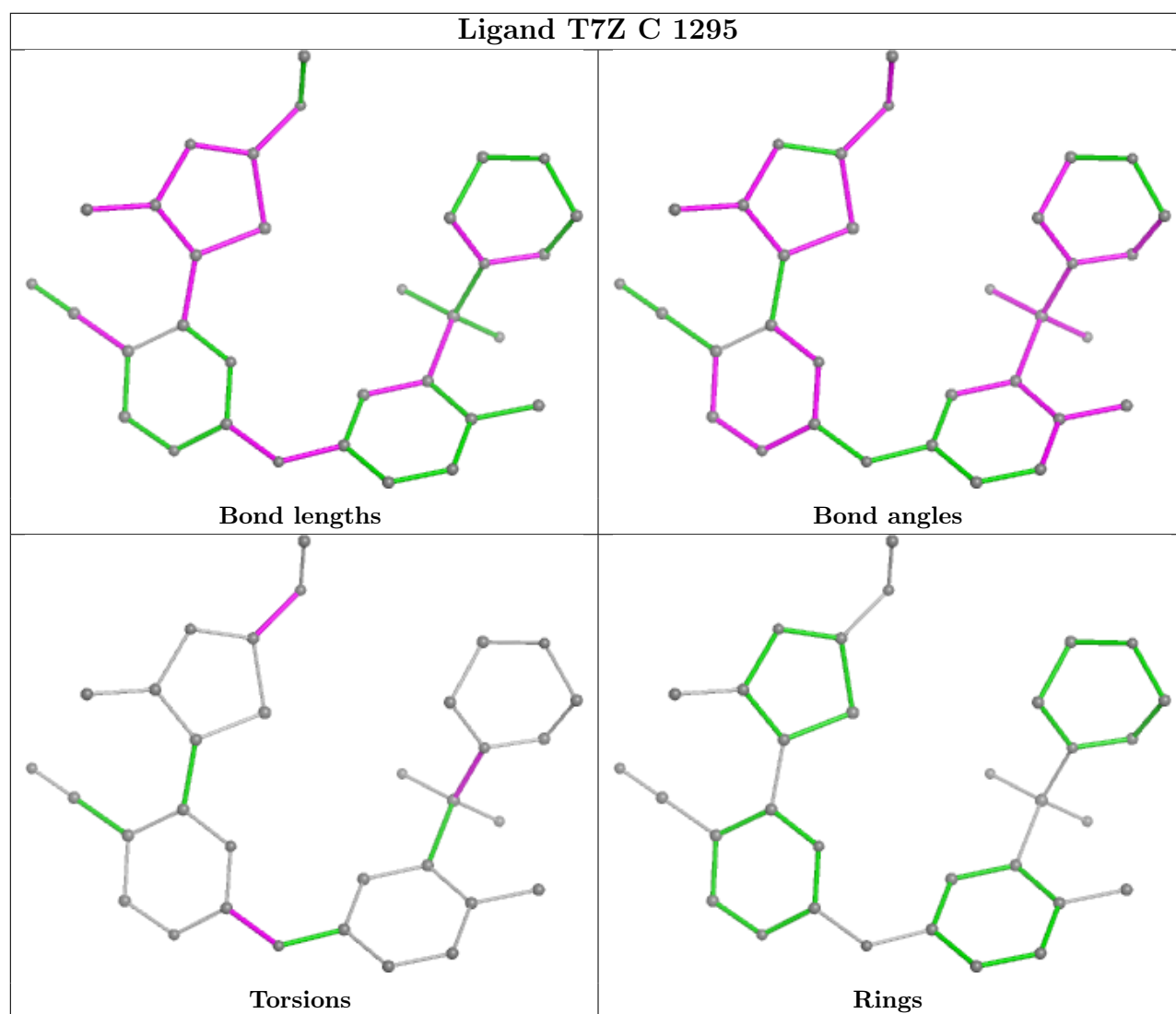
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1297	T7Z	8	0
4	C	1295	T7Z	4	0
5	D	1429	SGM	2	0
5	B	1433	SGM	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	295/301 (98%)	-0.38	8 (2%) 56 59	19, 31, 83, 116	0
1	C	294/301 (97%)	0.49	17 (5%) 30 30	30, 68, 103, 118	0
2	B	257/262 (98%)	-0.56	4 (1%) 70 72	18, 33, 58, 93	1 (0%)
3	D	236/262 (90%)	0.36	13 (5%) 32 32	27, 64, 99, 115	0
All	All	1082/1126 (96%)	-0.03	42 (3%) 44 45	18, 47, 96, 118	1 (0%)

