



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 25, 2025 – 02:09 am BST

PDB ID : 7AQW / pdb_00007aqw
EMDB ID : EMD-11874
Title : Cryo-EM structure of Arabidopsis thaliana Complex-I (membrane tip)
Authors : Klusch, N.; Kuehlbrandt, W.; Yildiz, O.
Deposited on : 2020-10-23
Resolution : 3.17 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

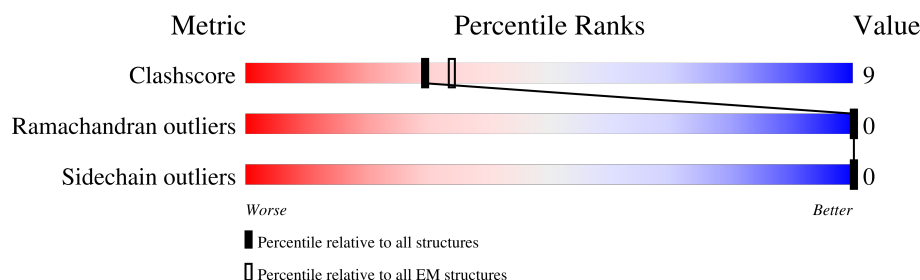
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.17 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	L	669	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>68%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>
2	M	495	<div> <div>35%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>55%</div> </div>
3	T	122	<div> <div>21%</div> <div>49%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>31%</div> </div>
4	c	88	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>72%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>14%</div> </div>
5	g	114	<div> <div>10%</div> <div>53%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>34%</div> </div>
6	i	98	<div> <div>15%</div> <div>85%</div> </div>
7	j	69	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>59%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>26%</div> </div>
8	k	72	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>58%</div> <div>7%</div> <div>35%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
9	l	125	
10	m	71	
11	n	117	
12	o	103	
13	p	106	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 16 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12733 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	L	589	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4599	3058	711	794	36		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
L	91	PHE	SER	conflict	UNP B5TM94

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	M	225	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1761	1170	282	297	12		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
M	326	LEU	PRO	conflict	UNP B5TM93

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Acyl carrier protein 1, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	T	84	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			667	421	105	138	3		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Transmembrane protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	c	76	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			617	396	115	100	6		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called ESSS subunit of NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase (Complex I) protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	g	75	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			615	396	107	109	3		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called P1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	i	15	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			123	82	19	20	2		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	j	51	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			415	275	73	64	3		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 3-A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	k	47	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			374	238	71	62	3		

- Molecule 9 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 8, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	l	66	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			502	328	80	93	1		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called B15 – 1 beta subcomplex subunit 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	m	70	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			577	370	107	98	2		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	n	109	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			911	580	170	160	1		

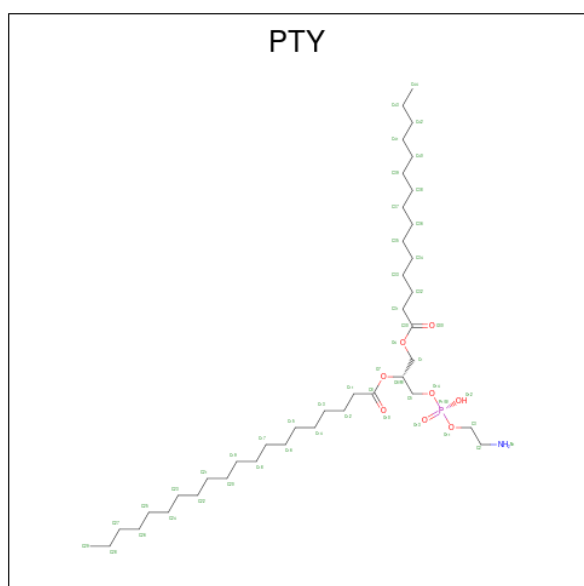
- Molecule 12 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
12	o	80	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			657	413	115	119	10		

- Molecule 13 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 10-B.

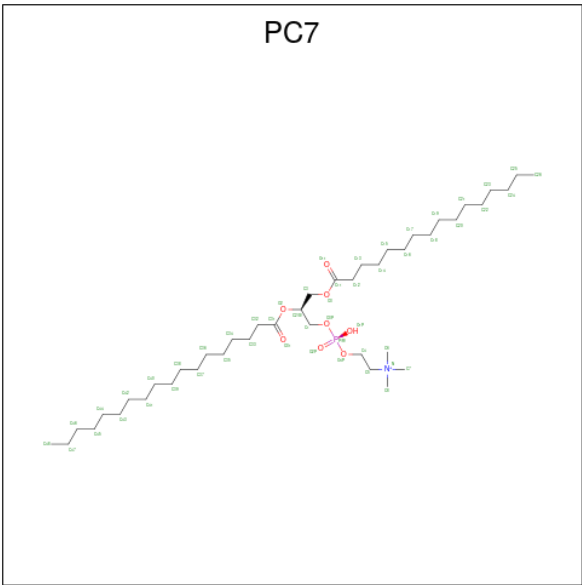
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	p	93	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			778	493	144	137	4		

- Molecule 14 is PHOSPHATIDYLETHANOLAMINE (CCD ID: PTY) (formula: $C_{40}H_{80}NO_8P$).



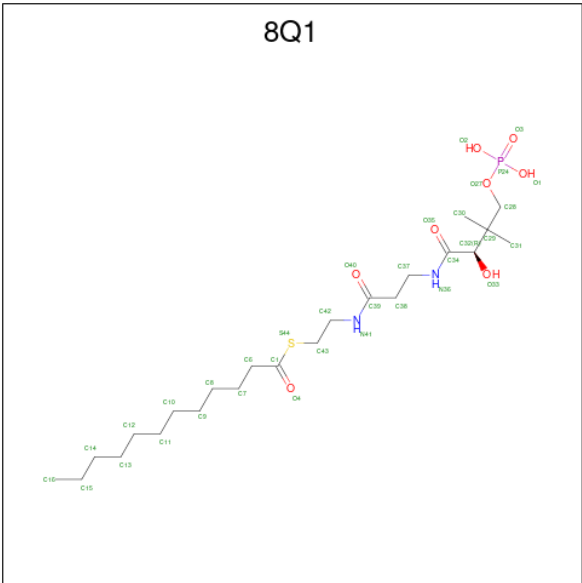
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
14	M	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			50	40	1	8	1	

- Molecule 15 is (7S)-4-HYDROXY-N,N,N-TRIMETHYL-9-OXO-7-[(PALMITOYLOXY) METHYL]-3,5,8-TRIOXA-4-PHOSPHAHEXACOSAN-1-AMINIUM 4-OXIDE (CCD ID: PC7) (formula: $C_{42}H_{85}NO_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
15	c	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			52	42	1	8	1	

- Molecule 16 is S-[2-({N-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-4-(phosphonooxy)butanoyl]-beta-alanyl}amino)ethyl] dodecanethioate (CCD ID: 8Q1) (formula: C₂₃H₄₅N₂O₈PS).

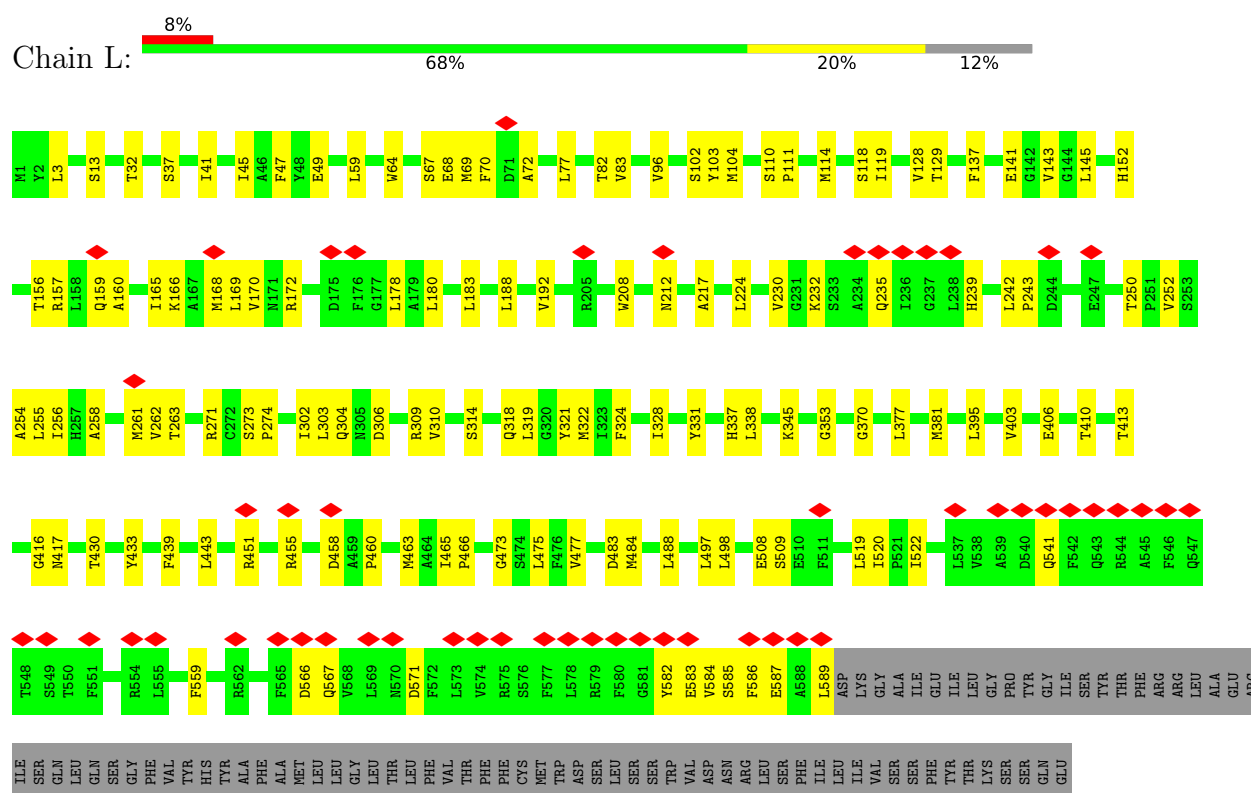


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	
16	n	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0
			35	23	2	8	1	1	

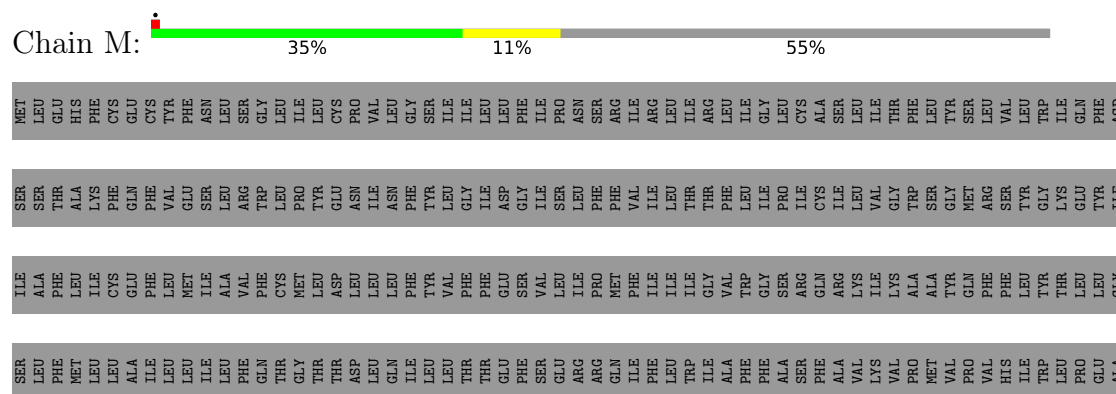
3 Residue-property plots

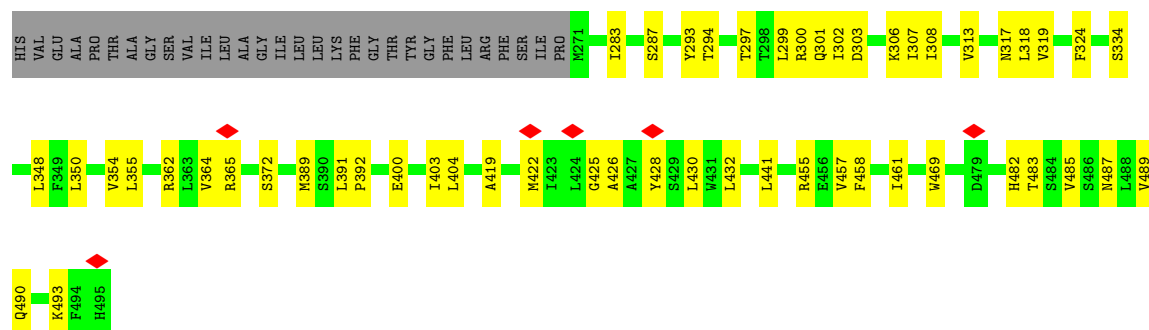
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a grey connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 5



• Molecule 2: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 4





- Molecule 3: Acyl carrier protein 1, mitochondrial



- Molecule 4: Transmembrane protein



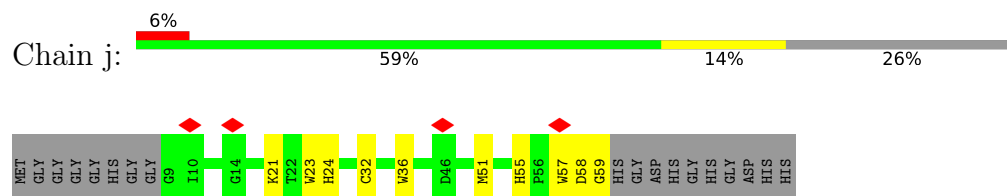
- Molecule 5: ESSS subunit of NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase (Complex I) protein



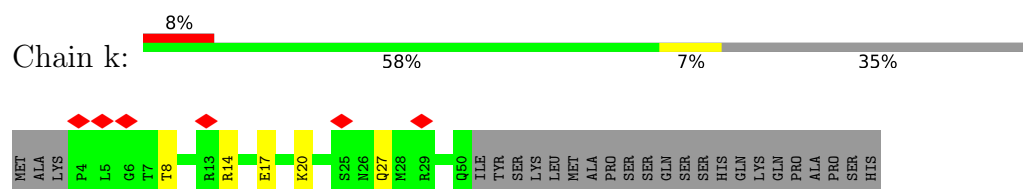
- Molecule 6: P1



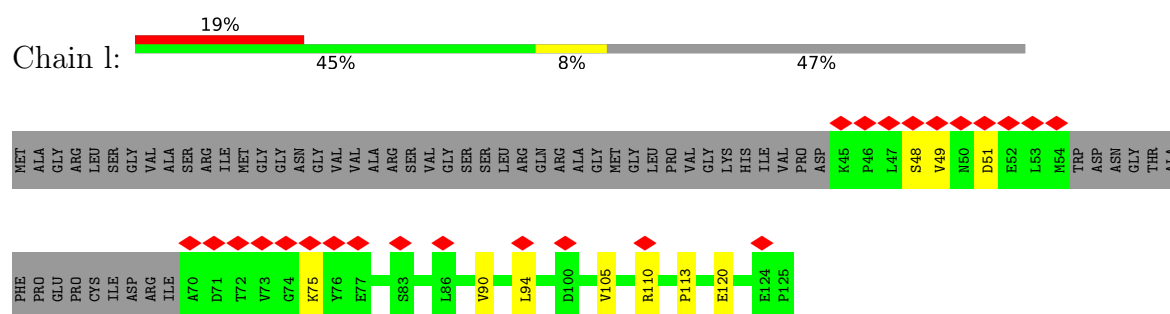
- Molecule 7: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 2



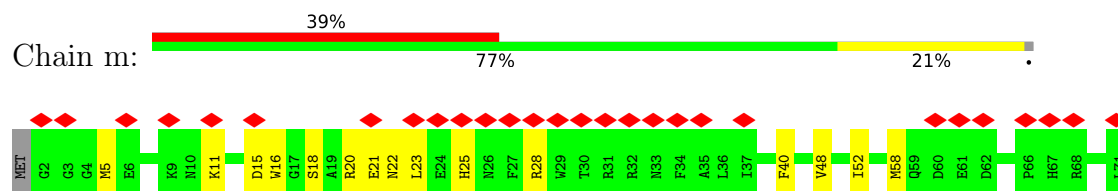
- Molecule 8: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 3-A



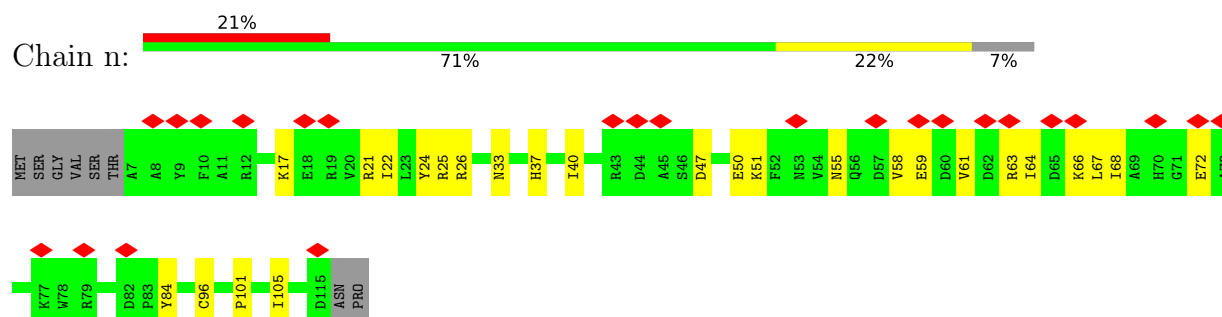
- Molecule 9: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 8, mitochondrial



- Molecule 10: B15 – 1 beta subcomplex subunit 4



- Molecule 11: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 9

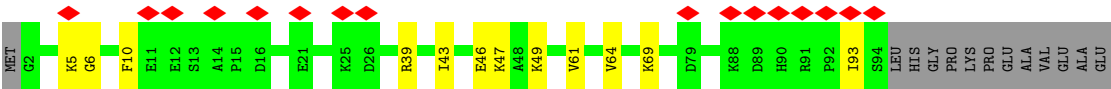
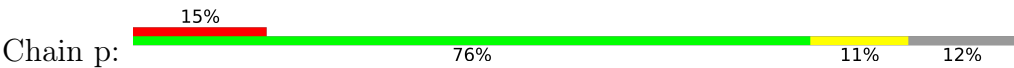


- Molecule 12: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 7





● Molecule 13: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 10-B



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	459177	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	43	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.053	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.026	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.001	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.013	Depositor
Map size (Å)	502.2, 502.2, 502.2	wwPDB
Map dimensions	600, 600, 600	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.837, 0.837, 0.837	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PC7, PTY, 8Q1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	L	0.18	0/4726	0.42	0/6421
2	M	0.19	0/1807	0.46	0/2452
3	T	0.16	0/679	0.45	0/922
4	c	0.14	0/637	0.30	0/860
5	g	0.19	0/635	0.47	0/863
6	i	0.11	0/124	0.30	0/164
7	j	0.16	0/433	0.36	0/592
8	k	0.15	0/384	0.39	0/515
9	l	0.14	0/513	0.39	0/696
10	m	0.14	0/592	0.37	0/793
11	n	0.15	0/938	0.39	0/1273
12	o	0.16	0/666	0.37	0/886
13	p	0.19	0/799	0.41	0/1074
All	All	0.17	0/12933	0.41	0/17511

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	4599	0	4635	97	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	M	1761	0	1809	40	0
3	T	667	0	648	19	0
4	c	617	0	619	11	0
5	g	615	0	604	11	0
6	i	123	0	127	0	0
7	j	415	0	406	8	0
8	k	374	0	369	4	0
9	l	502	0	504	10	0
10	m	577	0	564	12	0
11	n	911	0	879	25	0
12	o	657	0	671	21	0
13	p	778	0	766	11	0
14	M	50	0	79	1	0
15	c	52	0	84	8	0
16	n	35	0	0	1	0
All	All	12733	0	12764	230	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (230) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:L:141:GLU:OE2	1:L:172:ARG:NH1	2.20	0.74
1:L:212:ASN:HA	10:m:58:MET:HE1	1.69	0.74
2:M:389:MET:HE1	2:M:430:LEU:HG	1.69	0.73
1:L:32:THR:HG21	1:L:114:MET:HB3	1.69	0.73
1:L:585:SER:HA	1:L:589:LEU:HD12	1.71	0.72
1:L:82:THR:OG1	1:L:271:ARG:NH2	2.22	0.72
1:L:567:GLN:NE2	1:L:571:ASP:OD2	2.23	0.71
1:L:143:VAL:HG22	1:L:261:MET:HG3	1.71	0.71
11:n:63:ARG:HH11	11:n:67:LEU:HD11	1.56	0.70
1:L:451:ARG:HD3	3:T:49:ARG:HH22	1.58	0.69
1:L:32:THR:OG1	1:L:118:SER:OG	2.11	0.69
1:L:250:THR:HG21	1:L:353:GLY:HA3	1.75	0.69
12:o:33:LEU:HD13	12:o:57:VAL:HG12	1.76	0.68
7:j:32:CYS:SG	7:j:36:TRP:NE1	2.66	0.68
1:L:230:VAL:HG13	1:L:235:GLN:HB2	1.76	0.68
12:o:8:LYS:HB3	12:o:29:MET:HE2	1.75	0.67
2:M:303:ASP:HB3	2:M:306:LYS:HB2	1.75	0.67
9:l:105:VAL:O	12:o:77:ARG:NH2	2.27	0.67