The worst 5 of 42 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	D	392	MET	4.3
3	D	331	LEU	4.2
3	D	176	PRO	3.9
1	C	213	PHE	3.6
2	B	176	PRO	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	TPO	C	160	11/12	0.94	0.10	50,58,69,71	0
1	TPO	A	160	11/12	0.98	0.05	20,30,33,33	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

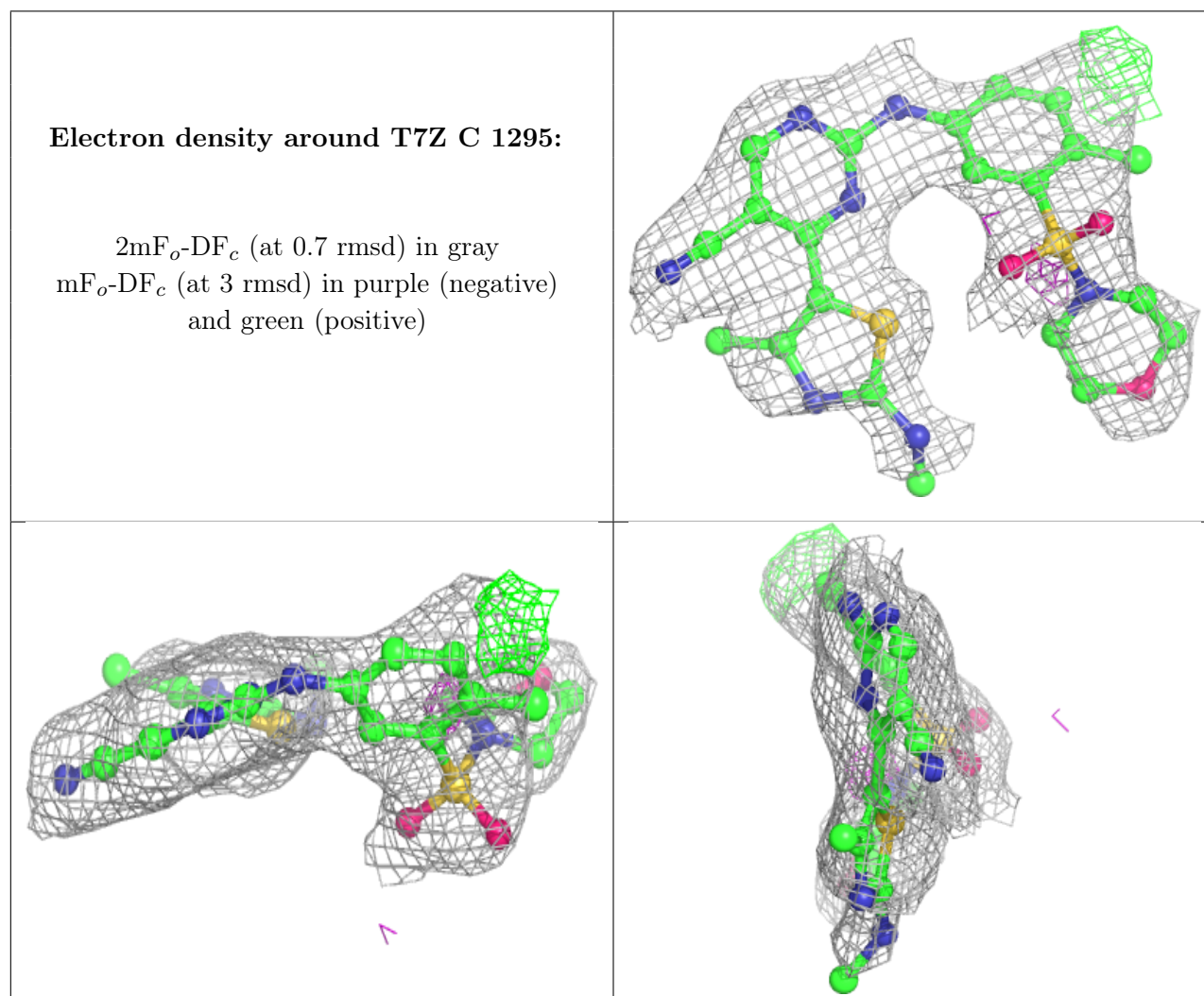
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