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:M:389:MET:HE2	2:M:426:ALA:HA	1.77	0.66
2:M:300:ARG:O	10:m:20:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.66
2:M:308:ILE:HD13	2:M:348:LEU:HB3	1.77	0.65
11:n:58:VAL:HG11	11:n:64:ILE:HB	1.78	0.65
5:g:103:MET:HA	5:g:103:MET:HE3	1.79	0.65
1:L:183:LEU:HD21	2:M:404:LEU:HB3	1.79	0.64
15:c:101:PC7:H472	15:c:101:PC7:H262	1.79	0.64
10:m:11:LYS:NZ	10:m:15:ASP:OD2	2.31	0.64
2:M:287:SER:OG	2:M:317:ASN:O	2.15	0.63
1:L:585:SER:OG	2:M:297:THR:OG1	2.14	0.63
3:T:97:ILE:HG12	3:T:114:TYR:HE1	1.63	0.63
1:L:77:LEU:HD22	1:L:271:ARG:HH12	1.62	0.63
1:L:430:THR:HA	1:L:433:TYR:CE2	2.33	0.63
1:L:377:LEU:O	1:L:381:MET:HG2	1.99	0.62
11:n:61:VAL:HA	11:n:64:ILE:HG22	1.82	0.61
1:L:451:ARG:HH21	1:L:455:ARG:HH22	1.47	0.61
12:o:29:MET:HB3	12:o:65:LEU:HD11	1.82	0.61
15:c:101:PC7:H242	15:c:101:PC7:H451	1.83	0.61
5:g:40:ARG:HG2	5:g:41:PRO:HD2	1.83	0.61
1:L:47:PHE:HA	1:L:83:VAL:HG11	1.83	0.60
11:n:22:ILE:O	11:n:26:ARG:HG3	2.01	0.60
2:M:425:GLY:HA2	2:M:428:TYR:CE2	2.37	0.60
1:L:541:GLN:HB2	11:n:40:ILE:HD13	1.83	0.60
3:T:101:GLU:HA	3:T:104:LYS:HG2	1.83	0.60
3:T:57:PHE:HB3	3:T:60:VAL:HG22	1.84	0.59
11:n:55:ASN:ND2	16:n:200:8Q1:O4	2.35	0.59
4:c:15:PHE:HE1	11:n:101:PRO:HB2	1.67	0.59
11:n:17:LYS:O	11:n:21:ARG:NH1	2.35	0.58
11:n:47:ASP:OD2	11:n:51:LYS:NZ	2.36	0.58
1:L:370:GLY:HA2	8:k:27:GLN:HG3	1.86	0.58
3:T:66:THR:HG22	3:T:68:GLU:H	1.69	0.57
1:L:274:PRO:HA	1:L:498:LEU:HD23	1.85	0.57
11:n:63:ARG:HA	11:n:66:LYS:HE2	1.86	0.57
7:j:21:LYS:HD2	7:j:23:TRP:HE3	1.70	0.56
1:L:303:LEU:HD12	1:L:559:PHE:HB2	1.86	0.56
2:M:483:THR:O	2:M:487:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.56
3:T:97:ILE:HG12	3:T:114:TYR:CE1	2.41	0.55
1:L:64:TRP:HB3	1:L:72:ALA:O	2.06	0.55
7:j:51:MET:HA	7:j:51:MET:HE2	1.89	0.55
2:M:419:ALA:O	2:M:422:MET:HG2	2.07	0.55
2:M:372:SER:HA	15:c:101:PC7:H73	1.87	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
9:l:113:PRO:HG3	12:o:10:MET:HE3	1.89	0.54
1:L:68:GLU:HG3	1:L:69:MET:N	2.22	0.54
1:L:458:ASP:HB3	7:j:24:HIS:CE1	2.43	0.54
5:g:96:LYS:O	5:g:100:ARG:HG3	2.07	0.54
2:M:334:SER:HA	2:M:403:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:L:484:MET:HB3	12:o:46:TYR:HB3	1.91	0.53
11:n:63:ARG:NH1	11:n:67:LEU:HD11	2.22	0.53
1:L:410:THR:HG21	1:L:509:SER:HA	1.91	0.53
9:l:48:SER:O	10:m:16:TRP:NE1	2.42	0.53
1:L:3:LEU:HG	1:L:59:LEU:HD21	1.90	0.53
2:M:441:LEU:HD13	11:n:105:ILE:HD13	1.91	0.52
3:T:84:GLU:OE2	8:k:8:THR:OG1	2.22	0.52
1:L:168:MET:HG2	2:M:430:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.52
1:L:137:PHE:HD1	1:L:178:LEU:HD23	1.75	0.52
1:L:508:GLU:OE1	9:l:110:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.52
10:m:48:VAL:O	10:m:52:ILE:HD12	2.09	0.52
12:o:9:LYS:C	12:o:29:MET:HE1	2.35	0.52
1:L:128:VAL:HG23	1:L:129:THR:HG23	1.91	0.51
2:M:490:GLN:HA	2:M:493:LYS:HE2	1.93	0.51
1:L:41:ILE:O	1:L:45:ILE:HD12	2.10	0.51
4:c:67:ARG:NH2	12:o:42:GLN:O	2.34	0.51
11:n:68:ILE:O	11:n:72:GLU:HG3	2.11	0.51
1:L:102:SER:HB3	1:L:463:MET:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:L:324:PHE:O	1:L:328:ILE:HG12	2.11	0.50
1:L:156:THR:OG1	11:n:96:CYS:O	2.27	0.50
3:T:51:LEU:HA	3:T:54:VAL:HG12	1.93	0.50
7:j:57:TRP:CG	7:j:57:TRP:O	2.64	0.50
2:M:482:HIS:HA	2:M:485:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.49
4:c:30:PRO:HG2	4:c:33:TRP:HB3	1.92	0.49
3:T:43:ARG:O	3:T:47:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.49
13:p:5:LYS:HD2	13:p:6:GLY:N	2.28	0.49
10:m:28:ARG:HE	10:m:28:ARG:HA	1.78	0.49
1:L:243:PRO:O	1:L:309:ARG:NH1	2.46	0.49
1:L:49:GLU:HG3	4:c:69:ILE:HD12	1.95	0.48
3:T:87:MET:O	3:T:90:GLU:N	2.46	0.48
12:o:73:MET:HE3	12:o:77:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.48
5:g:55:GLN:OE1	5:g:55:GLN:HA	2.13	0.48
12:o:9:LYS:O	12:o:29:MET:HE1	2.13	0.48
2:M:318:LEU:HD21	2:M:400:GLU:HG2	1.96	0.48
1:L:263:THR:HB	1:L:338:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.48
3:T:80:LEU:HB3	11:n:24:TYR:CE1	2.49	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:T:49:ARG:HB3	3:T:92:GLU:OE1	2.13	0.48
1:L:256:ILE:O	1:L:261:MET:HB3	2.14	0.48
2:M:350:LEU:O	2:M:354:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.48
1:L:145:LEU:HD22	2:M:391:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.47
11:n:59:GLU:OE2	11:n:59:GLU:N	2.47	0.47
1:L:473:GLY:HA2	1:L:477:VAL:HG23	1.96	0.47
4:c:26:PRO:HD3	15:c:101:PC7:H62	1.97	0.47
12:o:23:ALA:HA	13:p:64:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.47
1:L:306:ASP:HB3	1:L:309:ARG:HB2	1.96	0.47
9:l:120:GLU:HB3	12:o:24:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.47
2:M:469:TRP:HE1	14:M:501:PTY:H112	1.79	0.46
1:L:69:MET:HE3	13:p:49:LYS:HG3	1.96	0.46
5:g:45:PHE:CE2	5:g:46:MET:HE3	2.50	0.46
15:c:101:PC7:H72	15:c:101:PC7:H41	1.65	0.46
3:T:47:VAL:HG22	3:T:112:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.46
4:c:23:THR:OG1	15:c:101:PC7:O3	2.30	0.46
12:o:35:ILE:HB	12:o:36:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.46
1:L:13:SER:HB2	1:L:118:SER:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:L:465:ILE:HB	1:L:466:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.46
2:M:355:LEU:HD23	2:M:355:LEU:HA	1.81	0.46
1:L:413:THR:HG23	1:L:416:GLY:H	1.80	0.46
1:L:96:VAL:HG21	1:L:255:LEU:HB2	1.98	0.46
5:g:64:LEU:HB3	5:g:65:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.46
1:L:67:SER:HB2	1:L:70:PHE:HB3	1.98	0.46
2:M:307:ILE:HG21	2:M:432:LEU:HD22	1.98	0.46
1:L:166:LYS:NZ	1:L:566:ASP:OD2	2.49	0.45
12:o:73:MET:HE3	12:o:77:ARG:HH22	1.81	0.45
13:p:39:ARG:O	13:p:43:ILE:HG13	2.16	0.45
2:M:319:VAL:HG13	2:M:334:SER:HB2	1.98	0.45
2:M:362:ARG:HE	2:M:362:ARG:HB2	1.57	0.45
3:T:55:LYS:HG2	3:T:62:PRO:HB3	1.98	0.45
4:c:88:HIS:CD2	5:g:98:LEU:HD11	2.51	0.45
1:L:188:LEU:HG	1:L:208:TRP:CZ2	2.51	0.45
11:n:37:HIS:HB2	11:n:40:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.45
2:M:455:ARG:HG2	5:g:62:TRP:CE2	2.52	0.45
1:L:321:TYR:HA	1:L:324:PHE:CE1	2.52	0.45
2:M:293:TYR:OH	10:m:40:PHE:O	2.31	0.45
4:c:13:GLY:N	4:c:16:ARG:HH21	2.14	0.45
1:L:242:LEU:HB3	1:L:243:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.45
1:L:488:LEU:HD23	12:o:62:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.44
3:T:84:GLU:OE2	11:n:24:TYR:OH	2.32	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:L:567:GLN:HE22	9:l:75:LYS:HA	1.82	0.44
2:M:299:LEU:HD23	2:M:428:TYR:HB3	1.98	0.44
1:L:583:GLU:O	1:L:587:GLU:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:L:235:GLN:O	1:L:239:HIS:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:L:252:VAL:O	1:L:256:ILE:HG12	2.18	0.44
10:m:22:ASN:HB3	10:m:25:HIS:HE1	1.82	0.44
1:L:322:MET:HG3	1:L:337:HIS:HD2	1.83	0.44
1:L:68:GLU:HG3	1:L:69:MET:H	1.82	0.44
1:L:188:LEU:HD11	1:L:217:ALA:HB1	2.00	0.44
4:c:13:GLY:N	4:c:16:ARG:HE	2.16	0.44
13:p:10:PHE:CD2	13:p:39:ARG:HD3	2.52	0.44
1:L:166:LYS:O	1:L:170:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
1:L:439:PHE:HD1	1:L:443:LEU:HD12	1.82	0.44
9:l:90:VAL:O	9:l:94:LEU:HG	2.17	0.44
1:L:119:ILE:HD12	1:L:119:ILE:HA	1.86	0.44
1:L:302:ILE:HG22	1:L:433:TYR:HB3	2.00	0.44
1:L:331:TYR:HB2	1:L:497:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:L:584:VAL:HG13	1:L:585:SER:N	2.33	0.44
13:p:69:LYS:HB3	13:p:69:LYS:HE3	1.87	0.44
12:o:10:MET:HE1	12:o:29:MET:HA	1.99	0.43
2:M:490:GLN:O	2:M:490:GLN:HG3	2.17	0.43
11:n:63:ARG:O	11:n:67:LEU:HG	2.17	0.43
1:L:47:PHE:HD2	1:L:83:VAL:HG12	1.82	0.43
1:L:273:SER:HB2	1:L:331:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.43
1:L:483:ASP:OD1	12:o:55:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.43
1:L:520:ILE:HD13	1:L:520:ILE:HA	1.90	0.43
2:M:301:GLN:HB2	2:M:307:ILE:HG12	2.00	0.43
10:m:5:MET:HE2	10:m:5:MET:HB3	1.87	0.43
2:M:302:ILE:O	2:M:364:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.43
7:j:55:HIS:HB2	7:j:59:GLY:H	1.83	0.43
1:L:314:SER:O	1:L:318:GLN:HG2	2.19	0.43
1:L:180:LEU:HB3	1:L:224:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.43
1:L:262:VAL:HG23	1:L:319:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.43
2:M:485:VAL:O	2:M:489:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
7:j:55:HIS:HB3	7:j:58:ASP:HB2	2.01	0.43
2:M:294:THR:HG21	2:M:313:VAL:HB	2.00	0.42
8:k:14:ARG:O	8:k:17:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.42
3:T:60:VAL:HG12	3:T:77:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.42
3:T:90:GLU:CD	11:n:25:ARG:HH21	2.25	0.42
8:k:20:LYS:HB2	8:k:20:LYS:HE3	1.75	0.42
13:p:93:ILE:O	13:p:93:ILE:HG13	2.18	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:L:451:ARG:NH2	1:L:455:ARG:HH12	2.16	0.42
2:M:458:PHE:CE2	5:g:66:CYS:HB3	2.53	0.42
3:T:51:LEU:O	3:T:55:LYS:HB2	2.20	0.42
11:n:66:LYS:H	11:n:66:LYS:HG2	1.64	0.42
11:n:22:ILE:HG22	11:n:26:ARG:HD2	2.00	0.42
1:L:403:VAL:HA	1:L:406:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.42
1:L:582:TYR:HB2	2:M:300:ARG:HE	1.84	0.42
15:c:101:PC7:H151	15:c:101:PC7:H122	1.48	0.42
10:m:18:SER:HA	10:m:21:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.42
1:L:165:ILE:O	1:L:169:LEU:HG	2.20	0.42
9:l:49:VAL:HA	10:m:16:TRP:HE1	1.84	0.42
1:L:460:PRO:HD2	1:L:463:MET:HE2	2.01	0.42
2:M:300:ARG:HA	2:M:300:ARG:HD2	1.96	0.42
9:l:113:PRO:HG3	12:o:10:MET:CE	2.50	0.42
11:n:64:ILE:HD12	11:n:67:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.42
3:T:111:ALA:O	3:T:115:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.42
1:L:103:TYR:HD2	1:L:104:MET:HE2	1.84	0.41
1:L:258:ALA:HB1	1:L:345:LYS:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:L:141:GLU:OE1	2:M:392:PRO:HD3	2.19	0.41
1:L:157:ARG:HH12	1:L:159:GLN:HB2	1.85	0.41
2:M:283:ILE:HG13	2:M:324:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.41
2:M:365:ARG:NH2	9:l:51:ASP:O	2.53	0.41
2:M:457:VAL:O	2:M:461:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:L:232:LYS:HE2	1:L:232:LYS:HB2	1.93	0.41
11:n:50:GLU:OE2	11:n:50:GLU:HA	2.21	0.41
15:c:101:PC7:H483	15:c:101:PC7:H452	1.86	0.41
5:g:93:ALA:HB3	13:p:46:GLU:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:L:254:ALA:O	1:L:258:ALA:HB3	2.20	0.41
12:o:49:TRP:CD1	12:o:50:LYS:HE3	2.56	0.41
1:L:273:SER:OG	1:L:274:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:L:395:LEU:HD11	1:L:475:LEU:HD23	2.03	0.41
1:L:586:PHE:HE1	10:m:23:LEU:HD12	1.85	0.41
13:p:47:LYS:HE3	13:p:47:LYS:HB2	1.85	0.41
1:L:72:ALA:HB2	1:L:192:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:L:304:GLN:HB2	1:L:310:VAL:HG22	2.03	0.41
4:c:81:LYS:O	13:p:61:VAL:HG21	2.21	0.41
7:j:57:TRP:O	7:j:57:TRP:CD1	2.73	0.41
11:n:33:ASN:HD21	11:n:84:TYR:H	1.68	0.41
1:L:37:SER:O	1:L:41:ILE:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:L:417:ASN:C	1:L:417:ASN:HD22	2.28	0.41
1:L:488:LEU:HB3	12:o:58:TYR:HE2	1.86	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:L:519:LEU:HD23	1:L:522:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.41
4:c:44:VAL:HA	4:c:47:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.40
5:g:97:ALA:HB1	13:p:47:LYS:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:L:314:SER:HA	1:L:433:TYR:OH	2.22	0.40
12:o:22:ILE:HD11	12:o:35:ILE:HG12	2.04	0.40
1:L:110:SER:OG	1:L:111:PRO:HD3	2.22	0.40
1:L:152:HIS:HA	1:L:160:ALA:HB1	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	L	587/669 (88%)	557 (95%)	30 (5%)	0	100	100
2	M	223/495 (45%)	218 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
3	T	82/122 (67%)	79 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
4	c	74/88 (84%)	73 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
5	g	73/114 (64%)	71 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
6	i	13/98 (13%)	13 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	j	49/69 (71%)	44 (90%)	5 (10%)	0	100	100
8	k	45/72 (62%)	42 (93%)	3 (7%)	0	100	100
9	l	62/125 (50%)	57 (92%)	5 (8%)	0	100	100
10	m	68/71 (96%)	66 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
11	n	107/117 (92%)	104 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
12	o	78/103 (76%)	76 (97%)	2 (3%)	0	100	100
13	p	91/106 (86%)	85 (93%)	6 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	1552/2249 (69%)	1485 (96%)	67 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	L	497/568 (88%)	497 (100%)	0	100	100
2	M	194/434 (45%)	194 (100%)	0	100	100
3	T	79/112 (70%)	79 (100%)	0	100	100
4	c	66/71 (93%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
5	g	65/96 (68%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
6	i	13/90 (14%)	13 (100%)	0	100	100
7	j	42/51 (82%)	42 (100%)	0	100	100
8	k	38/60 (63%)	38 (100%)	0	100	100
9	l	53/97 (55%)	53 (100%)	0	100	100
10	m	58/59 (98%)	58 (100%)	0	100	100
11	n	92/99 (93%)	92 (100%)	0	100	100
12	o	70/87 (80%)	70 (100%)	0	100	100
13	p	83/93 (89%)	83 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1350/1917 (70%)	1350 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	216	ASN
1	L	235	GLN
1	L	330	ASN
1	L	357	HIS
1	L	417	ASN
1	L	567	GLN
2	M	317	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	M	409	GLN
2	M	487	ASN
4	c	27	ASN
6	i	10	ASN
9	l	99	ASN
11	n	37	HIS
11	n	53	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
14	PTY	M	501	-	49,49,49	0.88	4 (8%)	52,54,54	1.10	2 (3%)
15	PC7	c	101	-	51,51,51	0.97	4 (7%)	57,59,59	1.03	2 (3%)
16	8Q1	n	200	-	31,34,34	1.68	5 (16%)	40,43,43	1.55	4 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.
'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
14	PTY	M	501	-	-	21/53/53/53	-
15	PC7	c	101	-	-	30/55/55/55	-
16	8Q1	n	200	-	-	19/41/41/41	-