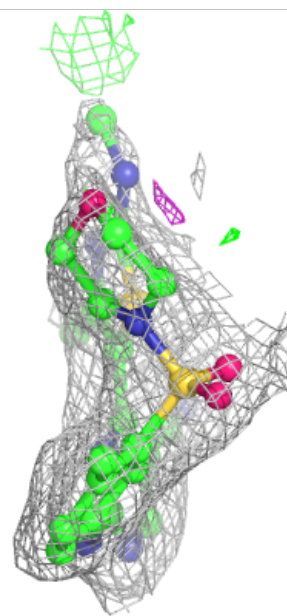
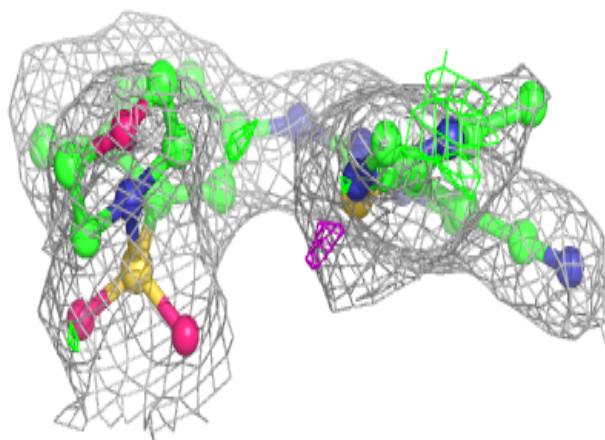
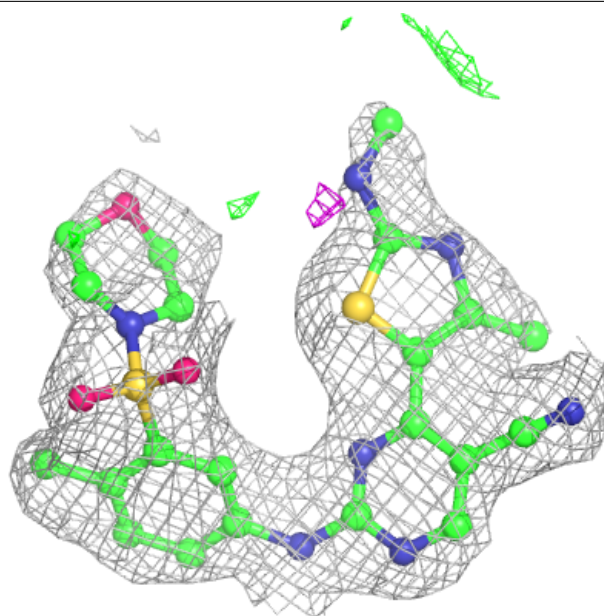
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	SGM	D	1429	6/6	0.81	0.20	69,70,73,85	0
4	T7Z	C	1295	33/33	0.88	0.15	37,65,103,105	0
5	SGM	B	1433	6/6	0.92	0.12	50,58,59,61	0
4	T7Z	A	1297	33/33	0.92	0.12	33,43,105,106	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



Electron density around T7Z A 1297:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.