All (13) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
16	n	200	8Q1	C34-N36	5.50	1.45	1.33
16	n	200	8Q1	C39-N41	5.26	1.45	1.33
15	c	101	PC7	O2-C2	-2.70	1.39	1.46
14	M	501	PTY	O7-C6	-2.63	1.40	1.46
14	M	501	PTY	O4-C30	2.41	1.40	1.33
16	n	200	8Q1	O40-C39	-2.36	1.18	1.23
16	n	200	8Q1	C1-S44	2.34	1.81	1.76
15	c	101	PC7	O3-C11	2.32	1.40	1.33
16	n	200	8Q1	O35-C34	-2.24	1.18	1.23
15	c	101	PC7	O3-C3	-2.23	1.40	1.45
14	M	501	PTY	O4-C1	-2.18	1.40	1.45
14	M	501	PTY	O7-C8	2.07	1.40	1.34
15	c	101	PC7	O2-C31	2.01	1.40	1.34

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
16	n	200	8Q1	C6-C1-S44	5.57	119.94	113.46
14	M	501	PTY	O7-C8-C11	4.05	120.24	111.50
15	c	101	PC7	O2-C31-C32	3.81	119.71	111.50
16	n	200	8Q1	O4-C1-C6	-3.48	119.89	123.99
16	n	200	8Q1	C38-C37-N36	-2.90	106.03	111.90
14	M	501	PTY	O4-C30-C31	2.67	120.28	111.91
15	c	101	PC7	O3-C11-C12	2.46	119.62	111.91
16	n	200	8Q1	C43-S44-C1	2.29	109.00	101.87

There are no chirality outliers.

All (70) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
14	M	501	PTY	N1-C2-C3-O11
14	M	501	PTY	O30-C30-O4-C1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
14	M	501	PTY	C11-C8-O7-C6
14	M	501	PTY	C3-O11-P1-O13
14	M	501	PTY	C3-O11-P1-O14
15	c	101	PC7	C1-O3P-P-O1P
15	c	101	PC7	C1-O3P-P-O2P
15	c	101	PC7	C4-O4P-P-O1P
16	n	200	8Q1	C1-C6-C7-C8
16	n	200	8Q1	O4-C1-S44-C43
16	n	200	8Q1	C6-C1-S44-C43
16	n	200	8Q1	C28-C29-C32-O33
16	n	200	8Q1	C30-C29-C32-O33
16	n	200	8Q1	N36-C37-C38-C39
16	n	200	8Q1	C28-O27-P24-O2
16	n	200	8Q1	C28-O27-P24-O1
14	M	501	PTY	O10-C8-O7-C6
14	M	501	PTY	C31-C30-O4-C1
16	n	200	8Q1	C38-C39-N41-C42
15	c	101	PC7	O11-C11-O3-C3
15	c	101	PC7	C12-C11-O3-C3
16	n	200	8Q1	O40-C39-N41-C42
14	M	501	PTY	C30-C31-C32-C33
15	c	101	PC7	C31-C32-C33-C34
15	c	101	PC7	C32-C31-O2-C2
15	c	101	PC7	C1-O3P-P-O4P
15	c	101	PC7	C4-O4P-P-O3P
15	c	101	PC7	O31-C31-O2-C2
14	M	501	PTY	C16-C17-C18-C19
15	c	101	PC7	C36-C37-C38-C39
15	c	101	PC7	C20-C21-C22-C23
15	c	101	PC7	C11-C12-C13-C14
14	M	501	PTY	C31-C32-C33-C34
14	M	501	PTY	C15-C16-C17-C18
15	c	101	PC7	C16-C17-C18-C19
15	c	101	PC7	C12-C13-C14-C15
15	c	101	PC7	C15-C16-C17-C18
15	c	101	PC7	C32-C33-C34-C35
15	c	101	PC7	C38-C39-C40-C41
14	M	501	PTY	C8-C11-C12-C13
16	n	200	8Q1	C31-C29-C32-O33
15	c	101	PC7	C35-C36-C37-C38
16	n	200	8Q1	N41-C42-C43-S44
15	c	101	PC7	O3P-C1-C2-O2

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
15	c	101	PC7	C41-C42-C43-C44
15	c	101	PC7	O3P-C1-C2-C3
16	n	200	8Q1	C7-C8-C9-C10
16	n	200	8Q1	C30-C29-C32-C34
14	M	501	PTY	C11-C12-C13-C14
16	n	200	8Q1	C13-C14-C15-C16
14	M	501	PTY	C25-C26-C27-C28
15	c	101	PC7	C4-O4P-P-O2P
16	n	200	8Q1	C28-C29-C32-C34
14	M	501	PTY	C36-C37-C38-C39
14	M	501	PTY	C41-C42-C43-C44
14	M	501	PTY	C23-C24-C25-C26
14	M	501	PTY	C22-C23-C24-C25
15	c	101	PC7	C1-C2-O2-C31
15	c	101	PC7	C3-C2-O2-C31
14	M	501	PTY	O14-C5-C6-C1
14	M	501	PTY	C13-C14-C15-C16
16	n	200	8Q1	C42-C43-S44-C1
14	M	501	PTY	O4-C1-C6-O7
15	c	101	PC7	C34-C35-C36-C37
15	c	101	PC7	C13-C14-C15-C16
15	c	101	PC7	O2-C31-C32-C33
16	n	200	8Q1	C28-O27-P24-O3
16	n	200	8Q1	C31-C29-C32-C34
15	c	101	PC7	C21-C22-C23-C24
15	c	101	PC7	O31-C31-C32-C33

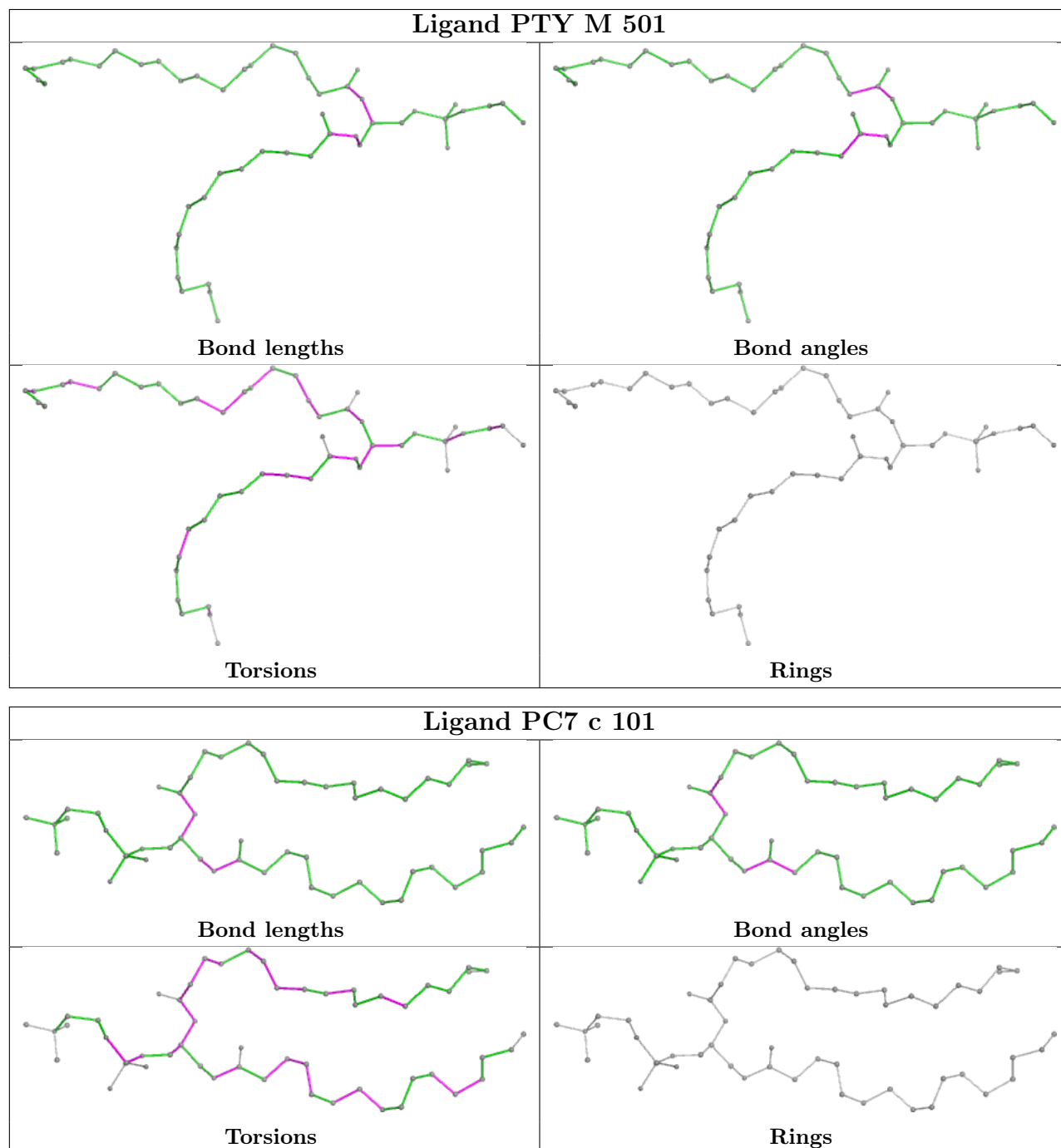
There are no ring outliers.

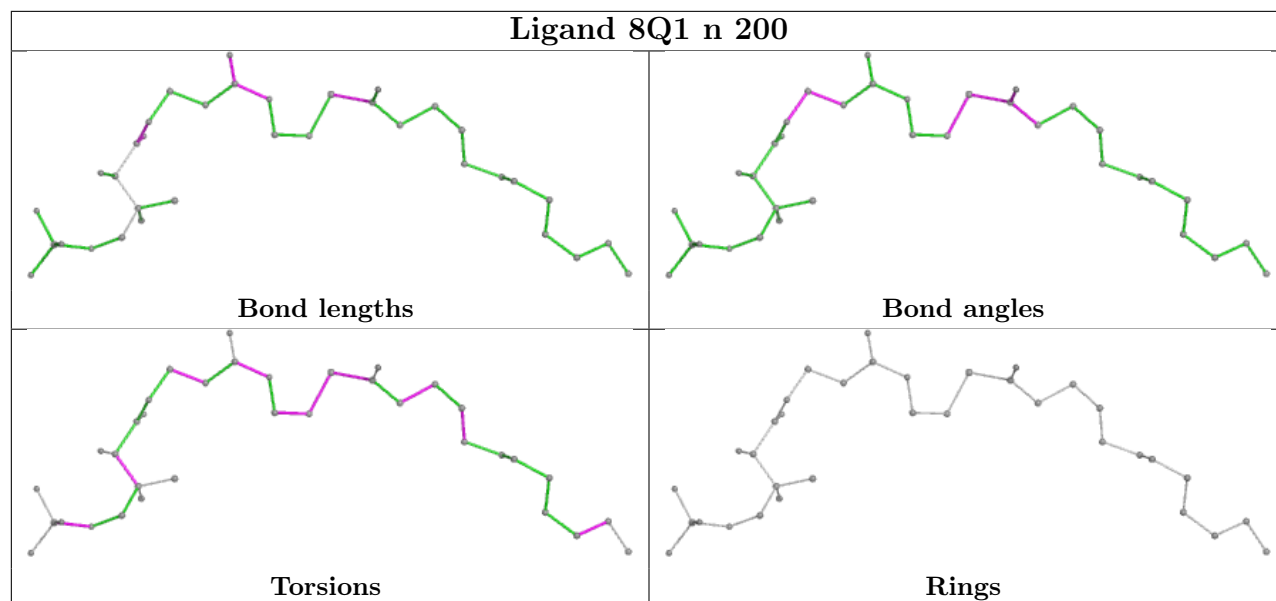
3 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
14	M	501	PTY	1	0
15	c	101	PC7	8	0
16	n	200	8Q1	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

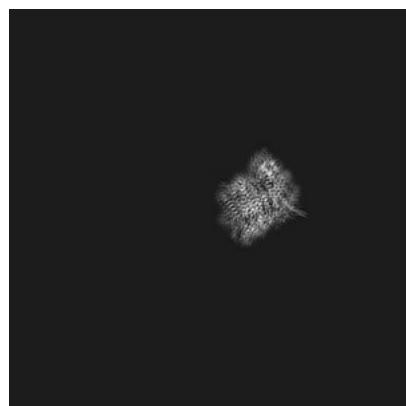
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-11874. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

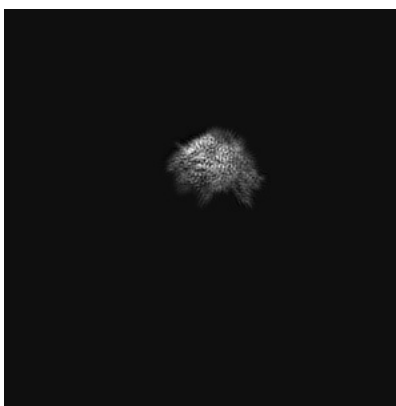
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

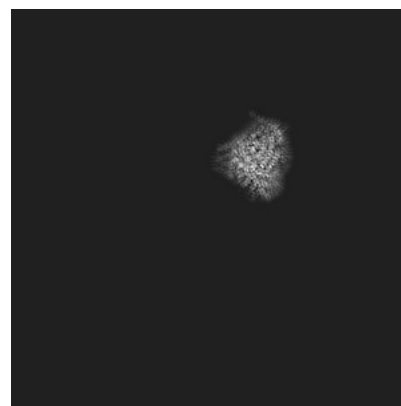
6.1.1 Primary map



X

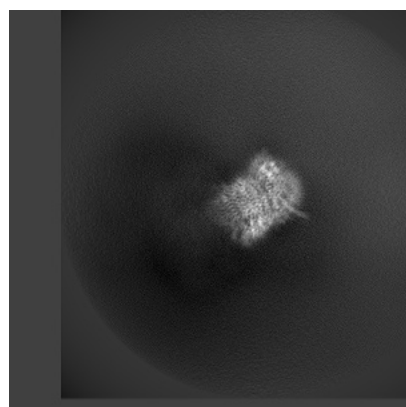


Y

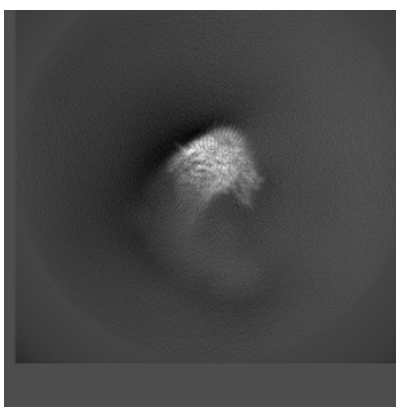


Z

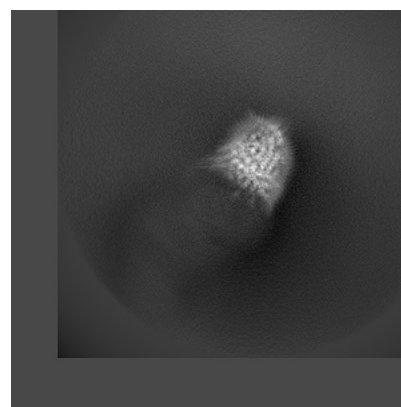
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

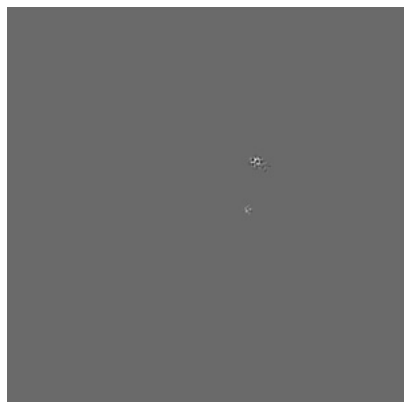


Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

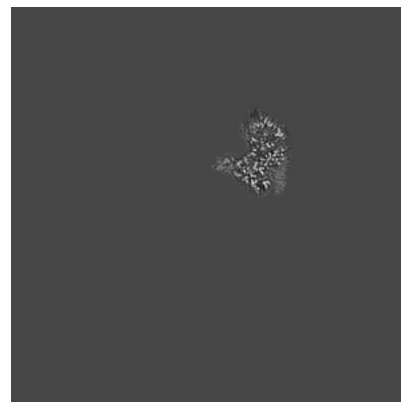
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 300

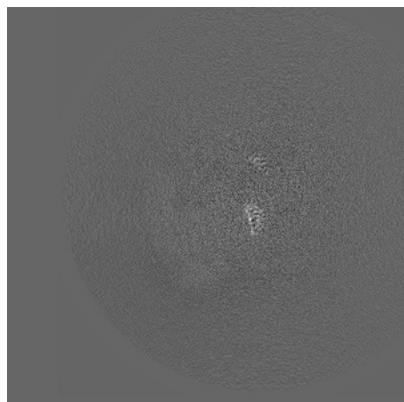


Y Index: 300

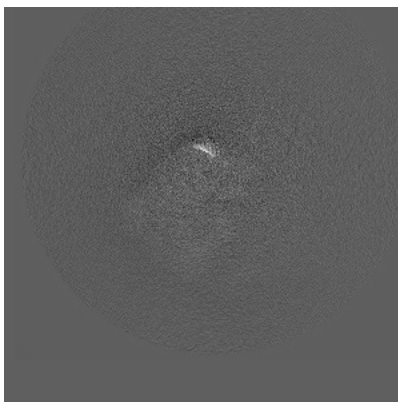


Z Index: 300

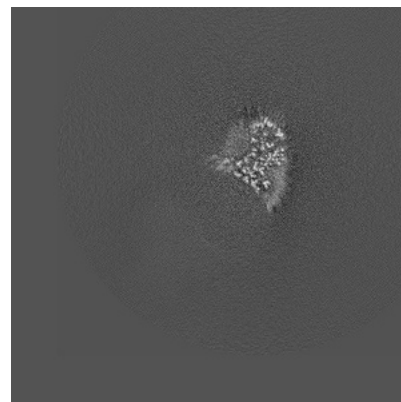
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 300



Y Index: 300

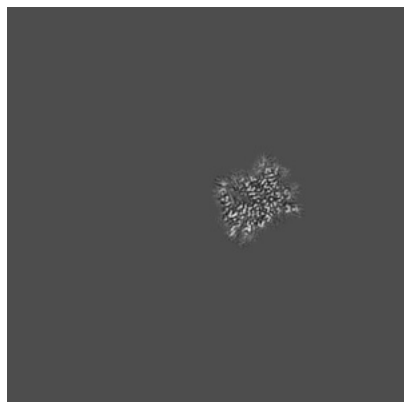


Z Index: 300

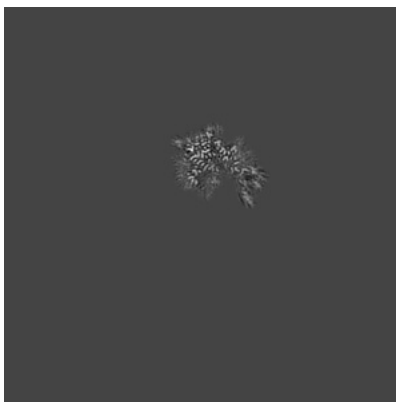
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

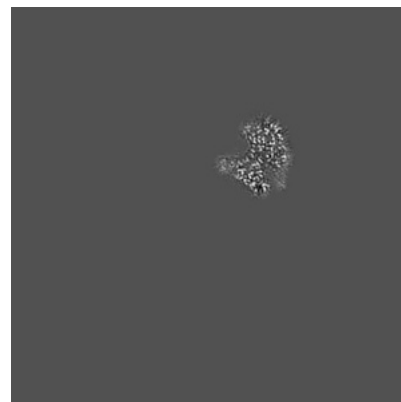
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 377

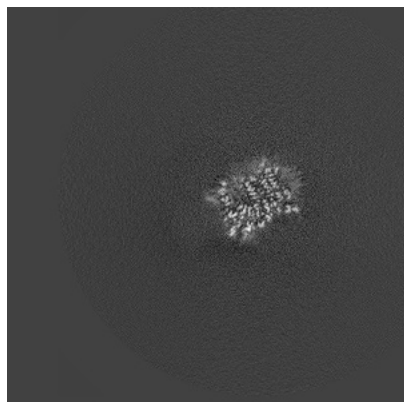


Y Index: 376

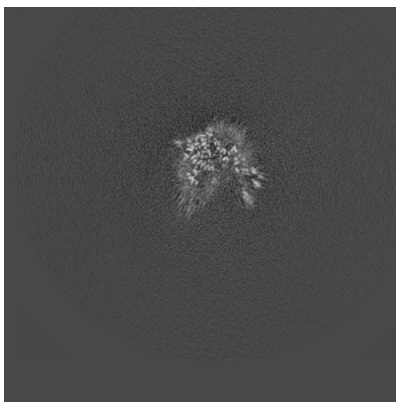


Z Index: 305

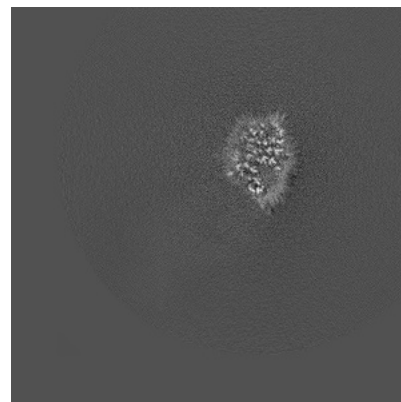
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 377



Y Index: 377

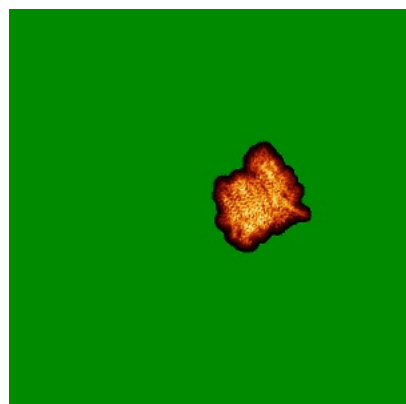


Z Index: 313

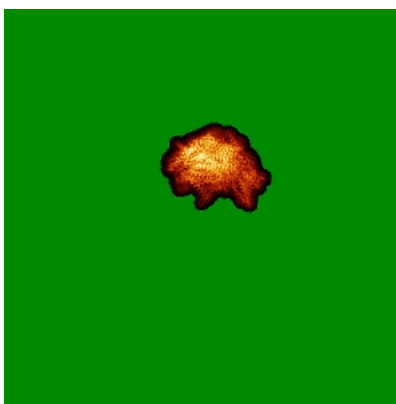
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

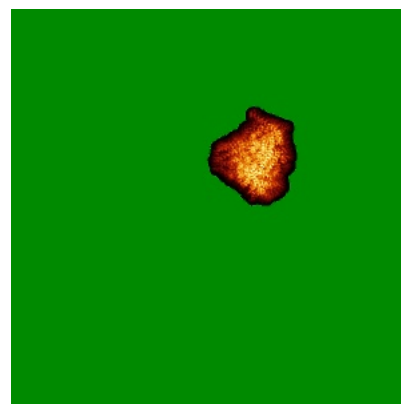
6.4.1 Primary map



X

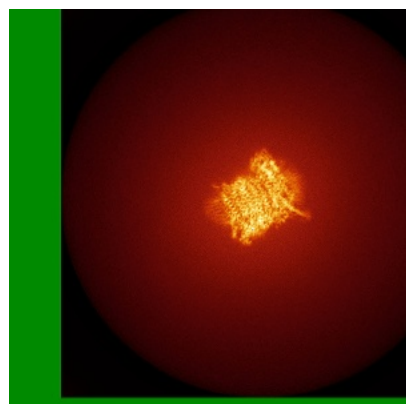


Y

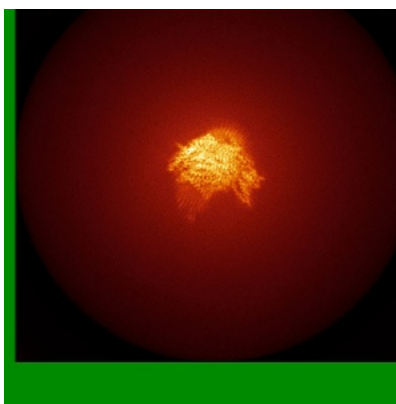


Z

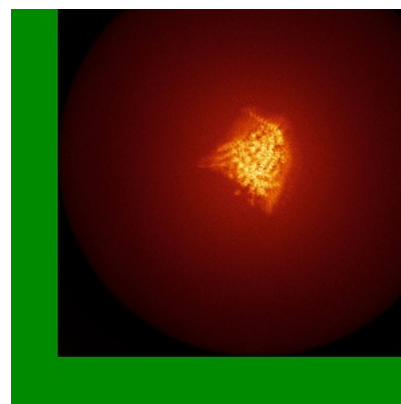
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

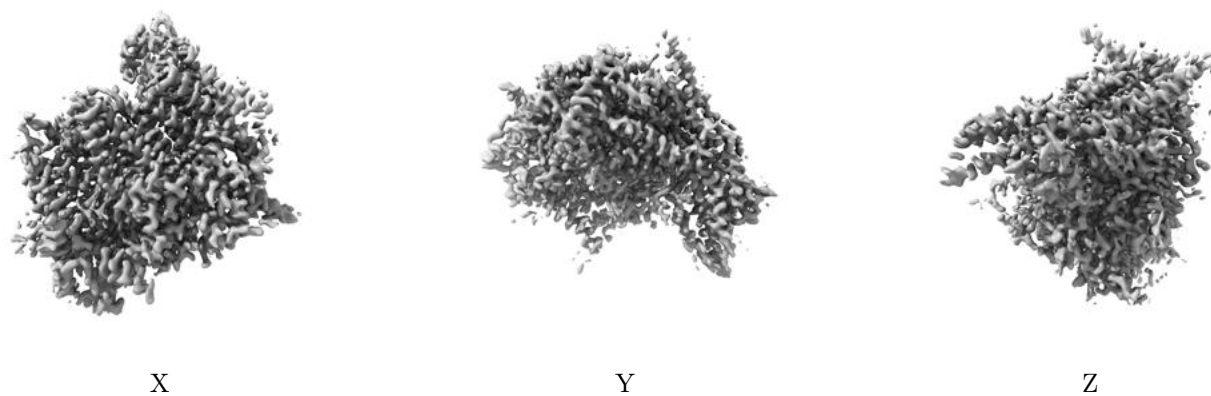


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

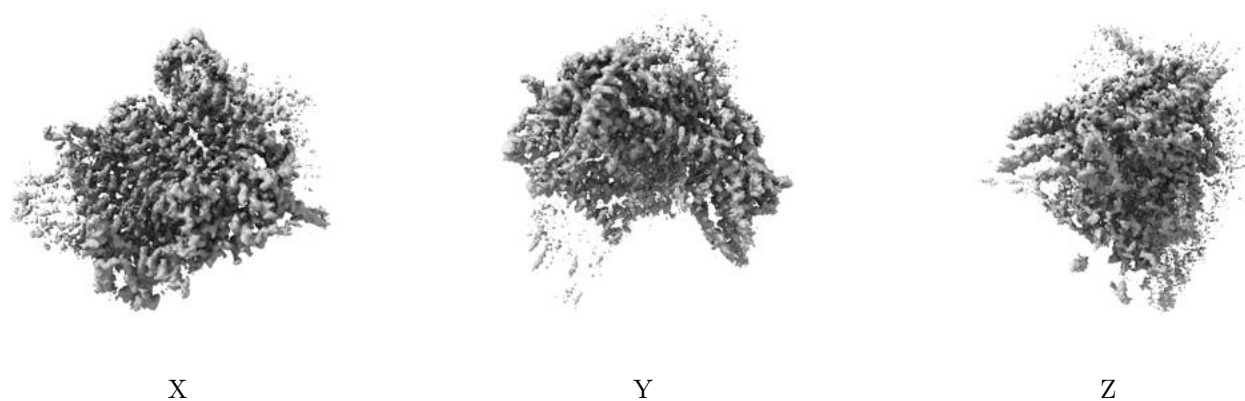
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.013. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

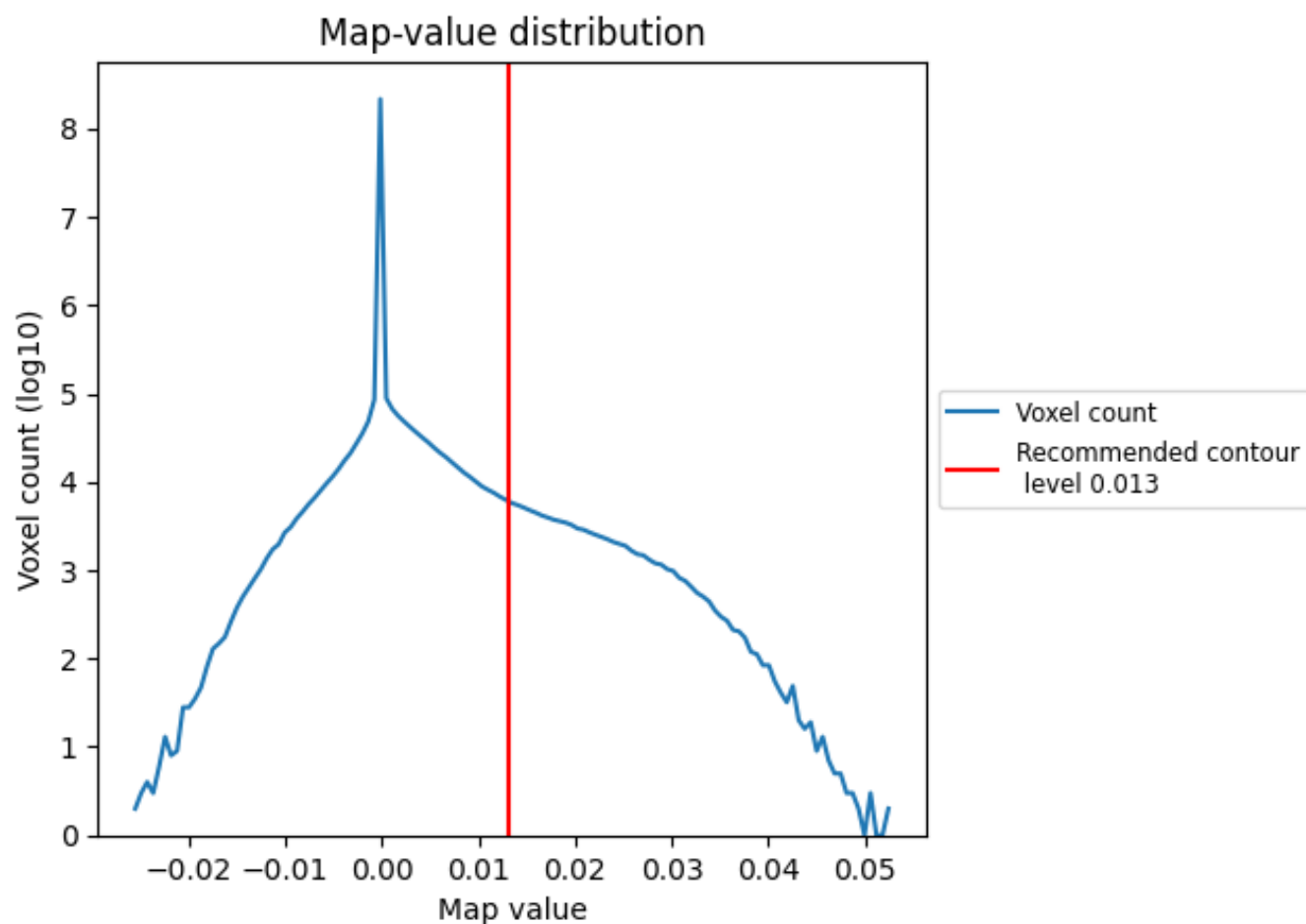
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

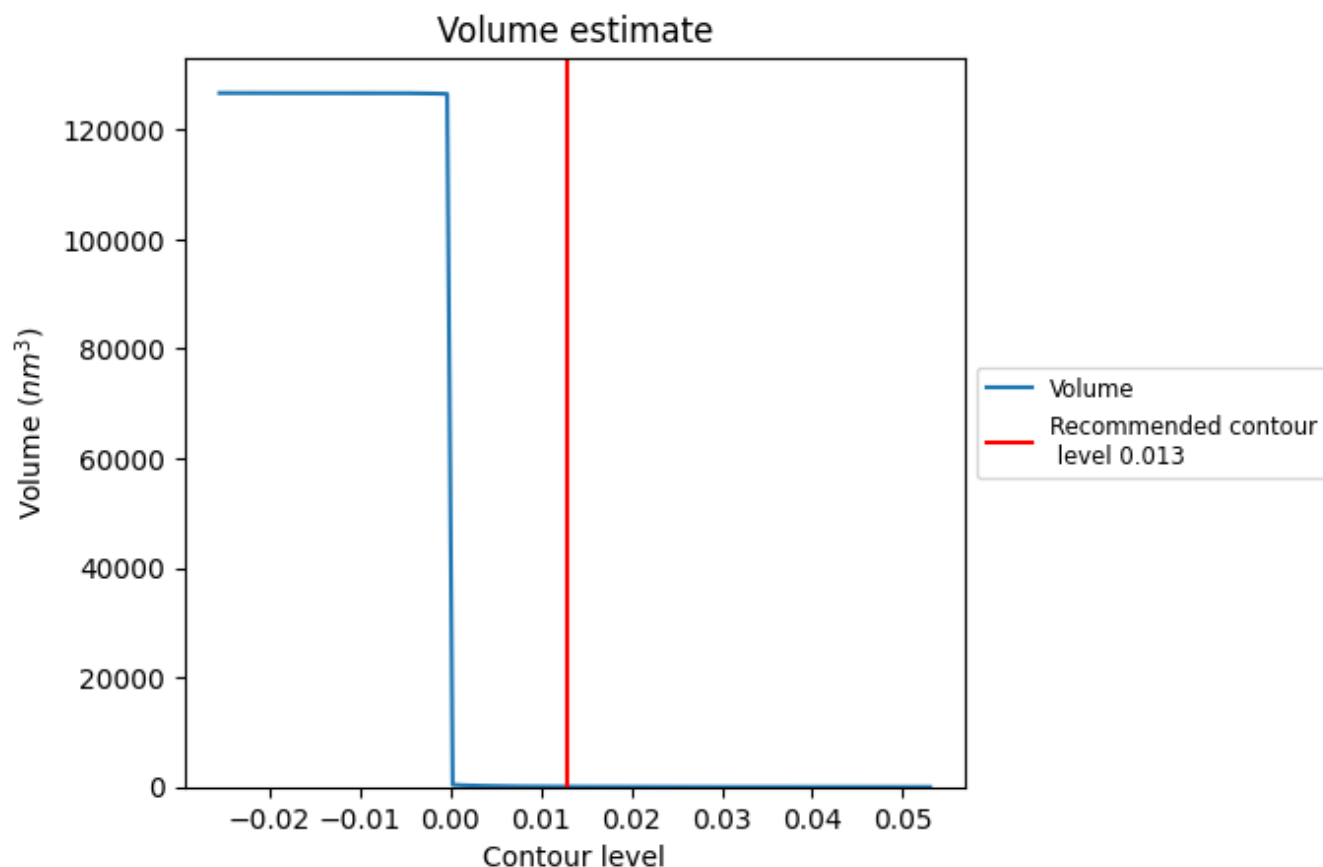
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

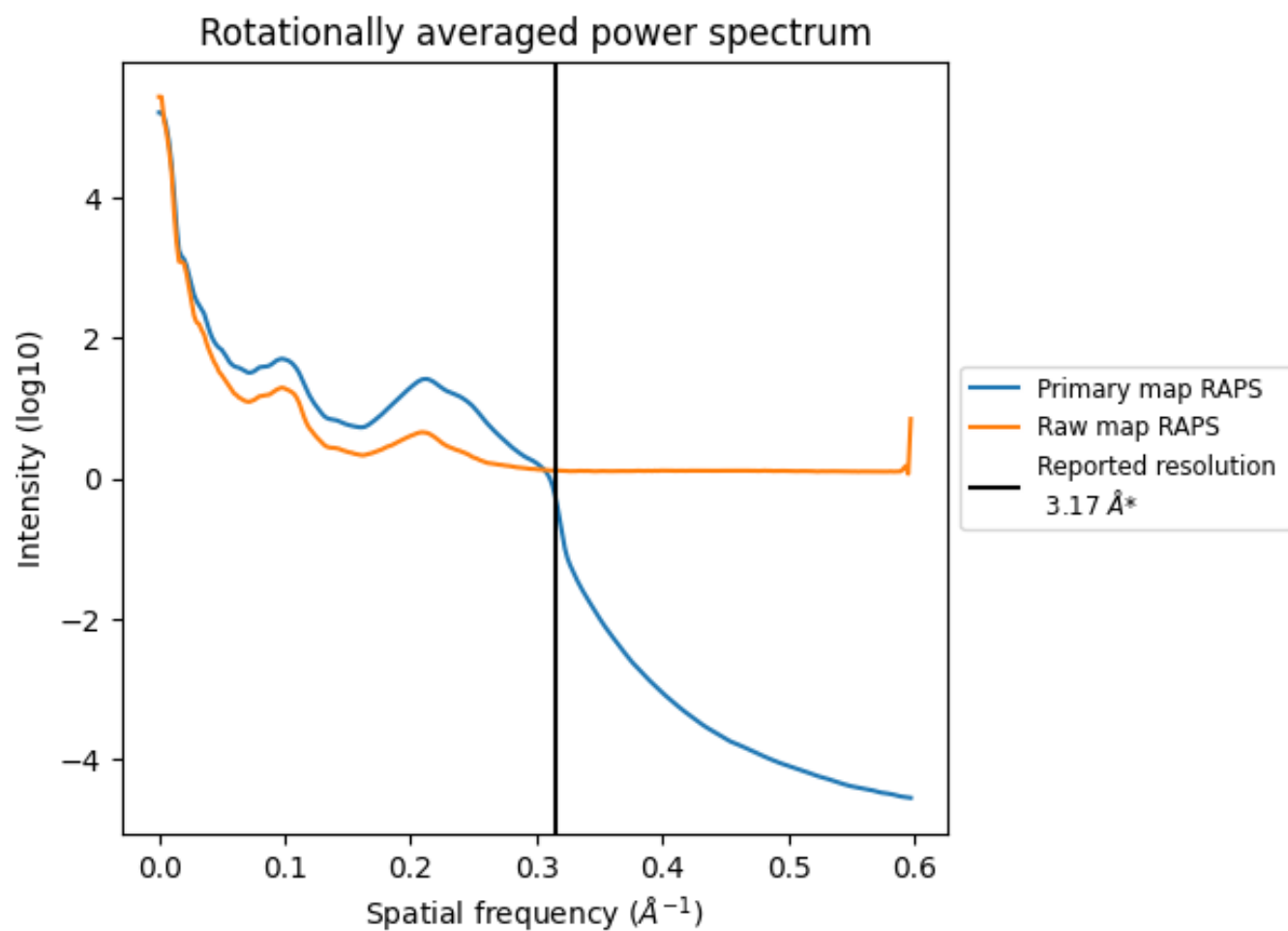
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 53 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 48 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

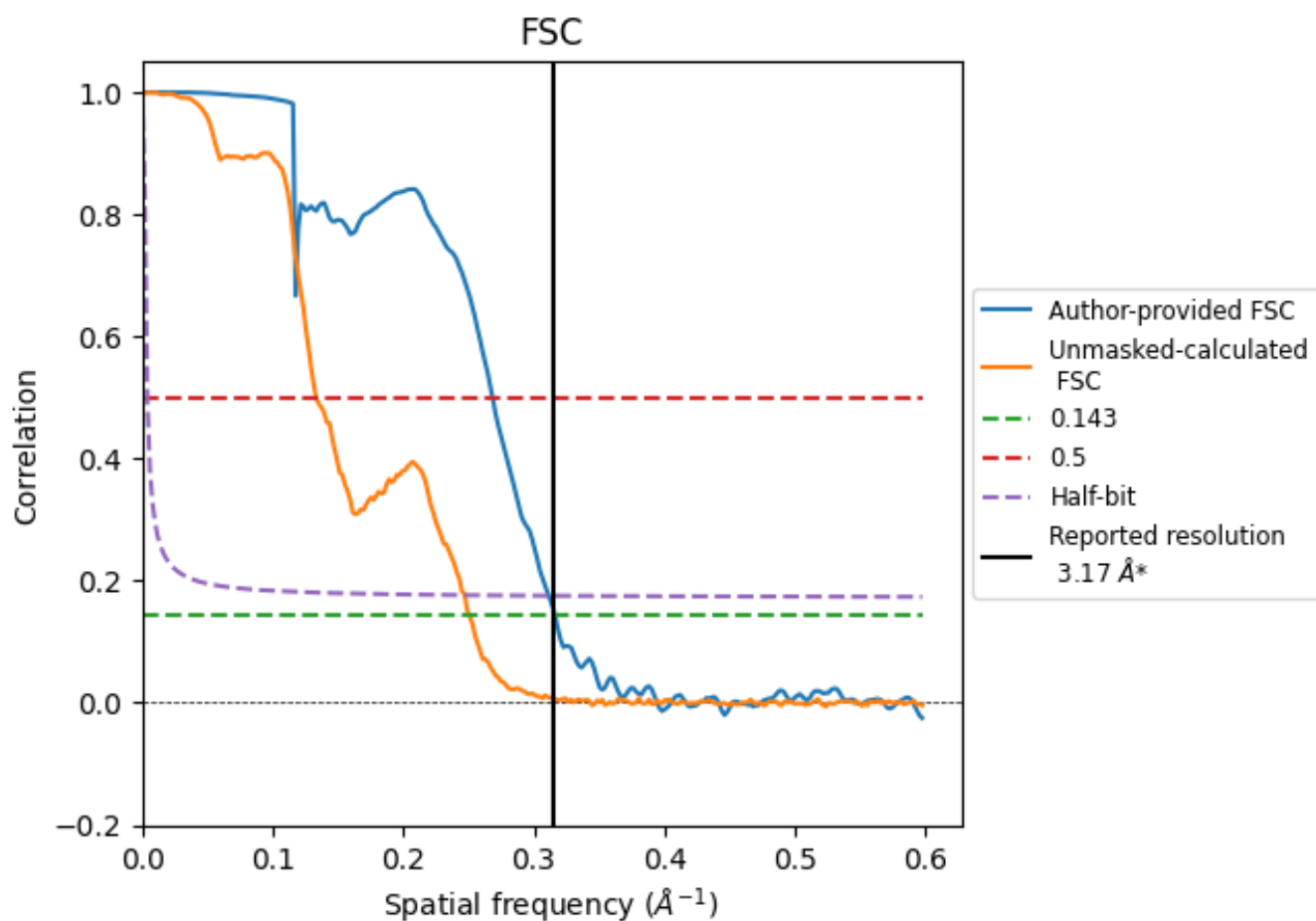


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.315 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.315 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

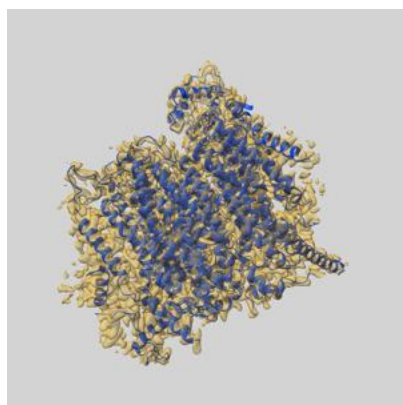
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.17	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.16	3.73	3.21
Unmasked-calculated*	3.99	7.51	4.05

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.99 differs from the reported value 3.17 by more than 10 %

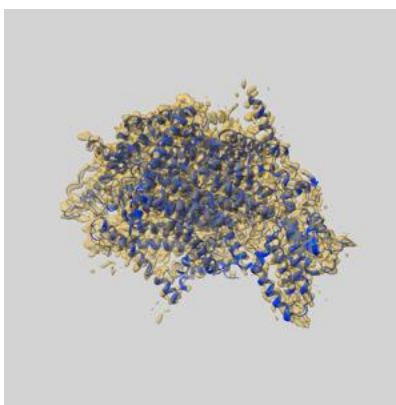
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-11874 and PDB model 7AQW. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 8](#).

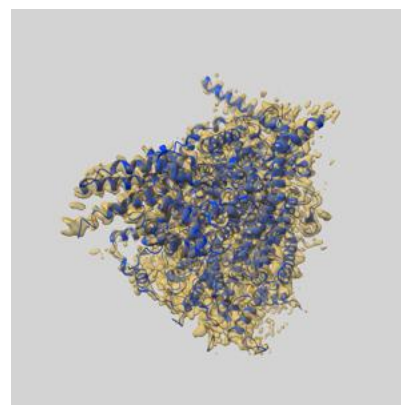
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



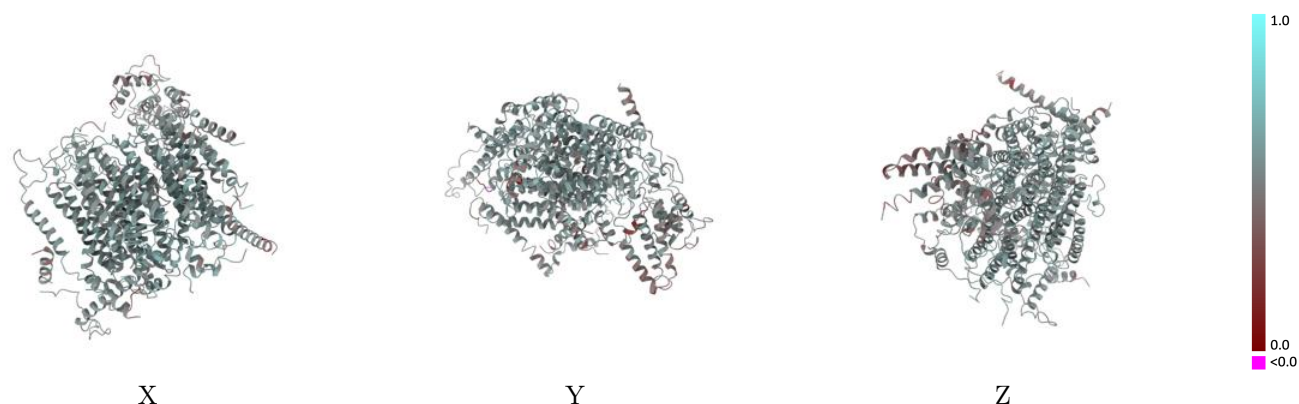
Y



Z

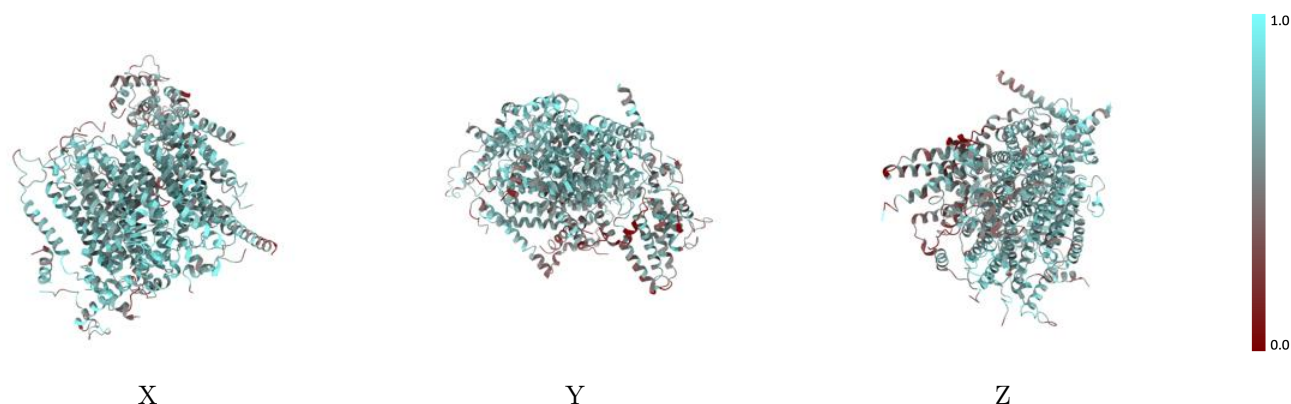
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.013 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



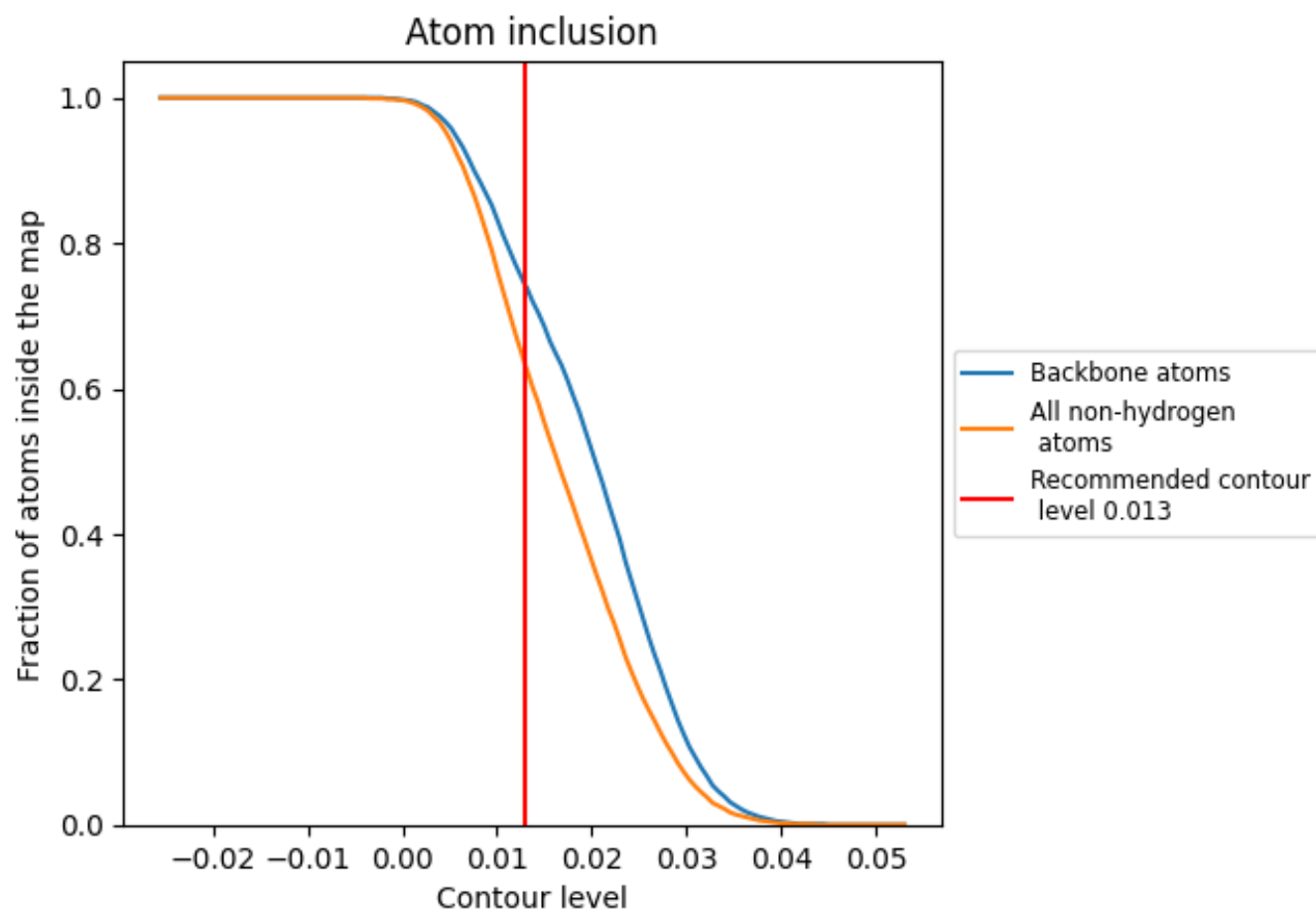
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.013).





























9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 74% of all backbone atoms, 63% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.013) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6310	 0.5300
L	 0.6600	 0.5500
M	 0.7130	 0.5580
T	 0.4980	 0.4650
c	 0.6660	 0.5480
g	 0.6390	 0.5240
i	 0.5950	 0.4800
j	 0.6410	 0.5200
k	 0.6020	 0.5170
l	 0.4620	 0.5000
m	 0.4950	 0.4970
n	 0.5640	 0.4920
o	 0.6450	 0.5200
p	 0.6410	 0.5130

